

## Webinar

WLI Regional Summit Virtual Series: Session One: Acknowledgement

Date: August 12, 2020

00:01:24 --> 00:01:27:

00:01:27 --> 00:01:30:

00:00:06 --> 00:00:09: Good afternoon, my name is Bonnie Roy, an iama Co. Chair of the Women's Leadership Initiative for 00:00:09 --> 00:00:14: 00:00:14 --> 00:00:16: you all you Ally Saint Louis. 00:00:16 --> 00:00:19: I see the number of attendees growing, 00:00:19 --> 00:00:22: so I want to welcome you all on behalf of 00:00:22 --> 00:00:27: the Women's Leadership Initiative or Wli Regional Summit Planning Committee. 00:00:27 --> 00:00:30: This is the first of a three part series focused 00:00:30 --> 00:00:33: on equity and land use and leadership. 00:00:33 --> 00:00:35: As some of you know or may know, 00:00:35 --> 00:00:40: the inaugural Wli Regional Summit was a great success in 00:00:40 --> 00:00:41: the fall of 2019, 00:00:41 --> 00:00:45: hosted by you like Kentucky and Saint Louis. 00:00:45 --> 00:00:48: Saint Louis was planning to host Susie in Louisville, 00:00:48 --> 00:00:52: who is planning to host the second summit right about 00:00:52 --> 00:00:53: now or last week actually, 00:00:53 --> 00:00:56: but postponed to August 2021. 00:00:56 --> 00:01:00: Due to COVID-19. As a way to engage and continue 00:01:00 --> 00:01:01: the conversation. 00:01:01 --> 00:01:06: discussing relevant topics and fostering an inclusive network for challenging 00:01:06 --> 00:01:08: and important conversation, 00:01:08 --> 00:01:12: we created this three part Virtual series entitled Acknowledgement to 00:01:12 --> 00:01:13: Action. 00:01:13 --> 00:01:17: We have over 375 registered for today's discussion and we 00:01:17 --> 00:01:21: look forward to how these conversations will also help our 00:01:21 --> 00:01:24: committee shape the content for the 2021 summit.

You can find out more about this series in the

2020 summit being planned by going to the link you

00:01:30> 00:01:32:	see at the bottom of the screen.
00:01:32> 00:01:36:	Wli summit.uli.org. Before we jump into today's agenda and
00:01:36> 00:01:39:	continue
	to see those numbers of attendees rise,
00:01:39> 00:01:41:	I'll provide a little bit of housekeeping.
00:01:41> 00:01:44:	I'm sure we're all getting very familiar with how zoom
00:01:44> 00:01:45:	works these days,
00:01:45> 00:01:48:	but some of you may not be quite as familiar
00:01:48> 00:01:50:	with the web in our format.
00:01:50> 00:01:53:	Most of the tools will be at the bottom of
00:01:53> 00:01:54:	your screen.
00:01:54> 00:01:56:	We will be utilizing the Q&A feature.
00:01:56> 00:01:59:	We encourage you to enter questions or thoughts you have
00:01:59> 00:02:01:	at any point during the web.
00:02:01> 00:02:04:	And are we will be using an upvote teacher.
00:02:04> 00:02:07:	There's a thumbs up that you'll be able to Click
00:02:07> 00:02:08:	to prioritize those questions,
00:02:08> 00:02:11:	and when we get to Q&A at the end of
00:02:11> 00:02:12:	the web and R,
00:02:12> 00:02:15:	we will start with those that have had the most
00:02:15> 00:02:16:	upvotes.
00:02:16> 00:02:20:	The chat feature is disabled and as an attendee,
00:02:20> 00:02:24:	your video and your audio will remain off or muted.
00:02:24> 00:02:27:	Finally, will also be asking if you polling questions in
00:02:27> 00:02:29:	the poll will just pop up on your screen.
00:02:29> 00:02:32:	You'll have a few moments to respond to that pole,
00:02:32> 00:02:33:	and then we'll share the results.
00:02:33> 00:02:35:	Live with the group.
00:02:35> 00:02:38:	Today's agenda will begin with introduction.
00:02:38> 00:02:41:	Will watch a short video followed by discussion between our
00:02:42> 00:02:42:	panelists.
00:02:42> 00:02:44:	Will conclude with the Q&A.
00:02:44> 00:02:47:	I want to thank our panelists in our moderate are
00:02:47> 00:02:48:	for their time and commitment.
00:02:48> 00:02:50:	I also want to thank our state,
00:02:50> 00:02:54:	Louis Uli District Council Executive Director Kelly Annis without Kelly
00:02:55> 00:02:58:	consistently helping us get across the finish line with all
00:02:58> 00:02:59:	of our wild ideas.
00:02:59> 00:03:02:	We would be nowhere.
00:03:02> 00:03:04:	She will also be behind the scenes with me and
00:03:04> 00:03:06:	and Katie Shackelford,

