

Video

Live Launch at MIPIM: Emerging Trends in Real Estate?? Global Outlook 2022

Date: March 15, 2022

00:15:27 --> 00:15:30:

00:00:39 --> 00:14:09: Yeah. Psychology. Good 00:14:09 --> 00:14:14: afternoon everyone and welcome to emerging Trends in Real Estate 00:14:14 --> 00:14:14: 2022. 00:14:15 --> 00:14:18: The global launch. My name is Garth Lewis. 00:14:18 --> 00:14:22: I'm a director at PwC will estate team based in 00:14:23 --> 00:14:27: London I work in corporate finance and M&A and I 00:14:27 --> 00:14:31: also lead the real estate thought leadership at PwC. 00:14:31 --> 00:14:36: Including our emerging trends in Ministate publication alongside with the 00:14:36 --> 00:14:39: the ULI and I'd like to take this opportunity to 00:14:39 --> 00:14:42: thank Lizette and Dawn and the UI team for their 00:14:42 --> 00:14:47: collaboration with this global report and the three regional reports. 00:14:47 --> 00:14:50: I'm gonna give some very brief highlights. 00:14:50 --> 00:14:52: Just a note up to the control room. 00:14:52 --> 00:14:54: If you can share share my notes, 00:14:54 --> 00:14:54: that would be that would be great. 00:14:54 --> 00:14:57: Thank you which are on the screen and then we're 00:14:57 --> 00:15:00: going to hand over to Patricia who's going to lead 00:15:00 --> 00:15:02: us through a panel discussion. 00:15:02 --> 00:15:05: And we'll introduce the panelists as well. 00:15:05 --> 00:15:09: So what's the the global outlook for real estate in 00:15:10 --> 00:15:10: 2022? 00:15:10 --> 00:15:14: Well, a sort of combination of uncertainty and positivity. 00:15:14 --> 00:15:18: It was the theme key theme coming back from the 00:15:18 --> 00:15:22: three and a half thousand survey participants that were that 00:15:22 --> 00:15:24: took part in this year's survey. 00:15:24 --> 00:15:27: So in many ways are not dissimilar theme to coming

out of where we were two years ago before the

00:15:30> 00:15:32:	start of the pandemic.
00:15:32> 00:15:33:	And just as everyone hoped,
00:15:33> 00:15:37:	the pandemic. Was receding we had the the crisis in
00:15:37> 00:15:41:	Ukraine which has set off another wave of apprehension
	across
00:15:41> 00:15:45:	Europe in relation to the the concerns around the wider
00:15:45> 00:15:57:	pandemic. But let's first just set the scene.
00:15:57> 00:16:00:	2021 was a extraordinary year in terms of capital flows.
00:16:00> 00:16:04:	As you can see from this slide in 2021,
00:16:04> 00:16:07:	there were 1.3 trillion of global real estate sales.
00:16:07> 00:16:12:	That's 59% higher than 2020 and 22%
00:16:12> 00:16:15:	higher, so 22% higher than 2019.
00:16:15> 00:16:18:	That's according to Real Capital Analytics,
00:16:18> 00:16:21:	and that demand for real estate was led by residential
00:16:21> 00:16:22:	and logistics.
00:16:22> 00:16:25:	And I and I key upsurge in activity in the
00:16:25> 00:16:29:	US and the key that's driving this is really the
00:16:29> 00:16:32:	premium between property yields and rates.
00:16:32> 00:16:37:	And whilst that positive capital market perspective continues
	to hold
00:16:37> 00:16:39:	good for the time being.
00:16:39> 00:16:42:	The uncertainty that we're seeing at the moment is inevitably
00:16:42> 00:16:43:	going to slow down dealmaking,
00:16:43> 00:16:52:	especially in the EU. But the first thing to be
00:16:52> 00:16:54:	addressed,
00:16:54> 00:16:57:	of course, is the Russian invasion of Ukraine and begin
00:16:57> 00:17:00:	will begin by acknowledging the humanitarian tragedy which is unfolding
00:17:01> 00:17:01:	across the region.
00:17:01> 00:17:04:	But what does this mean for global real estate?
00:17:04> 00:17:06:	And if there is a consensus among economists,
00:17:06> 00:17:10:	is that the Ukraine conflict is unlikely to lead to
00:17:10> 00:17:11:	a world recession,
00:17:11> 00:17:14:	although no one is actually ruling out that outcome.
00:17:14> 00:17:15:	And at the very least,
00:17:15> 00:17:19:	however, the effect of the Russian invasion of Ukraine is
00:17:19> 00:17:22:	expected to be far greater geopolitical risk.
00:17:22> 00:17:27:	Alongside slower global growth and critically higher and longer lasting
00:17:27> 00:17:28:	inflation.
00:17:28> 00:17:32:	And even that relatively benign macro scenario this year would
00:17:32> 00:17:35:	serve as a major jolt to the real estate industry,

00:17:35> 00:17:39:	particularly compared to 2021 as you just seen on the
00:17:39> 00:17:40:	previous slide.
00:17:40> 00:17:43:	It is possible that the industry in Europe may have
00:17:43> 00:17:45:	to deal with the consequences of a very swift change
00:17:45> 00:17:49:	in government spending in favor of sectors like defence and
00:17:49> 00:17:52:	energy policies, and away from areas that directly impact real
00:17:52> 00:17:53:	estate in a positive way,
00:17:53> 00:17:55:	such as infrastructure and housing.
00:17:55> 00:17:59:	And yet the invasion of Ukraine poses bigger questions around
00:17:59> 00:18:00:	the ESG agenda,
00:18:00> 00:18:03:	and in particular the impact the acute problems of energy
00:18:03> 00:18:06:	security will have on the ASG agenda in the longer
00:18:06> 00:18:06:	term.
00:18:15> 00:18:17:	And looking at inflationary pressure in January,
00:18:17> 00:18:20:	inflation in Europe hit five point 1%
00:18:20> 00:18:22:	and in the US 7.5%
00:18:22> 00:18:25:	which is the fastest annual rise for 40 years.
00:18:25> 00:18:28:	The full impact on real estate of Labor shortages,
00:18:28> 00:18:32:	•
00:18:32> 00:18:35:	rising wages, food bills and energy costs remains unclear.
00:18:35> 00:18:37:	Yet the prevailing view among many in the industry seems
	to be that this is going to.
00:18:37> 00:18:40:	We're going to see moderating economic growth with inflation peaking
00:18:40> 00:18:41:	this year.
00:18:41> 00:18:43:	As you can see on the chart.
00:18:43> 00:18:46:	And this has understandably led through lead through to concerns
00:18:46> 00:18:50:	around construction material and labor costs in North
	America and
00:18:50> 00:18:51:	Europe in particular.
00:18:51> 00:18:53:	And these were in fact the topped ranked concerns coming
00:18:53> 00:18:55:	out of the emerging and trends regional reports,
00:18:55> 00:18:58:	even before the Ukrainian crisis.
00:18:58> 00:19:01:	Whilst inflation appears to be less of a concern in
00:19:01> 00:19:03:	Asia Pacific than in other regions,
00:19:03> 00:19:06:	even there adds to this challenge around development and rising
00:19:06> 00:19:07:	costs,
00:19:07> 00:19:10:	but with big caveats over development and a huge uncertainty
00:19:10> 00:19:12:	due to the invasion of the Ukraine.
00:19:12> 00:19:15:	Most interviews still hang on to the traditional view of

00:19:15> 00:19:18:	real estate as being a good inflation hedge generally.
00:19:21> 00:19:23:	And here's a quick look now at the the key
00:19:23> 00:19:26:	points coming out of from the global report on the
00:19:26> 00:19:27:	four main real estate sectors.
00:19:27> 00:19:30:	Firstly, logistics with a buildup of capital flows that favors
00:19:30> 00:19:32:	real estate over other asset classes.
00:19:32> 00:19:36:	Logistics means the main draw alongside residential.
00:19:36> 00:19:39:	Even last year there were some hesitancy around pricing on
00:19:39> 00:19:42:	logistics and one year on logistics has come to a
00:19:42> 00:19:46:	Pitta Mize the potential risks and rewards of investing in
00:19:46> 00:19:47:	real estate. A sort of lightning.
00:19:47> 00:19:50:	What if you like for the bullish and bearish comments
00:19:50> 00:19:52:	about the asset class as a whole?
00:19:52> 00:19:55:	But there are concerns voiced around late cycle pricing and
00:19:55> 00:19:57:	adjust its concerns over rental growth and a number of
00:19:57> 00:20:00:	interviews point to the fact that the logistics on the
00:20:00> 00:20:04:	development side is potentially more exposed to inflation than other
00:20:04> 00:20:07:	sectors just because of the nature of the product.
00:20:07> 00:20:10:	In retail, we're still seeing declining investment volumes,
00:20:10> 00:20:12:	the the real estate pariah asset class if you like,
00:20:12> 00:20:16:	but we've also heard talk about retail being potentially oversold
00:20:16> 00:20:20:	and a growing reference to the number of opportunities that
00:20:20> 00:20:22:	could come that are presented by a sort of uneven.
00:20:22> 00:20:25:	Recovery and in office is a sort of a similar
00:20:25> 00:20:26:	theme.
00:20:26> 00:20:29:	Their opportunities coming from an uneven recovery.
00:20:29> 00:20:33:	There's no clear consensus yet on the long term impact
00:20:33> 00:20:37:	of working from home and or dispersed workforce,
00:20:37> 00:20:40:	and we're certainly seeing geographical differences both in terms of
00:20:40> 00:20:42:	the impact of that working from home disruption and the
00:20:43> 00:20:44:	way they're bouncing back.
00:20:44> 00:20:47:	For example, in Asia, there appears to be less impact,
00:20:47> 00:20:49:	and in Seoul, for instance,
00:20:49> 00:20:52:	office investment in 2021 was well ahead of previous years.
00:20:52> 00:20:54:	Again, according to real capital.
00:20:54> 00:20:57:	Analytics. And in residential for investors,
00:20:57> 00:21:01:	the flip side of that widespread affordability problem has been
00:21:01> 00:21:05:	that continued reallocation of capital from unfavored sectors into various
00:21:05> 00:21:06:	forms of housing,

