

Video

ULI Minnesota: Funding Model Exploration Case Studies

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One of the things that is important is partnerships,
and we've really established over a period of time a
incredible partnership with ULI Minnesota and ULI National,
and more recently the Curtis Infrastructure Initiative,
which really has provided the grant to the local Minnesota
ULI for us to partner with.
Uh, with them on this venture.
When we think about funding models,
certainly there wide range of things that come to mind.
You know, land trusts, neighborhood trusts,
cooperatives. I mean those kinds of things that helped to
support in one form or another communities.
What I want to do is just share my thinking
over the last.
I would say, well since 2013 and and and what
I had been imagining even prior to me really fully
understanding anything that was emerging,
called the Rondel Land bridge or any other kind of
project where financing mechanism might be ideated in any
particular form of fashion in 2011.
When the US Bank Stadium started to emerge.
I began to think through how do we increase procurement
on public projects,
particularly around the architect and engineering world?
And so I started organizing.
If you will architect and engineering firms of color and
women.
And so, as I was doing that.

00:01:43> 00:01:46:	One of the things I also want to do is
00:01:46> 00:01:50:	to ensure that we were able to articulate what the
00:01:50> 00:01:55:	collective capacity was within that professional technical
00:01:55> 00:01:58:	arena. And I tell you this story because it kind of
00:01:58> 00:02:01:	
	leads to you understanding a bit about my thinking and
00:02:01> 00:02:03:	a bit about the model,
00:02:03> 00:02:06:	at least that I had envisioned at that given point
00:02:06> 00:02:07:	in time.
00:02:07> 00:02:10:	Well, there were three real basic outcomes,
00:02:10> 00:02:13:	two direct and indirect. And again,
00:02:13> 00:02:15:	this is before the legislature.
00:02:15> 00:02:18:	I decided to finance the Viking Stadium project,
00:02:18> 00:02:22:	but the most important thing that I was looking to
00:02:22> 00:02:25:	do was to change and tweak and to innovate a
00:02:25> 00:02:30:	model that would create greater procurement access on a project
00:02:30> 00:02:34:	like the stadium. And so for the purity of time,
00:02:34> 00:02:37:	I worked with a number of small businesses,
00:02:37> 00:02:41:	women owned firms and businesses of color.
00:02:41> 00:02:44:	And the team that I had put together around the
00:02:44> 00:02:46:	civil engineering one.
00:02:46> 00:02:49:	All of the civil civil engineering work.
00:02:49> 00:02:52:	It was 100% for the most part,
00:02:52> 00:02:55:	driven by a collection a collective of of firms that
00:02:55> 00:02:59:	ordinarily see themselves competing for the 10%
00:02:59> 00:03:03:	participation on a project. The second part of it was
00:03:03> 00:03:08:	that I had put together an architectural team that was
00:03:08> 00:03:10:	pursuing an associate.
00:03:10> 00:03:13:	Uh, you know, position on the architectural team,
00:03:13> 00:03:17:	but that team was able to.
00:03:17> 00:03:21:	Successfully secure the parking ramp and skyway design for the
00:03:21> 00:03:25:	Viking Stadium in order to satisfy the NFL's requirement for
00:03:25> 00:03:28:	certain number of parking ramps to be attached to a
00:03:28> 00:03:33:	facility as part of their agreement with the Sports Facilities
00:03:33> 00:03:34:	Authority.
00:03:34> 00:03:37:	With that in mind, the indirect benefit is with the
00:03:37> 00:03:38:	exception of HKS,
00:03:38> 00:03:42:	who was the primary. Uh architectural firm.
00:03:42> 00:03:46:	Uh, I'm sorry. Yeah, HKS and the first tier mechanical
	electrical and the first tier structural.
00:03:46> 00:03:49:	
00:03:49> 00:03:53:	Really. The entire stadium was really powered in terms of

00:03:53> 00:03:57:	production by minority and women owned firms,
00:03:57> 00:04:01:	and that's something that's not very well known about that
00:04:01> 00:04:01:	project.
00:04:01> 00:04:06:	But it's about innovating an idea and making sure there
00:04:06> 00:04:10:	are entry points working with the Sports Facilities Authority.
00:04:10> 00:04:13:	To work with the the compliance mechanism,
00:04:13> 00:04:17:	which would be the city and that Council to take
00:04:17> 00:04:22:	a look at working with the small business community.
00:04:22> 00:04:26:	As well, to make sure that this came about.
00:04:26> 00:04:28:	Well, what ended up happening about the same time?
00:04:28> 00:04:31:	What was emerging was a private development project.
00:04:31> 00:04:36:	And that private development project was a \$400 million proposition.
00:04:36> 00:04:40:	And in order for the Vikings stadium of authority to
00:04:40> 00:04:42:	be able to finance 100%
00:04:42> 00:04:45:	of what was happening for the stadium itself,
00:04:45> 00:04:50:	it could not afford all of its desires and needs.
00:04:50> 00:04:54:	And so the parking ramp and skyway design got attached
00:04:54> 00:04:56:	to the private development project.
00:04:56> 00:04:59:	And this was a learning for me.
00:04:59> 00:05:02:	But as that happened, my team that I put together
00:05:02> 00:05:06:	lost their project work and they lost that project work
00:05:06> 00:05:10:	because it got attached to a private development project and
00:05:10> 00:05:13:	that there were no rules or obligations.
00:05:13> 00:05:17:	If you will in a private development project for participation
00:05:17> 00:05:21:	necessarily to be laid out in terms of small businesses.
00:05:21> 00:05:25:	It was really unfortunate. But it really taught me a
00:05:25> 00:05:26:	really important lesson,
00:05:26> 00:05:30:	and that lesson was in order for communities.
00:05:30> 00:05:32:	To control their procurement processes.
00:05:32> 00:05:36:	In order for communities to be primary beneficiaries.
00:05:36> 00:05:39:	In order for communities to really be able to move
00:05:39> 00:05:43:	forward and to leverage assets as well as participate in
00:05:43> 00:05:45:	publicly funded activity,
00:05:45> 00:05:49:	it would need to create a mechanism.
00:05:49> 00:05:52:	That can hold the assets that certainly can work and
00:05:52> 00:05:53:	engage within the ecosystem,
00:05:53> 00:05:57:	and so I just want you to know that that's
00:05:57> 00:06:00:	really kind of how it emerged for me.
00:06:00> 00:06:04:	I'm not making any judgment per say about the firms
00:06:04> 00:06:09:	or the sports facilities that study authority or the city,
00:06:09> 00:06:13:	but I thought was really important is to focus in

00:06:13> 00:06:14:	on how do,
00:06:14> 00:06:19:	how do communities. Maximize the return of benefit on publicly
00:06:19> 00:06:23:	funded activities on privately funded activities,
00:06:23> 00:06:28:	etc. So with that, I'm going to share my screen
00:06:28> 00:06:32:	and then just review real quickly.
00:06:32> 00:06:34:	The model that was imagined,
00:06:34> 00:06:39:	and this is something that I shared at the Nordic
00:06:39> 00:06:40:	City Solutions.
00:06:40> 00:06:45:	Fashion, but what you're seeing in front of you here
00:06:45> 00:06:50:	is the four P model people private public philanthropic.
00:06:50> 00:06:53:	And these are the four pieces that we're here talking
00:06:53> 00:06:54:	about today.
00:06:54> 00:06:58:	And then you have each of them if you will
00:06:58> 00:06:59:	considering.
00:06:59> 00:07:01:	A seat at the table.
00:07:01> 00:07:05:	Under what I have researched is is not a bad
00:07:05> 00:07:08:	mechanism legal structure,
00:07:08> 00:07:11:	but it's an irrevocable trust.
00:07:11> 00:07:14:	And what is an irrevocable trust will,
00:07:14> 00:07:18:	in essence, it's a way in which flexibility through a
00:07:18> 00:07:19:	trust agreement.
00:07:19> 00:07:24:	There can be a sufficient relationship established given various roles,
00:07:24> 00:07:28:	resources and responsibilities to see certain outcomes.
00:07:28> 00:07:33:	So in this instance, a revocable trust is formed to
00:07:33> 00:07:34:	manage,
00:07:34> 00:07:36:	leverage and draw on private,
00:07:36> 00:07:41:	public, individual and corporate resources to create opportunity.
00:07:41> 00:07:47:	But mission lined, uh, initiatives with a view towards advancing
00:07:47> 00:07:49:	economic equity.
00:07:49> 00:07:54:	The mission of such an entity would be to resource
00:07:54> 00:08:02:	projects and advanced project development in ways that build wealth
00:08:02> 00:08:03:	and ownership.
00:08:03> 00:08:08:	And incubates uh. And incubates and expands and sustains targeted
00:08:08> 00:08:10:	businesses and creates jobs.
00:08:10> 00:08:14:	So that's it, and it's in its essence.
00:08:14> 00:08:18:	But one of the things also that was important is
00:08:18> 00:08:19:	what does it finance?

