

Webinar

Confronting COVID-19: Everything You Need To Know About Healthy Buildings

Date: April 21, 2020

00:00:00> 00:00:03:	Hi everyone, I'd like to welcome you to this web
00:00:03> 00:00:04:	and R.
00:00:04> 00:00:06:	I've got 102 so I think we'll go ahead and
00:00:07> 00:00:07:	get started.
00:00:07> 00:00:09:	Thank you for being here.
00:00:09> 00:00:13:	I'm Rachel Mccleary and I'm senior vice president at the
00:00:13> 00:00:15:	Urban Land is to Chudan.
00:00:15> 00:00:18:	On behalf of you'll, I'd like to welcome you to
00:00:18> 00:00:21:	this global webinar on the coronavirus.
00:00:21> 00:00:23:	Human beings spend up to 90%
00:00:23> 00:00:26:	of our lives indoors, so it's no surprise that the
00:00:26> 00:00:27:	buildings where we live,
00:00:27> 00:00:30:	work, and play have a major impact on our health,
00:00:30> 00:00:33:	productivity, and overall well being.
00:00:33> 00:00:35:	And in the era of the coronavirus,
00:00:35> 00:00:38:	healthy buildings are more important than ever.
00:00:38> 00:00:42:	Evidence is emerging that building strategies play an
	important role
00:00:42> 00:00:45:	in reducing the pace of the spread of the virus
00:00:45> 00:00:48:	and healthy buildings will continue to be important as people
00:00:48> 00:00:51:	contemplate a return to office is an shop San.
00:00:51> 00:00:55:	Other buildings, so today we'll hear from 2 leading experts
00:00:55> 00:00:59:	on healthy buildings and will spend a lot of time
00:00:59> 00:01:00:	answering your questions.
00:01:00> 00:01:04:	The Urban Land Institute is a research and education nonprofit
00:01:05> 00:01:09:	whose mission is to provide leadership in the responsible use
00:01:09> 00:01:13:	of land and in creating and sustaining thriving communities worldwide.
00:01:13> 00:01:16:	If you're new to you'll I welcome you.

00:01:16> 00:01:20:	Will I launch the building Healthy Places Initiative in 2013
00:01:20> 00:01:22:	out of a recognition that place?
00:01:22> 00:01:25:	Shapes health and through the years we've worked to leverage
00:01:25> 00:01:29:	the power of utilized global networks to shape projects in
00:01:29> 00:01:31:	places in ways that improve the health of people and
00:01:31> 00:01:35:	communities. And it worked with thousands of you line members
00:01:35> 00:01:38:	and their partners to explore the intersections of health,
00:01:38> 00:01:39:	social equity and real estate.
00:01:39> 00:01:42:	It is become clear in the past two months at
00:01:42> 00:01:45:	the world and the real estate industry are being forever
00:01:45> 00:01:46:	changed by this pandemic.
00:01:46> 00:01:48:	And as we emerge from this crisis,
00:01:48> 00:01:52:	many things will be different and expectations and perspectives will
00:01:52> 00:01:53:	shift.
00:01:53> 00:01:55:	How will potential tenants evaluate buildings?
00:01:55> 00:01:58:	What will investors look for in the buildings that they
00:01:58> 00:02:01:	are investing in and what role will buildings and real
00:02:01> 00:02:05:	estate companies guided by leaders annualy members like all of
00:02:05> 00:02:08:	you, play in forging a brighter and healthier future for
00:02:08> 00:02:11:	the United States in the world.
00:02:11> 00:02:13:	We know that this is a very challenging time for
00:02:13> 00:02:14:	you.
00:02:14> 00:02:17:	My members are partners and their colleagues and families.
00:02:17> 00:02:19:	You lie is committed to doing all we can to
00:02:19> 00:02:21:	support our members and partners.
00:02:21> 00:02:25:	As you navigate this difficult and ever changing New world,
00:02:25> 00:02:28:	we at you lie and building healthy places have been
00:02:28> 00:02:31:	so grateful for your engagement and your insights and we
00:02:31> 00:02:33:	have looked to all of the work that you are
00:02:33> 00:02:35:	doing to help your tenants,
00:02:35> 00:02:38:	colleagues and communities with an appreciation.
00:02:38> 00:02:42:	History and our current experience has shown that in the
00:02:42> 00:02:43:	midst of disaster,
00:02:43> 00:02:47:	people become altruistic, resourceful and brave and in disaster people
00:02:47> 00:02:50:	can find community and purpose and it is the profound
00:02:50> 00:02:54:	hope of building healthy places that out of this Crucible
00:02:54> 00:02:57:	this country can forge a future that is more fair,
00:02:57> 00:03:02:	more just, and more filled with opportunity for all.

00:03:02> 00:03:04:	Our goal with this web and R series.
00:03:04> 00:03:06:	Another coronavirus information and programming,
00:03:06> 00:03:09:	is to give you insights and information that will help
00:03:09> 00:03:12:	you do all you can to help prevent the spread
00:03:12> 00:03:12:	of the virus.
00:03:12> 00:03:16:	To navigate the business and planning impacts and to help
00:03:16> 00:03:19:	mitigate the impact of this crisis on communities and
	vulnerable
00:03:19> 00:03:19:	people.
00:03:19> 00:03:22:	We hope that the information in this web and R
00:03:22> 00:03:25:	and other resources from you will I will help you
00:03:25> 00:03:28:	as you lie Members and their partners to assist cities
00:03:28> 00:03:31:	and communities in navigating the pandemic and rebuild it in
00:03:31> 00:03:32:	ways afterwards.
00:03:32> 00:03:36:	That foster social equity and provide opportunity for all so
00:03:36> 00:03:39:	you lie is compiling information relevant to the real estate
00:03:40> 00:03:45:	industry on our issue page at ui.org/COVID-19 and we continue
00:03:45> 00:03:48:	to update the Urban Land Magazine web page.
00:03:48> 00:03:52:	All of our pages are updated regularly and include links
00:03:52> 00:03:54:	to a range of UI resources.
00:03:54> 00:03:56:	So we're sharing this web and R and all related
00:03:56> 00:04:00:	content in the spirit of information sharing and education,
00:04:00> 00:04:03:	please see the statement for further important disclaimers.
00:04:03> 00:04:06:	So today's webinar is focused on healthy buildings.
00:04:06> 00:04:09:	It will feature a robust Q&A session with our speakers.
00:04:09> 00:04:13:	Upcoming webinars in our series on the pandemic include the
00:04:13> 00:04:14:	one next week,
00:04:14> 00:04:16:	resiliency and the new normal,
00:04:16> 00:04:18:	which will features speakers Jonathan Rosemark,
00:04:18> 00:04:21:	Welsman, Broad Oxirane and Anna Lynch,
00:04:21> 00:04:24:	and after that we'll be exploring parks and open spaces.
00:04:24> 00:04:26:	The following week will clean some insights.
00:04:26> 00:04:29:	Formula State leaders in Asia and all webinars are linked
00:04:29> 00:04:34:	to on the ui.org/COVID-19 issue page and archives and can
00:04:34> 00:04:35:	be found on Knowledge Finder.
00:04:35> 00:04:38:	Webinars are being recorded on a recording of this webinar
00:04:38> 00:04:41:	will be shared by email with registrants and will also
00:04:41> 00:04:44:	be posted on the web and content from past few.
00:04:44> 00:04:47:	Live webinars can be found on Knowledge Finder.
00:04:47> 00:04:50:	Next, slide so for today's webinar format is a little
00:04:50> 00:04:51:	different from usual,

00:04:51> 00:04:54:	so we'll have a brief presentation from our speakers,
00:04:54> 00:04:58:	followed by a good chunk of time answering your questions
00:04:58> 00:04:59:	about healthy buildings,
00:04:59> 00:05:02:	strategies for controlling the spread of the disease,
00:05:02> 00:05:05:	and what we can expect from real estate responses in
00:05:05> 00:05:06:	the future.
00:05:06> 00:05:07:	So here are speakers for today.
00:05:07> 00:05:10:	Joe and John recently coauthored a new book,
00:05:10> 00:05:14:	Healthy buildings, How indoor Spaces drive performance and Productivity,
00:05:14> 00:05:16:	which is being released today.
00:05:16> 00:05:19:	Joseph Allen, as an assistant professor at the Harvard TH.
00:05:19> 00:05:23:	Chan School of Public Health who began his career conducting
00:05:23> 00:05:26:	forensic health investigations and sick buildings at Harvard.
00:05:26> 00:05:30:	He directs the Healthy Buildings Program and his work has
00:05:30> 00:05:33:	been featured widely in the popular press and he has
00:05:33> 00:05:36:	helped shed light on important virus related questions in a
00:05:36> 00:05:38:	number of articles in recent weeks.
00:05:38> 00:05:42:	More information on his research can be found at www.fourhealth.org.
00:05:42> 00:05:44:	John Mccumber is a Co.
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	Author of the Healthy buildings book with Joanne is a
00:05:47> 00:05:51:	senior lecturer in the finance unit at Harvard Business School.
00:05:51> 00:05:55:	His professional background includes leadership of real estate,
00:05:55> 00:06:00:	construction, construction services and information technology businesses at HBS.
00:06:00> 00:06:02:	Mr Mccumber is engaged in the business,
00:06:02> 00:06:06:	an environment initiative and social enterprise initiative,
00:06:06> 00:06:08:	and he is a longtime you'll I member,
00:06:08> 00:06:10:	an leader. So thank you,
00:06:10> 00:06:12:	Joanne John. You can take it away.
00:06:12> 00:06:15:	All great. Welcome everybody an Rachel thank you,
00:06:15> 00:06:19:	terrific introduction and you know I I'm an optimist and
00:06:19> 00:06:22:	so I'm really glad you started with that comment about.
00:06:22> 00:06:24:	Resiliency in the time of crisis.
00:06:24> 00:06:28:	I'm a believer in our the resiliency and human spirit
00:06:28> 00:06:31:	here and our ability to come through this together.
00:06:31> 00:06:33:	John and I are really glad to be part of
00:06:33> 00:06:34:	this.
00:06:34> 00:06:36:	This web and R in the building,

00:06:36> 00:06:38:	Healthy Places series. And yeah,
00:06:38> 00:06:39:	our book came out today.
00:06:39> 00:06:42:	It's wonderful to see John to be talking with him,
00:06:42> 00:06:45:	collaborator, colleague and good friends.
00:06:45> 00:06:48:	So this is a delight to participate today.
00:06:48> 00:06:49:	So thank you and John.
00:06:49> 00:06:52:	I share the goal as as of getting through some
00:06:52> 00:06:52:	content.
00:06:52> 00:06:55:	Rather quickly, because we really want to get to the
00:06:55> 00:06:59:	discussion point here to start answering the questions that we've
00:06:59> 00:06:59:	been.
00:06:59> 00:07:00:	You know that you have an.
00:07:00> 00:07:02:	We've been hearing some things too,
00:07:02> 00:07:04:	so we'll try to shed some insight there.
00:07:04> 00:07:06:	Get get through this together.
00:07:06> 00:07:09:	I've been opening my presentation for the past three years
00:07:09> 00:07:10:	asking this question.
00:07:10> 00:07:12:	Why are we ignoring the 90%
00:07:12> 00:07:13:	and Rachel talked about this,
00:07:13> 00:07:15:	but really, the 90% comes from this idea,
00:07:15> 00:07:18:	not this idea. This reality that we are an indoor
00:07:18> 00:07:19:	species.
00:07:19> 00:07:21:	We spend nearly all of our time indoors,
00:07:21> 00:07:23:	and maybe I'd say more so than ever.
00:07:23> 00:07:26:	We're starting to appreciate. Just what that means,
00:07:26> 00:07:29:	as many of us are isolated and locked down and
00:07:30> 00:07:33:	stay home to help do our part in this social
00:07:33> 00:07:38:	distancing and flatten the curve approach with this virus.
00:07:38> 00:07:41:	I'm often asked audiences to play little game here and
00:07:41> 00:07:43:	take your age and multiply it by .9,
00:07:43> 00:07:45:	and you're lucky this is on zoom,
00:07:45> 00:07:48:	'cause usually I call somebody out and it's a double
00:07:49> 00:07:52:	whammy because you have to disclose your age and do
00:07:52> 00:07:52:	public Maps.
00:07:52> 00:07:55:	And nobody likes either of those,
00:07:55> 00:07:57:	so nobody ever volunteers. I just do myself.
00:07:57> 00:08:00:	So I'm 44. That means my indoor age is 40
00:08:00> 00:08:02:	and 40 years of my life indoors now.
00:08:02> 00:08:05:	If I if I ask you all what constitutes healthy
00:08:05> 00:08:06:	living,
00:08:06> 00:08:09:	I bet everyone would give the same kind of answers.

00:08:09> 00:08:11:	You know, we know we have to exercise it doesn't
00:08:11> 00:08:12:	tell me what a healthy lunch.
00:08:12> 00:08:14:	Looks like outdoor air pollution is bad for us.
00:08:14> 00:08:16:	I think very few people would be able to tell
00:08:16> 00:08:19:	us or describe where the first thought that would come
00:08:19> 00:08:20:	to their head is this place.
00:08:20> 00:08:22:	We spend all of our time how's the indoor environment
00:08:22> 00:08:24:	influencing our health?
00:08:24> 00:08:26:	The big gap in our knowledge about healthy living.
00:08:26> 00:08:28:	We did a series of studies I would call the
00:08:28> 00:08:31:	Cogat sex studies that looked at the influence of indoor
00:08:31> 00:08:32:	environments on cognitive function.
00:08:32> 00:08:35:	Higher order, decision making performance and I'm only going to
00:08:35> 00:08:38:	talk about it briefly here to rate is to highlight
00:08:38> 00:08:40:	something about the power of the indoor environment and it's
00:08:40> 00:08:43:	something we talked about extensively in our book and other
00:08:43> 00:08:44:	writings with John.
00:08:44> 00:08:45:	So we took knowledge workers.
00:08:45> 00:08:48:	We had them work their normal nine to five routine
00:08:48> 00:08:50:	in that cubicle environment that you see pictured there and
00:08:50> 00:08:53:	what they didn't know with these employees that we were
00:08:53> 00:08:55:	changing the air they were breathing.
00:08:55> 00:08:58:	In subtle ways and all we did was change the
00:08:58> 00:08:59:	amount of carbon dioxide,
00:08:59> 00:09:02:	the amount of fresh air coming in,
00:09:02> 00:09:06:	and the amount of EOC's common chemicals that are all
00:09:06> 00:09:09:	around us off gas off all sorts of materials.
00:09:09> 00:09:11:	Here's what we found at the end of the day
00:09:11> 00:09:15:	we administer this cognitive function test and we find that
00:09:15> 00:09:19:	across 9 cognitive function domains we find greater performance across
00:09:19> 00:09:21:	domains like strategy, crisis response,
00:09:21> 00:09:24:	how they utilized and search for information,
00:09:24> 00:09:26:	and so the key takeaway from this study.
00:09:26> 00:09:28:	It's quite simple. It's a double blinded study.
00:09:28> 00:09:32:	It's quite robust, but the indoor environment it could take
00:09:32> 00:09:35:	away the indoor environment has this big impact on her
00:09:35> 00:09:38:	health just by manipulating a handful of variables to make
00:09:38> 00:09:40:	the air a little bit better.
00:09:40> 00:09:44:	Uh, an reaching conditions that many buildings if not most
00:09:44> 00:09:45:	contained right now.