00:21:06> 00:21:09:	and again the growing attraction of residential has been reflected
00:21:09> 00:21:10:	in our emerging trends.
00:21:10> 00:21:13:	Regional reports, particularly in North America and Europe.
00:21:16> 00:21:20:	Beyond those mainstream sectors, alternative real estate
	sectors are gaining
00:21:20> 00:21:24:	popularity as part of a fundamental shift into more operational
00:21:24> 00:21:26:	and real estate and service based real estate,
00:21:26> 00:21:29:	and in particular, this applies to those sectors where the
00:21:29> 00:21:32:	underlying business growth is coming from digitalization,
00:21:32> 00:21:36:	Wellness and health care, and also an asset classes where
00:21:36> 00:21:40:	you can add a service component to generate returns.
00:21:40> 00:21:43:	Operational real estate has also won plaudits and support
00.04.40 > 00.04.44	across
00:21:43> 00:21:44:	the industry,
00:21:44> 00:21:47:	partly because it's Contra cyclical and more of an inflation
00:21:47> 00:21:47:	hedge.
00:21:47> 00:21:49:	Than some other mainstream sectors,
00:21:49> 00:21:51:	and it does remain to be seen whether demand for
00:21:51> 00:21:55:	such assets will become even more stronger during the period
00:21:55> 00:21:58:	during the economic fallout from the Ukraine crisis and rising
00:21:58> 00:22:03:	inflation. But there are some common themes across all real
00:22:03> 00:22:04:	estate sectors.
00:22:04> 00:22:07:	The industry is paying much closer attention to detail in
00:22:07> 00:22:11:	asset management and the due diligence undertaking on the acquisition
00:22:11> 00:22:14:	of any property would be much more rigorous than ever.
00:22:14> 00:22:17:	Another common theme is repurposing.
00:22:17> 00:22:20:	Repurposing is gathering pace and despite overall resilience,
00:22:20> 00:22:23:	some sectors and markets have experienced upheaval,
00:22:23> 00:22:26:	leaving many assets obsolete and needing to be repurposed.
00:22:26> 00:22:28:	A theme that, to varying degrees,
00:22:28> 00:22:31:	was reflected across all three regional reports.
00:22:31> 00:22:34:	Europe, Asia and North America in Europe,
00:22:34> 00:22:38:	52% of respondents increase the number of assets we
	purpose
00:22:38> 00:22:40:	compared to previous year.
00:22:40> 00:22:42:	The most commonly converted assets.
00:22:42> 00:22:45:	As you can see from the slide is from mixed
00:22:45> 00:22:46:	use.
00:22:46> 00:22:49:	Sorry from retail to mixed use and from office to
00:22:50> 00:22:50:	residential.

00:22:50> 00:22:53:	And that need for re purposing is not gonna go
00:22:53> 00:22:53:	away soon,
00:22:53> 00:22:56:	but the clear message message back from the research is
00:22:56> 00:23:00:	that repurposing is a much more complex and challenging proposition
00:23:00> 00:23:01:	that many give it credit for.
00:23:05> 00:23:09:	What about the investment prospects for global cities?
00:23:09> 00:23:12:	Big cities still find favor with industries leaders interviewed for
00:23:12> 00:23:13:	the emerging trends.
00:23:13> 00:23:17:	Europe and Asia report reflecting a preference for the safe
00:23:17> 00:23:20:	and familiar as well as the adaptability of the bigger
00:23:20> 00:23:24:	markets to structural changes in society and against the backdrop
00:23:24> 00:23:28:	of economic uncertainty following the pandemic is therefore little surprise
00:23:28> 00:23:28:	that London,
00:23:28> 00:23:32:	Berlin and Paris are seen as the best investment prospects
00:23:32> 00:23:33:	in Europe and that in in Asia,
00:23:33> 00:23:38:	Tokyo, Singapore and Sydney. Lead the rankings there.
00:23:38> 00:23:41:	I think it's noteworthy that London now tops the European
00:23:41> 00:23:43:	rankings despite being perceived,
00:23:43> 00:23:46:	or at least have suffered in the immediate fat rush
00:23:46> 00:23:49:	more than others against big cities and long commutes during
00:23:49> 00:23:51:	the worst of the pandemic in 2020.
00:23:51> 00:23:54:	These major denser cities are seen to be much more
00:23:54> 00:23:56:	resilient to the working from home trend.
00:23:56> 00:23:59:	And that narrative around city growth is is arguably a
00:23:59> 00:24:02:	bit more nuanced in emerging trends US and Canada,
00:24:02> 00:24:06:	which identifies with a sort of a more suburban future,
00:24:06> 00:24:09:	particularly in the Sunbelt region.
00:24:09> 00:24:12:	I've certainly heard many speculate those larger U.S.
00:24:12> 00:24:15:	cities are less well equipped to bounce back from that
00:24:15> 00:24:18:	working from home disruption and the projection of the longcut
00:24:18> 00:24:20:	commute as I mentioned,
00:24:20> 00:24:23:	because these cities, I think compared to Europe have generally
00:24:23> 00:24:26:	grown to be more car centric and perhaps less well
00:24:26> 00:24:29:	equipped to respond to some of the the growing importance
00:24:29> 00:24:31:	of areas like walkability and the concept of the 15
00:24:31> 00:24:32:	minute city.
00:24:40> 00:24:42:	Before I hand over to to the panel,

00:24:42> 00:24:45:	I'll just like to touch on another major agenda for
00:24:45> 00:24:46:	the industry,
00:24:46> 00:24:49:	and that's the ESG agenda as we explored in Chapter
00:24:49> 00:24:50:	2 of this year's report,
00:24:50> 00:24:55:	there's been a huge reallocation of capital towards decarbonisation but
00:24:55> 00:24:57:	so much more in real estate that can be done
00:24:57> 00:24:59:	by lenders and regulators.
00:24:59> 00:25:02:	If the industry industry is to meet those targets,
00:25:02> 00:25:05:	and the OECD has called for seven trillion to be
00:25:05> 00:25:08:	invested each year between now and 2030 for the world
00:25:08> 00:25:11:	to meet climate and development objectives.
00:25:11> 00:25:15:	And that reallocation has a potential to enable real estate
00:25:15> 00:25:17:	to play its part in decarbonising,
00:25:17> 00:25:20:	the world economy, equity and debt providers in particular that
00:25:20> 00:25:22:	drive real estate and determine how it acts,
00:25:22> 00:25:26:	have the power to influence the industry's approach to issues
00:25:26> 00:25:29:	like decarbonisation and social impact and the indications from our
00:25:29> 00:25:32:	research are that it's the equity investors that are leading
00:25:32> 00:25:35:	the charge there and working to get ahead of the
00:25:35> 00:25:35:	regulation.
00:25:35> 00:25:39:	Whereas debt providers, with notable exceptions seem to be waiting
00:25:39> 00:25:41:	for regulation to come.
00:25:41> 00:25:44:	One of the biggest challenges that real estate industry needs
00:25:44> 00:25:46:	to come together to work with regulators to harmonize the
00:25:46> 00:25:49:	definition of 0 carbon the way in which carbon emissions
00:25:49> 00:25:52:	are measured and how green buildings are classified and a
00:25:52> 00:25:55:	lack of agreement about the the benchmark level for
00:25:55> 00:25:59:	emissions from the building hinders the ability of a lender
00:25:59> 00:26:02:	to demand improvements, but as already mentioned,
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	there is now great uncertainty about whether the surging energy
00:26:05> 00:26:08:	costs resulting from the Ukrainian crisis will speed up or
00:26:08> 00:26:11:	undermine the global transition from fossil fuels.
00:26:11> 00:26:14:	To clean energy sources, the danger is that those high
00:26:14> 00:26:17:	prices will spur further investment in oil and gas production,
00:26:17> 00:26:20:	just as they did in previous crises and for the
00:26:20> 00:26:21:	longer term,
00:26:21> 00:26:23:	the hope at least is that the acute problems of
00:26:23> 00:26:26:	energy security will act as a wake up call to
	•

00:26:26> 00:26:30:	governments about the radical economic transformation that they need to
00:26:30> 00:26:34:	implement the ESG agenda. And with that I'll hand over
00:26:34> 00:26:36:	to Patricia to lead the panel.
00:26:37> 00:26:38:	Thank you very very much,
00:26:38> 00:26:45:	Garth. So hello everyone, it's great to see such a
00:26:45> 00:26:51:	full room of people back at Mipim after a couple
00:26:51> 00:26:53:	of years away.
00:26:53> 00:26:56:	So welcome all and thank you for joining our panel.
00:26:56> 00:26:59:	My name is Patricia Bender Riviera and I sit on
00:26:59> 00:27:03:	the client and partner group at KKR covering Investor Relations
00:27:03> 00:27:05:	in real estate across the EMEA region.
00:27:05> 00:27:08:	And before we get started and comment on a couple
00:27:08> 00:27:11:	of themes that were brought up in Garth presentation,
00:27:11> 00:27:15:	I'd like to have the panel introduce themselves so that
00:27:15> 00:27:18:	you understand the context with which everyone is
00.07.40 > 00.07.40	commenting,
00:27:18> 00:27:19:	and so I'll start with you,
00:27:19> 00:27:20:	please, Brian.
00:27:21> 00:27:23:	Thanks, Patricia. I'm Brian klimczyk.
00:27:23> 00:27:28:	I'm head of European research and global portfolio strategies for
00:27:28> 00:27:29:	the cell.
00:27:29> 00:27:33:	I have covered Europe primarily in my career,
00:27:33> 00:27:35:	but I've also lived and worked in covered markets,
00:27:35> 00:27:39:	North America, and in Hong Kong and Asia Pacific,
00:27:39> 00:27:42:	so trying to bring some of that global experience.
00:27:42> 00:27:44:	Since this is the global emerging trends report,
00:27:44> 00:27:47:	I look forward to talking about how these these trends
00:27:47> 00:27:48:	impact the whole world.
00:27:48> 00:27:50:	Thank you Brian. Over to you Elvira.
00:27:51> 00:27:54:	Good afternoon everyone. My name is Elvira Kruger.
	cood anomeon everyone. My name to zivila ranger.
00:27:54> 00:27:59:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at
00:27:54> 00:27:59: 00:27:59> 00:28:05:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across
00:27:59> 00:28:05:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14.
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07: 00:28:07> 00:28:11:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14. Dedicated teams in three continents.
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07: 00:28:07> 00:28:11: 00:28:11> 00:28:14:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14. Dedicated teams in three continents. It's really good to see everyone and to be able
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07: 00:28:07> 00:28:11: 00:28:11> 00:28:14: 00:28:14> 00:28:16:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14. Dedicated teams in three continents. It's really good to see everyone and to be able to do an event like this in person.
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07: 00:28:07> 00:28:11: 00:28:11> 00:28:14: 00:28:14> 00:28:16: 00:28:16> 00:28:19:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14. Dedicated teams in three continents. It's really good to see everyone and to be able to do an event like this in person. Finally, after two years of screen time,
00:27:59> 00:28:05: 00:28:05> 00:28:07: 00:28:07> 00:28:11: 00:28:11> 00:28:14: 00:28:14> 00:28:16:	I'm the global head of real estate and infrastructure at ING and we service institutional real estate investors across the globe with 14. Dedicated teams in three continents. It's really good to see everyone and to be able to do an event like this in person.