00:08:19> 00:08:24:	Well, it finances opportunities and projects through existing and familiar
00:08:24> 00:08:26:	mechanisms like land trusts.
00:08:26> 00:08:33:	Uh, like cooperatives like neighborhood community development corporations.
00:08:33> 00:08:37:	Uh, and those particular entities already are doing in one
00:08:37> 00:08:38:	form or another.
00:08:38> 00:08:43:	Various types of work within community around project development.
00:08:43> 00:08:45:	But two component parts being very important,
00:08:45> 00:08:49:	which is workforce development and business incubation within communities as
00:08:49> 00:08:52:	well as ensuring that wealth building and ownership is is
00:08:52> 00:08:52:	situated.
00:08:52> 00:08:55:	So again, this is my thinking based on work that
00:08:56> 00:08:57:	I've done since 2013.
00:08:57> 00:09:00:	Certainly there are other models and part of what I
00:09:00> 00:09:04:	want to do is at least give people a foundation
00:09:04> 00:09:05:	of our thinking.
00:09:05> 00:09:07:	I think as we go through the case,
00:09:07> 00:09:10:	studies will begin to extract other ideas and as you
00:09:11> 00:09:13:	have discussions within your own groups.
00:09:13> 00:09:15:	You'll begin to look at that as well.
00:09:15> 00:09:18:	A couple of these slides real quickly.
00:09:18> 00:09:22:	And this is work. This was a solution that we
00:09:23> 00:09:25:	put forward as one example.
00:09:25> 00:09:28:	And it's a hybrid example around housing.
00:09:28> 00:09:32:	Between a community Land Trust and a limited equity cooperative,
00:09:32> 00:09:37:	obviously we all know enough about community land trusts and
00:09:37> 00:09:40:	it can be supported by a four P model and
00:09:40> 00:09:44:	ensures affordability of land in the long term.
00:09:44> 00:09:49:	But then we also have the limited equity up.
00:09:49> 00:09:51:	Cooperative and it's a cooperative that,
00:09:51> 00:09:57:	uh, owns and operates the building or structure itself.
00:09:57> 00:10:01:	Certainly the benefits. The ability to build equity at a
00:10:01> 00:10:02:	low entry point?
00:10:02> 00:10:04:	Uh, no closing cost fees,
00:10:04> 00:10:06:	but you know, home ownership,
00:10:06> 00:10:09:	tax credits and increased sense of community and shared sense
00:10:10> 00:10:11:	of responsibility.
00:10:11> 00:10:15:	So I wanted to just at least share that foundational

00.40.45 > 00.40.40	(CC 20
00:10:15> 00:10:18:	stuff with you so you get a little bit more
00:10:18> 00:10:22:	about what I always imagined a mechanism could do.
00:10:22> 00:10:24:	And this happened before. Again,
00:10:24> 00:10:28:	I really understood and had a full appreciation.
00:10:28> 00:10:30:	For what we were trying to do here in the
00:10:30> 00:10:31:	Rondo community,
00:10:31> 00:10:35:	but I know that there are other models that exist
00:10:35> 00:10:35:	as well.
00:10:35> 00:10:38:	So with that I just thank you for your and
00:10:38> 00:10:42:	indulging me and be reflecting on the work that I
00:10:42> 00:10:44:	did back in 2011 and how I think it comes
00:10:44> 00:10:48:	forward in our thinking here today at this particular point
00:10:48> 00:10:50:	I'd like to turn it over to Kathy Bennett.
00:10:50> 00:10:53:	She'll talk a little bit about the case studies and
00:10:53> 00:10:56:	introduce the folks that will be speaking with us here
00:10:57> 00:10:57:	today.
00:10:59> 00:11:04:	Thank you Keith. Uhm? My name is Kathy Bennett.
00:11:04> 00:11:08:	I'm with you align Minnesota and I am managing this
00:11:08> 00:11:12:	project along with the executive director Stephanie Brown.
00:11:12> 00:11:17:	Who's on the call. We have several Governance Committee
	members
00:11:17> 00:11:18:	and partners on this.
00:11:18> 00:11:22:	As part of this work as well.
00:11:22> 00:11:26:	Also you will I national for supporting this work and
00:11:26> 00:11:30:	being a key partner in helping us to put together
00:11:30> 00:11:33:	case studies and connect us.
00:11:33> 00:11:35:	With P speakers for those case studies,
00:11:35> 00:11:39:	Paul Angelo now is with us today from ULIDC and
00:11:39> 00:11:42:	thank you so much for your support.
00:11:42> 00:11:45:	So with that as part of this,
00:11:45> 00:11:48:	we wanted to profile some case studies to give you
00:11:48> 00:11:51:	a sense of how other projects have worked,
00:11:51> 00:11:53:	mostly around capping and lidding.
00:11:53> 00:11:56:	But we also wanted to look at some of the
00:11:56> 00:12:01:	models of wealth building and sharing and equity so we
00:12:01> 00:12:03:	have two projects today that.
00:12:03> 00:12:07:	We're going to look at the CAP at Union Station
00:12:07> 00:12:08:	in Columbus,
00:12:08> 00:12:12:	OH, and some of the surrounding development that has
	occurred
00:12:12> 00:12:15:	as part of that and East Point in Oklahoma.
00:12:15> 00:12:19:	The first speaker is Christopher Herrmann and he is with

00:12:19> 00:12:21:	hold on one moment.
00:12:21> 00:12:24:	I have to get my right screen up,
00:12:24> 00:12:29:	Christopher. Uh, Christopher Herman is a principal at MK SK
00:12:29> 00:12:32:	and a certified planner for more than 28 years,
00:12:32> 00:12:36:	he's managed a wide variety of projects throughout the Midwest.
00:12:36> 00:12:39:	Mid-south in Ohio involving regional planning,
00:12:39> 00:12:41:	comprehensive plan, downtown Focus area plans,
00:12:41> 00:12:45:	etc. He is going to talk about this project today
00:12:45> 00:12:48:	and we are really happy to have him.
00:12:48> 00:12:52:	He's also an adjunct faculty member of Ohio State University,
00:12:52> 00:12:55:	Knowlton School of Architecture and a board member.
00:12:55> 00:12:58:	Of the transit Columbus and a member of the ULI
00:12:58> 00:13:00:	Transportation Task Force.
00:13:00> 00:13:03:	So he has a lot of experience working through these
00:13:03> 00:13:06:	projects and we're really appreciative having him today.
00:13:06> 00:13:10:	So Caroline can Chris, can you give Chris the ability
00:13:10> 00:13:13:	to share his screen and thank you Chris for being
00:13:13> 00:13:14:	here today.
00:13:15> 00:13:18:	Thank you so much. It's wonderful to be here.
00:13:18> 00:13:20:	Thank you for the invitation.
00:13:20> 00:13:24:	I'm very excited for what you are trying to do.
00:13:24> 00:13:28:	I really think capping highways is a really sound solution
00:13:28> 00:13:32:	to one needed around our country and a lot more
00:13:32> 00:13:35:	funding from the federal government.
00:13:35> 00:13:38:	I am going to quickly at 15 minutes share the
00:13:38> 00:13:40:	story of of the CAP at Union Station,
00:13:40> 00:13:43:	but I think I also want to make a little
00:13:43> 00:13:48:	bit broader than that and talking about the Columbus approach
00:13:48> 00:13:49:	to caps.
00:13:49> 00:13:52:	So let me start by saying this is a story
00:13:52> 00:13:54:	you all familiar with.
00:13:54> 00:13:57:	This happened around the country on the left.
00:13:57> 00:14:00:	You can see downtown. This is Columbus,
00:14:00> 00:14:03:	OH downtown Columbus. OH, and then you can see the
00:14:03> 00:14:04:	Interstate system,
00:14:04> 00:14:08:	Interstate 71 and Interstate 70 in this case in Columbus
00:14:08> 00:14:09:	that went through.
00:14:09> 00:14:13:	Obviously I wanted to get close to downtown for access,
00:14:13> 00:14:16:	but it went through a very very vibrant at the
00:14:16> 00:14:18:	time neighborhoods unfortunately,
00:14:18> 00:14:20:	and divided the King Lincoln District.