00:09:45> 00:09:48:	Of course, we don't need that study to tell us
00:09:48> 00:09:50:	the importance of indoor air here,
00:09:50> 00:09:53:	I mentioned I bring up Alice Hamilton.
00:09:53> 00:09:55:	She was the first female professor at Harvard.
00:09:55> 00:09:59:	I find myself unbelievably in her lineages in the same
00:09:59> 00:10:01:	Department in the same program.
00:10:01> 00:10:04:	And now I'm the deputy director of that same same
00:10:04> 00:10:05:	field of study.
00:10:05> 00:10:09:	So it's quite humbling, brilliant scientists here and I pulled
00:10:09> 00:10:10:	up the quotes.
00:10:10> 00:10:11:	She says for you know,
00:10:11> 00:10:14:	no one thought it was no one thought airborne contaminants
00:10:14> 00:10:17:	were actually having an influence on people and she put
00:10:17> 00:10:20:	it all together and was really one of the first
00:10:20> 00:10:23:	to start implementing workplace controls.
00:10:23> 00:10:28:	To reduce occupational risks. Using the building and ventilation system,
00:10:28> 00:10:30:	we've also known for a very long time the value
00:10:30> 00:10:33:	that fresh outdoor air has in terms of infectious disease.
00:10:33> 00:10:35:	Here I put up this quote from Florence Nightingale,
00:10:35> 00:10:39:	but if you look at the history of ventilation rate.
00:10:39> 00:10:43:	And the standards that they are that define what's an
00:10:43> 00:10:46:	acceptable amount of outdoor air that comes in.
00:10:46> 00:10:48:	For decades in the early 1900s,
00:10:48> 00:10:53:	these ventilation standards were set based on infectious disease.
00:10:53> 00:10:56:	I'll change the 70 engineer started take over and say,
00:10:56> 00:11:00:	well, let's base these ventilation rates on energy savings.
00:11:00> 00:11:03:	So ventilation rates and actually a lot of our strategies
00:11:03> 00:11:07:	and buildings that were once designed for health and infectious
00:11:07> 00:11:07:	disease.
00:11:07> 00:11:11:	Have been changed over the past several decades and now
00:11:11> 00:11:12:	once we've changed that,
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	we've ushered in this era of sick building syndrome.
00:11:15> 00:11:19:	In that we actually know a lot about how buildings
00:11:19> 00:11:23:	and our built environment can be leveraged to protect us.
00:11:23> 00:11:25:	And of course, if you look at SARS Co.
00:11:25> 00:11:27:	V2, the virus that causes COVID-19,
00:11:27> 00:11:31:	there are many examples already from this virus of how
00:11:31> 00:11:34:	that building and how it's performing can either protect or
00:11:34> 00:11:36:	make conditions worse.
00:11:36> 00:11:39:	We can look at the outbreaks on the cruise ships,

00:11:39> 00:11:42:	the Biogen conference, the Kirkland Senior Home.
00:11:42> 00:11:43:	In fact, all senior homes.
00:11:43> 00:11:47:	Quite a tragedy. But we have to correct fast.
00:11:47> 00:11:51:	Uh, we see buildings that are are promoting or certainly
00:11:51> 00:11:53:	not protecting against disease.
00:11:53> 00:11:56:	We've known that for a long time with measles,
00:11:56> 00:12:00:	another in fact. Other recent coronavirus epidemics like SARS,
00:12:00> 00:12:04:	the first stars and MERS I've done in forensic investigations
00:12:04> 00:12:07:	for a long time in my career I used to
00:12:07> 00:12:10:	lead the investigations of Legionnaires'
00:12:10> 00:12:14:	disease outbreaks in hospitals and I mentioned that because.
00:12:14> 00:12:17:	There are some. It's a similarity to what we're seeing
00:12:17> 00:12:19:	now on a global scale,
00:12:19> 00:12:20:	in that people are dying.
00:12:20> 00:12:23:	Lives are at risk. Their huge financial stakes.
00:12:23> 00:12:25:	We have impartial and imperfect data.
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	Yet we have to make decisions based on the best
00:12:28> 00:12:30:	available data we have.
00:12:30> 00:12:32:	The good news is that we can do this.
00:12:32> 00:12:34:	In fact, we've done it all the time and never
00:12:34> 00:12:37:	come across a building that couldn't be made better or
00:12:37> 00:12:37:	safe.
00:12:37> 00:12:39:	If we apply these basics of exposure,
00:12:37> 00:12:39: 00:12:39> 00:12:42:	If we apply these basics of exposure, an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some
	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing
00:12:39> 00:12:42:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56:	 an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58: 00:12:58> 00:13:00:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure. Sure, we can do that by all working from home.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58: 00:12:58> 00:13:00: 00:13:00> 00:13:03:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure. Sure, we can do that by all working from home. A good strategy. It's not the strategy to re populate
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00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58: 00:12:58> 00:13:00: 00:13:00> 00:13:03: 00:13:03> 00:13:05: 00:13:05> 00:13:08:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure. Sure, we can do that by all working from home. A good strategy. It's not the strategy to re populate our buildings to restart the economy, but some sort of the workforce maybe can do that.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58: 00:12:58> 00:13:00: 00:13:00> 00:13:03: 00:13:05> 00:13:08: 00:13:08> 00:13:10:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure. Sure, we can do that by all working from home. A good strategy. It's not the strategy to re populate our buildings to restart the economy, but some sort of the workforce maybe can do that. The next one is substitution of activity.
00:12:39> 00:12:42: 00:12:42> 00:12:45: 00:12:45> 00:12:48: 00:12:48> 00:12:50: 00:12:50> 00:12:52: 00:12:52> 00:12:54: 00:12:54> 00:12:56: 00:12:56> 00:12:58: 00:12:58> 00:13:00: 00:13:00> 00:13:03: 00:13:05> 00:13:08: 00:13:08> 00:13:10: 00:13:10> 00:13:12:	an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's used for decades in the Occupational health world. And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. And here John and I have reoriented. This will start at the bottom. But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is to eliminate the exposure. Sure, we can do that by all working from home. A good strategy. It's not the strategy to re populate our buildings to restart the economy, but some sort of the workforce maybe can do that. The next one is substitution of activity. So who are the core people?

This is where healthy buildings come in.
These are the strategies you can deploy or leverage your
building to help fight the disease.
Increase the ventilation rate, enhance filtration,
use a portable air purifiers and some other techniques.
Then we move up the list administrative controls.
Think about how you going to densify your building.
Can you go to AB days?
Can you go go to shifts?
What rules you would force in terms of social distancing
and very last is PPE.
This is personal protective equipment like wearing a mask
and
l'm.
Certain that we will see mask wearing in common areas
of buildings and elevators.
What's really interesting here is that not one any one
of these.
Does the trick alone, right?
We have to be very clear that there's no such
thing.
Is there risk? So the goal here is this layered
defense.
We use several. We use every control to attack all
of the different modes of transmission for this virus,
with the goldmic goal of reducing for minimizing risk in
the building.
After we think about the stars,
Kobe 2 issue, I think it's natural.
I think we should be thinking about what comes next
and hear the healthy buildings program.
The school Public Health, recently called the Nine Foundations of
a healthy building.
40 years of science underpinning these foundational elements of what
constitutes a healthy building.
So as we think about what we should be doing
for.
Control of infectious disease. We should also be cogs into
Control of infectious disease. We should also be cogs into thinking about what's coming next and what else we shoot.

00:14:47> 00:14:50:	So I'll hand this off to John and then we'll
00:14:50> 00:14:51:	come back.
00:14:51> 00:14:53:	I'll come back for question and answer too,
00:14:53> 00:14:56:	thanks. Thank you Joe. I I enjoy every time listening
00:14:56> 00:14:58:	to you talk about this again.
00:14:58> 00:15:01:	And for viewers this kog affect study where they changed
00:15:02> 00:15:05:	the air quality in people's offices and it changed the
00:15:05> 00:15:05:	output.
00:15:05> 00:15:07:	Was really interesting to me.
00:15:07> 00:15:09:	I'm real estate guy, I'm office landlord.
00:15:09> 00:15:13:	I'm also Italy restaurant landlord and that's you happy about
00:15:13> 00:15:13:	that right now.
00:15:13> 00:15:16:	But the idea that the indoor air can really influence
00:15:16> 00:15:19:	how people behave was what attracted me and Joe to
00:15:19> 00:15:20:	work together.
00:15:20> 00:15:23:	Of course, now I'm academia so will talk a little
00:15:23> 00:15:26:	bit about what we think that healthy buildings movement stemmed
00:15:26> 00:15:28:	from where we think that it is going.
00:15:28> 00:15:31:	So in our book we talk about these 10 global
00:15:31> 00:15:32:	mega changes.
00:15:32> 00:15:34:	This is pre covid but it applies very much right
00:15:34> 00:15:35:	now,
00:15:35> 00:15:37:	the first one being changing populations.
00:15:37> 00:15:40:	And this is the phenomenon of huge migration as hundreds
00:15:40> 00:15:43:	of millions of people move to cities all over the
00:15:43> 00:15:45:	world seeking opportunity,
00:15:45> 00:15:48:	you're getting away from climate issues or seeking jobs.
00:15:48> 00:15:50:	The second is around changing cities.
00:15:50> 00:15:51:	As cities become more dense,
00:15:51> 00:15:53:	for better or for worse,
00:15:53> 00:15:55:	as we're seeing in the current situation,
00:15:55> 00:15:57:	the third is run changing resources.
00:15:57> 00:15:58:	So in the big picture,
00:15:58> 00:16:01:	while all these people are moving to cities,
00:16:01> 00:16:05:	there also are existing and worsening resource shortages like not
00:16:05> 00:16:05:	know,
00:16:05> 00:16:07:	clean air, not enough clean water,
00:16:07> 00:16:09:	not enough land, not enough food,
00:16:09> 00:16:11:	not enough energy, too much garbage.
00:16:11> 00:16:14:	Too much traffic. All this has to be addressed later

00:16:14> 00:16:15:	on to this.
00:16:15> 00:16:18:	The impact of a potentially changing climate.
00:16:18> 00:16:19:	Anna done a lot of work at you.
00:16:19> 00:16:22:	Lie with Rachel Ann, Billy Grayson,
00:16:22> 00:16:26:	others around climate resilience, adaptation to phenomena
	and perils like
00:16:26> 00:16:27:	see Rise wildfires,
00:16:27> 00:16:31:	floods, drought. All those things are happening in the context
00:16:31> 00:16:34:	of the first 41 would hope that what would happen
00:16:34> 00:16:37:	then is that governments would go ahead and tax this
00:16:37> 00:16:41:	properly and spend on the infrastructure we need to defend
00:16:41> 00:16:42:	US against these things,
00:16:42> 00:16:45:	but. This all requires consensus and I don't know if
00:16:45> 00:16:47:	you follow American politics that closely,
00:16:47> 00:16:51:	but the idea of government working with consensus isn't necessarily
00:16:51> 00:16:52:	obvious,
00:16:52> 00:16:54:	so there for work through the private sector.
00:16:54> 00:16:57:	How can the private sector you allied type people help
00:16:57> 00:16:58:	with these issues?
00:16:58> 00:17:00:	There's also phenomenon we can talk about more,
00:17:00> 00:17:04:	which in my infrastructure course I call the infrastructure paradox,
00:17:04> 00:17:07:	meaning that while all these issues
00:17:07> 00:17:08:	beside us in the world,
00:17:08> 00:17:11:	there is trillions, 10s of trillions of dollars,
00:17:11> 00:17:14:	a few less than there was three weeks ago,
00:17:14> 00:17:17:	but still 10s of trillions of dollars in the global
00:17:17> 00:17:18:	financial system,
00:17:18> 00:17:21:	earning almost zero yield. So how can these kinds of
00:17:21> 00:17:25:	assets be dedicated to products and projects that are cash
00:17:25> 00:17:26:	flow positive?
00:17:26> 00:17:28:	Add on to this changing definition of health,
00:17:28> 00:17:31:	and when Joe and I initially wrote the book,
00:17:31> 00:17:35:	we were thinking about People's General awareness of fitness and
00:17:35> 00:17:38:	of air quality in those kind of things will now
00:17:38> 00:17:42:	it's become blazingly obvious to everybody that this issue of
00:17:42> 00:17:46:	pandemic exists. And even if there are both vaccine and
00:17:46> 00:17:47:	a cure for COVID-19,
00:17:47> 00:17:50:	there will be another one and people are not going
00:17:50> 00:17:54:	to forget that these kind of viruses occur and they
00:17:54> 00:17:57:	rage around in the world and there in our face.