	)
<b>00:03:08&gt; 00:03:10:</b> help with the Q&A of today's webinar.	
00:03:10> 00:03:13: I also want to thank our Wli regional partr	ners specifically
00:03:13> 00:03:17: in Indianapolis and Kansas City who have	e helped to create
00:03:17> 00:03:18: this virtual series.	
00:03:18> 00:03:21: Without further ado, I'd like to introduce m	າy Saint Louis,
<b>00:03:21&gt; 00:03:26:</b> WI, colleague, Katie Shackelford. Katie is specializing	an urban planner
<b>00:03:26&gt; 00:03:27:</b> in transportation,	
<b>00:03:27&gt; 00:03:29:</b> economic development and public policy.	
00:03:29> 00:03:33: Katie's been a champion for fostering this	venue for these
<b>00:03:33&gt; 00:03:35:</b> important conversations.	
<b>00:03:35&gt; 00:03:38:</b> Katie, Are you ready to kick things off?	
<b>00:03:38&gt; 00:03:40:</b> I'm ready, thank you, Bonnie.	
00:03:40> 00:03:42: Thank you all for being here and just let y	ou′
00:03:42> 00:03:45: know we are where I have a little echo yo	ou'll
<b>00:03:45&gt; 00:03:46:</b> have to bear with us.	
<b>00:03:46&gt; 00:03:49:</b> So it's body mentioned we had planned to	be hosting
<b>00:03:49&gt; 00:03:51:</b> an in person conference at this time.	
00:03:51> 00:03:55: That postponement and the pivot to the o	nline format gave
00:03:55> 00:03:58: us this opportunity to look more critically a	as individuals and
00:03:58> 00:03:59: professionals.	
00:03:59> 00:04:03: Another wli committee at our approach to	equity inclusion.
<b>00:04:03&gt; 00:04:06:</b> We were challenged very early on in this	process by
<b>00:04:06&gt; 00:04:06:</b> young planner,	
<b>00:04:06&gt; 00:04:09:</b> locally known as Grace Young.	
<b>00:04:09&gt; 00:04:11:</b> She asked us to define equity for this con	ference.
<b>00:04:11&gt; 00:04:13:</b> I think we can all agree as a committee.	
<b>00:04:13&gt; 00:04:16:</b> That was the hardest assignment we'd ev	er been given.
00:04:16> 00:04:19: We struggled with it and we are still strug	gling with
<b>00:04:19&gt; 00:04:19:</b> it.	
<b>00:04:19&gt; 00:04:23:</b> Through that process, though, we realize intentions,	d despite our best
00:04:23> 00:04:26: that we were perpetuating the very proble	em we were working
00:04:26> 00:04:27: to solve.	
00:04:27> 00:04:31: Our leadership was composed almost exc	clusively of white
women.	
·	the work
women.	
women.  00:04:31> 00:04:34: A group that has benefited the most from	world.
women.  00:04:31> 00:04:34: A group that has benefited the most from of diversity and inclusion programs in the 00:04:36> 00:04:41: We were not actively recruiting or collaboration.	world.