00:14:20 --> 00:14:23: A Schumacher place driving Park, 00:14:23 --> 00:14:27: a German village from downtown Columbus. 00:14:27 --> 00:14:31: One of the things that's happened over the last actually 00:14:31 --> 00:14:34: now 20 years is the reconstruction of the inner belt 00:14:35 --> 00:14:36: around downtown. 00:14:36 --> 00:14:38: So that's that's this area. 00:14:38 --> 00:14:41: It started with Interstate 670 in the north and is 00:14:41 --> 00:14:44: now proceeding to Interstate 71 at Interstate 7071, 00:14:44 --> 00:14:47: where they share a row bed. 00:14:47 --> 00:14:51: It's one of the biggest issues 7071 share this little 00:14:51 --> 00:14:54: piece of road and just his way over capacity and 00:14:54 --> 00:14:55: very unsafe. 00:14:55 --> 00:14:58: So the High department transportation. 00:14:58 --> 00:15:01: Made this a priority to improve the safety, 00:15:01 --> 00:15:04: which also invited involved widening the highway system. 00:15:04 --> 00:15:07: I'm going to talk about the short North High Street 00:15:08 --> 00:15:09: cap right here. 00:15:09 --> 00:15:13: I'm also gonna quickly at the end talk about the 00:15:13 --> 00:15:17: the Longstreet cafe at the King Lincoln District. 00:15:17 --> 00:15:20: So this is what all the bridges look like around 00:15:20 --> 00:15:22: the inner belt are. 00:15:22 --> 00:15:25: One lucky aspect is that the highway is depressed so 00:15:25 --> 00:15:29: that the bridges go over it and that's where capping 00:15:29 --> 00:15:31: could come in as a good solution. 00:15:31 --> 00:15:34: But you can tell this is not an inviting crossing 00:15:34 --> 00:15:39: or connection between neighborhoods and downtown and this is what 00:15:39 --> 00:15:42: existed all the way around this downtown airboat. 00:15:42 --> 00:15:45: We had a huge number of Community meetings, 00:15:45 --> 00:15:48: basically the Community and the city actually said hey, 00:15:48 --> 00:15:52: look if you're rebuilding the highway and you're winding it, 00:15:52 --> 00:15:55: you've got to repair the damage that you did that 00:15:55 --> 00:15:58: you know our forefathers did in the 1960s. 00:15:58 --> 00:16:01: So we talked about a cap as one of the 00:16:01 --> 00:16:02: solutions. 00:16:02 --> 00:16:06: And then what we heard from the Community as well. 00:16:06 --> 00:16:09: Don't just focus on this is the Columbus approach. 00:16:09 --> 00:16:12: Don't just focus all the money on one location. 00:16:12 --> 00:16:14: Uh, we've got an inner, 00:16:14 --> 00:16:16: but all the way around the city. 00:16:16 --> 00:16:19: We want you to try to address the connectivity between 00:16:19 --> 00:16:21: multiple neighborhoods and larger geographies.

00:16:23 --> 00:16:27: This is one of the very first and most well 00:16:27 --> 00:16:28: known cats 1976. 00:16:28 --> 00:16:31: It's Seattle Freeway Park, connecting downtown First Hill neighborhood, 00:16:31 --> 00:16:35: and the Convention Center was a big part of that. 00:16:37 --> 00:16:40: And then I think you're gonna hear at some point 00:16:40 --> 00:16:42: about the the Clyde Warren Park. 00:16:42 --> 00:16:44: This is the one of the newest kind. 00:16:44 --> 00:16:47: I call it mega caps. 00:16:47 --> 00:16:52: Mission 2012 it was \$110 million connecting the Arts District 00:16:53 --> 00:16:53: in Dallas. 00:16:53 --> 00:16:55: And you know, it's fantastic. 00:16:55 --> 00:16:59: I've been there. It's it's really amazing when it's done. 00:16:59 --> 00:17:01: But the Columbus approaches, hey, 00:17:01 --> 00:17:04: let's take that money and let's spread it around and 00:17:04 --> 00:17:08: create connections all the way around the enter button. 00:17:08 --> 00:17:11: Rather doing one super large cat focus on smaller caps 00:17:11 --> 00:17:13: that connect neighborhoods and the downtown. 00:17:13 --> 00:17:17: And really, the goal here is to make better connections 00:17:17 --> 00:17:20: for people to walk and bike to feel safe and 00:17:20 --> 00:17:22: to not experience the freeway. 00:17:22 --> 00:17:25: But you don't have to have a mega cat to 00:17:25 --> 00:17:26: do that, 00:17:26 --> 00:17:28: although if you need to Createspace, 00:17:28 --> 00:17:31: it's a great way of creating space. 00:17:31 --> 00:17:33: So again, I'm going to talk about the short north 00:17:33 --> 00:17:35: here and a Long Street bridge. 00:17:35 --> 00:17:37: So we came up with a kit of parts or 00:17:37 --> 00:17:39: improving these connections. 00:17:39 --> 00:17:42: One is just hey, let's make it an enhance bridge, 00:17:42 --> 00:17:43: let's widen it. Bigger sidewalks, 00:17:43 --> 00:17:46: plantings make it much more attractive to cross. 00:17:46 --> 00:17:48: This is from Fort Washington Way in Cincinnati. 00:17:48 --> 00:17:52: This picture, another is what we call a Green Plaza 00:17:52 --> 00:17:52: cap. 00:17:52 --> 00:17:55: This is Hartford, CT. So create a cap next to 00:17:55 --> 00:17:58: the bridge and create green space or Plaza space. 00:17:58 --> 00:18:01: It can be all kinds of sizes as much as 00:18:01 --> 00:18:05: you can afford to do or or it makes sense 00:18:05 --> 00:18:06: to do. 00:18:06 --> 00:18:08: And then the last was a building cap.

So we did some case studies.

00:16:21 --> 00:16:23:

00:18:12 --> 00:18:14: so here's 2 examples. Here is the Plaza cap, 00:18:14 --> 00:18:16: and here is the building cap. 00:18:16 --> 00:18:19: Now one of the nice things if you really are 00:18:19 --> 00:18:20: careful and do it right, 00:18:20 --> 00:18:23: you can start with the applause or green cat design 00:18:23 --> 00:18:23: 00:18:23 --> 00:18:25: which does take a lot of effort. 00:18:25 --> 00:18:27: And then at some point in the future, 00:18:27 --> 00:18:29: if the market comes along, 00:18:29 --> 00:18:31: you can actually then build on it, 00:18:31 --> 00:18:33: although some people may like the space so much they 00:18:33 --> 00:18:34: don't want buildings, 00:18:34 --> 00:18:38: but that's a possibility. So this is high streets. 00:18:38 --> 00:18:41: This is the main north South spine in in Columbus, 00:18:41 --> 00:18:45: OH and this is the bridge that went over Interstate 00:18:45 --> 00:18:45: 670. 00:18:45 --> 00:18:47: You can see downtown in the background. 00:18:47 --> 00:18:50: Short north is right behind where I took this picture. 00:18:50 --> 00:18:52: It was a very active district. 00:18:52 --> 00:18:55: The Convention Center is just on the other side of 00:18:55 --> 00:18:56: this bridge, 00:18:56 --> 00:18:59: but I will tell you anybody that observed activity people 00:18:59 --> 00:19:01: walk out of that Convention Center. 00:19:01 --> 00:19:04: They Look North. There's all sorts of restaurants to go 00:19:04 --> 00:19:07: to the short north they would never cross this bridge. 00:19:07 --> 00:19:09: They would go the other direction across the street. 00:19:09 --> 00:19:11: Likewise, people in the short north, 00:19:11 --> 00:19:14: on gallery hops or other things would get to this 00:19:14 --> 00:19:16: bridge across the street and go back the other way. 00:19:16 --> 00:19:18: People would not cross this bridge, 00:19:18 --> 00:19:21: and so the community pushed hard to say you're redoing 00:19:21 --> 00:19:21: this. 00:19:21 --> 00:19:23: You gotta do something better. 00:19:23 --> 00:19:27: So this is just 200 foot span Convention Center short 00:19:27 --> 00:19:27: north. 00:19:27 --> 00:19:31: So here we are before the project and probably 2000, 00:19:31 --> 00:19:34: 2001 and this is what it looks like after the 00:19:34 --> 00:19:35: construction. 00:19:35 --> 00:19:38: It totally changes the experience of having a built environment 00:19:38 --> 00:19:39: along the street.