00:17:57> 00:17:59:	Add to this the ongoing think,
00:17:59> 00:18:02:	thought about the changing nature of buildings,
00:18:02> 00:18:05:	and I'm not quite going to admit that I remember
00:18:05> 00:18:09:	when elevators or rubber roofs or air conditioning became ubiquitous,
00:18:09> 00:18:13:	but building change and the idea that buildings can be
00:18:13> 00:18:15:	green is now mainstream in independence.
00:18:15> 00:18:17:	Can be healthy is mainstream.
00:18:17> 00:18:20:	It's not clear that a totally locked down energy efficient
00:18:20> 00:18:23:	building is necessarily the most healthy building,
00:18:23> 00:18:26:	and so part of what we're thinking about is the
00:18:26> 00:18:28:	evolution from thinking.
00:18:28> 00:18:31:	But a building that uses little energy and not too
00:18:31> 00:18:32:	many rainforests.
00:18:32> 00:18:35:	Woods can also be thought of as a building that
00:18:35> 00:18:38:	is very healthy for the occupants indoors,
00:18:38> 00:18:40:	particularly in terms of sunlight,
00:18:40> 00:18:43:	fresh air, and some of those simple things.
00:18:43> 00:18:46:	We always knew that they work with the nature of
00:18:46> 00:18:47:	work was changing,
00:18:47> 00:18:49:	and it's been very accelerated now,
00:18:49> 00:18:52:	and it's not clear to any of us on the
00:18:52> 00:18:55:	call or anybody in the world whether the work from
00:18:55> 00:18:57:	home issue is going back into the can,
00:18:57> 00:19:01:	or whether the. The in person education phenomenon is going
00:19:01> 00:19:05:	to replicate itself or whether we are going to even
00:19:05> 00:19:09:	go to big events like sporting events and concerts anymore,
00:19:09> 00:19:13:	but the changing nature of work and working with symbols
00:19:13> 00:19:17:	and working with thoughts is clearly an issue that is
00:19:17> 00:19:19:	highlighted in covid time.
00:19:19> 00:19:24:	In terms of changing technology which only initially wrote this
00:19:24> 00:19:24:	book,
00:19:24> 00:19:27:	we were thinking about technologies like filtration,
00:19:27> 00:19:31:	like better ventilation, like being able to sense when there
00:19:31> 00:19:35:	were gases in the environment and those kind of things.
00:19:35> 00:19:39:	Now we see in covid time changing technologies like ubiquitous
00:19:39> 00:19:43:	use of thermal detection as people walk through buildings,
00:19:43> 00:19:46:	use of monitors of your temperature as you walk around,
00:19:46> 00:19:48:	you sit in door.
00:19:48> 00:19:52:	Air quality monitors that are personalized and people can tie
00:19:52> 00:19:56:	together into a wide network of people sharing information

	about
00:19:56> 00:19:58:	what their condition is of their office.
00:19:58> 00:20:02:	So all these aspects of technology are changing in ways
00:20:02> 00:20:05:	that are undetermined about whether the tenants will wind up
00:20:06> 00:20:09:	having control of the technology because they are using their
00:20:09> 00:20:14:	individual air quality monitors or their landlords might think of
00:20:14> 00:20:16:	installing thermal sensors and.
00:20:16> 00:20:20:	Facial recognition in elevators. See who's coming in the building,
00:20:20> 00:20:23:	or whether the government is going to do that very
00:20:23> 00:20:24:	much up in the air.
00:20:24> 00:20:27:	And finally the question of changing values and so at
00:20:27> 00:20:28:	the time we wrote the book.
00:20:28> 00:20:31:	Larry Fink from BlackRock was just just wrote the 1st
00:20:31> 00:20:33:	of a series of famous letters about ESG,
00:20:33> 00:20:37:	environmental sustainability and governance, kind of goals in corporations,
00:20:37> 00:20:39:	and those were changing values.
00:20:39> 00:20:42:	It looks like one of the changing values for the
00:20:42> 00:20:43:	next couple of years.
00:20:43> 00:20:45:	It's going to be plain old survival,
00:20:45> 00:20:47:	because clearly we're going into a deep.
00:20:47> 00:20:50:	Economic recession and there will be a question about whether
00:20:50> 00:20:51:	the values are just.
00:20:51> 00:20:53:	How do we keep our company afloat?
00:20:53> 00:20:54:	Do we think about ESG,
00:20:54> 00:20:57:	and in particular, how do we think about populations who
00:20:58> 00:21:00:	are much more exposed to some of these perils and
00:21:00> 00:21:03:	don't have the same capability to address them?
00:21:03> 00:21:04:	That some of us do on this call?
00:21:04> 00:21:07:	So those are the 10 trends that we were thinking
00:21:07> 00:21:10:	about in several of them have really been highlighted in
00:21:10> 00:21:11:	covid time.
00:21:11> 00:21:13:	So what now, what next part of it is,
00:21:13> 00:21:15:	we think that if you were a landlord or tenant,
00:21:15> 00:21:18:	company employees, or interviewed in your building.
00:21:18> 00:21:21:	Or apartment renters are insuring your building as well.
00:21:21> 00:21:24:	These are real quotes that we've been collecting from people
00:21:24> 00:21:27:	out in the world on sites like for example Glassdoor.
00:21:27> 00:21:29:	People talk about their companies,
00:21:29> 00:21:31:	or as we interview people.
00:21:31> 00:21:34:	One person said coronavirus is finally showing the company

	how
00:21:34> 00:21:37:	flawed it is with outdated technology management style.
00:21:37> 00:21:40:	What's the point of having 2000 to 3000 people in
00:21:40> 00:21:41:	office with recirculated air?
00:21:41> 00:21:44:	How is this different than being in a virus infected
00:21:44> 00:21:46:	cruise ship for 8 1/2 hours a day,
00:21:46> 00:21:49:	five days a week? I'd be thinking pretty hard if
00:21:49> 00:21:51:	I was a claims processing company.
00:21:51> 00:21:53:	Or a back office company with a lot of people
00:21:53> 00:21:56:	side by side doing work like this and the employees
00:21:56> 00:21:58:	are now thinking is this where I want to go
00:21:58> 00:22:01:	back to work or the alternative side that management has
00:22:01> 00:22:04:	taken the lead in handling the COVID-19 situation with health
00:22:04> 00:22:08:	and safety of his entire workforce being the utmost importance
00:22:08> 00:22:11:	in the face of the current situation that couldn't be
00:22:11> 00:22:13:	happier with how the company is responding.
00:22:13> 00:22:16:	Which one of these companies is going to wind up
00:22:16> 00:22:19:	attracting the best employees and keeping the best employees?
00:22:19> 00:22:21:	So unfortunately in covid time?
00:22:21> 00:22:25:	Now, the healthy workplace and a demonstrably healthy building aren't
00:22:25> 00:22:26:	really just nice to haves.
00:22:26> 00:22:29:	We think they're going to be absolutely must haves.
00:22:29> 00:22:32:	This will be that the floor at which your company
00:22:32> 00:22:34:	can expect to perform going forward.
00:22:34> 00:22:38:	How will these employees know what their quality is beyond
00:22:38> 00:22:40:	just their perception of it?
00:22:40> 00:22:43:	How will they share that information yet to be seen?
00:22:43> 00:22:44:	But as I mentioned before,
00:22:44> 00:22:47:	it is possible for everybody to have a low cost
00:22:47> 00:22:48:	to air quality monitor,
00:22:48> 00:22:50:	which they titled their self,
00:22:50> 00:22:53:	their mobile phone or to their Android device or their
00:22:53> 00:22:53:	Samsung.
00:22:53> 00:22:56:	It can also touch their Fitbit if they want to
00:22:56> 00:22:59:	and share real time health and fitness information into the
00:22:59> 00:23:01:	cloud for an entity to digest.
00:23:01> 00:23:04:	If it chooses to. So how you know this is
00:23:04> 00:23:04:	working?
00:23:04> 00:23:07:	If you thinking as a landlord or tenant organization or
00:23:07> 00:23:08:	maybe an investor,

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00:23:08> 00:23:11:	Joe and I have been talking about healthy buildings.
00:23:11> 00:23:15:	We believe that there's a series of health performance
00.00.46 > 00.00.40.	indicators
00:23:15> 00:23:18:	that are going to let you know if you're building
00:23:18> 00:23:19:	really is healthy,
00:23:19> 00:23:22:	so you can look at this as an occupant or
00:23:22> 00:23:24:	as a landlord or as a tenant,
00:23:24> 00:23:26:	or as an investor or as a designer.
00:23:26> 00:23:29:	In the next slide shows what we think these are
00:23:29> 00:23:29:	zero,
00:23:29> 00:23:32:	the lagging indicators on the left are the ones you
00:23:32> 00:23:34:	learn about afterwards.
00:23:34> 00:23:37:	The leading indicators on the right or the ones you
00:23:37> 00:23:39:	can think about ahead of time.
00:23:39> 00:23:42:	The top row are direct aspects of how individual human
00:23:42> 00:23:42:	beings,
00:23:42> 00:23:45:	how people are perceiving the space.
00:23:45> 00:23:47:	And we say direct 'cause this is what we care
00:23:47> 00:23:47:	about,
00:23:47> 00:23:50:	although it tends to be very hard to measure and
00:23:50> 00:23:52:	the bottom half are the indirect aspects,
00:23:52> 00:23:55:	meaning the building because the quest isn't really to have
00:23:55> 00:23:56:	a healthy building.
00:23:56> 00:23:59:	I'm not that worried about the vapor barrier in my
00:23:59> 00:24:01:	building being non porous.
00:24:01> 00:24:04:	I'm worried about the human beings inside and how are
00:24:04> 00:24:06:	they feeling so?
00:24:06> 00:24:07:	On the top left is lagging.
00:24:07> 00:24:09:	Indicators tend to be costs,
00:24:09> 00:24:11:	so for example an illness trend or medical costs or
00:24:12> 00:24:14:	things that you see after the fact to see as
00:24:14> 00:24:16:	a landlord are as a tenant company or as a
00:24:16> 00:24:20:	building manager. Was your building successful for these people?
00:24:20> 00:24:22:	The ones in the right on the top tend to
00:24:22> 00:24:25:	be feelings that tend to have people saying yes.
00:24:25> 00:24:28:	I'm happier. I'm complaining it or I've sentiment analysis and
00:24:28> 00:24:30:	these kinds of things.
00:24:30> 00:24:33:	Also hard to measure, but these are the benchmarks of
00:24:33> 00:24:34:	spatial temporal meaning.
00:24:34> 00:24:36:	How do people feel how they feel overtime?
00:24:36> 00:24:39:	Can we track? Time series data on this the bottom

00-04-00 > 00-04-40-	
00:24:39> 00:24:42: 00:24:42> 00:24:43:	ones tend to be one that is easy to measure on the bottom left.
00:24:42> 00:24:43: 00:24:43> 00:24:46:	
	For example, recruitment rates, space utilization,
00:24:46> 00:24:50:	retro commissioning, things like that and the bottom right tend
00:24:50> 00:24:53:	to be the ones where these are real actions you
00:24:54> 00:24:54:	can take.
00:24:54> 00:24:57:	You can think about all aspects of things in this
00:24:57> 00:24:58:	bottom right box.
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	You notice that the pulse is the same as the
00:25:01> 00:25:03:	nine foundations of healthy building,
00:25:03> 00:25:07:	so all of the nine foundations are objectively measurable to
00:25:07> 00:25:08:	say.
00:25:08> 00:25:10:	What are we doing in terms of water quality?
00:25:10> 00:25:12:	What are we doing in terms of lighting?
00:25:12> 00:25:14:	What we're doing in terms of ventilation,
00:25:14> 00:25:16:	just like your doctor would take your pulse and your
00:25:16> 00:25:18:	blood pressure and your temperature.
00:25:18> 00:25:20:	You can take the pulse of the building to infer
00:25:20> 00:25:22:	what will happen around in tration ventilation,
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	filtration, material selection, and these kinds of things.
00:25:25> 00:25:28:	So measuring buildings is generally easier than measuring people,
00:25:28> 00:25:31:	but we're trying to accomplish is measuring the health of
00:25:31> 00:25:32:	the people.
00:25:32> 00:25:35:	We believe that these health performance indicators will be object
00:25:35> 00:25:38:	will use by lots and lots of different measuring firms.
00:25:38> 00:25:39:	To say in the very near term,
00:25:39> 00:25:41:	can I back him, get back in my building in
00:25:41> 00:25:43:	the mid term that people want to be here in
00:25:43> 00:25:44:	the long term?
00:25:44> 00:25:46:	Is this a better building to invest in then a
00:25:46> 00:25:47:	different one?
00:25:47> 00:25:49:	So Joe and I have spent a lot of time
00:25:49> 00:25:50:	thinking about.
00:25:50> 00:25:53:	These two issues him from his background in as a
00:25:53> 00:25:57:	forensic pathologist and thinking about sick buildings and Legionnaires'
00:25:57> 00:25:59:	disease and that kind of thing,
00:25:59> 00:26:02:	and me as a real estate person general contractor.
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	Now as an academic, how to marry together these aspects
00:26:05> 00:26:06:	of buildings,

00:26:06> 00:26:09:	business health and wealth and Norman Foster said about her
00:26:09> 00:26:09:	book.
00:26:09> 00:26:13:	We need a new generation if humanitarian's energy is underpinned
00:26:13> 00:26:16:	by scientific research and that's part of what we're trying
00:26:16> 00:26:17:	to offer today so.
00:26:17> 00:26:20:	Our books came out today believe it or not,
00:26:20> 00:26:22:	and some of it seems like well.
00:26:22> 00:26:25:	Maybe we'll put a little bit of this cognition stuff
00:26:25> 00:26:28:	and some of it seems more valid than ever in
00:26:28> 00:26:31:	terms of how do we get back into buildings because
00:26:31> 00:26:34:	it's not just that the healthy buildings aren't that expensive.
00:26:34> 00:26:38:	It's also that sick people are really expensive so with
00:26:38> 00:26:38:	that course.
00:26:38> 00:26:41:	Obviously Joe and I were both teachers.
00:26:41> 00:26:43:	We could talk, for 46 more sessions,
00:26:43> 00:26:47:	no problem. Let's take some questions Rachel.
00:26:47> 00:26:50:	Alright, thank you Joe and John really appreciate it.
00:26:50> 00:26:54:	We've gotten some great questions and I'll just start at
00:26:55> 00:26:58:	the top with the ones that were upvoted an we
00:26:58> 00:27:00:	have two that are very similar.
00:27:00> 00:27:04:	I think a lot of people are really thinking about
00:27:04> 00:27:06:	what is the future of office space.
00:27:06> 00:27:09:	How will design and layout change,
00:27:09> 00:27:12:	and what can we expect?
00:27:12> 00:27:14:	How do we think about operations?
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	I know, you know, in some places thinking about staggered
00:27:17> 00:27:20:	working relationships and options for people.
00:27:20> 00:27:23:	So how are you guys thinking about what the office
00:27:24> 00:27:27:	of the Future looks like and what will change both
00:27:27> 00:27:30:	in the short term and in the long term?
00:27:30> 00:27:32:	Joe, why don't you take that in the shorter term?
00:27:32> 00:27:34:	Because you've been talking to people about getting back to
00:27:34> 00:27:37:	work and I can take in the longer term from
00:27:37> 00:27:37:	a landlord POV.
00:27:37> 00:27:40:	Yeah, sure. So I've been thinking a lot about this
00:27:40> 00:27:41:	time with a lot of people too.
00:27:41> 00:27:44:	I think there's one thing that's a definite and that
00:27:44> 00:27:47:	is the changing expectations like we've been talking about
	that
00:27:47> 00:27:50:	people are going to look at their workplace differently.
00:27:50> 00:27:51:	So in the shorter term,