00:28:25 --> 00:28:26: estate. 00:28:28 --> 00:28:30: Hello, my name is Lars Huber. 00:28:30 --> 00:28:33: I'm the CEO for Heinz Europe. 00:28:33 --> 00:28:38: In the best manager and developer across 12 countries in 00:28:38 --> 00:28:39: the region, 00:28:39 --> 00:28:41: just as Patricia mentioned, I'm extremely excited for this to 00:28:42 --> 00:28:42: be going ahead, 00:28:42 --> 00:28:46: and I think me Pam has done an amazing job 00:28:46 --> 00:28:50: of making the government get rid of the masks. 00:28:50 --> 00:28:54: During you know mandatory rules just in time for this 00:28:54 --> 00:28:55: conference. 00:28:55 --> 00:28:56: So well done, that's very exciting. 00:28:58 --> 00:28:59: My name 00:28:59 --> 00:29:02: is Lisa defender and I'm the CEO Europe for ULI 00:29:02 --> 00:29:04: Urban Land Institute. 00:29:04 --> 00:29:09: We're a global nonprofit organization active in real estate and 00:29:09 --> 00:29:11: Urban Development. 00:29:11 --> 00:29:15: Focused on knowledge sharing and best practices. And worked with PwC as carrot points out on the 00:29:15 --> 00:29:18: 00:29:19 --> 00:29:23: emerging trends report and on this occasion I would like 00:29:23 --> 00:29:24: to thank PW. 00:29:24 --> 00:29:28: C For a long standing collaboration in this field. 00:29:28 --> 00:29:32: We're actually going to celebrate the 20th anniversary of the 00:29:32 --> 00:29:36: report in the coming year and already looking forward to 00:29:36 --> 00:29:36: 00:29:36 --> 00:29:39: And it's great to see such a room filled that 00:29:39 --> 00:29:42: you're all interested to hear more about this. 00:29:43 --> 00:29:46: Thank you all very much and very pleased to have 00:29:46 --> 00:29:49: such a distinguished panel with us today to talk through 00:29:49 --> 00:29:50: some of these topics. 00:29:50 --> 00:29:53: So we'll start with the first question. 00:29:53 --> 00:29:55: So from a humanitarian perspective, 00:29:55 --> 00:29:58: as Garth mentioned earlier, the situation in Ukraine is a 00:29:58 --> 00:30:01: tragedy with no clear end insight. 00:30:01 --> 00:30:02: Over the past three weeks, 00:30:02 --> 00:30:05: the West response to Russia has come in the form 00:30:05 --> 00:30:07: of strong economic and financial sanctions. 00:30:07 --> 00:30:11: Brian, could you please comment on the macro implications? 00:30:12 --> 00:30:16: And I first want to start by reiterating the point 00:30:16 --> 00:30:18: about the humanitarian suffering. 00:30:18 --> 00:30:21: I mean everything that we're going to say about impact 00:30:21 --> 00:30:23: on real estate markets is really,

00:30:23> 00:30:29:	truly secondary to that. So thank you for recognizing that.
00:30:29> 00:30:30:	I like to think about it,
00:30:30> 00:30:35:	sort of, segmenting the impact into direct and indirect impacts.
00:30:35> 00:30:41:	So the direct side is actually pretty easier to dismiss.
00:30:41> 00:30:46:	And our estimates Russia and Ukraine together are just 3%
00:30:46> 00:30:51:	of the European investable institutional real estate universe.
00:30:51> 00:30:56:	My firm LaSalle has no offices or assets in either
00:30:56> 00:30:56:	market.
00:30:56> 00:31:00:	And you know more of the people in this room
00:31:00> 00:31:04:	have are likely to have interests in the EU.
00:31:04> 00:31:08:	Member NATO member Central and Eastern European states such as
00:31:08> 00:31:10:	Poland or the Czech Republic,
00:31:10> 00:31:13:	but. Except in a very tail risk scenario,
00:31:13> 00:31:18:	it's hard to imagine this conflict escalating into incursions into
00:31:18> 00:31:20:	NATO member territory.
00:31:20> 00:31:22:	But let's let's try to not go there.
00:31:22> 00:31:24:	'cause that is beyond the expertise.
00:31:24> 00:31:28:	I would argue with the panel and into the realm
00:31:28> 00:31:31:	of sort of macro geopolitics.
00:31:31> 00:31:33:	So let's let's try and bring it back to the
00:31:33> 00:31:34:	economic side.
00:31:34> 00:31:38:	So the direct economic linkages you have,
00:31:38> 00:31:40:	the direct impact on economic growth.
00:31:40> 00:31:44:	OK, this is obviously devastating for the Ukraine.
00:31:44> 00:31:47:	Ukrainian economy, for obvious reasons.
00:31:47> 00:31:51:	And the Russian economy because of the sanctions and the
00:31:51> 00:31:55:	way that the world is successfully isolating Russia.
00:31:55> 00:31:58:	The economic linkages to the rest of the world and
00:31:58> 00:32:02:	including Europe are actually pretty limited in the aggregate,
00:32:02> 00:32:05:	so even the CE countries which have the closest trading
00:32:05> 00:32:06:	relationships,
00:32:06> 00:32:10:	such as Poland, only send around between one and 3%
00:32:10> 00:32:13:	of their exports to to Russia.
00:32:13> 00:32:16:	But it matters very, very much what those trade links
00:32:16> 00:32:17:	are,
00:32:17> 00:32:20:	because it's not a diversified range of goods.
00:32:20> 00:32:23:	It's heavily concentrated, which brings us to the indirect economic
00:32:23> 00:32:24:	linkages which are.
00:32:25> 00:32:28:	What is most important? So we really are are focused
00:32:28> 00:32:31:	on three channels of impact inflation,

00:32:31> 00:32:36:	generalized risk off, sentiment in the markets and accelerated changes
00:32:36> 00:32:38:	in the European energy mix.
00:32:38> 00:32:43:	So quickly taking each of these inflation you know those
00:32:43> 00:32:44:	trade flows.
00:32:44> 00:32:46:	As I said, look small by the numbers but but
00:32:46> 00:32:47:	but they're oil,
00:32:47> 00:32:51:	gas, metals, and wheat. These are key economies.
00:32:51> 00:32:53:	When I think about inflation,
00:32:53> 00:32:57:	there's there's good inflation. Which is the inflation that comes
00:32:57> 00:33:01:	when economies are growing and operating close to full capacity
00:33:01> 00:33:06:	and there's bad inflation when higher prices aren't being caused
00:33:06> 00:33:09:	by or or occurring alongside strong growth,
00:33:09> 00:33:13:	and so this is really representing an extra dose of
00:33:13> 00:33:16:	bad inflation at an unwelcome time.
00:33:16> 00:33:19:	I also mentioned risk off sentiment risk aversion,
00:33:19> 00:33:24:	so this is really creating a tightening in financial conditions
00:33:25> 00:33:28:	even before Central bank tightening.
00:33:28> 00:33:32:	So it's it's. It's effectively an incremental tightening for risk
00:33:32> 00:33:35:	assets in real estate is a risk asset.
00:33:35> 00:33:37:	And then finally, there's the energy mix point.
00:33:37> 00:33:40:	There's a bit of a debate as to whether the
00:33:40> 00:33:45:	surge in energy prices will accelerate or hinder the sustainability.
00:33:45> 00:33:49:	Dr. I know that in US politics there's some argument
00:33:49> 00:33:52:	that this will just cause politicians to say,
00:33:52> 00:33:56:	let's just drill, drill, drill and get those prices down.
00:33:56> 00:34:00:	That's not my view. I think that the focus on
00:34:00> 00:34:05:	energy security will actually be an accelerator for.
00:34:05> 00:34:08:	Green energy and decarbonisation. The things that we've already been
00:34:08> 00:34:10:	talking about to solve the other big crisis of the
00:34:10> 00:34:10:	day,
00:34:10> 00:34:12:	which is of course the climate crisis.
00:34:13> 00:34:14:	I think thank you very much,
00:34:14> 00:34:17:	Brian. And I was actually speaking to someone at ESG
00:34:17> 00:34:20:	consultant this morning who had a similar review to you.
00:34:20> 00:34:22:	So interesting to hear that.
00:34:22> 00:34:25:	And thank you for for all your comments.
00:34:25> 00:34:28:	Lars and Elvera enough to bleed.