Actually putting a structure. On either side of the bridge,

00:18:08 --> 00:18:12:

00:19:39> 00:19:43:	People even today have no idea they're walking over highway.
00:19:43> 00:19:46:	That'll experience the highway. They don't realize it's on our
00:19:46> 00:19:47:	way there,
00:19:47> 00:19:50:	the divide is gone, but it isn't a huge cap,
00:19:50> 00:19:54:	but it it makes such an amazing difference and you
00:19:54> 00:19:56:	can see there's on street parking,
00:19:56> 00:20:00:	sidewalk, pedestrian space. Promenade and retail construction.
00:20:00> 00:20:02:	So this was completed in 2004,
00:20:02> 00:20:06:	was originally the really discussion we picked up in 1998.
00:20:06> 00:20:09:	Wouldn't have happened without the community demanding that something be
00:20:10> 00:20:13:	better without City Council being responsive to it and actually
00:20:13> 00:20:15:	without a private developer stepping up,
00:20:15> 00:20:17:	but it took a lot of pressure,
00:20:17> 00:20:19:	but once it got rolling,
00:20:19> 00:20:22:	people really bought into it and now that we have
00:20:22> 00:20:26:	this the Community wants this kind of development whenever things
00:20:26> 00:20:27:	are happening,
00:20:27> 00:20:30:	are improving bridges across the Interstate.
00:20:30> 00:20:34:	So really quickly when we talk about the cost details
00:20:34> 00:20:37:	so it costs a total of \$9.5 million,
00:20:37> 00:20:41:	that's in 2004. So taking that forward to do that
00:20:41> 00:20:42:	today,
00:20:42> 00:20:46:	it's about \$13.3 million. It was a public private partnership,
00:20:46> 00:20:50:	so it was city of Columbus High Department of Transportation,
00:20:50> 00:20:53:	federal highways, money running through Ohio Department transportation,
00:20:53> 00:20:58:	and a developer continental real estate that owned some property
00:20:58> 00:21:01:	in the short north side of the bridge.
00:21:01> 00:21:04:	And also I had a gentleman Jack locks that was
00:21:04> 00:21:07:	really invested in the community and wanted to do good
00:21:07> 00:21:07:	things.
00:21:07> 00:21:10:	So total costs again just short of \$9.5 billion,
00:21:10> 00:21:13:	seven point, 8 billion, was the development the above deck
00:21:13> 00:21:15:	improvements by the developer.
00:21:15> 00:21:17:	The private contribution \$1.3 million,
00:21:17> 00:21:20:	was for the platforms. I'll describe that here in a
00:21:20> 00:21:24:	second where the buildings rest on and that was from
00:21:24> 00:21:27:	O dot and then the city spent money on the

00:21:27 --> 00:21:29: utilities and on title fees. 00:21:29 --> 00:21:31: I will also touch on that. 00:21:31 --> 00:21:34: So that was about almost half \$1,000,000. 00:21:34 --> 00:21:38: The developer ground leases the platforms and and builds the 00:21:38 --> 00:21:38: buildings. 00:21:38 --> 00:21:42: This was done just to get through federal highways. 00:21:42 --> 00:21:45: They're really concerned about private development over public highway, 00:21:45 --> 00:21:49: so they had to do something so it was a 00:21:49 --> 00:21:52: \$1.00 per year lease and 10% 00:21:52 --> 00:21:55: of the annual profits, and that the lease is a 00:21:55 --> 00:22:00: 20 year period which you've actually coming close to hitting 00:22:00 --> 00:22:01: the end up. 00:22:01 --> 00:22:04: But then there's 85 year lease renewals. 00:22:04 --> 00:22:07: And there's a 10 year which is already expired. 00:22:07 --> 00:22:09: 100% property tax abatement on the site. 00:22:11 --> 00:22:12: And then on the next slide, 00:22:12 --> 00:22:14: that's a big one. 'cause I paste it in. 00:22:14 --> 00:22:18: Here we go. Really quickly describing what you've got here, 00:22:18 --> 00:22:20: you've got the bridge replacement, 00:22:20 --> 00:22:23: so the bridge is rebuilt biodot this is the yellow 00:22:23 --> 00:22:26: and it is it has to carry lied live loads. 00:22:26 --> 00:22:27: It has to carry automobiles, 00:22:27 --> 00:22:30: trucks, buses and so it has a camera to it. 00:22:30 --> 00:22:34: It has to be independent and separate from the platform 00:22:34 --> 00:22:37: decks which are the blue on either side which are 00:22:37 --> 00:22:37: flat, 00:22:37 --> 00:22:40: straight across. And then you've got to be creative and 00:22:40 --> 00:22:43: careful about how you mesh those and the joints between 00:22:43 --> 00:22:45: the platforms and the live load bridge. 00:22:45 --> 00:22:47: And then what was created. 00:22:47 --> 00:22:50: Uh was a 74 foot wide retail Bay on the 00:22:50 --> 00:22:53: West side and a 54 foot wide retail Bay on 00:22:53 --> 00:22:54: the east side. 00:22:54 --> 00:22:57: It actually does turn the corner onto Terra Firma onto 00:22:57 --> 00:22:58: the ground. 00:22:58 --> 00:23:01: Part of the reason that these weren't bigger is because 00:23:01 --> 00:23:03: of vertical clearance on the east side. 00:23:03 --> 00:23:05: They just couldn't go further. 00:23:05 --> 00:23:08: They probably would have and the other big issue was 00:23:08 --> 00:23:09: creating a tunnel.

```
00:23:11 --> 00:23:14:
                          If we got all the way across.
00:23:14 --> 00:23:16:
                          Not you can't do it.
00:23:16 --> 00:23:18:
                          It's what Clyde warns with many projects have done.
00:23:18 --> 00:23:21:
                          You create a tunnel, it just drastically increases the cost
00:23:21 --> 00:23:22:
                          'cause you have to meet fire suppression,
00:23:22 --> 00:23:25:
                          safety, ventilation requirements and at the point at this point
00:23:25 --> 00:23:26:
                          in time.
00:23:26 --> 00:23:28:
                          This is a new thing for Columbus and the region,
00:23:28 --> 00:23:31:
                          and so they weren't willing to go that far.
00:23:31 --> 00:23:32:
                          I think today they might.
00:23:34 --> 00:23:36:
                          A key considerations to think about.
00:23:36 --> 00:23:39:
                          It's really important if you're gonna put a building on
00:23:40 --> 00:23:43:
                          top of a cap that have particular whoever is going
00:23:43 --> 00:23:45:
                          to own and control the building at the table and
00:23:45 --> 00:23:49:
                          architect because it really has to be integrated with the
00:23:49 --> 00:23:51:
                          bridge design and the improvements at the same time.
00:23:51 --> 00:23:56:
                          With buildings, you need to understand service access and
00:23:56 --> 00:23:57:
                          case of this CAP.
00:23:57 --> 00:24:00:
                          Don't spend the money to create alleys like that.
00:24:00 --> 00:24:03:
                          So what really happens is we have on street parking
00:24:03 --> 00:24:06:
                          trucks parked there in the early mornings and unload goods
00:24:06 --> 00:24:08:
                          and and deliveries.
00:24:08 --> 00:24:10:
                          You have to understand the camera or the bridge.
00:24:10 --> 00:24:12:
                          As I mentioned, I'm getting the details later,
00:24:12 --> 00:24:14:
                          but probably more details you want.
00:24:14 --> 00:24:16:
                          We had a land right issue when ODOT bought the
00:24:16 --> 00:24:18:
                          land for the highway.
00:24:18 --> 00:24:19:
                          Just bought the rights for transportation.
00:24:19 --> 00:24:20:
                          They didn't buy development rights,
00:24:20 --> 00:24:22:
                          didn't buy the whole bundle of rights,
00:24:22 --> 00:24:25:
                          so the city had to go back and find all
00:24:25 --> 00:24:27:
                          of the owners of those rights and buy them the
00:24:27 --> 00:24:30:
                          air rights above in order to do the development.
00:24:30 --> 00:24:33:
                          And then there's things like considerations like insulation and
                          other
00:24:33 --> 00:24:36:
                          stuff that you think about getting a lot more details
00:24:36 --> 00:24:38:
                          if you ever want to know people always ask.
00:24:38 --> 00:24:40:
                          Why doesn't look the way it does?
00:24:40 --> 00:24:44:
                          That was actually intentional. I don't know what the yellow
00:24:44 --> 00:24:44:
                          color,
00:24:44 --> 00:24:47:
                          but it was intentional. This was the Union Station,
```

If you go we have another bridge right here.