00:27:51> 00:27:53:	I think the next time we will go back to
00:27:53> 00:27:55:	my building will probably pay attention to the door knobs
00:27:55> 00:27:58:	and I don't know what my door knobs look like
00:27:58> 00:27:59:	in my office right now,
00:27:59> 00:28:01:	but I bet next time I'm in my office I'll
00:28:01> 00:28:02:	I'll look at him.
00:28:02> 00:28:04:	So I think we're gonna have a heightened sense of
00:28:04> 00:28:05:	awareness.
00:28:05> 00:28:07:	That just means we have there we have to take
00:28:07> 00:28:08:	these steps to.
00:28:08> 00:28:11:	To minimize or I think pragmatic steps to minimize this.
00:28:11> 00:28:14:	This threat and they can actually be done if we
00:28:14> 00:28:16:	take that layer defense approach.
00:28:16> 00:28:19:	I was talking about that involves some design changes,
00:28:19> 00:28:22:	an operational changes, it's both and it's also engineering changes,
00:28:22> 00:28:25:	right? We can change what we're doing with the fans
00:28:25> 00:28:26:	in the building.
00:28:26> 00:28:28:	We're going to change how we operate.
00:28:28> 00:28:32:	Our billing companies have to make decisions on personnel and
00:28:32> 00:28:34:	spreading out in these spaces,
00:28:34> 00:28:37:	right? So I anticipate will be the end of conference
00:28:37> 00:28:38:	rooms for awhile will be.
00:28:38> 00:28:39:	The end of large meetings,
00:28:39> 00:28:42:	certainly, I think a significant portion of the workforce will
00:28:42> 00:28:43:	still work from home.
00:28:43> 00:28:44:	It won't be all at once.
00:28:44> 00:28:46:	We won't get a green light on June 1st.
00:28:46> 00:28:48:	I think it's gonna be a staged approach.
00:28:48> 00:28:51:	I think if you look at the epidemiological models it's
00:28:51> 00:28:53:	also a certainty that we're going to be playing some
00:28:53> 00:28:55:	game of what people call whack Amole.
00:28:55> 00:28:58:	Sometimes that's over the next couple of months we're going
00:28:58> 00:29:00:	to have to be adaptive and what may seem like
00:29:00> 00:29:02:	a slow start in one region.
00:29:02> 00:29:03:	They have to be tampered back down.
00:29:03> 00:29:06:	Depending on how that disease is spreading and how the
00:29:06> 00:29:09:	the capacity of the health care systems in that space.
00:29:09> 00:29:11:	So I think we have to go into this that
00:29:11> 00:29:12:	it's not just here.
00:29:12> 00:29:14:	Go back and it's going to be like before.
00:29:14> 00:29:15:	It won't be like before,

00:29:15> 00:29:18:	they'll be changes that will be quite visible and we
00:29:18> 00:29:21:	should expect that whatever plan we put in place on
00:29:21> 00:29:23:	June 1st is going to be different on July 1st
00:29:23> 00:29:26:	because I'll tell you by the time we got this
00:29:26> 00:29:26:	call,
00:29:26> 00:29:28:	even the science will have changed.
00:29:28> 00:29:30:	And this past hour, so it's going to require us
00:29:30> 00:29:33:	to be all be really quite flexible in how we
00:29:33> 00:29:34:	approach getting back to work.
00:29:37> 00:29:39:	I'm not sure that I would have a particularly more
00:29:39> 00:29:43:	profound addition than what most people are thinking about.
00:29:43> 00:29:43:	On the call.
00:29:45> 00:29:49:	The biggest one probably is around the jobs environment mean
00:29:49> 00:29:52:	it's hard to believe there's not going to be a
00:29:52> 00:29:53:	deep recession,
00:29:53> 00:29:55:	and that means that there's going to be a lot
00:29:56> 00:29:59:	of vacant office space and a lot of vacant retail
00:29:59> 00:30:00:	was in trouble already,
00:30:00> 00:30:04:	reachable even worse, it's not clear that business travel is
00:30:04> 00:30:05:	going to come back right away,
00:30:05> 00:30:07:	so the future of hotels.
00:30:07> 00:30:10:	It's also in doubt when you think about knowledge workers
00:30:10> 00:30:12:	and office workers,
00:30:12> 00:30:13:	the.
00:30:13> 00:30:16:	And pick your metaphor that the cat is out of
00:30:16> 00:30:18:	the bag of the horses out of the barn.
00:30:18> 00:30:19:	In terms they work for home,
00:30:19> 00:30:22:	so we probably had a 20 year acceleration in the
00:30:22> 00:30:25:	acceptability of work from home as everybody had to figure
00:30:25> 00:30:25:	this out.
00:30:25> 00:30:27:	And for Joe with his carpenters and his kids,
00:30:27> 00:30:29:	it may be more difficult than for some,
00:30:29> 00:30:32:	but.
00:30:32> 00:30:35:	When the world is already been suffering by people spending
00:30:35> 00:30:36:	so much time in traffic in,
00:30:36> 00:30:40:	we're spending so much time doing things virtually anyway.
00:30:40> 00:30:42:	Why do we have to congregate in a physical place?
00:30:42> 00:30:45:	So those phenomena were happening anyway,
00:30:45> 00:30:47:	and they've been accelerated by the pandemic,
00:30:47> 00:30:49:	and by that will be an upcoming recession.
00:30:49> 00:30:51:	When you get to the office,

00:30:51> 00:30:53:	I think there will be a very long period of
00:30:53> 00:30:55:	essentially per personal protection,
00:30:55> 00:30:57:	and it maybe it's like,
00:30:57> 00:30:59:	OK, they never used to wear hard hats on a
00:30:59> 00:31:02:	construction site you never used to wear a helmet when
00:31:02> 00:31:03:	you were cycling.
00:31:03> 00:31:05:	If you didn't use to wear seatbelts when you were
00:31:05> 00:31:07:	driving and now you're going to go to the office
00:31:07> 00:31:09:	and you're going to be wearing a mask,
00:31:09> 00:31:11:	or you're going to be washing your hands more often
00:31:11> 00:31:13:	and people sort of get used to it,
00:31:13> 00:31:14:	it gets priced in.
00:31:14> 00:31:16:	Til Secondly, the question of proximity.
00:31:16> 00:31:19:	It makes it harder to argue that there should be
00:31:19> 00:31:21:	a lot of people in 120 square feet each in
00:31:21> 00:31:22:	a wide open office.
00:31:22> 00:31:25:	There's been a lot of controversy one way or the
00:31:25> 00:31:28:	other about whether people are more productive or not.
00:31:28> 00:31:31:	Obviously it's less expensive 'cause using less space,
00:31:31> 00:31:32:	but if people are transmitting,
00:31:32> 00:31:34:	disease is not so good.
00:31:34> 00:31:36:	What does that mean for trading floor?
00:31:36> 00:31:39:	Tremendous pressure on the big trading houses to get back
00:31:39> 00:31:41:	because part of the the idea is,
00:31:41> 00:31:43:	are you there and you can see each other.
00:31:43> 00:31:46:	If your claims processor? That's not quite so true.
00:31:46> 00:31:49:	So that will play out multiple different ways,
00:31:49> 00:31:53:	but there's sort of the add-on question of whether.
00:31:53> 00:31:57:	The protection methods will be optional like in Massachusetts,
00:31:57> 00:31:59:	are not required to wear a bicycle helmet,
00:31:59> 00:32:02:	but people do. You are required to wear seatbelts.
00:32:02> 00:32:04:	People will see you.
00:32:04> 00:32:07:	In neighboring New Hampshire, you're not required to wear a
00:32:07> 00:32:09:	motorcycle helmet or a seat belt,
00:32:09> 00:32:12:	and there are people who cross into New Hampshire unbuckle
00:32:12> 00:32:15:	their seat belt because they want to have that level
00:32:15> 00:32:15:	of freedom.
00:32:15> 00:32:19:	Will the kind of aspects that influence how viruses travel
00:32:19> 00:32:21:	through buildings be mandated,
00:32:21> 00:32:24:	or will they be chosen by thoughtful tenants or by
00:32:24> 00:32:27:	landlords to really like to have a safer building?

00:32:27> 00:32:30:	If you have a 2 million square foot building,
00:32:30> 00:32:33:	you really don't want a bunch of people coming up
00:32:33> 00:32:37:	and down the elevator spreading diseases to your other
00.32.33> 00.32.37.	tenants,
00:32:37> 00:32:40:	and so you can imagine an environment where elevators,
00:32:40> 00:32:44:	escalators revolving doors and might have thermal sensors might have
00:32:44> 00:32:45:	retinal scans,
00:32:45> 00:32:50:	might have facial recognition, might have time series information about
00:32:50> 00:32:52:	what your temperature was today.
00:32:52> 00:32:54:	And where your pulse was today and landlords keep that
00:32:54> 00:32:55:	information,
00:32:55> 00:32:56:	I don't see that in the next two to four
00:32:57> 00:32:57:	months.
00:32:57> 00:32:59:	It wouldn't surprise me at all if landlord said I
00:32:59> 00:33:00:	have a very big building.
00:33:00> 00:33:02:	I want this to be the safest building as well
00:33:02> 00:33:05:	as the healthiest building as well as the greenest building.
00:33:05> 00:33:07:	And this is what I'm going to do.
00:33:07> 00:33:10:	Yeah, so you. You've talked a lot about what happens
00:33:11> 00:33:13:	at the sort of landlord or or building level,
00:33:13> 00:33:17:	but we've gotten a question about what strategies can you
00:33:18> 00:33:21:	use as an individual to keep yourself safe and your
00:33:21> 00:33:22:	family safe.
00:33:22> 00:33:24:	And that one has five upvotes.
00:33:24> 00:33:26:	So we talked a little bit about masks and hand
00:33:26> 00:33:26:	washing,
00:33:26> 00:33:29:	which of course core. But are there other things that
00:33:29> 00:33:32:	people should be thinking about or considering?
00:33:34> 00:33:37:	Yeah, I think that's a that's a really important question.
00:33:37> 00:33:39:	I've been writing a lot lately and applying a public
00:33:39> 00:33:40:	Health Science right.
00:33:40> 00:33:43:	I do healthy buildings, but first and foremost,
00:33:43> 00:33:45:	summer professor at a school public health,
00:33:45> 00:33:47:	and I've been writing Op eds a lot recently to
00:33:47> 00:33:51:	translate some of that scientist practical tips people could take.
00:33:51> 00:33:52:	And so there's an article.
00:33:52> 00:33:55:	Maybe we can share Rachel from USA TODAY that I
00:33:55> 00:33:57:	wrote on tips you can take at home to protect
00:33:57> 00:33:57:	yourself,
00:33:57> 00:34:00:	in particular if someone in your house has coronavirus.

00:34:00> 00:34:03:	If you look at the statistics on what we're expecting
00:34:03> 00:34:05:	in terms of global population.
00:34:05> 00:34:07:	There's a good chance each of us will get it
00:34:07> 00:34:08:	right up for it,
00:34:08> 00:34:09:	up to 60% of the global population.
00:34:09> 00:34:11:	Sometimes the next year. At least,
00:34:11> 00:34:13:	that's what the early models show.
00:34:13> 00:34:15:	So we're going to have people who are sick in
00:34:15> 00:34:18:	our buildings and quite possibly if you live with somebody
00:34:18> 00:34:18:	else,
00:34:18> 00:34:19:	it could be someone in your home.
00:34:19> 00:34:21:	So there is some action.
00:34:21> 00:34:23:	There's some steps we can take an eye right about
00:34:23> 00:34:24:	this in this piece,
00:34:24> 00:34:26:	and also to highlight one that might be different.
00:34:26> 00:34:29:	Let me highlight some of the practical steps that maybe
00:34:29> 00:34:31:	your audience would think about right.
00:34:31> 00:34:33:	Open up your windows, bring in some fresh air,
00:34:33> 00:34:36:	Duluth, but in this space you want to clean surface
00:34:36> 00:34:37:	is frequently.
00:34:37> 00:34:38:	If you can humidify the air,
00:34:38> 00:34:41:	I use a portable air humidifier and a portable air
00:34:41> 00:34:41:	purifier.
00:34:41> 00:34:43:	l also do personal, you know,
00:34:43> 00:34:46:	personal control. That's where all frequently washing our hands.
00:34:46> 00:34:48:	We covering our cops and doing the basics here.
00:34:48> 00:34:50:	When we go out, we definitely wear a mask.
00:34:50> 00:34:53:	I wrote a piece in the Washington Post arguing for
00:34:53> 00:34:55:	a four fold benefit of why we should be wearing
00:34:55> 00:34:57:	masks so that you can post that too if you'd
00:34:57> 00:35:00:	like. I think the science is really clear on what
00:35:00> 00:35:02:	we can do in this simple steps to try to
00:35:02> 00:35:04:	break this causal chain.
00:35:04> 00:35:06:	Across all three modes of transmission,
00:35:06> 00:35:08:	large droplets in coughs and sneezes,
00:35:08> 00:35:11:	fomites or inanimate services that can harbor the virus and
00:35:11> 00:35:13:	act as a source of transference and even airborne,
00:35:13> 00:35:16:	I think there's plenty of evidence that all three modes
00:35:16> 00:35:17:	are happening.
00:35:17> 00:35:20:	Let me mention one that maybe people aren't thinking about
00:35:20> 00:35:21:	too much,