00:34:28> 00:34:33:	This means more uncertainty. How are the capital markets reacting
00:34:34> 00:34:37:	and can you comment on the appetite for risk in
00:34:37> 00:34:40:	the real estate sector today?
00:34:40> 00:34:41:	As you wish, Elvira.
00:34:42> 00:34:43:	Yeah, I think
00:34:44> 00:34:49:	I think it's an incredibly complex question to answer today
00:34:49> 00:34:50:	because.
00:34:50> 00:34:55:	Obviously the as Brian mentioned that we the entire investor
00:34:55> 00:35:00:	universe has divided the impact into direct and indirect and
00:35:01> 00:35:02:	at this point in time,
00:35:02> 00:35:08:	I don't think there's anyone left who actually believes that
00:35:08> 00:35:11:	the entire indirect effect will be.
00:35:11> 00:35:14:	Muted for a long time.
00:35:14> 00:35:18:	If anything. I think we all woke up this morning
00:35:18> 00:35:21:	to the news of what's going on in China and
00:35:21> 00:35:24:	that should give everybody a bit of a jog and
00:35:24> 00:35:29:	memory of exactly how these types of events can have
00:35:29> 00:35:31:	a spillover effect.
00:35:31> 00:35:33:	In terms of macroeconomic impact,
00:35:33> 00:35:37:	I think on in terms of real estate.
00:35:37> 00:35:40:	Investments. There is a few things,
00:35:40> 00:35:44:	and when we speak with our clients that are common
00:35:44> 00:35:48:	themes generally still there is the view that real estate
00:35:48> 00:35:51:	is going to be seen as somewhat of a safe
00:35:51> 00:35:55:	haven in a very, very volatile time.
00:35:55> 00:36:02:	Having said that, there is certainly hesitancy around pricing,
00:36:02> 00:36:05:	so that will definitely impact.
00:36:05> 00:36:10:	Volumes there is a concern around inflation.
00:36:10> 00:36:15:	Clearly everyone is trying to assess what rental growth will
00:36:15> 00:36:15:	look like.
00:36:15> 00:36:19:	There's lots of question marks on the occupancy side and
00:36:19> 00:36:23:	whether or not we need to be concerned with given
00:36:23> 00:36:28:	the general macroeconomic impact that the tenants are actually able
00:36:28> 00:36:32:	to keep up with the rental inflation.
00:36:32> 00:36:37:	There's certainly a drive to differentiate.
00:36:37> 00:36:43:	Right? We've talked about potential winners and losers and real
00:36:43> 00:36:46:	estate in terms of asset classes,
00:36:46> 00:36:50:	but what we hear more and more from our clients
00:36:50> 00:36:52:	is that diversification,
00:36:53> 00:36:56:	both in terms of geographies but also in terms of

00:36:56 --> 00:36:57: asset classes, 00:36:57 --> 00:37:02: is becoming key of their investment strategies. 00:37:02 --> 00:37:07: And then within the various asset classes is being more to use a word that one of our clients used. 00:37:07 --> 00:37:10: 00:37:10 --> 00:37:15: Picky, and that's recognizing that not all logistics is created 00:37:15 --> 00:37:19: equal in the same way that not all retail is 00:37:19 --> 00:37:20: created equally. 00:37:20 --> 00:37:22: So those are some of the. 00:37:22 --> 00:37:26: Possible sort of immediate impacts, 00:37:26 --> 00:37:31: right? And of course the bigger question is longer term. 00:37:31 --> 00:37:35: Many of our clients do take a very very long 00:37:35 --> 00:37:36: term view. 00:37:36 --> 00:37:44: Arguably. Volatility is easier to ignore in some ways. 00:37:44 --> 00:37:49: If you have a longer term view right, however. No one is immune to the short term impact 00:37:50 --> 00:37:53: 00:37:53 --> 00:37:58: and what's going to actually happen in the immediate future. 00:38:00 --> 00:38:02: Thank you Elvira. Larry's over to you. 00:38:04 --> 00:38:04: First 00:38:04 --> 00:38:09: of all, Brian, I think your analysis was spot on. 00:38:09 --> 00:38:12: Well, well put in both said. 00:38:12 --> 00:38:16: In terms of. Some areas of the world. 00:38:16 --> 00:38:17: Some parts of the world being more and less impacted 00:38:18 --> 00:38:18: than others. 00:38:18 --> 00:38:21: For the moment, I would totally agree. 00:38:21 --> 00:38:23: Ironically though, it reminds me a bit of the pandemic, 00:38:23 --> 00:38:26: which is about exactly 2 years and two weeks ago, 00:38:26 --> 00:38:29: just before me poem got cancelled in 2020. 00:38:29 --> 00:38:32: It was a A Wuhan problem and then it was 00:38:32 --> 00:38:35: a Chinese problem and then an Italian problem. 00:38:35 --> 00:38:38: And then it became a European problem and only four 00:38:38 --> 00:38:41: weeks later it was a US problem as well. 00:38:41 --> 00:38:44: NPR realized it has become global. 00:38:44 --> 00:38:46: I fear we're kind of in the same in the 00:38:46 --> 00:38:48: same situation right now. 00:38:48 --> 00:38:51: This is certainly global, and every part of the world 00:38:51 --> 00:38:52: will be impacted. 00:38:52 --> 00:38:55: Without any question, I do think in terms of your 00:38:55 --> 00:38:57: question on the capital. 00:38:57 --> 00:39:02: You know capital behavior because of the uncertainty I do 00:39:02 --> 00:39:03: think. 00:39:03 --> 00:39:07: I'm less worried about that in terms of the appetite 00:39:07 --> 00:39:08: for real estate.

00:39:12 --> 00:39:15: Really say this. One of those allocations that investors will 00:39:15 --> 00:39:17: continue to make the investors keep. 00:39:17 --> 00:39:20: At least. So far we're only three weeks into this 00:39:20 --> 00:39:20: tragedy. 00:39:20 --> 00:39:23: Keep insisting this is an event, 00:39:23 --> 00:39:28: but not the event. I'm more worried about the underlying 00:39:28 --> 00:39:32: Noid element and the uncertainties around that. 00:39:32 --> 00:39:35: Because I do think that there will be guite a 00:39:35 --> 00:39:39: bit of hesitation at least decisions will be postponed and 00:39:39 --> 00:39:43: there will be suffering as well because we will just 00:39:43 --> 00:39:46: simply have less growth in in the economies. 00:39:49 --> 00:39:53: So, so that I think will be painful and painful 00:39:53 --> 00:39:55: for for some time to come. 00:39:55 --> 00:39:58: All on agree with Brian in this scenario that we 00:39:58 --> 00:39:59: can imagine, 00:39:59 --> 00:40:02: the rest is. The things we can't imagine. 00:40:02 --> 00:40:05: We don't know. It makes no sense to go there 00:40:05 --> 00:40:05: 00:40:05 --> 00:40:10: So. Inflation will certainly be one of the things to 00:40:10 --> 00:40:11: wrestle with. 00:40:11 --> 00:40:13: I want to believe in the. 00:40:13 --> 00:40:18: Better inflation and therefore think you know that will hopefully 00:40:18 --> 00:40:20: be some good news for most real estate, 00:40:20 --> 00:40:25: at least for the income producing were noit is index 00:40:25 --> 00:40:28: linked or has some way to pop up rents. 00:40:28 --> 00:40:32: But it is very concerning for all of the developments 00:40:32 --> 00:40:35: and ongoing and future construction projects. 00:40:35 --> 00:40:36: What's going on? It's very, 00:40:36 --> 00:40:39: very hard to predict price inflation there. 00:40:39 --> 00:40:43: And the uncertainty is going to have to be priced 00:40:43 --> 00:40:44: in so. 00:40:44 --> 00:40:46: You can take some positives from this inflation, 00:40:46 --> 00:40:49: but without any question those that will will voice and 00:40:49 --> 00:40:51: will concerns for us. 00:40:52 --> 00:40:55: No, thank you, and that's we'll we'll actually come back 00:40:55 --> 00:40:55: to you, 00:40:55 --> 00:40:58: Brian. For the next question on inflation, 00:40:58 --> 00:41:02: so. Inflation was certainly one of the major concerns last 00:41:02 --> 00:41:02: year, 00:41:02 --> 00:41:07: but it's an even greater concern today and according to

Because in times of uncertainty.

00:39:08 --> 00:39:12:

00:41:07 --> 00:41:08: the report, 00:41:08 --> 00:41:12: it is the second most concerning business issue after cyber 00:41:12 --> 00:41:16: security and before interest rate movements. 00:41:16 --> 00:41:19: So Brian, how does this differ across North America, 00:41:19 --> 00:41:22: Europe and Asia? And how is it likely to play 00:41:22 --> 00:41:23: out in your view? 00:41:24 --> 00:41:26: Sort of tackle that question. 00:41:26 --> 00:41:30: You have to breakdown the sources of inflation and think 00:41:30 --> 00:41:31: about them as. 00:41:31 --> 00:41:35: Separate and how they vary across the globe is really 00:41:35 --> 00:41:37: helpful and really parsing that. 00:41:37 --> 00:41:41: So I'd really break it down into three sort of 00:41:41 --> 00:41:43: sources of inflation. 00:41:43 --> 00:41:47: The idiosyncratic factors, basically the shocks. 00:41:47 --> 00:41:51: Cyclical factor, so that's the good inflation that comes with 00:41:51 --> 00:41:55: a economy at full employment and then structural factors, 00:41:55 --> 00:41:58: which is more about the long term and demographics. 00:41:58 --> 00:42:03: On the shocks side, we've had shocks before Ukraine, 00:42:03 --> 00:42:05: right? It was COVID related, 00:42:05 --> 00:42:11: was related to reopening the crowding of demand into goods 00:42:11 --> 00:42:15: and over services drove inflation and goods, 00:42:15 --> 00:42:19: and then the sudden return of demand to services when 00:42:19 --> 00:42:20: they, 00:42:20 --> 00:42:23: when their capacity of service industries had been. 00:42:23 --> 00:42:26: Brought down is causing inflation and services, 00:42:26 --> 00:42:30: so the COVID restrictions Start Stop and the impact on 00:42:30 --> 00:42:33: global supply chains is the is the shock that was 00:42:33 --> 00:42:35: just starting to fade. 00:42:35 --> 00:42:37: When the Ukraine crisis hit. 00:42:37 --> 00:42:39: And those factors are of course global, 00:42:39 --> 00:42:43: and I've had a pretty broad based effect on, 00:42:43 --> 00:42:46: you know, the three global regions. 00:42:46 --> 00:42:50: The the shock to energy prices from the Russia 00:42:50 --> 00:42:51: Ukraine situation. 00:42:51 --> 00:42:53: It kind of acts as a tax on the economy. 00:42:53 --> 00:42:59: It's also global. I say the impact is more acute 00:42:59 --> 00:43:00: for Europe. 00:43:00 --> 00:43:05: Even more acute for Europe because of the gas linkages. 00:43:05 --> 00:43:10: Many European countries are pretty dependent on natural gas from 00:43:10 --> 00:43:10: Russia. 00:43:10 --> 00:43:13: It's just the way the infrastructure is designed.