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00:04:46> 00:04:49: 00:04:49> 00:04:49:	What you experience with us today is that work in
00:04:49> 00:04:52:	progress.  We invite you to join the conversation and to walk
00:04:52> 00:04:56:	with us as we push this conversation towards meaningful change.
00:04:56> 00:04:59:	The purpose of today's session is to establish a foundation
00:04:59> 00:05:00:	for dialogue on equity,
00:05:00> 00:05:02:	in land use and leadership.
00:05:02> 00:05:05:	We recognize that our participants today come to us from
00:05:05> 00:05:06:	a variety of backgrounds,
00:05:06> 00:05:08:	professions, and walks of life.
00:05:08> 00:05:10:	Maybe you're here because you're curious.
00:05:10> 00:05:13:	Maybe you're here because you're sceptical and you thought
00.05.44 > 00.05.45.	We've
00:05:14> 00:05:15:	already moved past the race issue.
00:05:15> 00:05:19:	Maybe you're cautiously exploring this topic for the first time,
00:05:19> 00:05:22:	or you're beginning to view your work through a lens
00:05:22> 00:05:23:	of racial equity.
00:05:23> 00:05:26:	Where others you've been here and you recognize the problems
00:05:26> 00:05:27:	you're looking for.
00:05:27> 00:05:30:	Guidance and partners to move through this work and yet,
00:05:30> 00:05:33:	for others. Still, we know racial discrimination in the built
00:05:33> 00:05:36:	environment is part of your lived experience,
00:05:36> 00:05:39:	and for you we know that action is long overdue.
00:05:39> 00:05:41:	So from wherever you join us,
00:05:41> 00:05:44:	we welcome you. For those further along in this process,
00:05:44> 00:05:46:	we ask for your patience as we know some of
00:05:47> 00:05:49:	this information you might hear is redundant.
00:05:49> 00:05:50:	As our series title imply,
00:05:50> 00:05:53:	our goal is to move from acknowledgement to action.
00:05:53> 00:05:55:	We hope to meet people where they are,
00:05:55> 00:05:58:	but we do not intend to leave them there.
00:05:58> 00:06:00:	His form is meant to be a safe and judgment
00:06:00> 00:06:01:	free space.
00:06:01> 00:06:04:	We encourage you to be curious and self reflective and
00:06:04> 00:06:06:	to ask questions in the Q&A box.
00:06:06> 00:06:10:	After all, curiosity is the cure for ignorance.
00:06:10> 00:06:12:	Some of what you may hear may make you feel
00:06:12> 00:06:13:	uncomfortable.
00:06:13> 00:06:15:	I ask that you be open to this discomfort and
00:06:15> 00:06:16:	embrace it.
00:06:16> 00:06:19:	Sit with it, and recognize that when we acknowledge the

00:06:19> 00:06:21:	things that make us feel unpleasant,
00:06:21> 00:06:25:	we are moving towards action and change.
00:06:25> 00:06:27:	This session is going to begin with a clip from
00:06:27> 00:06:29:	the video segregated by design,
00:06:29> 00:06:31:	based on the book The Color of Law by Richard
00:06:31> 00:06:32:	Rothstein before we begin,
00:06:32> 00:06:36:	though, we ask that you take a moment to answer
00:06:36> 00:06:39:	the poll question on your screen.
00:06:39> 00:06:41:	And as Kelly gets that started.
00:06:44> 00:06:47:	You should see a box appear on your screen that
00:06:47> 00:06:49:	allows you to take a poll.
00:06:51> 00:06:54:	Well, it's life. I will say there's some things we'd
00:06:54> 00:06:57:	ask you to consider while the video is running.
00:06:57> 00:07:00:	What are you hoping to get out of today's session?
00:07:00> 00:07:02:	How do you define equity?
00:07:02> 00:07:04:	How does your company define equity?
00:07:04> 00:07:07:	How do your clients define equity?
00:07:07> 00:07:10:	What are we lacking about equity and inclusion?
00:07:10> 00:07:13:	That's what are we being prevented from achieving?
00:07:13> 00:07:16:	Because we're not doing the work.
00:07:16> 00:07:19:	So Kelly I will ask if that pool is lied,
00:07:19> 00:07:22:	we can now close it down and show the results.
00:07:27> 00:07:31:	Unfortunately, I cannot see this poll or the results,
00:07:31> 00:07:32:	so I.
00:07:32> 00:07:35:	I hope that it's going well,
00:07:35> 00:07:37:	Katie, I can help you out.
00:07:37> 00:07:41:	We had the majority voted that housing with 76%
00:07:41> 00:07:46:	of where they see impact in these policy is followed
00:07:46> 00:07:48:	by economic development at 57%
00:07:48> 00:07:52:	and education at 53%.
00:07:52> 00:07:54:	Thank you very much Bonnie.
00:07:54> 00:07:56:	So now that that pool has wrapped up,
00:07:56> 00:08:00:	let's move on to the video.
00:08:00> 00:08:03:	Led to believe that racial segregation in housing was de
00:08:03> 00:08:07:	facto segregation by accident or the result of private prejudices.
00:08:07> 00:08:10:	Yes, private prejudice clearly contributed to segregation,
00:08:10> 00:08:13:	but by itself it could not have segregated the country
00:08:14> 00:08:18:	without the intention of the federal government to segregate neighborhoods
00:08:18> 00:08:19:	throughout the nation.
00:08:19> 00:08:22:	If however, we understand the accurate history,
00:08:22> 00:08:24:	the history was once well known,