00:35:21> 00:35:23:	and that's what's happening in the bathroom,
00:35:23> 00:35:26:	so you know, we know that several studies now showing
00:35:26> 00:35:28:	that we have virus in our slip your infected and
00:35:28> 00:35:30:	you had COVID-19 virus in your stool.
00:35:30> 00:35:33:	There's one study showing kids shedding virus in their stool
00:35:34> 00:35:34:	up to 30 days.
00:35:34> 00:35:37:	We know from other studies that if you flush the
00:35:37> 00:35:39:	toilet you can you generate bioaerosols in that space and
00:35:39> 00:35:41:	that could linger for 30 minutes or more,
00:35:41> 00:35:44:	depending on what you're doing with your bathroom operation.
00:35:44> 00:35:46:	So if you have an exhaust fan you should be
00:35:46> 00:35:47:	running it,
00:35:47> 00:35:48:	you should close the door.
00:35:48> 00:35:50:	You should close the lid before you flush,
00:35:50> 00:35:52:	and if you have that exhaust,
00:35:52> 00:35:53:	then yeah, keep it running.
00:35:53> 00:35:55:	If you have someone sick in the house.
00:35:55> 00:35:57:	If you're fortunate enough to have a second bathroom,
00:35:57> 00:35:59:	you should separate bathroom usage.
00:35:59> 00:36:01:	And if you have one bathroom,
00:36:01> 00:36:03:	the person who is sick should take precautions in terms
00:36:03> 00:36:05:	of cleaning the space after they leave.
00:36:05> 00:36:07:	So those are just some of the steps we can
00:36:07> 00:36:10:	pass around the full article that could be a little
00:36:10> 00:36:10:	bit more,
00:36:10> 00:36:12:	but again, there are sensible and prudent,
00:36:12> 00:36:16:	I think tried and true public health intervention measures that
00:36:16> 00:36:17:	can reduce your overall risk.
00:36:17> 00:36:19:	Thanks.
00:36:19> 00:36:21:	So let's let's switch gears.
00:36:21> 00:36:24:	We've got some other questions about infection control and will
00:36:24> 00:36:26:	circle back to those,
00:36:26> 00:36:28:	but just wanted to touch base on.
00:36:28> 00:36:31:	I know John you've been thinking a lot and you
00:36:31> 00:36:32:	talked about this,
00:36:32> 00:36:35:	but this sort of coming age of lack of resources
00:36:35> 00:36:37:	and sort of public and private austerity.
00:36:37> 00:36:39:	So how? How do you first see,
00:36:39> 00:36:42:	you know, sort of trapped building owners?
00:36:42> 00:36:43:	Or, you know, public agencies,
00:36:43> 00:36:47:	being able to make these kinds of investments to improve

00.20.47 > 00.20.50.	cart of boolth outcomes in their encode and in their
00:36:47> 00:36:50:	sort of health outcomes in their spaces and in their
00:36:50> 00:36:51:	communities?
00:36:51> 00:36:53:	With what's that going to look like?
00:36:53> 00:36:54:	How will capital flow?
00:36:57> 00:37:00:	I think it's a fascinating question and one with tremendous
00:37:00> 00:37:00:	opportunity.
00:37:00> 00:37:04:	Actually, for investing in resilience.
00:37:04> 00:37:07:	The framing of it is probably around 3 pretty big
00:37:07> 00:37:08:	trends.
00:37:08> 00:37:11:	One is that there are lots of perils.
00:37:11> 00:37:16:	One is pandemic, but they're also a serious wildfire drought.
00:37:16> 00:37:19:	Anne. It's also pretty clear that governments aren't going to
00:37:19> 00:37:22:	have any money for anything extra for a very long
00:37:22> 00:37:24:	time 'cause they're going out from COVID-19,
00:37:24> 00:37:26:	so they won't be spending money on.
00:37:28> 00:37:32:	Supporting private sector to do building upgrades or even a
00:37:32> 00:37:33:	building.
00:37:33> 00:37:37:	Better infrastructure, and it's also pretty clear that the costs
00:37:37> 00:37:40:	for healthcare or can it be quite high as people
00:37:40> 00:37:43:	think about insurance or think about treatment,
00:37:43> 00:37:45:	but at the same time there is a lot of
00:37:46> 00:37:49:	capital in the world still has the same capital Sir.
00:37:49> 00:37:51:	Plus that it had a while ago.
00:37:51> 00:37:54:	That's why real yields are now around zero and some
00:37:54> 00:37:55:	days oil is free.
00:37:55> 00:37:58:	So the capital wants to go somewhere.
00:37:58> 00:38:01:	So if there's. A very clear way to invest in
00:38:01> 00:38:05:	upgrading a building or upgrading a subway system,
00:38:05> 00:38:08:	or upgrading a utility service that is going to lead
00:38:09> 00:38:13:	to reduced present value of future health care costs that
00:38:13> 00:38:14:	should be investable.
00:38:14> 00:38:18:	That should be a way that investors should be able
00:38:18> 00:38:19:	to think.
00:38:19> 00:38:22:	OK, I'm going to invest in resilience here,
00:38:22> 00:38:25:	sort of like lending a building money to put in
00:38:26> 00:38:30:	Fire Protection or lending somebody money to put a roll
00:38:30> 00:38:30:	bar.
00:38:30> 00:38:33:	Lending your kid money to put roll Bar on his
00:38:33> 00:38:36:	that go cart so he doesn't take the thing over.
00:38:36> 00:38:40:	Never dated reference. If you don't listen to Beach Boys,
00:38:40> 00:38:42:	but the idea that.
00:38:42> 00:38:45:	These these perils have real costs.

00:38:45> 00:38:50: 00:38:50> 00:38:53:	And the costs can be brought back too. Today present value and that they're outside investors who
00.00.00> 00.00.00.	can
00:38:53> 00:38:57:	invest to mitigate those perils and the impact or the
00:38:57> 00:39:00:	likelihood of incidents and the cost of of recovery is
00:39:00> 00:39:03:	real, and it's very similar to what we've been talking
00:39:03> 00:39:04:	about elsewhere.
00:39:04> 00:39:06:	Annualy on the resilience front,
00:39:06> 00:39:11:	whether it's around route or see rise or heat so.
00:39:11> 00:39:14:	Unfortunately, I think that the capital will flow to the
00:39:14> 00:39:16:	investable projects,
00:39:16> 00:39:18:	meaning if somebody says, well,
00:39:18> 00:39:21:	we'd like to get such and so high rise in
00:39:21> 00:39:22:	Los Angeles back to work.
00:39:22> 00:39:26:	And we think that there's a private sector way to
00:39:26> 00:39:31:	come in and a vendor financed solution that's going to
00:39:31> 00:39:31:	do.
00:39:31> 00:39:34:	Some kind of sensing of employees in some kind of
00:39:34> 00:39:37:	data collection at some kind of daily cleaning and we're
00:39:37> 00:39:40:	going to get a rebate from that from the insurance
00:39:40> 00:39:43:	company. That's going to go to the most investable projects.
00:39:43> 00:39:46:	And so, as in many situations that people who have
00:39:46> 00:39:48:	good access to information,
00:39:48> 00:39:51:	good access to capital, good access to technology will do
00:39:51> 00:39:51:	well.
00:39:51> 00:39:54:	So if your UI member listing for opportunity,
00:39:54> 00:39:57:	those are the kind of places where there's opportunity and
00:39:57> 00:40:00:	Joe and I wrote a case study about a building
00:40:00> 00:40:02:	in New York for 25 Park Ave.
00:40:02> 00:40:04:	Attempting to be the healthiest building in New York and
00:40:04> 00:40:08:	the building like that presumably will attract more tenants
00.40.00 > 00.40.44.	now than even would have before because of the health factor.
00:40:08> 00:40:11:	
00:40:11> 00:40:13:	What does this mean for other populations?
00:40:13> 00:40:16:	For the people who don't have as much money or
00:40:16> 00:40:20:	as much information or as much access to technology?
00:40:20> 00:40:23:	Not good, so if your point of view is how
00:40:23> 00:40:28:	are we thinking about fairness and in policy that's another
00:40:28> 00:40:30:	question to be thought about.
00:40:30> 00:40:32:	Yeah, thank you.
00:40:32> 00:40:37:	So let's circle back. There's a cluster of questions about
00:40:37> 00:40:40:	treatment protocols and cleaning strategies,
00:40:40> 00:40:43:	questions of I think this is for Jove what you

00:40:43> 00:40:44:	think about.
00:40:44> 00:40:48:	You know some of these more high tech solutions like
00:40:48> 00:40:51:	bipolar ionization and electrostatic misters,
00:40:51> 00:40:56:	and advanced filtration systems for ventilation systems.
00:40:56> 00:40:59:	So can you talk a little bit more about those
00:40:59> 00:41:05:	management and maintenance strategies that might be employed at the
00:41:05> 00:41:06:	building level?
00:41:06> 00:41:10:	And what your what? Your take on those are.
00:41:10> 00:41:12:	Yeah, I'm happy too. Good question.
00:41:12> 00:41:13:	Beginning a lot of that too and look.
00:41:13> 00:41:16:	I think there's a role for technology to play.
00:41:16> 00:41:18:	I also think there's a danger in thinking that there's
00:41:18> 00:41:21:	any one silver bullet out there that's going to that's
00:41:21> 00:41:22:	going to solve this for us.
00:41:22> 00:41:24:	And This is why I keep repeating myself on the
00:41:24> 00:41:25:	layered defense approach.
00:41:25> 00:41:27:	It's not going to be a technology alone solution,
00:41:27> 00:41:29:	it's going to come down to the basics.
00:41:29> 00:41:32:	Actually, if you think about all the guidance you hear
00:41:32> 00:41:33:	nowadays about what to do,
00:41:33> 00:41:36:	we're talking bout the public health fundamental of washing your
	your
00:41:36> 00:41:36:	hands,
00:41:36> 00:41:36: 00:41:36> 00:41:37:	
	hands,
00:41:36> 00:41:37:	hands, socials and cover your cough,
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months,
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47: 00:41:47> 00:41:48:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:48> 00:41:51:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:48> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done.
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:51> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52: 00:41:52> 00:41:53:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done. In terms of right now,
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:46: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:51> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52: 00:41:52> 00:41:53: 00:41:53> 00:41:56:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done. In terms of right now, in the near term I mostly been writing about an
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:47: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:51> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52: 00:41:52> 00:41:53: 00:41:53> 00:41:56: 00:41:56> 00:41:59:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done. In terms of right now, in the near term I mostly been writing about an advising people on strategies you can take right now with
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:46: 00:41:47> 00:41:48: 00:41:51> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52: 00:41:52> 00:41:53: 00:41:53> 00:41:56: 00:41:56> 00:41:59: 00:41:59> 00:42:00:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done. In terms of right now, in the near term I mostly been writing about an advising people on strategies you can take right now with what's in your building,
00:41:36> 00:41:37: 00:41:37> 00:41:41: 00:41:41> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:43: 00:41:43> 00:41:44: 00:41:44> 00:41:46: 00:41:46> 00:41:46: 00:41:47> 00:41:47: 00:41:51> 00:41:51: 00:41:51> 00:41:52: 00:41:52> 00:41:53: 00:41:53> 00:41:53: 00:41:56> 00:41:59: 00:41:59> 00:42:00: 00:42:00> 00:42:02:	hands, socials and cover your cough, right? Some of the real basics here so. You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving lately. I think there's we should. We should be thinking about. This is a many months, if not years long problem. So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that need to be done. In terms of right now, in the near term I mostly been writing about an advising people on strategies you can take right now with what's in your building, what's readily available to even take the mask,

00:42:09> 00:42:12:	but I made the recommendation that you should not use
00:42:12> 00:42:12:	a homemade mask,
00:42:12> 00:42:14:	and I made the recommendation is 100%
00:42:14> 00:42:17:	Cotton Mask. Why? Because everyone most people have cotton T
00:42:17> 00:42:20:	shirt in their house and you could even create your
00:42:20> 00:42:21:	own pretty quickly.
00:42:21> 00:42:22:	So I think there's some danger in.
00:42:22> 00:42:24:	And uh, or the potential to say,
00:42:24> 00:42:27:	hey, everyone's gotta chase this one technology and deploy it
00:42:27> 00:42:30:	when when the technologies we have in most of our
00:42:30> 00:42:32:	buildings can be effective right now.
00:42:32> 00:42:33:	So from an engineering standpoint,
00:42:33> 00:42:36:	to control one method mode of transmission,
00:42:36> 00:42:38:	airborne bringing more fresh outdoor air,
00:42:38> 00:42:41:	increasing your filtration to emerge 13 or higher on the
00:42:41> 00:42:43:	recirculated air can help too.
00:42:43> 00:42:47:	Minimize their exposure potential. You can use portable air purifiers.
00:42:47> 00:42:50:	That's a cheap, easily deployable technology.
00:42:50> 00:42:52:	That's your little bit closer,
00:42:52> 00:42:53:	the source, and they've been.
00:42:53> 00:42:56:	They can be effective and like anything you have to
00:42:56> 00:42:59:	use it right and implement it right so,
00:42:59> 00:43:02:	but I don't want to decide the overall strategy that
00:43:02> 00:43:05:	you have to have multiple layers of control so that
00:43:05> 00:43:06:	the global technology again,
00:43:06> 00:43:08:	but it's not. It's not the.
00:43:08> 00:43:09:	It's not a simple answer.
00:43:09> 00:43:13:	And of course with any technology what works maybe in
00:43:13> 00:43:14:	a chamber.
00:43:14> 00:43:16:	It's going to be different depending on how you deploy
00:43:16> 00:43:17:	that,
00:43:17> 00:43:19:	whether or not it actually works in the space and
00:43:19> 00:43:19:	the doc,
00:43:19> 00:43:22:	how much, how much circulated air is going through,
00:43:22> 00:43:25:	what the residence time there is there potential for secondary
00:43:25> 00:43:26:	byproduct formation?
00:43:26> 00:43:28:	Not so straightforward, and you know.
00:43:28> 00:43:31:	Obviously Anderson Consulting it was straightforward as to say to
00:43:31> 00:43:34:	my team we would never get hired because those are

00:43:34> 00:43:34:	easy questions.
00:43:34> 00:43:37:	So there's a reason that at least me and the
00:43:37> 00:43:39:	people I know in this space to do consult with
00:43:39> 00:43:39:	companies.
00:43:39> 00:43:42:	There's a reason they're coming out and asking us to
00:43:42> 00:43:42:	evaluate.
00:43:42> 00:43:45:	This is not a straightforward question by any means.
00:43:45> 00:43:46:	Uh huh.
00:43:49> 00:43:52:	Great thank you. OK, so our next top question and
00:43:52> 00:43:56:	then I might take moderate are privileged and ask another
00:43:56> 00:43:57:	question and just a sack.
00:43:57> 00:44:00:	But there's a question in the top that says it
00:44:00> 00:44:03:	best in class protocol for mitigation,
00:44:03> 00:44:08:	identification and containment of covid cases and coliving coworking facilities.
00:44:08> 00:44:09:	What does that look like?
00:44:09> 00:44:13:	And I saw another question further down that looked at,
00:44:13> 00:44:17:	you know, sort of. How do you deal with?
00:44:17> 00:44:21:	The legal and ethical issues around notification of building occupants.
00:44:21> 00:44:23:	I don't know if this is a question that you
00:44:23> 00:44:25:	guys feel like you can answer,
00:44:25> 00:44:27:	but if you have thoughts let us know.
00:44:30> 00:44:32:	Sure, so you know, I don't think I would weigh
00:44:32> 00:44:34:	in on the legal side.
00:44:34> 00:44:37:	I think there are ethical considerations we can all talk
00:44:37> 00:44:40:	about in terms of potentially around stigma.
00:44:40> 00:44:42:	Who has it, if that stigmatized one way or who
00:44:42> 00:44:45:	gets it and maybe then gets an all clear pass
00:44:45> 00:44:48:	and others don't and it creates some stigma there too.
00:44:48> 00:44:50:	So yeah, I I don't think I'd way on the
00:44:51> 00:44:52:	legal part at all.
00:44:52> 00:44:53:	I will say this, you know,
00:44:53> 00:44:56:	 I've been an expert for plaintiffs and defense for
00:44:56> 00:44:57:	many years.
00:44:57> 00:45:00:	I I do expert work for the courts.
00:45:00> 00:45:03:	And I think we should expect that there will be
00:45:03> 00:45:04:	lawsuits around this.
00:45:04> 00:45:08:	In fact, I've already seen information to regard already about
00:45:08> 00:45:10:	what what the responsibility,
00:45:10> 00:45:14:	what's the legal responsibility? What are you doing to protect
00:45:15> 00:45:15:	your people?