00:43:13> 00:43:15:	The way the pipes flow,
00:43:15> 00:43:20:	there's insufficient infrastructure in Europe to really be able to
00:43:20> 00:43:23:	buy enough LNG on the global market,
00:43:23> 00:43:28:	and so that global tax on economies from energy prices
00:43:28> 00:43:31:	is worse from European perspective.
00:43:31> 00:43:36:	So in the cyclical side sort of the good inflation.
00:43:36> 00:43:38:	There are divergences globally as well,
00:43:38> 00:43:42:	just really related to the strength of the economies relatively
00:43:43> 00:43:43:	speaking.
00:43:43> 00:43:47:	So the US recovery by far was the most advanced,
00:43:47> 00:43:49:	so that sets the the most.
00:43:49> 00:43:55:	Inflationary cyclical inflation. While the European economy,
00:43:55> 00:43:59:	relatively slower recovery and a bit more fragile,
00:43:59> 00:44:02:	so less inflationary. And in like in so many things,
00:44:02> 00:44:06:	I say that the UK is positioned somewhere between Europe
00:44:06> 00:44:09:	and the US which is obviously geographically accurate.
00:44:09> 00:44:13:	But I think the way I described this as well.
00:44:13> 00:44:15:	And then you know, in the China is also was
00:44:16> 00:44:16:	also slowing.
00:44:16> 00:44:21:	So a bit of a different state in the cyclical
00:44:21> 00:44:23:	side of inflation.
00:44:23> 00:44:26:	And then finally that structural long term element.
00:44:26> 00:44:28:	All else equal Europe, continental Europe,
00:44:28> 00:44:34:	especially in Japan have a long term deflationary profile.
00:44:34> 00:44:39:	The demographic picture may have a boost in some countries
00:44:39> 00:44:40:	from.
00:44:40> 00:44:43:	Refugees, but this is, I think it's far too early
00:44:43> 00:44:46:	to be talking about any kind of silver lining at
00:44:46> 00:44:47:	this point.
00:44:47> 00:44:51:	It is simply a humanitarian crisis and so that weaker
00:44:51> 00:44:57:	demographic profile long-term means that the inflationary pressures and pressure
00:44:57> 00:45:01:	for for monetary tightening in general is is weaker in
00:45:01> 00:45:05:	the eurozone and Japan than any other major developed markets.
00:45:05> 00:45:10:	But in general you know is real estate investors are
00:45:10> 00:45:11:	biggest.
00:45:11> 00:45:14:	Concern here is of course you know the pass through
00:45:14> 00:45:14:	of inflation.
00:45:14> 00:45:17:	How much of that are we gonna realize and rents
00:45:17> 00:45:18:	which Lars referenced?
00:45:18> 00:45:21:	And also what does it mean for the cost of

00:45:21 --> 00:45:21: capital, 00:45:21 --> 00:45:25: the cost of debt? Central banks are really caught between 00:45:25 --> 00:45:29: the risks to growth and that threat of inflation. 00:45:29 --> 00:45:31: So we have a policy announcement coming this week from 00:45:31 --> 00:45:33: both the Fed and the Bank of England. 00:45:33 --> 00:45:37: They've signaled that they're going to. 00:45:37 --> 00:45:39: That they're going to go ahead with those rate increases. 00:45:39 --> 00:45:42: I don't think it would be a surprise if that 00:45:42 --> 00:45:45: was coupled with some kind of caveat in the messaging, 00:45:45 --> 00:45:48: and I think the ECB will be more cautious, 00:45:48 --> 00:45:51: so we have a little bit of a decoupling based 00:45:51 --> 00:45:53: on that composition of the inflation. 00:45:53 --> 00:45:55: Those types of inflation that I talked about. 00:45:57 --> 00:46:00: Thank you before we go into the next question. 00:46:00 --> 00:46:03: I think I'm going to actually ask for some audience 00:46:03 --> 00:46:06: engagement to make sure that everyone still here with us. 00:46:06 --> 00:46:09: So in real estate we're often talking about where are 00:46:09 --> 00:46:11: we in the cycle early, 00:46:11 --> 00:46:15: mid late? The report, which I think comes out today, 00:46:15 --> 00:46:16: Lizette? Or is it? Yeah, 00:46:16 --> 00:46:18: so you haven't read it yet. 00:46:18 --> 00:46:22: I'm assuming I'll tell you the conclusion afterwards, 00:46:22 --> 00:46:25: but tells us where, where most participants think we are 00:46:25 --> 00:46:25: in the cycle. 00:46:25 --> 00:46:28: So I'm just going to to put a poll out 00:46:28 --> 00:46:30: there for how many of you think that we are 00:46:30 --> 00:46:31: early cycle, 00:46:31 --> 00:46:34: mid cycle, late cycle. So just with a show of 00:46:34 --> 00:46:34: hands, 00:46:34 --> 00:46:36: let's start with early cycle. 00:46:40 --> 00:46:47: OK mid cycle. OK, hopefully you put your hand up 00:46:47 --> 00:46:50: for the next one. 00:46:50 --> 00:46:57: A late cycle. OK, they're still with us. 00:46:57 --> 00:47:00: So yes, the report does in fact note that we 00:47:00 --> 00:47:04: are late cycle at the moment and so Lizette I'll 00:47:04 --> 00:47:05: turn over to you. 00:47:05 --> 00:47:08: But please also invite commentary from the rest of the 00:47:08 --> 00:47:09: panel afterwards. 00:47:09 --> 00:47:13: How are investors finding late cycle value across all three 00:47:13 --> 00:47:14: regions noted in the report? 00:47:16 --> 00:47:19: I'm probably the least position to talk about that from 00:47:19 --> 00:47:22: my own perspective because I'm not doing a lot of

00:47:23 --> 00:47:27: but. I would like to make also a few more 00:47:27 --> 00:47:29: longer term. 00:47:29 --> 00:47:34: Observations having worked on this report for the last seven 00:47:34 --> 00:47:34: years. 00:47:34 --> 00:47:40: And it's so interesting to see how the fuse change 00:47:40 --> 00:47:41: overtime, 00:47:41 --> 00:47:43: not Even so long ago, 00:47:43 --> 00:47:47: just before the pandemic, we talked about deflation all the 00:47:47 --> 00:47:51: time and didn't see inflation coming back ever. 00:47:51 --> 00:47:55: And I think. Depend emick well you just kind of 00:47:55 --> 00:47:59: rephrase the thinking around the time it was not a 00:47:59 --> 00:48:02: we didn't see it coming. 00:48:02 --> 00:48:05: We had our Europe conference early February. 00:48:05 --> 00:48:09: There was no observation whatsoever that it could turn into 00:48:09 --> 00:48:10: something bigger. 00:48:10 --> 00:48:15: And as many of the regional reports that came out 00:48:15 --> 00:48:19: in autumn highlighted was more the optimism, 00:48:19 --> 00:48:21: the real optimism in finally and the relief. 00:48:21 --> 00:48:24: Finally, we leave this behind us. 00:48:24 --> 00:48:25: And yes, we may be late cycle. 00:48:25 --> 00:48:28: But now we're moving full steam ahead. 00:48:28 --> 00:48:31: Maybe not to the 2021 level, 00:48:31 --> 00:48:34: but certainly in a much more positive standing. 00:48:34 --> 00:48:38: And I think what across those years. 00:48:38 --> 00:48:42: I think what the real estate industry has demonstrated. 00:48:42 --> 00:48:46: Is it true resilience? And pragmatic approach. 00:48:46 --> 00:48:50: Remember how we were in March 20, 00:48:50 --> 00:48:53: April 2020? It was a devastating. 00:48:53 --> 00:48:55: It was. Where is this going? 00:48:55 --> 00:48:58: And we are shops or offices. 00:48:58 --> 00:49:01: Everyone working from home. What's gonna happen? 00:49:01 --> 00:49:05: Real estate but in the mean time even in 2020 00:49:06 --> 00:49:10: we saw a decent level of transaction still where it 00:49:10 --> 00:49:11: was possible. 00:49:11 --> 00:49:15: So I think what we also shouldn't forget is real 00:49:15 --> 00:49:17: estate is not working in isolation. 00:49:17 --> 00:49:21: The issues we see as an industry or the industries 00:49:21 --> 00:49:21: feel as well. So maybe even tougher than how real estate feels it 00:49:21 --> 00:49:26: 00:49:26 --> 00:49:28: being a physical asset. 00:49:28 --> 00:49:31: And the other thing I would say is we are

00:47:22 --> 00:47:23:

investment,

00:49:31> 00:49:35: 00:49:35> 00:49:38:	here for the long term and that's also what we've seen with the trends in investment in the last couple
00:49:39> 00:49:41:	of years. And I think many of them with the
00:49:41> 00:49:42:	word acceleration.
00:49:42> 00:49:45:	Probably you don't want to hear it anymore,
00:49:45> 00:49:49:	because we've talked about it over and over again over
00:49:49> 00:49:51:	the past few years.
00:49:51> 00:49:55:	But I think some trends or even accelerated further now
00:49:55> 00:49:58:	on the back of what we're seeing now and the
00:49:58> 00:50:00:	things like logistics,
00:50:00> 00:50:05:	like retail like residential. There was already a huge need
00:50:05> 00:50:07:	for residential.
00:50:07> 00:50:11:	That need will only increase further and the urge will
00:50:11> 00:50:15:	become even bigger because we need to name our House
00:50:15> 00:50:16:	more people.
00:50:16> 00:50:20:	Faster than we've ever done before.
00:50:20> 00:50:24:	And I think so we shouldn't forget the long term
00:50:24> 00:50:29:	views that are behind real estate investing like technology
	driving
00:50:29> 00:50:31:	the focus on logistics.
00:50:31> 00:50:34:	And I'm not the expert to comment on where the
00:50:34> 00:50:36:	current pricing is,
00:50:36> 00:50:39:	but there's definitely that longer term perspective that we're gonna
00:50:39> 00:50:39:	see.
00:50:39> 00:50:44:	Maybe with hiccups because of reduced spending power in the
00:50:44> 00:50:45:	short term,
00:50:45> 00:50:48:	which might hit logistics and retail.
00:50:48> 00:50:52:	And I also think that for officers.
00:50:54> 00:50:57:	We sometimes sat at the beginning of the pendant.
00:50:57> 00:51:01:	Will we ever come together again at Mipim or any
00:51:01> 00:51:03:	other conferences?
00:51:03> 00:51:06:	So efficient to do things from home,
00:51:06> 00:51:09:	but look at us here today.
00:51:09> 00:51:12:	We came to meet up again and how pleased we
00:51:12> 00:51:13:	are to be able to.
00:51:13> 00:51:17:	No. So I think we shouldn't forget those.
00:51:17> 00:51:20:	We are social animals. We want to be together.
00:51:20> 00:51:24:	And yes, there may be hiccups and there that need
00:51:24> 00:51:29:	for flexibility and that focus on resilience I think characterizes
00:51:29> 00:51:33:	the industry and is really something that we should never
00:51:33> 00:51:37:	forget. And therefore that needs what worries me for the