00:23:09 --> 00:23:11:

00:24:47> 00:24:49:	which is why it's Captain Captain station.
00:24:49> 00:24:51:	So the Union Station train station,
00:24:51> 00:24:53:	designed by Daniel Burnham in Columbus,
00:24:53> 00:24:56:	OH, it was demolished in 1976 to make way for
00:24:56> 00:24:58:	our Convention Center,
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	which is just a block away from where this caps
00:25:01> 00:25:05:	so that the CAP is really a homage to the
00:25:05> 00:25:07:	original Union Station.
00:25:07> 00:25:10:	Now really quickly I want to explain a little bit
00:25:10> 00:25:12:	more in touch about one more cap.
00:25:12> 00:25:13:	So again Columbus approach was hey,
00:25:13> 00:25:15:	we want to make better crossings all around,
00:25:15> 00:25:18:	but the short north well was on the 1st ones.
00:25:18> 00:25:22:	It's been amazingly successful, has really changed that environment and
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	supercharged short north and the downtown Convention Center because it
00:25:25> 00:25:26:	links them together.
00:25:26> 00:25:28:	But I think he talked about was he said hey,
00:25:28> 00:25:30:	we want to hide the freeway.
00:25:30> 00:25:32:	We want to make the bridge crosses of writing.
00:25:32> 00:25:34:	We want to use complete St design and we want
00:25:34> 00:25:36:	to reflect neighborhood character.
00:25:36> 00:25:38:	So this is the 71 section.
00:25:38> 00:25:42:	This is the King Lincoln District and this is downtown
00:25:42> 00:25:44:	and it was really divided.
00:25:44> 00:25:47:	There's a new project in 2011.
00:25:47> 00:25:49:	We are doing this section.
00:25:49> 00:25:51:	Oh, that was we were on this team to design
00:25:51> 00:25:52:	this piece.
00:25:52> 00:25:54:	We did apart cap here 'cause there wasn't a market
00:25:54> 00:25:55:	to do a building.
00:25:55> 00:25:58:	We ended up losing one side of the cat because
00:25:58> 00:26:01:	there was about a \$2,000,000 cost to move a sewer
00:26:01> 00:26:02:	that the city didn't want to do.
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	So we created a cultural wall and art wall on
00:26:05> 00:26:07:	that side as a way to to really give it
00:26:07> 00:26:09:	special character which turned out to be.
00:26:09> 00:26:12:	I think a really important move.
00:26:12> 00:26:15:	And so there's all sorts of things going again.
00:26:15> 00:26:16:	I can get into design.
00:26:16> 00:26:19:	One of the things we did is create instead of

00:26:22 --> 00:26:24: That's what we put the art wall on. 00:26:24 --> 00:26:27: We put landscape, green space vertical architectural elements to pull 00:26:27 --> 00:26:28: people through. 00:26:28 --> 00:26:31: We have on street parking in case someday this could 00:26:31 --> 00:26:32: be developed upon wide sidewalks, 00:26:32 --> 00:26:36: bike lanes and and really help connect the community. 00:26:36 --> 00:26:38: The public art cultural wall. 00:26:38 --> 00:26:42: We, uh, oh dot. Actually when I live and actually 00:26:42 --> 00:26:43: hired artists, 00:26:43 --> 00:26:46: which is fantastic, Larry, Winston Collins and Kojo Kemao? 00:26:46 --> 00:26:51: They were in lived in the neighborhood and they put 00:26:51 --> 00:26:52: together. 00:26:52 --> 00:26:54: The arts, which was 2D Larry, 00:26:54 --> 00:26:58: does 2D wood relief carvings and he did a bunch 00:26:58 --> 00:26:59: of different themes. 00:26:59 --> 00:27:01: There's people, places, history, sports, 00:27:01 --> 00:27:05: culture, business and they run across the panels and then 00:27:05 --> 00:27:07: our code does pictures. 00:27:07 --> 00:27:10: It has a lot of pictures from the the King 00:27:10 --> 00:27:13: Lincoln district early in time. 00:27:13 --> 00:27:17: So we integrate these into the panels. 00:27:17 --> 00:27:18: And created this cultural wall, 00:27:18 --> 00:27:21: which is a big hit for the community. 00:27:21 --> 00:27:23: This area South is being constructed today, 00:27:23 --> 00:27:26: but this is the development at this point. 00:27:26 --> 00:27:28: There's a grand opening. It's really fit in. 00:27:28 --> 00:27:31: This is what it looks like today. 00:27:31 --> 00:27:33: And again, in the end, 00:27:33 --> 00:27:35: we got the air so you can see the Cath 00:27:35 --> 00:27:35: itself. 00:27:35 --> 00:27:38: But the reality is when you're on the ground you 00:27:38 --> 00:27:39: don't experience the highway, 00:27:39 --> 00:27:41: you don't hear it, you don't feel you don't see 00:27:41 --> 00:27:42: it, 00:27:42 --> 00:27:44: and this connection is so improved between the district and 00:27:44 --> 00:27:46: downtown makes a tremendous difference difference. 00:27:46 --> 00:27:49: So I just want to share that. 00:27:49 --> 00:27:52: Secretary Foxx and the Obama administration highlighted on the on 00:27:52 --> 00:27:53: the front of his cover,

fence a polycarbonate panel that Lou illuminates at night.

00:26:19 --> 00:26:22:

saying, this is what we need to spend federal dollars
on.
We do highly projects they need to do these kinds
of things,
so it's actually a highlighted project.
And then I'd lastly want to conclude with we're doing
more work again,
this is downtown. This is German village and downtown Columbus.
This is what it looks like today.
You can see all the slopes.
This is where we're headed.
These projects are starting actually next year.
We're adding more caps. There's gonna be a building cap.
Actually now on 3rd St Park caps on High Street,
Park cap on front St Improved Bridge on 4th St,
so we're continuing around the horn doing these improved connections.
So that's my presentation. Thank you very much.
Chris, thank you so much.
I know that's just a lot to cover in 15
minutes and then we continue to have a lot to
cover today.
There is a lot of questions in the chat and
maybe what I'd like to do is have you just
kind of proved through them and answer them and we'll
move on to Jonathan's presentation on East Point.
Yeah, I'll type these in here,
and
if there's quite time for questions at the end,
I'm happy to
do that. That would be great.
That would be great. And so Jonathan Dobson he is.
The. Managing partner of the pivotal project,
Jonathan is a former banker turned Oklahoma City developer with
a focus toward urban infill development and adaptive reuse.
And he started in the fall of 2014,
the Pivot project, in partnership with developers Ben Stout
Sellers
and David Wanzer.
Jonathan spent his time establishing financing for the team,
raising equity consulting for other incremental developers,

00:29:30> 00:29:34:	and hanging out at coffee shops.
00:29:34> 00:29:38:	Likely to get community input and get ideas and be
00:29:38> 00:29:42:	creative so he is going to talk about East Point.
00:29:42> 00:29:45:	And if I'm getting the name right,
00:29:45> 00:29:49:	I apologize. I'll have Jonathan correct that in Oklahoma and
00:29:49> 00:29:53:	talk about the way that they were able to incorporate
00:29:53> 00:29:58:	a really important component within the development that helped to
00:29:58> 00:30:02:	build wealth and ownership for the Community and Community benefits.
00:30:02> 00:30:03:	So Jonathan welcome.
00:30:04> 00:30:06:	Thanks, thanks for having me.
00:30:06> 00:30:12:	I appreciate that and excited to be talking about.
00:30:12> 00:30:16:	This, uh, really. The I think the first thing I
00:30:16> 00:30:19:	just wanted to start off with is when we talk
00:30:19> 00:30:21:	about this development.
00:30:21> 00:30:26:	In particular, it, uh? It has become kind of critical
00:30:26> 00:30:28:	to think through the filter,
00:30:28> 00:30:31:	the philosophy that drives it before we get into the
00:30:31> 00:30:33:	actual kind of pragmatic details on how it worked out,
00:30:33> 00:30:35:	and so really what we decided was,
00:30:35> 00:30:38:	UM and Kathy. I'm trying to share my screen,
00:30:38> 00:30:41:	but I'm afraid it's going to make me log back
00:30:41> 00:30:42:	out to do that.
00:30:42> 00:30:43:	Uh.
00:30:45> 00:30:47:	I I can see it.
00:30:47> 00:30:49:	Yep, can you see it OK great alright perfect.
00:30:51> 00:30:53:	So, uh, this is, you know,
00:30:53> 00:30:56:	really what? What drove this discussion was?
00:30:56> 00:30:58:	How do you think through development,
00:30:58> 00:31:02:	especially as white developers in a minority community where there's
00:31:02> 00:31:06:	all sorts of tendencies for really gentrification to occur in
00:31:06> 00:31:07:	a way that is harmful.
00:31:07> 00:31:11:	And so the first thing that we did was we
00:31:11> 00:31:12:	said,
00:31:12> 00:31:15:	how do we up in the system and so philosophy
00:31:15> 00:31:18:	kind of driver number one was we were going to
00:31:18> 00:31:20:	give up relational authority,
00:31:20> 00:31:24:	so we went to. From someone named Sandino Thompson,
00:31:24> 00:31:26:	who was a friend of mine and said gave him
00:31:26> 00:31:29:	not just equity in the project and not just gave
00:31:29> 00:31:30:	him development fees,