00:45:15> 00:45:17:	So that is not a legal opinion.
00:45:17> 00:45:20:	It is my opinion. Having been an expert,
00:45:20> 00:45:22:	that this for the courts,
00:45:22> 00:45:26:	that this will undoubtedly result in unfortunately get many lawsuits.
00:45:29> 00:45:32:	Giant if taken that.
00:45:32> 00:45:36:	Medication identification and containment of Covid cases Co.
00:45:36> 00:45:41:	Living working facilities not in the cool living would switch
00:45:41> 00:45:43:	to the contract issue.
00:45:43> 00:45:47:	Almost every contract in the world is now in default,
00:45:47> 00:45:49:	so that will be a very long issue.
00:45:49> 00:45:51:	Trying to figure out who owns what,
00:45:51> 00:45:54:	to whom and even enforce measure clauses.
00:45:54> 00:45:59:	Sometimes you get relief and sometimes you get compensation and.
00:45:59> 00:46:02:	It's not going to be very clear for a very
00:46:02> 00:46:04:	long time how that works and.
00:46:04> 00:46:06:	If tenants get some kind of rent holiday,
00:46:06> 00:46:09:	what does that mean for landlords and mortgage holders?
00:46:09> 00:46:11:	So that's not our area of expertise.
00:46:11> 00:46:14:	There are plenty of people on the call who are
00:46:14> 00:46:15:	thinking about that.
00:46:15> 00:46:19:	Yeah, well, let's take deeper into the gotcha.
00:46:19> 00:46:22:	Well, I'm just going to answer that answer that maybe
00:46:22> 00:46:24:	the first part of the question on the legal but
00:46:24> 00:46:28:	just mentioned a challenge with this virus in particular why
00:46:28> 00:46:31:	it's certainly it's deadly, and it's spreading quite easily.
00:46:31> 00:46:34:	That question of, well, what do we do with people?
00:46:34> 00:46:38:	Self quarantine, self isolation? I think probably everyone of your
00:46:38> 00:46:41:	listeners know that one of the challenges here is that
00:46:41> 00:46:43:	we have asymptomatic transmission occurring.
00:46:43> 00:46:46:	So the way to approach this is not is is
00:46:46> 00:46:48:	to act like you have it and you might infect
00:46:48> 00:46:49:	others so.
00:46:49> 00:46:51:	This is going to involve a lot of social trust.
00:46:51> 00:46:54:	You bring your cop is social trust washing your hands
00:46:54> 00:46:54:	free,
00:46:54> 00:46:56:	that social trust, wearing mask in public.
00:46:56> 00:46:59:	That's social trust. And so if we're going to go
00:46:59> 00:47:01:	back to work and start Re populate our buildings were
00:47:01> 00:47:04:	all going to act as though we have the potential
00:47:04> 00:47:06:	to get many other people sick.

00:47:06> 00:47:08:	And I think if we walk into a building with
00:47:08> 00:47:08:	that frame,
00:47:08> 00:47:10:	not know who is sick and going to affect me.
00:47:10> 00:47:12:	But what is my responsibility?
00:47:12> 00:47:14:	Everyone else in this building that can go along way
00:47:14> 00:47:17:	to changing some behaviors and approaches to how we do
00:47:17> 00:47:17:	this?
00:47:17> 00:47:18:	The building will do its job,
00:47:18> 00:47:21:	but healthy building strategies. But people have to do their
00:47:21> 00:47:23:	job to this is this is a social pact.
00:47:25> 00:47:28:	Right absolutely.
00:47:28> 00:47:31:	Can I ask a question just jumping in here on
00:47:31> 00:47:35:	and expanding on a question that was asked by Benjamin
00:47:35> 00:47:39:	Marcum about the way that Covid has exposed inequality in
00:47:39> 00:47:42:	our society and a lot of the strategies I know
00:47:42> 00:47:47:	we've talked about some low cost strategies and individual strategies,
00:47:47> 00:47:51:	but some of the other ones potentially have some costs
00:47:51> 00:47:54:	attached to them and just wanted to get your thoughts
00:47:54> 00:47:58:	on how we can make sure that healthy building strategies
00:47:58> 00:48:02:	are accessible to everyone. And that they're not sort of
00:48:02> 00:48:03:	the domain of the affluent.
00:48:03> 00:48:06:	Are those people that are most able to pay?
00:48:06> 00:48:08:	I mean, I think the last thing that all of
00:48:08> 00:48:11:	us want to create a situation where you know we're
00:48:11> 00:48:15:	we're we're creating healthy environments only for the wealthy,
00:48:15> 00:48:18:	so John. Or to do you have thoughts on that?
00:48:18> 00:48:19:	And are there, you know,
00:48:19> 00:48:23:	sort of Co funding models or other things that we
00:48:23> 00:48:24:	could be exploring?
00:48:24> 00:48:28:	Or I can take a stab at that and.
00:48:28> 00:48:30:	It's obviously a huge global question.
00:48:30> 00:48:33:	It's one thing to be a lawyer in New York
00:48:33> 00:48:35:	who can work from your apartment.
00:48:35> 00:48:38:	It's another thing to be a hour by hour laborer
00:48:39> 00:48:41:	in Delhi or Mumbai who needs to go out to
00:48:41> 00:48:44:	work to be able to survive and to be able
00:48:44> 00:48:47:	to eat and doesn't have a place to shelter.
00:48:47> 00:48:51:	So like a lot of things in.
00:48:51> 00:48:54:	Environment and climate that people with The Who are the
00:48:54> 00:48:58:	most vulnerable are the most vulnerable that at least resilient,

00:48:58> 00:49:01:	whether it's about flooding in in Bangladesh or about covid
00:49:01> 00:49:02:	and healthy buildings.
00:49:02> 00:49:05:	One of the general benefits of healthy buildings is,
00:49:05> 00:49:09:	for the most part they aren't very expensive and most
00:49:09> 00:49:09:	of the time,
00:49:09> 00:49:12:	as you've heard, Joe say the recommendation is run the
00:49:13> 00:49:14:	stupid fans change.
00:49:14> 00:49:16:	The filters don't cheap out and save 2 pennies on
00:49:17> 00:49:20:	electricity because you're keeping the windows closed when you could
00:49:21> 00:49:22:	be saving thousands of dollars.
00:49:22> 00:49:25:	And in health by.
00:49:25> 00:49:31:	Run the building healthier. The second aspect is probably one
00:49:31> 00:49:32:	of.
00:49:32> 00:49:36:	Similar to lots of other issues where there are kind
00:49:36> 00:49:37:	of three.
00:49:37> 00:49:40:	Broad outcomes one is that there's some kind of regulation
00:49:40> 00:49:41:	like government,
00:49:41> 00:49:43:	like makes a law. For example,
00:49:43> 00:49:48:	eventually United States pretty much required sprinklers in every high
00:49:48> 00:49:52:	rise building because that was a matter of health.
00:49:52> 00:49:55:	Or government writes a check and government in the United
00:49:55> 00:49:57:	States typically has gone out and said yes,
00:49:57> 00:50:01:	we're going to have a working sanitation system because that's
00:50:01> 00:50:02:	better for public health.
00:50:02> 00:50:06:	So those are both phenomena where governments that have some
00:50:06> 00:50:06:	consensus.
00:50:06> 00:50:10:	Emphasize consensus, make a law that people agree on or
00:50:10> 00:50:13:	finance something and there's I think going to be still
00:50:13> 00:50:17:	plenty of opportunity to fund those kind of opportunities in
00:50:17> 00:50:20:	the emerging world. They do a lot of work at
00:50:20> 00:50:22:	HPS now in Africa and Latin America,
00:50:22> 00:50:24:	and look at those kinds of issues.
00:50:24> 00:50:27:	The second is that.
00:50:27> 00:50:30:	Private sector sees its way too.
00:50:30> 00:50:32:	A reason to invest in some of these things.
00:50:32> 00:50:36:	So suppose you're very large employer of relatively low wage
00:50:36> 00:50:39:	people like a Walmart of the Postal Service or Amazon
00:50:39> 00:50:40:	or CVS.

00:50:40> 00:50:41:	Aetna to name a few.
00:50:41> 00:50:44:	It doesn't really do you much good to have your
00:50:44> 00:50:45:	people be sick,
00:50:45> 00:50:48:	and you could imagine those kind of employers having a
00:50:48> 00:50:52:	supplement for people at their home to say will supplement
00:50:52> 00:50:54:	your rent or will help you get a air quality
00:50:54> 00:50:58:	monitor will help you get a air purifier or something
00:50:58> 00:51:00:	like that if it's going to help you.
00:51:00> 00:51:02:	I'd be healthier and work better,
00:51:02> 00:51:06:	particularly because we're going to so reduce our healthcare costs,
00:51:06> 00:51:07:	not just beyond the sniffles,
00:51:07> 00:51:09:	and beyond the occasional.
00:51:11> 00:51:14:	In case the seasonal flu are beyond these really debilitating
00:51:14> 00:51:17:	diseases like covid that it's going to be worth our
00:51:17> 00:51:17:	while,
00:51:17> 00:51:20:	I guess you could imagine the situation like that.
00:51:20> 00:51:22:	So one is that.
00:51:22> 00:51:26:	Good government that's.
00:51:26> 00:51:29:	In which people have confidence makes a lot or spend
00:51:29> 00:51:30:	some money.
00:51:30> 00:51:32:	The second is private sector sees its way to invest
00:51:32> 00:51:34:	in some of these things.
00:51:34> 00:51:36:	Or you can even extend that and say MSN Boston.
00:51:36> 00:51:39:	Wouldn't it make sense for big employers like mass,
00:51:39> 00:51:43:	general and Harvard infidelity to help the transit system to
00:51:43> 00:51:46:	sterilize all their buses and subways and regular basis because
00:51:46> 00:51:48:	it helps your players work better.
00:51:48> 00:51:51:	There could be. You can imagine the transfer that way,
00:51:51> 00:51:55:	particularly in a time of I really digressed into infrastructure,
00:51:55> 00:51:57:	finance, place. We're not just.
00:51:57> 00:51:59:	Any interest in pools somewhere through taxes,
00:51:59> 00:52:02:	but you're applying it directly with cashless transfers right?
00:52:02> 00:52:05:	To the cleaning of that individual subway car.
00:52:05> 00:52:09:	The third alternative, after government writes a check and makes
00:52:09> 00:52:11:	the law or private sector,
00:52:11> 00:52:13:	sees its way to support these things is chaos.
00:52:13> 00:52:16:	Free for all, like we're seeing now in cobit of
00:52:16> 00:52:18:	every state for itself,
00:52:18> 00:52:22:	or we're seeing internationally every nation for itself.
00:52:22> 00:52:24:	One would think that when we have a virus like

00:52:24> 00:52:25:	this that's attacking all of humanity,
00:52:25> 00:52:27:	that all of humanity would attack it together.
00:52:27> 00:52:32:	That doesn't seem to be their approach at the moment.
00:52:32> 00:52:34:	So a lot of my work is about is how
00:52:34> 00:52:37:	private sector funders can find their way to see fit
00:52:37> 00:52:39:	to fund some of these things and you see it
00:52:39> 00:52:42:	quite a bit, notably in the emerging world,
00:52:42> 00:52:46:	notably in sanitation, because it's so clear that better sanitation
00:52:46> 00:52:48:	leads to direct public health outcomes,
00:52:48> 00:52:52:	that funders and governments will spend money up front even
00:52:52> 00:52:56:	to public private partnerships for water treatment and sanitation,
00:52:56> 00:52:59:	they can find the capital and they can incent the
00:52:59> 00:53:02:	private sector to find the capital with with.
00:53:02> 00:53:07:	Essentially, with the equivalent of power purchase agreement for sanitation
00:53:07> 00:53:08:	to do these things,
00:53:08> 00:53:11:	and I think that with the amount of capital in
00:53:11> 00:53:11:	the world,
00:53:11> 00:53:15:	the amount of need in the lack of.
00:53:15> 00:53:17:	Of.
00:53:17> 00:53:21:	Consensus in the part of governments that some of those
00:53:21> 00:53:25:	opportunities will both be necessary and also be available.
00:53:25> 00:53:28:	And so we've got questions down below that are looking
00:53:28> 00:53:29:	at sort of.
00:53:29> 00:53:30:	What are the, you know,
00:53:30> 00:53:32:	sort of covered some of this,
00:53:32> 00:53:34:	but on the building level,
00:53:34> 00:53:37:	what are the some of the lower cost options that
00:53:37> 00:53:42:	maybe smaller businesses like restaurants and other folks can should
00:53:42> 00:53:45:	be considering when it comes to protective measures in their
00:53:45> 00:53:47:	space?
00:53:47> 00:53:50:	Yeah, I think John. I think we've talked about this
00:53:50> 00:53:52:	a bunch of John hit on it right there that
00:53:52> 00:53:55:	that I think it's a total false premise that healthy
00:53:55> 00:53:58:	buildings are expelled, expensive buildings or just not.
00:53:58> 00:54:00:	Any way you look at it just in terms of
00:54:00> 00:54:00:	real cost.
00:54:00> 00:54:03:	And once you factor in the help and another cognition,
00:54:03> 00:54:05:	benefits and otherwise it overwhelms it.