00:08:24> 00:08:28:	but we've all now forgotten that racially segregated patterns in
00:08:28> 00:08:29:	every Metropolitan area,
00:08:29> 00:08:33:	like Saint Louis. Were created by the jury segregation.
00:08:33> 00:08:36:	Racially explicit policy in the part of federal,
00:08:36> 00:08:40:	state, and local governments designed to segregate Metropolitan areas.
00:08:40> 00:08:45:	Then we can understand that we have an unconstitutional residential
00:08:45> 00:08:45:	landscape,
00:08:45> 00:08:49:	and if it's unconstitutional, then we have an obligation to
00:08:49> 00:08:50:	remedy it.
00:08:54> 00:08:57:	The federal government in the New deal of the Roosevelt
00:08:57> 00:09:01:	Administration of the 1930s Pursuit Policy's in the mid 20th
00:09:01> 00:09:01:	century,
00:09:01> 00:09:06:	the segregated Metropolitan areas. One important policy was the first
00:09:06> 00:09:08:	civilian public housing program,
00:09:08> 00:09:13:	which frequently demolished integrated neighborhoods in order to create segregated
00:09:13> 00:09:15:	public housing in the late 1930s.
00:09:15> 00:09:19:	Another new Deal program, the United States Housing Authority,
00:09:19> 00:09:22:	was adopted. The very first projects built.
00:09:22> 00:09:26:	Under the United States Housing Authority authorization were in Austin,
00:09:26> 00:09:30:	TX because the most aggressive proponent of public housing at
00:09:30> 00:09:32:	that time was the congressman from Austin,
00:09:32> 00:09:36:	Lyndon Baines, Johnson and Johnson got the United States Housing
00:09:36> 00:09:39:	Authority to put its first projects in Austin.
00:09:39> 00:09:42:	Separate projects for whites for African Americans,
00:09:42> 00:09:46:	and project for Hispanics. The project for African Americans was
00:09:46> 00:09:49:	placed in a location that the city plan of Austin
00:09:49> 00:09:52:	had designated as a ghetto for African Americans.
00:09:52> 00:09:56:	United States Housing Authority and the local Boston Housing Authority
00:09:56> 00:09:59:	demolished something called Emancipation Park,
00:09:59> 00:10:03:	which was a celebrations location for the abolition of slavery.
00:10:03> 00:10:06:	Design was to move all African Americans in the city
00:10:06> 00:10:08:	of Austin into this community,
00:10:08> 00:10:10:	whether in public housing or in private housing.