00:51:39 --> 00:51:42: That strong need for regeneration, 00:51:42 --> 00:51:47: development and redevelopment. That might not be possible for the 00:51:47 --> 00:51:49: whole decarbonization effort. We have no time to lose. 00:51:49 --> 00:51:52: 00:51:52 --> 00:51:56: But how much? It's already a pricey effort. 00:51:56 --> 00:51:58: How much will it cost in addition, 00:51:58 --> 00:52:02: and I think that's the things to focus on that 00:52:02 --> 00:52:03: we try to keep. 00:52:03 --> 00:52:05: How difficult it is on the short term. 00:52:05 --> 00:52:09: Keep that long term perspective and keep moving there. 00:52:09 --> 00:52:10: I'll stop. 00:52:11 --> 00:52:12: ı 00:52:12 --> 00:52:13: think it's mood lifting you should continue. 00:52:16 --> 00:52:20: But what we're looking at the glass half full and 00:52:20 --> 00:52:22: I really I really like that lizard. 00:52:22 --> 00:52:25: We we should indeed not forget we had a, 00:52:25 --> 00:52:29: uh, great financial crisis that hit Europe very hard. 00:52:29 --> 00:52:34: Just about to recover. We had Grexit and the sovereign 00:52:34 --> 00:52:38: crisis there just when we thought we were out of 00:52:38 --> 00:52:38: it. 00:52:38 --> 00:52:43: Then obviously Brexit and then the pandemic and Europe has 00:52:43 --> 00:52:44: recovered. 00:52:44 --> 00:52:47: Strong very, very strongly each time, 00:52:47 --> 00:52:49: and I think there is a lot of resilience, 00:52:49 --> 00:52:52: and so let's really not not forget that. 00:52:52 --> 00:52:54: Secondly, I know Brian, you didn't want to go there, 00:52:54 --> 00:52:58: but I do think there's a silver lining too. 00:52:58 --> 00:53:03: Whether it's 5,000,000 or 10 million or more Ukrainians, 00:53:03 --> 00:53:06: I think they're they're experiencing very, 00:53:06 --> 00:53:09: very open arms and a welcome culture that I think 00:53:09 --> 00:53:10: is just fantastic, 00:53:10 --> 00:53:14: very different to the Syrian refugee crisis, 00:53:14 --> 00:53:17: and I think we all know the reasons. 00:53:17 --> 00:53:20: And if we think about the lack of Labor post 00:53:20 --> 00:53:21: pandemic, 00:53:21 --> 00:53:24: no one picking the sparagus no one. 00:53:24 --> 00:53:26: You know, collecting the strawberries construction sites, 00:53:26 --> 00:53:29: nurses, you know, care homes. 00:53:30 --> 00:53:32: There is an opportunity there now.

short term is that?

00:51:37 --> 00:51:39:

00:53:32> 00:53:34:	It's maybe not the main focus today,
00:53:34> 00:53:37:	but in the end, let's not forget it does not
00:53:37> 00:53:40:	help if we just provide housing and food for Ukrainians
00:53:40> 00:53:43:	who are forced out of their own country.
00:53:43> 00:53:45:	We have to find jobs for them and I think
00:53:45> 00:53:48:	there are plenty of jobs out there that should be.
00:53:48> 00:53:50:	While it's a hook at this task,
00:53:50> 00:53:52:	it should be. You know,
00:53:52> 00:53:53:	it really should be possible,
00:53:53> 00:53:57:	so I I do also want to look at the
00:53:57> 00:53:58:	glass half full,
00:53:58> 00:54:02:	even though it's really, really difficult at the moment when
00:54:02> 00:54:02:	you.
00:54:02> 00:54:05:	Look up the news, but there's there's a silver lining
00:54:05> 00:54:07:	and then last but not least in terms of the
00:54:07> 00:54:08:	opportunities for investing.
00:54:08> 00:54:10:	I mean, I really believe.
00:54:10> 00:54:12:	Real estate is obviously there to stay.
00:54:12> 00:54:15:	That's one of those areas that you want to invest
00:54:15> 00:54:15:	in.
00:54:15> 00:54:18:	In times of uncertainty in income producing real estate.
00:54:18> 00:54:21:	And we talked about what inflation might.
00:54:21> 00:54:24:	Might do there. Of course,
00:54:24> 00:54:26:	risks go uncertainties go up,
00:54:26> 00:54:30:	risks go up and therefore the opportunistic investments are becoming
00:54:30> 00:54:33:	even more opportunistic and those who dare and pick the
00:54:33> 00:54:34:	right investments.
00:54:34> 00:54:38:	They will have some incredible opportunities to be looking back
00:54:38> 00:54:39:	on in a few years.
00:54:39> 00:54:42:	Others will catch the falling knife and will get hurt.
00:54:42> 00:54:46:	And that is just the nature of real estate cycles.
00:54:46> 00:54:51:	But generally I think we will see.
00:54:51> 00:54:54:	Continuing inflow of capital. Into real estate,
00:54:54> 00:54:56:	even though it's more domestic than it ever has been,
00:54:56> 00:55:01:	so it's European investors investing in Europe and.
00:55:01> 00:55:03:	US investors investing in the US and so forth.
00:55:06> 00:55:08:	Thank you both. Any further comments or we can we
00:55:08> 00:55:09:	don't.
00:55:09> 00:55:10:	We're running slightly short on time,
00:55:10> 00:55:13:	so maybe if that's OK I'll move on to our
00:55:13> 00:55:14:	next topic so.

00:55:14> 00:55:17:	Uhm? Is that chapter two of the report is on
00:55:17> 00:55:22:	decarbonisation and the report notes something that I've
	thought about
00:55:22> 00:55:23:	as well,
00:55:23> 00:55:26:	which is that there's a plethora of standards and regulations
00:55:26> 00:55:29:	in the world of sustainable real estate which is seen
00:55:29> 00:55:32:	by many as a hindrance to really catalyze the ESG
00:55:32> 00:55:34:	agenda. Lots of different standards,
00:55:34> 00:55:38:	lots of different guidelines, lots of different ways to go
00:55:38> 00:55:38:	about it,
00:55:38> 00:55:42:	and so I'm hoping you can comment here on the
00:55:42> 00:55:46:	role of the public and private sector in this effort.
00:55:46> 00:55:50:	What the opportunities are and what the challenges are
	today
00:55:50> 00:55:50:	perhaps?
00:55:52> 00:55:56:	Yeah, want to bring in a bit of historical perspective
00:55:56> 00:55:57:	again because.
00:55:57> 00:56:01:	We've turned into an industry which focus on real estate
00:56:01> 00:56:03:	solely as a financial asset.
00:56:03> 00:56:06:	While it has a huge role in society,
00:56:06> 00:56:10:	it houses people. It brings us together.
00:56:10> 00:56:13:	And obviously it has a use in for huge environmental
00:56:13> 00:56:14:	impact as well.
00:56:14> 00:56:16:	If we go back, say,
00:56:16> 00:56:19:	a century ago, decades ago.
00:56:19> 00:56:23:	Businesses felt like if I do good to my people
00:56:23> 00:56:27:	over their employees and maybe help educating.
00:56:27> 00:56:30:	We know the examples and they are good and they
00:56:30> 00:56:31:	are bad examples but.
00:56:31> 00:56:35:	It seemed that there was more an implicit view on.
00:56:35> 00:56:38:	Adding well, environmental impact was not so much on the
00:56:38> 00:56:39:	radar yet,
00:56:39> 00:56:42:	but the social aspect definitely was.
00:56:42> 00:56:44:	If you treat your employees well,
00:56:44> 00:56:48:	maybe help educate their children in the example sticks it.
00:56:48> 00:56:50:	Look at Volkswagen in Wolfsburg.
00:56:50> 00:56:55:	We originally had Phillips in nine Joven in the Netherlands.
00:56:55> 00:56:59:	There was more that implicit thinking that if you.
00:56:59> 00:57:02:	Did these kind of things ultimately was good for your
00:57:02> 00:57:04:	financial results as well.
00:57:04> 00:57:08:	It seems to have been totally decoupled over the last
00:57:08> 00:57:09:	few decades,

00:57:09> 00:57:13:	where you focus on the financial return and there's the
00:57:13> 00:57:17:	public sector to focus on the social environmental elements.
00:57:17> 00:57:21:	And we now and having become an industry which is
00:57:21> 00:57:24:	focused on metrics and likes to measure things,
00:57:24> 00:57:28:	we're now trying to marry the two because there is
00:57:28> 00:57:29:	the realization that yes,
00:57:29> 00:57:34:	we have environmental impact and we have social impact and
00:57:34> 00:57:39:	we need to do orbit to make a positive impact.
00:57:39> 00:57:41:	Because what whether you like it or not,
00:57:41> 00:57:45:	real estate has impact. And that's something to realize.
00:57:45> 00:57:47:	So if you don't do your bid,
00:57:47> 00:57:49:	it has a negative impact.
00:57:49> 00:57:53:	So now we're trying to marry the two and actually
00:57:53> 00:57:56:	in the absence of the regulator standing up.
00:57:56> 00:58:00:	Initially on these are the standards you need to adhere
00:58:00> 00:58:04:	to the industry already moved forward because there was that
00:58:04> 00:58:09:	realization mostly driven by the bigger institutional investors and I
00:58:09> 00:58:12:	think some. Family officers as well.
00:58:12> 00:58:16:	We've done try to and that has resulted in that
00:58:16> 00:58:21:	huge variety of standards which isn't really helpful because you
00:58:21> 00:58:26:	can always seem to be doing the right thing according
00:58:26> 00:58:29:	to your own standards. So and I think we all
00:58:29> 00:58:30:	realize that no.
00:58:30> 00:58:35:	I think real estate is never asked for more regulation
00:58:35> 00:58:36:	than now.
00:58:36> 00:58:38:	So I would say yes,
00:58:38> 00:58:42:	the public sector needs to stand up and provide those
00:58:42> 00:58:46:	that framework that everyone can adhere to.
00:58:46> 00:58:50:	Because this is not getting us anywhere actually.
00:58:50> 00:58:53:	There's too much noise and we need to get rid
00:58:53> 00:58:54:	of the noise.
00:58:54> 00:59:00:	We've actually launched the project together with Inrev and UNIFIER.
00:59:00> 00:59:02:	To map out all the well,
00:59:02> 00:59:07:	not all a large part of the existing frameworks building
00:59:07> 00:59:08:	standards,
00:59:08> 00:59:14:	reporting requirements, both voluntary. You could question how voluntary they
00:59:14> 00:59:16:	are and the regulatory wants.