00:54:05> 00:54:07:	I I think what where that this change so so
00:54:08> 00:54:11:	anyway there there are really simple low-cost strategies could prove
00:54:11> 00:54:13:	you can do to improve your health.
00:54:13> 00:54:15:	And importantly being just COVID-19 right now.
00:54:15> 00:54:16:	What else you have to do?
00:54:16> 00:54:20:	That's beyond the building. To improve the health or maybe
00:54:20> 00:54:22:	reopen your restaurant eventually,
00:54:22> 00:54:24:	or think about your salon or whatever it is that
00:54:24> 00:54:26:	you that you have to reopen.
00:54:26> 00:54:29:	We're working with some really interesting companies right now that
00:54:29> 00:54:32:	are in places that are really difficult to think about
00:54:32> 00:54:34:	reopening out of Europe in schools.
00:54:34> 00:54:36:	How do we open reopen theater or sports?
00:54:36> 00:54:39:	I mean these are challenging questions but really confident we
00:54:39> 00:54:39:	can.
00:54:39> 00:54:42:	We can deploy these strategies and get anything back.
00:54:42> 00:54:44:	Really I do. I think we can have a road
00:54:44> 00:54:45:	map for any industry to come back.
00:54:45> 00:54:48:	I'm actually I'm quite confident in that.
00:54:48> 00:54:50:	Here's what has to change though.
00:54:50> 00:54:53:	We're grossly under investing in public health,
00:54:53> 00:54:54:	right? I think most people.
00:54:54> 00:54:57:	This is the first time they thought of public health
00:54:57> 00:54:57:	this outbreak,
00:54:57> 00:55:00:	right? So it's good, it's public health moment.
00:55:00> 00:55:03:	But the challenge in public health has been forever.
00:55:03> 00:55:05:	But no one invests in public health because we say
00:55:05> 00:55:08:	in public health and public health works works,
00:55:08> 00:55:11:	nothing happens, and so it's hard to invest in things
00:55:11> 00:55:14:	when you think when you don't see the tangible benefit.
00:55:14> 00:55:16:	And so even in the building were doing things that
00:55:17> 00:55:19:	are based on engineering code minimums.
00:55:19> 00:55:21:	But rarely are we thinking about public health.
00:55:21> 00:55:25:	The preventative benefits to taking these precautionary steps to design,
00:55:25> 00:55:29:	operate and maintain our buildings better and that really,
00:55:29> 00:55:30:	really has to change it.
00:55:30> 00:55:33:	When I think about any organization you know,
00:55:33> 00:55:35:	think about the company you work in,
00:55:35> 00:55:38:	who's responsible for your health.

00:55:38> 00:55:39:	Is it HR? You know,
00:55:39> 00:55:40:	if I said who's responsible for energy,
00:55:40> 00:55:42:	you know?
00:55:42> 00:55:44:	Who's responsible for your help?
00:55:44> 00:55:45:	Is it the CEO is HR?
00:55:45> 00:55:47:	Who do you turn to for that?
00:55:47> 00:55:50:	And I would argue it's everybody's responsibility,
00:55:50> 00:55:52:	but the fact that we probably don't even know that
00:55:52> 00:55:55:	answer to the question in your organization tells you a
00:55:55> 00:55:58:	lot about our current approach and how we think about
00:55:58> 00:56:01:	health and public health and preventive measures.
00:56:01> 00:56:04:	It's an expense we don't really see the benefits.
00:56:04> 00:56:06:	It's hard to quantify. You know John was sick from
00:56:06> 00:56:07:	work in February.
00:56:07> 00:56:11:	Well, was that because of the buildings that are responsible?
00:56:11> 00:56:12:	He just got sick or so?
00:56:12> 00:56:14:	It's hard to quantify all of these things.
00:56:14> 00:56:16:	But we know the evidence is deep,
00:56:16> 00:56:19:	decades deep. That healthy building strategies lead to better,
00:56:19> 00:56:21:	fewer sick sick building symptoms syndrome,
00:56:21> 00:56:25:	fewer sick building symptoms, lowered factious disease
	transmission,
00:56:25> 00:56:27:	better cognitive function. The list goes on and on and
00:56:28> 00:56:28:	on,
00:56:28> 00:56:29:	so the benefits are there.
00:56:29> 00:56:32:	They're just enterprise wide, and today it just hasn't been
00:56:32> 00:56:33:	prioritized.
00:56:33> 00:56:34:	It's a real source of frustration.
00:56:34> 00:56:36:	Fell as they got animated,
00:56:36> 00:56:38:	but it's a source of frustration we've had in public
00:56:38> 00:56:41:	health forever that we under invest and you asked about
00:56:41> 00:56:44:	these communities that are bearing the brunt of this.
00:56:44> 00:56:46:	That's an underinvestment in public health too,
00:56:46> 00:56:47:	so you're seeing that in.
00:56:47> 00:56:51:	All scales within a building within an organization and and
00:56:51> 00:56:54:	within countries and regions and across countries.
00:56:54> 00:56:56:	Yeah, so let me just while we're there,
00:56:56> 00:56:58:	why don't we talk about you know?
00:56:58> 00:57:00:	What do you guys see as the role of the
00:57:00> 00:57:01:	real estate industry?
00:57:01> 00:57:05:	And you know, really, thinking about bolstering those public health
00:57:05> 00:57:09:	efforts and you know helping to ensure that something like

00:57:09> 00:57:12:	this pandemic doesn't happen again at this kind of scale.
00:57:12> 00:57:15:	So folks on the call or private sector leaders and
00:57:15> 00:57:16:	real estate folks.
00:57:16> 00:57:18:	So what? What is the rule that you?
00:57:18> 00:57:20:	That you think would be most helpful for us and
00:57:20> 00:57:21:	for them.
00:57:23> 00:57:26:	Well, you know we stayed right in the book and
00:57:26> 00:57:27:	I think it's more true than ever.
00:57:27> 00:57:29:	Sorry John still fired up it's,
00:57:29> 00:57:32:	you know. Say the decisions we make today regarding our
00:57:32> 00:57:35:	buildings will determine our collective health for generation,
00:57:35> 00:57:37:	and that sounds like something a professor would say,
00:57:37> 00:57:39:	and it sounds wild. But you know,
00:57:39> 00:57:41:	it's the truth, and I think we're all probably recognizing
00:57:42> 00:57:42:	that right now.
00:57:42> 00:57:44:	So if you're in the real estate business,
00:57:44> 00:57:46:	you're actually in the health care business.
00:57:46> 00:57:49:	You have responsibility for the health of everyone in your
00:57:49> 00:57:49:	building,
00:57:49> 00:57:51:	and if you take these simple steps,
00:57:51> 00:57:53:	I think we make quite a compelling case based on
00:57:53> 00:57:55:	the science based on the business science that this is
00:57:55> 00:57:58:	a good investment for you and actually leads to returns
00:57:58> 00:58:00:	on your building. So it's not even no ones asked
00:58:00> 00:58:01:	me to spend money,
00:58:01> 00:58:03:	don't even recruit you, recoup that money.
00:58:03> 00:58:07:	In multiple, so I think it makes sense if you
00:58:07> 00:58:11:	think about that role in changing from.
00:58:11> 00:58:13:	How you think about your building in terms of a
00:58:13> 00:58:15:	health promotion tool that will go a long way to
00:58:15> 00:58:17:	improving conditions for everybody.
00:58:19> 00:58:22:	And argue that there are two ways to answer the
00:58:22> 00:58:23:	question.
00:58:23> 00:58:24:	One is as a collective answer,
00:58:24> 00:58:29:	collective action problem and one is as an information
	dissemination
00:58:29> 00:58:29:	problem.
00:58:29> 00:58:33:	So if more collective action problem
00:58:33> 00:58:37:	Rose, industry is influential.
00:58:37> 00:58:40:	Voice in global economy in the United States economy,
00:58:40> 00:58:44:	and there's often cohesion around some building code issues.

00:58:44> 00:58:47:	Certainly on tax issues in real estate.
00:58:47> 00:58:49:	And if it was felt in a city or a
00:58:49> 00:58:53:	state that it was really important to have XYZ thing
00:58:53> 00:58:56:	accomplished from a regulatory point of view or from a
00:58:56> 00:59:00:	public transit point of view that a number of important
00:59:00> 00:59:04:	real estate leaders skiing together might be able to influence
00:59:04> 00:59:05:	that,
00:59:05> 00:59:07:	we've seen it before, whether it's in.
00:59:07> 00:59:11:	In zoning or in various regulations you would also be
00:59:11> 00:59:15:	possible for owners to contribute or investors to contribute the
00:59:15> 00:59:18:	way you see business improvement districts and so forth.
00:59:18> 00:59:22:	The second is as an information dissemination question.
00:59:22> 00:59:26:	This is a gigantic industry by Symmetra largest industry in
00:59:26> 00:59:26:	the world,
00:59:26> 00:59:31:	and hugely fragmented mystery were the largest players haven't immeasurably
00:59:31> 00:59:32:	small market share,
00:59:32> 00:59:35:	and the sort of big thinker elite tends to be
00:59:35> 00:59:38:	in the global financial centers in.
00:59:38> 00:59:40:	In Tokyo or Frankfurt or New York or Mumbai or
00:59:40> 00:59:41:	Shanghai,
00:59:41> 00:59:44:	and you see that the most awful tenants who have
00:59:44> 00:59:46:	a big balance sheet and a very long runway.
00:59:46> 00:59:49:	Doing some creative things with some of the big most
00:59:49> 00:59:50:	awful landlords.
00:59:50> 00:59:54:	How does that then percolate out from Boston and Philadelphia
00:59:54> 00:59:57:	and Washington out into smaller places in smaller cities?
00:59:57> 01:00:00:	Until your prototypical mom and pop who own a couple
01:00:00> 01:00:03:	strip malls and maybe some apartment buildings?
01:00:03> 01:00:06:	Well, that's happened over and over and over again in
01:00:06> 01:00:06:	our industry.
01:00:06> 01:00:09:	Whether it's around. Air conditioning elevators,
01:00:09> 01:00:13:	rubber roofs, Fire Protection, lots of things that are green
01:00:13> 01:00:14:	buildings for example.
01:00:14> 01:00:16:	It's taken 25 years, but at least most people are
01:00:16> 01:00:19:	aware there's a concept of green buildings,
01:00:19> 01:00:23:	so. Twitter organization has both a collective action opportunity to
01:00:23> 01:00:26:	speak with one voice that it can organize,
01:00:26> 01:00:27:	that voice, which is not a given,
01:00:27> 01:00:30:	and secondarily to help disseminate best practices.

01:00:30> 01:00:32:	That's why Joe and I wrote this book,
01:00:32> 01:00:35:	and that's why we've written our teaching case studies to
01:00:36> 01:00:39:	help people think about the really compelling opportunities to provide
01:00:39> 01:00:41:	better environments with simple,
01:00:41> 01:00:43:	healthy building solutions in now,
01:00:43> 01:00:45:	in COVID-19 with more complex,
01:00:45> 01:00:47:	healthy buildings, healthy building solutions.
01:00:50> 01:00:52:	Great.
01:00:52> 01:00:55:	Alright, well we just have a few more minutes and
01:00:55> 01:00:58:	let me just run through some of these sort of
01:00:58> 01:01:01:	more tactical things and then and then we'll wrap with
01:01:01> 01:01:03:	a with a big picture question,
01:01:03> 01:01:06:	but we've gotten some upvotes on this question about touch
01:01:06> 01:01:07:	lists,
01:01:07> 01:01:10:	feature security features, or or door handles.
01:01:10> 01:01:12:	I think Joe you mentioned this little earlier,
01:01:12> 01:01:17:	but what? What is the future of touchless options within
01:01:17> 01:01:20:	offices or residential buildings?
01:01:20> 01:01:22:	Well, I think that I've been having a lot of
01:01:22> 01:01:23:	those conversations.
01:01:23> 01:01:25:	I. I think it's clear if you're thinking about the
01:01:25> 01:01:27:	kind of improvements you want to make that people that
01:01:27> 01:01:30:	would reassure people that also can help in the risk
01:01:30> 01:01:32:	mitigation. That's one right. We know this virus could spread.
01:01:32> 01:01:35:	I mean how many people have been to grocery store
01:01:35> 01:01:35:	lately?
01:01:35> 01:01:37:	I bet you're doing things differently.
01:01:37> 01:01:39:	You open the door with your elbow now probably,
01:01:39> 01:01:40:	or if your foot if you have to go into
01:01:40> 01:01:41:	rest or something,
01:01:41> 01:01:44:	you might be putting your something over your sleeve over
01:01:44> 01:01:45:	your hand to open the door.
01:01:45> 01:01:47:	So I think people would be looking for those kind
01:01:47> 01:01:49:	of touch list environments,
01:01:49> 01:01:52:	particularly in the bathroom. So I expect we'll see a
01:01:52> 01:01:53:	lot more of that,
01:01:53> 01:01:54:	yeah?
01:01:54> 01:01:57:	OK, and then we talked a lot about office,
01:01:57> 01:02:01:	but is there anything that is particularly sort of deferential
01:02:01> 01:02:05:	about residential real estate in terms of property management,
01:02:05> 01:02:09:	technology design? What changes do you foresee for the