00:31:30 --> 00:31:33: but we actually gave him relational authority over us so 00:31:33 --> 00:31:35: he was able to veto anything that we did. 00:31:35 --> 00:31:37: And so it's kind of like if you've seen, 00:31:37 --> 00:31:39: you know, a church that says, 00:31:39 --> 00:31:42: hey, we want to be racially integrated and so the 00:31:42 --> 00:31:45: White Pastor hires like a black youth minister and thinks 00:31:45 --> 00:31:47: that that's going to get it done. 00:31:47 --> 00:31:49: We see that a lot in development and and my 00:31:49 --> 00:31:52: friends over here say that they get called on a 00:31:52 --> 00:31:53: weekly basis. 00:31:53 --> 00:31:55: To be the proverbial black face for a project, 00:31:55 --> 00:31:57: and so for us it was. 00:31:57 --> 00:32:00: we wanted a true partner and we wanted to give 00:32:00 --> 00:32:00: up. 00:32:00 --> 00:32:02: The one thing that we had, 00:32:02 --> 00:32:04: which was kind of the the voting authority. 00:32:04 --> 00:32:06: And so Sandino took that over. 00:32:06 --> 00:32:10: The second piece was to say. 00:32:10 --> 00:32:13: We wanted to think differently about how we entered into 00:32:14 --> 00:32:14: the community. 00:32:14 --> 00:32:19: So the typical approach that we've seen from white developers 00:32:19 --> 00:32:23: in Oklahoma City was that because the white culture has 00:32:23 --> 00:32:25: access to power and wealth, 00:32:25 --> 00:32:28: they typically think that they're the ones who are bringing 00:32:29 --> 00:32:31: blessing to minority communities. 00:32:31 --> 00:32:35: And so for us, we think that's a really kind 00:32:35 --> 00:32:36: of a fallacy, 00:32:36 --> 00:32:40: and they're thinking the things that we value our community, 00:32:40 --> 00:32:42: our strength. Are stick to itiveness? 00:32:42 --> 00:32:45: Are all of these other values that exist in abundance 00:32:45 --> 00:32:46: on the east side? 00:32:46 --> 00:32:49: And So what we said was we would kind of prostitute the two gifts that we have which are access 00:32:49 --> 00:32:52: 00:32:52 --> 00:32:55: to money and access the power so that we could 00:32:55 --> 00:32:59: go hang out with E community and so that manifested 00:32:59 --> 00:33:00: itself in a lot of ways. 00:33:00 --> 00:33:04: But it was a philosophy that we held two fairly 00:33:04 --> 00:33:04: tightly. The final piece was to say that. 00:33:04 --> 00:33:07: 00:33:07 --> 00:33:10: In in gentrification in in white communities, 00:33:10 --> 00:33:13: it's harmful and most of the times there is

00:33:13> 00:33:14:	positive gentrification.
00:33:14> 00:33:16:	But in minority communities it's.
00:33:16> 00:33:20:	It's doubly harmful because because of historic redlining and
	systematic
00:33:20> 00:33:20:	racism.
00:33:20> 00:33:24:	What happens is is the the community becomes a safety
00:33:24> 00:33:28:	net for everybody who lives there right within a minority
00:33:28> 00:33:28:	community.
00:33:28> 00:33:32:	And so when you gentrify someone out of their community,
00:33:32> 00:33:36:	you're not just kicking them out of a building,
00:33:36> 00:33:38:	you're actually kicking them out.
00:33:38> 00:33:41:	Of the community that has provided that sustainability for them.
00:33:41> 00:33:44:	And So what we said was what we were going
00:33:44> 00:33:47:	to try to do in this is to actually use
00:33:47> 00:33:50:	the the money that we were able to get from
00:33:50> 00:33:53:	the city and from how we negotiated to actually pass
00:33:53> 00:33:56:	through the tenant so that each tenant who signed a
00:33:56> 00:33:57:	lease became a 15%
00:33:57> 00:33:59:	owner in the real estate.
00:33:59> 00:34:02:	And so we have a what I'm showing you here.
00:34:02> 00:34:04:	This is this is what we bought.
00:34:04> 00:34:08:	This was phase one. This was the retail phase.
00:34:08> 00:34:10:	These are some of the owners.
00:34:10> 00:34:13:	In this we call them owners because all of these
00:34:13> 00:34:14:	tenants have ownership.
00:34:14> 00:34:18:	This is the tenant mix today.
00:34:18> 00:34:22:	I'm going to Scroll down and show you kind of
00:34:22> 00:34:23:	the area here.
00:34:23> 00:34:25:	So these are the as you can see,
00:34:25> 00:34:27:	there's two pieces of land,
00:34:27> 00:34:30:	So what we did with that kind of philosophy and
00:34:30> 00:34:30:	mine,
00:34:30> 00:34:33:	what we said is we need to find enough land
00:34:33> 00:34:36:	to kind of have a amassing that made a difference.
00:34:36> 00:34:39:	And so we we bought 40,000 square feet of vacant
00:34:39> 00:34:40:	space.
00:34:40> 00:34:43:	There was actually one restaurant tenant that was open at
00:34:43> 00:34:43:	the time,
00:34:43> 00:34:46:	and so we were tasked with kind of redeveloping this
00:34:46> 00:34:48:	and thinking through it.
00:34:48> 00:34:50:	So we spent about a year with the Community,
00:34:50> 00:34:54:	asking them what they wanted and what they said they

00:34:54 --> 00:34:55: wanted was. Access to health care. We're in a food desert. 00:34:55 --> 00:34:59: 00:34:59 --> 00:35:01: And then they wanted representative retail. 00:35:01 --> 00:35:04: And So what we did was we said, 00:35:04 --> 00:35:07: OK, we're going to try to tackle these in two 00:35:07 --> 00:35:08: phases. 00:35:08 --> 00:35:11: We bought the retail phase when you saw the picture 00:35:11 --> 00:35:15: of first and then we bought the Centennial Health Medical 00:35:15 --> 00:35:17: Office and grocery Store building 2nd, 00:35:17 --> 00:35:20: and so we each one of these projects is \$4.3 00:35:20 --> 00:35:22: million in costs. 00:35:22 --> 00:35:25: And so you're looking at a total of 8.6 million 00:35:25 --> 00:35:29: in and project costs of that 8.6 million. 00:35:29 --> 00:35:32: We brought \$600,000 in cash, 00:35:32 --> 00:35:38: so about 7%. The city provided 23%. 00:35:38 --> 00:35:44: Sorry, 27% of the actual cost at and they funded 00:35:44 --> 00:35:50: it upfront through TIFF and so the final piece was 00:35:50 --> 00:35:53: through bank debt and so. 00:35:53 --> 00:35:56: Me and my partners. Whenever we decided to do this 00:35:56 --> 00:35:59: and we brought in Sandy and then we started looking. 00:35:59 --> 00:36:02: We reached out to Centennial Health which is 101 year 00:36:02 --> 00:36:03: old. 00:36:03 --> 00:36:05: It's the oldest health care clinic in Oklahoma City. 00:36:05 --> 00:36:09: They had a location kind of in a healthcare district 00:36:09 --> 00:36:10: and so. 00:36:10 --> 00:36:12: We reached out to them and ask them to move 00:36:12 --> 00:36:15: their headquarters from kind of the healthcare district to the 00:36:16 --> 00:36:17: east side and and they agreed, 00:36:17 --> 00:36:20: and so they're they're least they signed a 10 year 00:36:21 --> 00:36:21: lease. 00:36:21 --> 00:36:24: And their lease covered the debt service coverage ratio. 00:36:24 --> 00:36:26: Essentially by itself it took up 60% 00:36:26 --> 00:36:29: of the space, and so I was a former banker 00:36:29 --> 00:36:30: for about 10 years. 00:36:30 --> 00:36:33: And so pivot project is done probably 20 projects in 00:36:33 --> 00:36:36: the urban core that were much riskier than this, 00:36:36 --> 00:36:39: and so we really felt good as it would not 00:36:39 --> 00:36:40: go get financing. 00:36:40 --> 00:36:43: Thinking that hey, we got we got 100 year old 00:36:43 --> 00:36:44: health care clinic. 00:36:44 --> 00:36:46: They're going to sign a 10 year lease. 00:36:46 --> 00:36:49: We're good to go. And so I reached out to