00:10:10> 00:10:14:	City of Austin then began to close schools for African
00:10:14> 00:10:16:	Americans elsewhere in this city,
00:10:16> 00:10:20:	and closed libraries and other public facilities to force African
00:10:20> 00:10:22:	Americans moved to the side.
00:10:22> 00:10:26:	Another program that the federal government pursued to enforce segregation
00:10:26> 00:10:29:	was the work of the Federal Housing Administration FHA,
00:10:29> 00:10:33:	which subsidized the development of suburbs like Levittown,
00:10:33> 00:10:35:	New York on condition that they only be sold.
00:10:35> 00:10:38:	White families and at the homes in those suburbs had
00:10:38> 00:10:41:	deeds that prohibited resale to African Americans,
00:10:41> 00:10:44:	the Federal Housing Administration 's underwriting.
00:10:44> 00:10:48:	Manual said that inharmonious racial groups should not be permitted
00:10:48> 00:10:49:	to live in the same communities,
00:10:49> 00:10:54:	meaning that loans to African Americans could not be insured.
00:10:54> 00:10:57:	Government at all levels throughout the nation where involved in
00:10:57> 00:11:01:	promoting and enforcing the restrictive deeds in homes in places
00:11:01> 00:11:02:	like Levittown.
00:11:02> 00:11:04:	In judges, enforce the view that these deeds did not
00:11:05> 00:11:08:	violate the Constitution because they were private agreements.
00:11:08> 00:11:12:	Although white middle class families that moved into suburbs like
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	Levittown could buy property with no down payments if they
00:11:15> 00:11:17:	were veterans and low interest mortgages,
00:11:17> 00:11:21:	middle class African Americans had to make substantial down payments
00:11:21> 00:11:25:	and get uninsured mortgages with higher interest rates.
00:11:25> 00:11:26:	In many if not most cases,
00:11:26> 00:11:29:	African Americans could not get mortgages at all because the
00:11:30> 00:11:32:	federal government would not insure them.
00:11:32> 00:11:34:	As a result, they bought their homes on contract,
00:11:34> 00:11:38:	like an installment plan where they accumulated no equity and
00:11:38> 00:11:40:	could be evicted from their homes in the event of
00:11:41> 00:11:42:	a single missed payment.
00:11:42> 00:11:45:	Thus, contract buyers do not have the option of leaving
00:11:45> 00:11:48:	a declining neighborhood before their properties were paid
	for in

00:11:48> 00:11:49:	full.
00:11:49> 00:11:52:	If they did, they would lose everything they've invested in
00:11:52> 00:11:53:	that property to date.
00:11:57> 00:12:01:	The term redlining comes from the federal government's creation of
00:12:01> 00:12:03:	Maps of urban areas nationwide,
00:12:03> 00:12:06:	and those Maps were color coded to indicate where it
00:12:07> 00:12:10:	was safe to insure mortgages anywhere African Americans lived.
00:12:10> 00:12:14:	Even places where African Americans lived nearby were colored red
00:12:14> 00:12:18:	to indicate to appraisers that these neighborhoods were too risky
00:12:18> 00:12:22:	for the FHA to ensure the FHA's justification was that
00:12:22> 00:12:25:	if African Americans bought homes in white neighborhoods.
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	Or even if they bought homes near those neighborhoods,
00:12:28> 00:12:31:	the property values of the homes they were ensuring the
00:12:31> 00:12:35:	white homes they were insuring would decline and therefore their
00:12:35> 00:12:37:	loans would be at risk.
00:12:37> 00:12:40:	In 1940 for example, a Detroit builder was denied.
00:12:40> 00:12:43:	FHA insurance for a project that was near an African
00:12:44> 00:12:45:	American neighborhood.
00:12:45> 00:12:49:	He then constructed a half mile concrete wall 6 feet
00:12:49> 00:12:53:	high in the foot thick separating the 2 neighborhoods and
00:12:53> 00:12:55:	then the FHA approved the law.
00:12:55> 00:12:58:	In the three decades during which is administered,
00:12:58> 00:13:02:	this policy, however, the agency never provided or obtained evidence
00:13:02> 00:13:06:	to support its claim that integration undermined property values.
00:13:06> 00:13:10:	In fact, often racial integration caused property values to increase
00:13:10> 00:13:14:	because African Americans housing supply was so restricted and they
00:13:14> 00:13:16:	had so many fewer choices.
00:13:16> 00:13:20:	If African Americans had access to housing throughout Metropolitan areas,
00:13:20> 00:13:24:	supply and demand balances with kept their rents and home
00:13:24> 00:13:26:	prices at reasonable levels.
00:13:26> 00:13:30:	Without access, landlords and sellers were free to take advantage
00:13:30> 00:13:34:	of the greater demands relative to supply for African American
00:13:34> 00:13:35:	housing.