00:59:16> 00:59:20:	At least start in a first step to try and
00:59:20> 00:59:25:	provide more transparency and also work with on that
	project.
00:59:25> 00:59:28:	On a global scale, and we think that is the
00:59:28> 00:59:28:	first step,
00:59:28> 00:59:33:	providing that transparency in helping the conversation and saying we
00:59:33> 00:59:37:	provide these standards and actually there are higher standard of
00:59:37> 00:59:39:	what you are asking me to do,
00:59:39> 00:59:43:	so I'm not doing that part and hopefully that can
00:59:43> 00:59:43:	help us.
00:59:43> 00:59:48:	Provide some more confidence and.
00:59:48> 00:59:51:	Moving to 1 standard, which I think is a huge
00:59:51> 00:59:55:	ambition but would be hugely helpful in making progress.
00:59:56> 00:59:57:	Yeah, no thank you. That's really,
00:59:57> 00:59:59:	really great to hear about this project.
00:59:59> 01:00:01:	I'm looking forward to seeing the outcome and how it
01:00:01> 01:00:02:	plays out.
01:00:02> 01:00:05:	They tuned. It will be probably in September.
01:00:06> 01:00:09:	Now we will. So staying on that topic,
01:00:09> 01:00:13:	there's a sentence in the report that says that the
01:00:13> 01:00:17:	ESG agenda is inevitably led by the equity side by
01:00:17> 01:00:18:	the owners,
01:00:18> 01:00:23:	and that the banks or the lenders then then follow.
01:00:23> 01:00:26:	So, given we have both perspectives here,
01:00:26> 01:00:28:	I'm going to ask you for as long as if
01:00:28> 01:00:30:	you can comment on,
01:00:30> 01:00:33:	you know, concrete action points from an owners perspective and
01:00:33> 01:00:34:	then elvera,
01:00:34> 01:00:37:	I'm going to ask you if you agree that the
01:00:37> 01:00:38:	banks are just following.
01:00:38> 01:00:40:	Or what your perspective is on that.
01:00:42> 01:00:43:	
01:00:43> 01:00:45:	I will say, I think the banks are really cool
01:00:45> 01:00:46:	leading,
01:00:46> 01:00:48:	but I'll let Elvira do that.
01:00:48> 01:00:49:	Cover that point in a minute.
01:00:52> 01:00:54:	Look, I think all real real estate owners if they
01:00:54> 01:00:57:	haven't gotten the memo by now about how important this
01:00:57> 01:00:57:	is,
01:00:57> 01:00:59:	then they have a real problem.

01:01:04 --> 01:01:10: Really, most of the. More relevant players in the industry, 01:01:10 --> 01:01:11: I think they're all trying their very, 01:01:11 --> 01:01:14: very best at the moment to pick up momentum and 01:01:14 --> 01:01:15: pick up speed. 01:01:15 --> 01:01:19: Despite the pandemic, and despite the the war to really 01:01:19 --> 01:01:22: push hard in that direction, 01:01:22 --> 01:01:24: this is on building real estate. 01:01:24 --> 01:01:28: This is an operating real estate. 01:01:28 --> 01:01:31: And. And I think it is not just the developers 01:01:31 --> 01:01:35: or the operators that really push very hard. 01:01:35 --> 01:01:38: We do have a very very. 01:01:38 --> 01:01:43: Good. Contribution from investors from LP's at the moment with 01:01:43 --> 01:01:48: their willingness to actually give up some returns in the 01:01:48 --> 01:01:50: short term and invest in in in, 01:01:50 --> 01:01:55: in, in, in. Buildings and technologies that just make ESG 01:01:55 --> 01:01:59: performance be significantly better, 01:01:59 --> 01:02:01: and what we're also seeing for the first time. 01:02:01 --> 01:02:05: Is I would say over the last three to six 01:02:05 --> 01:02:09: months as very binary situations were investors. 01:02:09 --> 01:02:14: Pause on transactions or exit transactions. 01:02:14 --> 01:02:17: When they find out that buildings who were perceived to 01:02:17 --> 01:02:20: be core are actually dogs in terms of EST. 01:02:20 --> 01:02:22: We're not talking about the discount. 01:02:22 --> 01:02:24: They say no, thank you. 01:02:24 --> 01:02:26: And we then happens with half the investors and the 01:02:26 --> 01:02:27: other half stays in. 01:02:27 --> 01:02:29: Oh, that might have some influence on pricing, 01:02:29 --> 01:02:33: but Fast forward that another 12 months. 01:02:33 --> 01:02:37: You know, then, when everyone has started to underwrite this, 01:02:37 --> 01:02:39: that will have an influence on cap rates and on 01:02:39 --> 01:02:42: pricing for those assets who are just not up to 01:02:42 --> 01:02:42: speed. 01:02:42 --> 01:02:46: So every owner, I think is well advised to give 01:02:47 --> 01:02:50: it all they have at the moment to push push 01:02:50 --> 01:02:52: in that direction. 01:02:52 --> 01:02:53: And for those who are, 01:02:53 --> 01:02:54: so it's not just for the developers, 01:02:54 --> 01:02:56: it's just not not for the new buildings. 01:02:56 --> 01:03:00: I think it's for all the stock out there that's 01:03:00 --> 01:03:05: owned by pension funds and sovereign funds and insurance

So all of us hides and I think.

01:00:59 --> 01:01:04:

companies 01:03:05 --> 01:03:07: and private firms were dumb. 01:03:07 --> 01:03:08: It is now. It's too late. 01:03:10 --> 01:03:11: Alvera over to you. 01:03:12 --> 01:03:16: Let me let me take a step back maybe before 01:03:16 --> 01:03:18: I address the point of banks. 01:03:18 --> 01:03:23: I think. The issue here is that unfortunately it is 01:03:23 --> 01:03:27: likely that what the war has done is redirect some 01:03:28 --> 01:03:32: of the public funds away from the ESG agenda, 01:03:32 --> 01:03:35: potentially into military spending, right? 01:03:35 --> 01:03:36: If you look at Europe, 01:03:36 --> 01:03:39: the average that European nation spends in the military is 01:03:40 --> 01:03:40: about 3% 01:03:40 --> 01:03:45: of their GDP. While that's likely to double. 01:03:45 --> 01:03:49: Yeah. Mother Nature has Lawrence says if anyone hasn't gotten 01:03:49 --> 01:03:50: the memo yet, 01:03:50 --> 01:03:52: they should. Mother Nature is not in the business of 01:03:52 --> 01:03:54: hanging out and waiting for us to sort out our stuff. 01:03:54 --> 01:03:55: 01:03:55 --> 01:03:59: So what it means is that there is even more 01:03:59 --> 01:04:04: pressure or should be even more pressure on the public 01:04:04 --> 01:04:07: sector across the board to step up. 01:04:07 --> 01:04:11: Right? I don't think the banks are following. 01:04:11 --> 01:04:13: I think what the banks are doing, 01:04:13 --> 01:04:17: at least that's how I see my institution is facilitating. 01:04:17 --> 01:04:22: Co creating. Right people always ask me what's the right 01:04:22 --> 01:04:23: way to do this? 01:04:23 --> 01:04:26: Do you tell your clients that you won't finance a 01:04:26 --> 01:04:28: certain thing because it's not green enough? 01:04:28 --> 01:04:31: That's the wrong conversation to be having, 01:04:31 --> 01:04:34: so we simply stopped financing things. 01:04:34 --> 01:04:38: It doesn't fix anything. The conversation to be having with 01:04:38 --> 01:04:42: our clients is about what can we as lenders do 01:04:42 --> 01:04:46: to help you in your sustainability journey to help you 01:04:46 --> 01:04:49: in your transition. What is it that you need from 01:04:49 --> 01:04:50: us in terms of? 01:04:50 --> 01:04:56: Either advice. Or product capabilities to make this transition

01:04:49 --> 01:04:50: us in terms of?
 01:04:50 --> 01:04:56: Either advice. Or product capabilities to make this quicker
 01:04:56 --> 01:04:59: because that is what we all need today,
 01:04:59 --> 01:05:01: and so the banks
 01:05:01 --> 01:05:04: play a very, very fundamental role in all of this.
 01:05:04 --> 01:05:07: None of us can afford to take a backseat,