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00:36:49 --> 00:36:52:
                          over 25 banks and it was categorically.
00:36:52 --> 00:36:58:
                          Told no, and so some of the banks were.
00:36:58 --> 00:37:00:
                          Not that they they. They were not tactful and and
00:37:00 --> 00:37:02:
                          how they communicated that they just say,
00:37:02 --> 00:37:05:
                          hey, we don't lend money to that side of town.
00:37:05 --> 00:37:07:
                          Other banks said, hey, there's no cops,
00:37:07 --> 00:37:10:
                          and so as we got into this,
00:37:10 --> 00:37:13:
                          I actually started getting a little panicked because.
00:37:13 --> 00:37:16:
                          We had a project that worked and we couldn't get
00:37:16 --> 00:37:17:
                          financing,
00:37:17 --> 00:37:20:
                          so we finally had a bank that said hey,
00:37:20 --> 00:37:23:
                          if you can get a richer person than me,
00:37:23 --> 00:37:25:
                          Ben and David to guarantee the debt,
00:37:25 --> 00:37:28:
                          then we'll go ahead and and fund this deal.
00:37:28 --> 00:37:30:
                          And so we went to a guy and he's actually
00:37:30 --> 00:37:34:
                          got the largest single malt Scotch collection in the United
00:37:34 --> 00:37:34:
                          States.
00:37:34 --> 00:37:36:
                          so we only needed two.
00:37:36 --> 00:37:39:
                          I think. Point $7 billion of debt on this project
00:37:39 --> 00:37:42:
                          and his collection is now over like $5 million.
00:37:42 --> 00:37:45:
                          So and that's not his only net worth.
00:37:45 --> 00:37:47:
                          I mean, you talk about liquid net worth.
00:37:47 --> 00:37:50:
                          That's a. That's a great kind of thing to have.
00:37:50 --> 00:37:52:
                          And so I thought, man,
00:37:52 --> 00:37:53:
                          if they have to foreclose on,
                          hit him or foreclose on this building and go collect,
00:37:53 --> 00:37:56:
00:37:56 --> 00:37:59:
                          that's like the best job ever to go collect that
00:37:59 --> 00:37:59:
                          Scotch.
00:37:59 --> 00:38:02:
                          So we were stoked. We send it to them and
00:38:02 --> 00:38:05:
                          they actually called us back that day and said,
00:38:05 --> 00:38:06:
                          hey, he's not rich enough.
00:38:06 --> 00:38:09:
                          We're sorry and so they declined our loan and so
00:38:09 --> 00:38:11:
                          at that point for me,
00:38:11 --> 00:38:13:
                          what what hit home was that me,
00:38:13 --> 00:38:15:
                          Ben and David or three super white dudes?
00:38:15 --> 00:38:19:
                          New office above a craft beer bar in downtown Oklahoma
00:38:19 --> 00:38:21:
                          City and all we do is development.
00:38:21 --> 00:38:24:
                          And if we couldn't get a loan.
00:38:24 --> 00:38:26:
                          Uhm, for a for a building that had 100 year
00:38:26 --> 00:38:27:
                          old healthcare tenant,
00:38:27 --> 00:38:30:
                          Can you imagine being a 20 year old African American
00:38:30 --> 00:38:32:
                          or Black kid on the east side?
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00:38:34 --> 00:38:37: became very personal for us and so one of the 00:38:37 --> 00:38:40: things that that taught us was what happens when systems 00:38:40 --> 00:38:42: stick for long periods of time. 00:38:42 --> 00:38:44: And what I mean by that is in the 50s. 00:38:44 --> 00:38:47: If someone were to come to me and I was 00:38:47 --> 00:38:47: a banker. 00:38:47 --> 00:38:49: they ask for money and they were black. 00:38:49 --> 00:38:52: I would say, well I I'm not going to give 00:38:52 --> 00:38:55: you money because of the color of your skin. 00:38:55 --> 00:38:57: And I would have said the same thing in the 00:38:57 --> 00:38:58: 60s and I would have said the same thing in the 70s and I would have said the same thing 00:38:58 --> 00:39:00: 00:39:00 --> 00:39:02: in the 80s. But by the time the 2000s rolled 00:39:02 --> 00:39:03: around, 00:39:03 --> 00:39:04: I don't have to say that anymore. 00:39:04 --> 00:39:07: What I can say is man I love black people. 00:39:07 --> 00:39:09: I don't have any issue lending you money, 00:39:09 --> 00:39:11: but no one is lent money over here in 40 00:39:11 --> 00:39:11: years, 00:39:11 --> 00:39:13: so why would I be the fool to lend you 00:39:14 --> 00:39:14: the money, 00:39:14 --> 00:39:17: right? It's going to cost me too much. 00:39:17 --> 00:39:20: Street cred within the bank. 00:39:20 --> 00:39:23: To do that, and So what we realized was that 00:39:23 --> 00:39:25: we were going to have to be what we call 00:39:25 --> 00:39:26: joyous disruptors. 00:39:26 --> 00:39:29: We're going to have to disrupt the banking system to 00:39:30 --> 00:39:33: the place where we forced a moral decision on bankers, 00:39:33 --> 00:39:36: so this project became personal in the sense of we 00:39:36 --> 00:39:39: needed this deal to land so that now banks couldn't 00:39:39 --> 00:39:41: say there was no comps in the area. 00:39:41 --> 00:39:44: They would just have to decide where they're willing to 00:39:44 --> 00:39:45: lend money to. 00:39:45 --> 00:39:48: People who didn't look like them or not. 00:39:48 --> 00:39:50: And so we actually found a wealthier. 00:39:50 --> 00:39:52: Guy, then the Scotch guy and found a new bank 00:39:53 --> 00:39:55: and that new bank required us to give up additional 00:39:56 --> 00:39:57: equity to give to this guy, 00:39:57 --> 00:40:01: but he guaranteed the debt and that really unlocked phase 00:40:01 --> 00:40:01: one. 00:40:01 --> 00:40:04: And so phase one was Centennial Health and then recently

He's just trying to get a loan and so it

00:38:32 --> 00:38:34:

00:40:04> 00:40:07:	we just opened up a brand new grocery store that
00:40:07> 00:40:11:	was a public private partnership between the local grocery
00.40.44 > 00.40.44	store
00:40:11> 00:40:14:	and nonprofit. Who is on the east side.
00:40:14> 00:40:17:	And it was in response to the fact that the
00:40:17> 00:40:21:	last grocery store on the east side of town closed
00:40:21> 00:40:23:	about a year ago,
00:40:23> 00:40:26:	and so residents in this community we're having to drive
00:40:26> 00:40:29:	3 hours on the bus to get to the closest
00:40:29> 00:40:30:	grocery store.
00:40:30> 00:40:33:	And so. That was phase one and we're super proud
00:40:33> 00:40:34:	of it.
00:40:34> 00:40:36:	And really, what that did was that was a catalyst
00:40:36> 00:40:38:	so we could go to phase two,
00:40:38> 00:40:40:	which was the retail project which is.
00:40:40> 00:40:43:	What this is now you can see below what it
00:40:43> 00:40:44:	was before,
00:40:44> 00:40:46:	and so in that what we did was I like
00:40:46> 00:40:50:	I previously talked about our our equity component we we
00:40:50> 00:40:53:	with when we negotiate with the city we agreed to
00:40:53> 00:40:55:	not sell the building for 10 years,
00:40:55> 00:40:58:	and so we're in for the long haul.
00:40:58> 00:41:01:	And So what we asked was our tenants to join
00:41:01> 00:41:04:	us in that we created all of this really kind
00:41:04> 00:41:07:	of generous sub letting language so that if they didn't
00:41:07> 00:41:10:	they didn't want to give up their equity but they
00:41:10> 00:41:11:	didn't.
00:41:11> 00:41:15:	Wanna maintain their business? They could help us find a
00:41:15> 00:41:16:	tenant to sublet for them,
00:41:16> 00:41:18:	and so we're currently 90%
00:41:18> 00:41:22:	leased, so we've got updated photos that I wasn't able
00:41:22> 00:41:24:	to get into this slide deck.
00:41:24> 00:41:26:	But some of the 90%
00:41:26> 00:41:30:	leased. We've got 50% of that are minority female tenants
00:41:30> 00:41:31:	and about 85%
00:41:31> 00:41:37:	of that is black owned or minority owned business owners
00:41:37> 00:41:38:	and so.
00:41:38> 00:41:40:	As we engage into this phase,
00:41:40> 00:41:43:	what we did was we decided to pay the Community
00:41:43> 00:41:47:	basically what we would consider a brokerage fee to help
00:41:47> 00:41:47:	us tenant it,
00:41:47> 00:41:50:	and so our thought process was,