	residential
01:02:09> 01:02:10:	sector?
01:02:13> 01:02:16:	It can take that with respect to the longer view.
01:02:16> 01:02:17:	Obviously in the short view,
01:02:17> 01:02:21:	people need to be really careful about the doors and
01:02:21> 01:02:22:	the elevators in the air.
01:02:22> 01:02:23:	In the longer term.
01:02:26> 01:02:28:	I think we're going to see a propagation of what
01:02:29> 01:02:30:	I mentioned earlier.
01:02:30> 01:02:33:	The ability of individual people that have their own air
01:02:33> 01:02:34:	quality monitors.
01:02:34> 01:02:37:	And you can tell in your own kitchen your apartment
01:02:37> 01:02:40:	or your own living room what the particulars are.
01:02:40> 01:02:43:	Wet some other biologics are what some of the gases
01:02:43> 01:02:43:	are,
01:02:43> 01:02:46:	and you can share that information in real time.
01:02:46> 01:02:49:	If you want to, with a lot of people out
01:02:49> 01:02:51:	in the cloud with time series data.
01:02:51> 01:02:55:	And as people get more and more aware of.
01:02:55> 01:02:58:	Public of healthy buildings, in particular in in virus time.
01:02:58> 01:03:01:	They'll be thinking about the building health,
01:03:01> 01:03:02:	not just as an abstraction.
01:03:02> 01:03:04:	Like do I smell my neighbors cooking,
01:03:04> 01:03:07:	but also is building gonna keep me healthier if you
01:03:07> 01:03:10:	couple that with the many places in the world where
01:03:10> 01:03:12:	the outdoor air is dirtier than the indoor air,
01:03:12> 01:03:16:	you get another generation of application of that information.
01:03:16> 01:03:18:	So in the United States building codes,
01:03:18> 01:03:21:	we assume that the outdoor air cleaners and indoor and
01:03:21> 01:03:23:	we call for certain amount of air changes.
01:03:23> 01:03:26:	That doesn't necessarily apply.
01:03:26> 01:03:29:	Outside the cover time in Shanghai or Delhi in Mexico
01:03:29> 01:03:31:	City or Jakarta or even parts of Los Angeles.
01:03:31> 01:03:34:	So if informed consumers are starting to share with each
01:03:34> 01:03:37:	other what the conditions are in this Department,
01:03:37> 01:03:39:	there bout to render this condo there about to buy.
01:03:39> 01:03:42:	This is a whole another level of information that they
01:03:42> 01:03:44:	never had before five years ago.
01:03:44> 01:03:46:	If you want to know into air quality,
01:03:46> 01:03:48:	you had to hire industrial hygienist.
01:03:48> 01:03:49:	They brought this big tank.
01:03:49> 01:03:52:	They went off to the lab and they came back.

01:03:52> 01:03:55:	In the information conjusts the building manager
01:03:55> 01:04:00:	In the information, say with the building manager, now it's democratized. And if people are thinking about.
01:04:00> 01:04:03:	
	Restaurant reservations in OpenTable or Yelp or all the ones that don't even know about.
01:04:03> 01:04:05:	
01:04:05> 01:04:08:	They'll be thinking even more about buildings this way.
01:04:08> 01:04:10:	And as the economy slows down,
01:04:10> 01:04:12:	the people who have a check who can actually pay
01:04:12> 01:04:15:	rent and cover a mortgage will have a buyers market
01:04:15> 01:04:16:	in that regard.
01:04:16> 01:04:19:	So I think that there's going to be a tremendous
01:04:19> 01:04:22:	change in peoples selectivity about the kind of buildings they
01:04:23> 01:04:25:	think are going to be healthy with respect to.
01:04:25> 01:04:29:	Both viruses can also particulates and gases in the future
01:04:29> 01:04:30:	and that.
01:04:30> 01:04:32:	Condo developers in their apartment building,
01:04:32> 01:04:35:	constructors in particular will have to be aware of that,
01:04:35> 01:04:39:	or they'll have a building this effectively.
01:04:39> 01:04:41:	I'm in no fly list because people said I want
01:04:41> 01:04:41:	to go there.
01:04:41> 01:04:42:	It's not a healthy building.
01:04:45> 01:04:48:	Alright, well as we wrap I'll just ask questions.
01:04:48> 01:04:51:	You're building. Your book came out today.
01:04:51> 01:04:54:	Any special instructions for people on where to find it
01:04:54> 01:04:56:	or how to get it?
01:04:56> 01:04:59:	And we've gotten a question about whether or not you'll
01:04:59> 01:05:01:	be adding any content,
01:05:01> 01:05:05:	or, you know, releasing any special sections as specific to
01:05:05> 01:05:08:	COVID-19 or sort of current pandemic.
01:05:08> 01:05:11:	So Joe, let me take her first and then you
01:05:11> 01:05:12:	can take a second.
01:05:12> 01:05:14:	The publishers, Harvard University press.
01:05:14> 01:05:18:	However, I personally I'm a big fan of independent bookstores,
01:05:18> 01:05:21:	and if you have a local independent bookstore,
01:05:21> 01:05:24:	they almost certainly can help you order this book today.
01:05:24> 01:05:26:	So I actually advocate for that.
01:05:26> 01:05:28:	The second around the add on is that a lot
01:05:28> 01:05:31:	of the work that Joe and I do is also
01:05:31> 01:05:32:	about cities and urbanization,
01:05:32> 01:05:35:	and we think there are extensions beyond healthy,
01:05:35> 01:05:39:	healthy buildings into what makes for healthy Metropolis from
	the
01:05:39> 01:05:42:	point of view of can we get clean air can

01:05:42> 01:05:42:	get clean.
01:05:42> 01:05:45:	Can we get sunshine? Can we get ventilation alot of
01:05:45> 01:05:49:	which would have ameliorated the problems with the wet market
01:05:49> 01:05:51:	in Wuhan or of Liberia in West Point in Liberia
01:05:51> 01:05:55:	where Ebola came from? If you just had.
01:05:55> 01:05:58:	More open streets that add ventilation in a lot of
01:05:58> 01:06:01:	these can be paid for with public health savings,
01:06:01> 01:06:04:	so that's probably the next add on for the team
01:06:04> 01:06:08:	in Joe courses working specifically with his colleagues at the
01:06:08> 01:06:11:	School of Public Health around the pandemic,
01:06:11> 01:06:14:	so I'll let you finish on that.
01:06:14> 01:06:16:	Yeah thanks that's great and so and the one stop
01:06:16> 01:06:17:	shop for our book.
01:06:17> 01:06:20:	Not to for Johns Point or find your local seller.
01:06:20> 01:06:24:	We create a website called healthy buildings book healthybuildingsbook.com and
01:06:24> 01:06:27:	we actually have links to an indilinx if you find
01:06:27> 01:06:28:	a find a local bookstore.
01:06:28> 01:06:31:	That's great. My local bookstores on there too.
01:06:31> 01:06:32:	If you want to buy from them.
01:06:32> 01:06:35:	We also have links to the for the main booksellers
01:06:35> 01:06:35:	online,
01:06:35> 01:06:37:	so you can find the local shop that way.
01:06:37> 01:06:41:	It healthybuildingsbook.com alright, so I sound like salesperson there.
01:06:41> 01:06:44:	Sorry yeah. So so on the question of what else
01:06:44> 01:06:44:	you know.
01:06:44> 01:06:47:	I've been writing a lot and I'll give you another
01:06:47> 01:06:47:	resource.
01:06:47> 01:06:51:	My healthy buildings program and harvest at fourhealth.org Forc help
01:06:51> 01:06:52:	I have,
01:06:52> 01:06:54:	I think 9 OP EDS published in the last three
01:06:54> 01:06:54:	weeks,
01:06:54> 01:06:56:	USA in New York Times,
01:06:56> 01:06:58:	Washington Post all on on distilling that signs of the
01:06:59> 01:06:59:	simple tips,
01:06:59> 01:07:01:	all of its there on that website.
01:07:01> 01:07:04:	Also we have a specific page related to COVID-19.
01:07:04> 01:07:06:	You can find that you can navigate that several ways
01:07:07> 01:07:07:	to get there,
01:07:07> 01:07:10:	but has tips for you there including all the science

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01:07:10> 01:07:12:	and peer reviewed research.
01:07:12> 01:07:13:	If you really want to dive deep,
01:07:13> 01:07:16:	we have. A whole bunch of how to choose what
01:07:16> 01:07:17:	to do in your home,
01:07:17> 01:07:19:	how to clean your electronics and also the section in
01:07:19> 01:07:20:	case you're trying to find it.
01:07:20> 01:07:22:	You know it's a fire hose of information.
01:07:22> 01:07:24:	How do you figure out what's real and not so
01:07:24> 01:07:26:	we have a link through voices we trust.
01:07:26> 01:07:29:	So these are scientists I know first hand and trust.
01:07:29> 01:07:31:	Well in the information there giving out so you can
01:07:31> 01:07:33:	visit voices we trust section to find some other people
01:07:33> 01:07:35:	to listen to besides besides here in John and I
01:07:35> 01:07:37:	talked today. The other thing John,
01:07:37> 01:07:39:	you know we mentioned in terms of what else is
01:07:39> 01:07:41:	coming so we have the book and will there be
01:07:41> 01:07:42:	any additions?
01:07:42> 01:07:45:	Johns talking, Lawrence Farm big Picture but we were
	thinking
01:07:45> 01:07:47:	about going next together in this collaboration.
01:07:47> 01:07:50:	Any more immediate future? A lot of what we talked
01:07:50> 01:07:53:	about today will show up in Harvard Business Review article
01:07:53> 01:07:56:	that comes out either this week or next.
01:07:56> 01:07:59:	John, I did a podcast with Harvard Business School that
01:07:59> 01:08:01:	I think comes out this week called Cold Call and
01:08:01> 01:08:04:	maybe there's one or two others that are coming.
01:08:04> 01:08:07:	John, that yeah. Anyway, there's a lot that we had
01:08:07> 01:08:07:	to tell.
01:08:07> 01:08:10:	We have a piece coming out in Urban Land magazine
01:08:10> 01:08:11:	in two weeks also.
01:08:11> 01:08:14:	Well, yeah, I don't want to tell Rachel Thunder and
01:08:14> 01:08:16:	that there's no end of information.
01:08:16> 01:08:18:	We can include links to these various.
01:08:18> 01:08:21:	Resources, and I think we have a roundup on our
01:08:21> 01:08:22:	on our page as well.
01:08:22> 01:08:25:	We can include links as we send it out,
01:08:25> 01:08:28:	so just in 30 seconds each as we wrap here,
01:08:28> 01:08:31:	you know what is the single most important thing that
01:08:31> 01:08:34:	you would like listeners to take away from this web
01:08:34> 01:08:34:	and R.
01:08:34> 01:08:38:	What's the most important thing for real estate leaders to
01:08:38> 01:08:40:	be doing or thinking about right now?

01:08:40> 01:08:43:	Let me go first and Joe you can go 2nd.
01:08:43> 01:08:46:	And actually there's two. One is run the fans.
01:08:46> 01:08:48:	It's really cheap to run the fans.
01:08:48> 01:08:52:	In the second is that buildings compete.
01:08:52> 01:08:55:	And healthy building is going to go beyond being a
01:08:55> 01:08:57:	nice to have into being a must have.
01:09:00> 01:09:02:	Yeah I think so. John covered the healthy building side,
01:09:02> 01:09:04:	so I'm going to put on the help that the
01:09:04> 01:09:07:	public health professors had here and go with this.
01:09:07> 01:09:09:	This is an all in moment like we've never had,
01:09:09> 01:09:10:	so you know, as my Dean says,
01:09:10> 01:09:12:	whatever skill, whatever your passion,
01:09:12> 01:09:14:	there's a place for you in public health.
01:09:14> 01:09:16:	So we need everyone to be all in.
01:09:16> 01:09:18:	And that means if you're a comedian,
01:09:18> 01:09:19:	make us laugh and artist,
01:09:19> 01:09:20:	bring some joy to the world.
01:09:20> 01:09:23:	I'm a scientist. I'm going to keep doing science in
01:09:23> 01:09:23:	real estate.
01:09:23> 01:09:25:	Think about these healthy building strategies.
01:09:25> 01:09:28:	If you have a particular talent in your company that
01:09:28> 01:09:29:	you can apply.
01:09:29> 01:09:32:	Do it. You know, there's nothing everything's at stake here,
01:09:32> 01:09:34:	right? The lives of 10s of thousands,
01:09:34> 01:09:36:	if not more, people are at stake.
01:09:36> 01:09:37:	Entire global economy is at stake,
01:09:37> 01:09:39:	so we need to apply it.
01:09:39> 01:09:40:	It is an all in moment.
01:09:40> 01:09:44:	So then join in and bring whatever you can bear
01:09:44> 01:09:44:	to this.
01:09:44> 01:09:48:	Alright, well thank you very much gentlemen and thanks to
01:09:48> 01:09:51:	all of you participants for joining.
01:09:51> 01:09:53:	We actually I knew this would happen.
01:09:53> 01:09:57:	We had many more questions than we could get to,
01:09:57> 01:10:00:	but we hope that you will TuneIn for our future
01:10:00> 01:10:01:	webinars.
01:10:01> 01:10:05:	We're going to do our best to continue to shed
01:10:05> 01:10:06:	light and.
01:10:06> 01:10:09:	Add information to, you know the and add to what
01:10:09> 01:10:13:	people need to know about this pandemic going forward.
01:10:13> 01:10:17:	Next slide Sarah. So if you're interested in learning more,
01:10:17> 01:10:20:	all invite you to attend upcoming webinars in the series

01:10:20> 01:10:22:	are next one as I mentioned,
01:10:22> 01:10:25:	is resiliency in a new normal with speakers,
01:10:25> 01:10:29:	Jonathan Rosemark, Walsman, Brad Boxer and then at lunch.
01:10:29> 01:10:32:	And after that we'll explore parks and public spaces and
01:10:32> 01:10:36:	the following week will glean insights from real estate.
01:10:36> 01:10:39:	Ann leaders. So we have real estate leaders in Asia
01:10:39> 01:10:42:	and so we hope you'll join us for these webinars
01:10:42> 01:10:45:	and check out that short link for more links to
01:10:45> 01:10:47:	the information. I will make sure that links to the
01:10:48> 01:10:51:	resources that John and Joe mentioned or posted there.
01:10:51> 01:10:53:	Feel free to email us anytime at health that you
01:10:53> 01:10:54:	lied at work.
01:10:54> 01:10:57:	We love hearing from people we love hearing about your
01:10:57> 01:11:01:	questions and what you're thinking about and struggling with and
01:11:01> 01:11:05:	wondering about in that definitely helps us craft feature programming.
01:11:05> 01:11:07:	So until next time please stay so.
01:11:07> 01:11:10:	Stay healthy and stay safe and all of our best.
01:11:10> 01:11:11:	Thanks a lot.

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