01:05:07> 01:05:09:	and I think pretty much nowadays.
01:05:09> 01:05:13:	Everyone in the financial sector has gotten the memo.
01:05:13> 01:05:17:	There is a few things that could help along.
01:05:17> 01:05:21:	One lizard is already alluding to or not alluding to
01:05:21> 01:05:23:	actually spoke to quite eloquently.
01:05:23> 01:05:27:	The need for standards we've all been struggling with this
01:05:27> 01:05:30:	not only on the investor side also on the banking
01:05:30> 01:05:31:	side,
01:05:31> 01:05:34:	right? Many of our peers have been accused of greenwashing.
01:05:34> 01:05:35:	No one wants to go that way.
01:05:35> 01:05:39:	Ultimately, what everyone is trying to do is contribute in
01:05:39> 01:05:40:	a genuine way.
01:05:40> 01:05:44:	The other thing that would help enormously.
01:05:44> 01:05:47:	Is the regulation. It's not only the real estate investors
01:05:47> 01:05:49:	that are asking for more regulation in this field,
01:05:49> 01:05:52:	so the banks are asking for more regulation in this
01:05:52> 01:05:53:	field,
01:05:53> 01:05:55:	but not only on reporting,
01:05:55> 01:05:59:	not only on data. But also on how we treat
01:05:59> 01:06:00:	capital.
01:06:00> 01:06:06:	Ultimately, for commercial organizations for lenders this is
01.00.00	also about
01:06:06> 01:06:06:	
	also about
01:06:06> 01:06:06:	also about return.
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors,
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector,
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:16> 01:06:21:	return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:16> 01:06:21:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:24: 01:06:24> 01:06:26:	return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector?
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:26: 01:06:26> 01:06:29:	return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40%
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:26: 01:06:26> 01:06:29: 01:06:29> 01:06:33:	return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40% of global greenhouse. Emissions is a good candidate to get
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:26: 01:06:29> 01:06:33: 01:06:33> 01:06:35:	return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40% of global greenhouse. Emissions is a good candidate to get a break on the capital side as well.
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:24: 01:06:26> 01:06:29: 01:06:33> 01:06:35: 01:06:37> 01:06:37:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40% of global greenhouse. Emissions is a good candidate to get a break on the capital side as well. Can I
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:24: 01:06:26> 01:06:29: 01:06:33> 01:06:35: 01:06:37> 01:06:41:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40% of global greenhouse. Emissions is a good candidate to get a break on the capital side as well. Can I throw something in into this debate that we also need
01:06:06> 01:06:06: 01:06:06> 01:06:08: 01:06:08> 01:06:09: 01:06:09> 01:06:11: 01:06:11> 01:06:12: 01:06:12> 01:06:16: 01:06:21> 01:06:21: 01:06:24> 01:06:24: 01:06:26> 01:06:29: 01:06:33> 01:06:35: 01:06:37> 01:06:41: 01:06:41> 01:06:41:	also about return. So if you look at across the board of several sectors, for instance in the infrastructure sector, there is such a thing. It's called infrastructure support factor that allows you to decrease capital that you hold against a certain social infrastructure transaction. What would be enormously helpful if something similar was in place for the real estate sector? It's clearly the sector that contributes to 40% of global greenhouse. Emissions is a good candidate to get a break on the capital side as well. Can I throw something in into this debate that we also need to make sure we we we put on the table?

```
01:06:54 --> 01:06:58:
                          we're contributing to. Climate change into warming.
01:06:58 --> 01:07:01:
                          But also that our cities and our buildings are not
01:07:01 --> 01:07:05:
                          safe from the effects of the climate change that's already
01:07:05 --> 01:07:09:
                          going to happen even if we achieve our objectives or
01:07:09 --> 01:07:12:
                          or beat our objectives in terms of decarbonisation.
01:07:12 --> 01:07:15:
                          And so we need to do a better job of
01:07:15 --> 01:07:19:
                          directing capital to the most resilient places that are going
01:07:19 --> 01:07:23:
                          to be the best position places in cities
01:07:23 --> 01:07:27:
                          that for a world that inevitably will have to bear
01:07:27 --> 01:07:29:
                          the mark long term of climate change.
01:07:30 --> 01:07:31:
                          Yep.
01:07:32 --> 01:07:34:
                          Thank you all for your comments.
01:07:34 --> 01:07:36:
                          I know that our little clock here says that we
01:07:36 --> 01:07:37:
                          still have a couple of minutes,
01:07:37 --> 01:07:40:
                          but I'm also conscious that we started late and in
01:07:40 --> 01:07:41:
                          true mythium style.
01:07:41 --> 01:07:43:
                          You probably all have back to back to
01:07:43 --> 01:07:44:
                          back meetings,
01:07:44 --> 01:07:48:
                          so we'll probably just just close here.
01:07:48 --> 01:07:52:
                          I'll go for one fire round of closing remarks from
01:07:52 --> 01:07:54:
                          our panelists before we thank them.
01:07:54 --> 01:07:57:
                          And that is. You know,
01:07:57 --> 01:08:00:
                          it's great to be back here today after a few
01:08:00 --> 01:08:03:
                          years and to be here in person when you you
01:08:03 --> 01:08:06:
                          know left home and said you were going for a
01:08:06 --> 01:08:09:
                          weeklong conference. What was it that you came here?
01:08:09 --> 01:08:10:
                          What did you have in mind?
01:08:10 --> 01:08:12:
                          Coming here? What are you trying to get out of
01:08:12 --> 01:08:12:
                          Mipham?
01:08:12 --> 01:08:15:
                          What's top of mind for you as we kick off
01:08:15 --> 01:08:16:
                          this conference this year?
01:08:16 --> 01:08:19:
                          Maybe Lizette I'll start over you and we'll come around
01:08:19 --> 01:08:19:
                          this way.
                          Well, I think
01:08:23 --> 01:08:24:
01:08:24 --> 01:08:27:
                          most of the thing was trying to TuneIn.
01:08:27 --> 01:08:30:
                          Oh sorry, of course trying to tune in where the
01:08:31 --> 01:08:31:
                          industry is.
01:08:31 --> 01:08:36:
                          We hear so many different views now and for me
01:08:36 --> 01:08:38:
                          trying to assess.
01:08:38 --> 01:08:40:
                          The common view, if any,
01:08:40 --> 01:08:44:
                          or trying to at least to balance it for myself.
01:08:44 --> 01:08:46:
                          And it's been recently really useful.
```

```
01:08:48 --> 01:08:49:
                          Thank you Larry.
                          Clearly to reconnect with people.
01:08:50 --> 01:08:52:
01:08:52 --> 01:08:55:
                          We connect with our investors over dinner.
01:08:55 --> 01:08:57:
                          The way we've done it until three years ago.
01:08:57 --> 01:08:59:
                          We connect with our friends at July at.
01:08:59 --> 01:09:03:
                          You know, all sorts of different different groups where it
01:09:03 --> 01:09:06:
                          was just simply zoom and eight weeks ago I wasn't
01:09:06 --> 01:09:08:
                          so sure this was going to go ahead here.
01:09:08 --> 01:09:12:
                          No, it isn't so. Apart from all over the world,
01:09:12 --> 01:09:15:
                          the the, the crisis around us,
01:09:16 --> 01:09:19:
                          I really felt that that was the most important motivation
01:09:19 --> 01:09:22:
                          to come is to really reconnect on a personal basis
01:09:22 --> 01:09:25:
                          and build back some of that social capital that we
01:09:25 --> 01:09:27:
                          have just spent and spent in spent over the last
01:09:27 --> 01:09:28:
                          two years.
01:09:28 --> 01:09:30:
                          Yeah, fully agree Elvira.
01:09:30 --> 01:09:33:
                          I'm going to repeat re connect 'cause I think clearly
01:09:33 --> 01:09:36:
                          that's the only thing that really brings us here for
01:09:36 --> 01:09:36:
                          me.
01:09:36 --> 01:09:40:
                          What's been really insightful and very.
01:09:40 --> 01:09:43:
                          Important is to speak with our clients about what they're
01:09:43 --> 01:09:44:
                          doing,
01:09:44 --> 01:09:46:
                          how they're reacting to the crisis,
01:09:46 --> 01:09:49:
                          but also what they're doing on the topics such as
01:09:49 --> 01:09:49:
                          SG.
01:09:49 --> 01:09:52:
                          Because fundamentally, I I believe as as as as a
01:09:52 --> 01:09:55:
                          world today we are in a deep deep crisis,
01:09:55 --> 01:09:57:
                          a humanitarian crisis, economic crisis,
01:09:57 --> 01:10:00:
                          which may, yeah, the extent of it we we don't
01:10:00 --> 01:10:01:
                          understand.
01:10:01 --> 01:10:04:
                          And what's really important to understand is.
01:10:04 --> 01:10:05:
                          In a situation like this.
01:10:05 --> 01:10:09:
                          how do we all collectively?
01:10:09 --> 01:10:14:
                          As professionals as organizations and as human beings end
                          up
01:10:14 --> 01:10:16:
                          on the right side of history.
01:10:19 --> 01:10:22:
                          Look at, I think one thing that we can celebrate
01:10:22 --> 01:10:25:
                          is that going into this we were able to make
01:10:25 --> 01:10:26:
                          a calculation.
01:10:26 --> 01:10:29:
                          That said, I'm going to risk a few days of
01:10:29 --> 01:10:32:
                          feeling a little bit under the weather at home for
01:10:32 --> 01:10:35:
                          the value of this in person interaction and we can
```

01:10:36> 01:10:39:	do this because this triumph of innovation and science that
01:10:39> 01:10:41:	have given us vaccines,
01:10:41> 01:10:45:	which is really an amazing thing to celebrate.
01:10:45> 01:10:47:	But in general, I'm not.
01:10:47> 01:10:48:	I'm not in a party mood.
01:10:48> 01:10:53:	This mipham I'm here to to really dedicate my energy
01:10:53> 01:10:58:	to advancing conversations on inclusion sustainability piece.
01:10:58> 01:11:02:	So I'm trying to to been kind of reflecting on
01:11:02> 01:11:06:	the purpose of MCPON mipim and redirect my energies in
01:11:07> 01:11:07:	those ways,
01:11:07> 01:11:10:	but but thanks, thanks to those vaccines so we can
01:11:10> 01:11:12:	all at least reconnect.
01:11:12> 01:11:16:	Thank you all so well said and just on time.
01:11:17> 01:11:20:	I'd like to take this opportunity to thank you,
01:11:20> 01:11:22:	our audience very much for being here.
01:11:22> 01:11:23:	I know you have a lot of options,
01:11:23> 01:11:27:	and finally, thank our very distinguished panel for your
	comments
01:11:27> 01:11:27:	today.
01:11:27> 01:11:28:	Thank you.

This video transcript has been machine-generated, so it may not be accurate. It is for personal use only. Reproduction or use without written permission is prohibited. If you have a correction or for permission inquiries, please contact .