00:41:50> 00:41:53:	it's not. It's not our job to bring the white
00:41:53> 00:41:55:	side of OKC to the black community.
00:41:55> 00:41:58:	Our job is to actually help create an Ave so
00:41:58> 00:42:02:	that local businesses who have maybe had to move out
00:42:02> 00:42:06:	of their community could come back to the community that
00:42:06> 00:42:08:	they love and so we didn't.
00:42:08> 00:42:11:	Actually, take any tenants who are shutting down space on
00:42:11> 00:42:13:	the east side and moving into our building.
00:42:13> 00:42:16:	We actually only took new startup businesses or businesses that
00:42:16> 00:42:18:	were from that were located on the West side of
00:42:18> 00:42:20:	town and were wanting to move back from the east
00:42:20> 00:42:22:	to the east side of town.
00:42:22> 00:42:25:	And so as we did this project.
00:42:25> 00:42:27:	I was trying to see if there was any other
00:42:27> 00:42:28:	pictures here.
00:42:32> 00:42:34:	As we did this project.
00:42:34> 00:42:38:	What I didn't realize was dumb.
00:42:38> 00:42:43:	How? Difficult and how little we understood the relationships that
00:42:43> 00:42:45:	we needed to have on the east side,
00:42:45> 00:42:48:	and so we failed a lot trying to figure out
00:42:48> 00:42:51:	how do we communicate that well and a great example
00:42:51> 00:42:54:	is the guy who's sitting kind of in the stool
00:42:54> 00:42:57:	on the far left side of this picture.
00:42:57> 00:43:00:	His name is JB. He's probably the most prolific rapper
00:43:00> 00:43:02:	from our state and his Emmy Award winning artist,
00:43:02> 00:43:05:	and he called me one day and said,
00:43:05> 00:43:08:	hey, you need to meet with me.
00:43:08> 00:43:11:	And so we pulled over to East Point and he
00:43:11> 00:43:14:	says I want to introduce you to somebody.
00:43:14> 00:43:17:	And so we walked down a couple blocks and we
00:43:17> 00:43:21:	walk into this nondescript door that just says Barber on
00:43:21> 00:43:21:	it.
00:43:21> 00:43:25:	And so we walk into this barbershop and there's two
00:43:25> 00:43:26:	guys playing NBA2K.
00:43:26> 00:43:29:	And then there's one guy getting a haircut.
00:43:29> 00:43:32:	And then there's a dude who's probably 6 foot four,
00:43:32> 00:43:36:	no body fat, one of the strongest people that I've
00:43:36> 00:43:37:	ever seen in person.
00:43:37> 00:43:40:	And he's sitting there. He starts talking to me and
00:43:40> 00:43:42:	he starts asking me questions and so I know I'm
00:43:43> 00:43:43:	on the spot.

00:43:43> 00:43:45:	I don't really know why I'm on the spot,
00:43:45> 00:43:48:	but I'm on the spot and so we finally get
00:43:48> 00:43:49:	done and he says,
00:43:49> 00:43:50:	man, I like what you're doing,
00:43:50> 00:43:53:	you're good and so JB and I walked out and
00:43:53> 00:43:53:	I said,
00:43:53> 00:43:56:	JB, what you know, what the hell just happened man
00:43:56> 00:43:58:	and he goes well I needed you to meet the
00:43:58> 00:44:01:	mailman and I was like OK and he's like he's
00:44:01> 00:44:03:	made and I was like he's made what does that
00:44:03> 00:44:03:	mean?
00:44:03> 00:44:07:	He's like he's an OG and I'm like.
00:44:07> 00:44:09:	Original gangster I don't know what that means.
00:44:09> 00:44:11:	I'm like, but what does that mean?
00:44:11> 00:44:14:	And he's like he he ends up giving me the
00:44:14> 00:44:17:	backdrop that you know this guy who's a crip who
00:44:17> 00:44:21:	had just got out of prison but was respected by
00:44:21> 00:44:24:	all of the community because of what he's done needed
00:44:24> 00:44:27:	to put blessing on our building and what hit me
00:44:27> 00:44:30:	what was so humbling was that JB risked everything to
00:44:30> 00:44:33:	get me in that room because it wasn't just me
00:44:33> 00:44:36:	that was on the line whenever I was getting interviewed
00:44:36> 00:44:37:	it was.
00:44:37> 00:44:40:	Actually, JB's reputation within the community and he only
00.44.40 > 00.44.42.	did
00:44:40> 00:44:43:	that because he trusted me to be his friend.
00:44:43> 00:44:44:	And so as we've gone in,
00:44:44> 00:44:48:	you know what we typically say in closing is.
00:44:48> 00:44:51:	The greatest lie that I think wealth UM gives us
00:44:51> 00:44:54:	is that it gives us the illusion that we can
00:44:54> 00:44:55:	be protected from pain,
00:44:55> 00:44:58:	and so I know, I know a lot of 50
00:44:58> 00:45:02:	and 60 year old men who are are really lonely.
00:45:02> 00:45:04:	They have a lot of money,
00:45:04> 00:45:06:	but they're protected, right? They have everything covered,
00:45:06> 00:45:08:	but when you protect yourself from pain,
00:45:08> 00:45:11:	you also prevent yourself from being able to experience joy.
00:45:11> 00:45:15:	And so one of the things that has become integral
00:45:15> 00:45:17:	to our company as we've gone in is that we
00:45:17> 00:45:19: 00:45:19> 00:45:23:	need to place ourselves in.
00.40.19/ 00:45:25:	In positions that make us feel uncomfortable because we think

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00:45:23 --> 00:45:26:
                          that joy is is a bedfellow to that discomfort,
00:45:26 --> 00:45:30:
                          and so this project is almost been the end of
00:45:30 --> 00:45:31:
                          us we.
00:45:31 --> 00:45:34:
                          Have it's it's been five years and coming but there's
00:45:34 --> 00:45:36:
                          no project that has created more joy for us than
00:45:36 --> 00:45:39:
                          this and our lives are better for it and what's
00:45:39 --> 00:45:41:
                          come out of that as we now have a small
00:45:41 --> 00:45:44:
                          development team out of the east side that was going.
00:45:44 --> 00:45:45:
                          We're working on right now.
00:45:45 --> 00:45:47:
                          A black owned boutique hotel we're working on.
00:45:47 --> 00:45:50:
                          We're getting ready to open up a black owned breakfast
00:45:50 --> 00:45:52:
                          concept and and all of this would have never happened
00:45:52 --> 00:45:54:
                          had we not jumped in on this and and been
00:45:54 --> 00:45:56:
                          accepted by them. So anyways,
00:45:56 --> 00:45:58:
                          I think I'm like right at 15 minutes,
00:45:58 --> 00:46:00:
                          so I don't want to go over time,
00:46:00 --> 00:46:01:
                          but I really appreciate you guys.
00:46:01 --> 00:46:03:
                          Getting a or allowing me to share.
00:46:05 --> 00:46:08:
                          Jonathan said thank you so much.
00:46:08 --> 00:46:13:
                          Great inspiring story and it is.
00:46:13 --> 00:46:16:
                          True that it it. It takes relationships and how you
00:46:16 --> 00:46:20:
                          build those relationships when everything is so fractured is is
00:46:21 --> 00:46:23:
                          going to make you uncomfortable.
00:46:23 --> 00:46:26:
                          And I I really appreciate your honesty.
00:46:26 --> 00:46:30:
                          I think we're going to learn from all of that.
00:46:30 --> 00:46:33:
                          I am going to turn it over to Keith and
00:46:34 --> 00:46:38:
                          and our Caroline to have us move to the next
00:46:38 --> 00:46:39:
                          part of the day.
00:46:39 --> 00:46:43:
                          So thank you again. Both speakers really appreciate it.
00:46:43 --> 00:46:45:
                          There may be some questions in the chat.
00:46:45 --> 00:46:47:
                          Jonathan, you might just want to look at and maybe
00:46:47 --> 00:46:49:
                          respond to appreciate it.
00:46:51 --> 00:46:54:
                          Thank you my pleasure. Right,
00:46:54 --> 00:46:58:
                          thank you I, I just want to thank both Chris
00:46:58 --> 00:47:00:
                          and Jonathan for.
00:47:00 --> 00:47:04:
                          For two extraordinary examples. Uh,
00:47:04 --> 00:47:09:
                          and and really what? I think the challenges before us
00:47:09 --> 00:47:13:
                          that you've even begun to lay out.
00:47:13 --> 00:47:17:
                          Is not only the understanding of healing.
00:47:17 --> 00:47:21:
                          Within projects listening to voice of community and making
                          sure
00:47:21 --> 00:47:22:
                          you're driven by some very,
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00:47:22> 00:47:27: 00:47:27> 00:47:28:	very important principles, but also just the practical side of the challenge ahead.
00:47:28> 00:47:33:	Because these things are full of layers and complexities,
00:47:33> 00:47:37:	and if you are really desiring to get to an
00:47:37> 00:47:38:	endpoint,
00:47:38> 00:47:42:	it can happen. But it ain't gonna be easy,
00:47:42> 00:47:45:	but it does require a level of commitment.
00:47:45> 00:47:48:	So thank you so much for your presentation and your
00:47:48> 00:47:49:	commentary.

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