00:13:35> 00:13:40:	In 1946, National Magazine article described the Chicago Building with
00:13:40> 00:13:44:	the landlord had divided by 540 square foot storefront into
00:13:44> 00:13:47:	six cubicles each housing of family.
00:13:47> 00:13:49:	He had similarly subdivided the second story,
00:13:49> 00:13:53:	told the monthly rent was as great as that generated
00:13:53> 00:13:56:	by a luxury apartment on Chicago's Gold Coast along Lake
00:13:56> 00:13:56:	MI.
00:13:56> 00:14:01:	Such exploitation was possible only because public policy denied African
00:14:01> 00:14:05:	Americans opportunities to participate in the city's white housing market.
00:14:07> 00:14:11:	Alright, welcome back. We're going to be launching our second
00:14:11> 00:14:13:	full question now.
00:14:13> 00:14:16:	What you'll notice is that the poll questions were lumped
00:14:16> 00:14:16:	together,
00:14:16> 00:14:19:	so you'll need to Scroll down to see the second
00:14:19> 00:14:19:	question.
00:14:19> 00:14:22:	We're going to do this before moving on to the
00:14:22> 00:14:24:	panel portion of our section about session.
00:14:24> 00:14:26:	Excuse me. So if you Scroll down,
00:14:26> 00:14:29:	you'll see our second question which is.
00:14:29> 00:14:32:	How often do you think about these policies or issues
00:14:32> 00:14:35:	in your day-to-day work and we ask that you select
00:14:35> 00:14:35:	one?
00:14:35> 00:14:37:	Come as you reflect on the video that we just
00:14:38> 00:14:38:	saw.
00:14:38> 00:14:41:	I just want you to think about what's your first
00:14:41> 00:14:41:	reaction.
00:14:41> 00:14:43:	What are your thoughts about this video?
00:14:43> 00:14:46:	If you were wishing to watch this video in its
00:14:46> 00:14:47:	entire T,
00:14:47> 00:14:48:	it's about 17 minutes long.
00:14:48> 00:14:51:	It's available on the website you notice.
00:14:51> 00:14:54:	We also sent a link with the registration and then
00:14:54> 00:14:56:	it's available on YouTube if you search.
00:14:56> 00:14:59:	So at this point we're going to end the poll.
00:15:02> 00:15:04:	It looks like.
00:15:04> 00:15:07:	As a result.
00:15:07> 00:15:10:	Awesome, do you think about this multiple times a day?
00:15:10> 00:15:14:	That's nearly half of our audience that's wonderful and we
00:15:14> 00:15:14:	have 4%

00:15:14> 00:15:16:	exceeding 8%, rarely to monthly,
00:15:16> 00:15:20:	some even weekly. So thank you for participating in that.
00:15:20> 00:15:22:	Will close the pool as we move on to the
00:15:22> 00:15:23:	panel discussion,
00:15:23> 00:15:25:	you'll be able to submit and upvote questions in the
00:15:25> 00:15:27:	question and answer box.
00:15:27> 00:15:29:	We encourage you to use this feature and will be
00:15:29> 00:15:32:	pulling the questions from the audience at the end of
00:15:32> 00:15:34:	this session to ask for the panelists.
00:15:34> 00:15:38:	Now please allow me the pleasure of introducing our moderate
00:15:38> 00:15:40:	are for today's discussion.
00:15:40> 00:15:43:	Brian heard Brian is an adjunct professor of planning,
00:15:43> 00:15:47:	sustainability and racial equitable. Excuse me of he's a adjunct
00:15:47> 00:15:51:	professor of planning sustainable and racially equitable urban communities at
00:15:52> 00:15:56:	Washington University in Saint Louis University College in the Sustainability
00:15:56> 00:16:00:	program. From lifelong personal experience and with nearly 25 years
00:16:00> 00:16:02:	of professional practice,
00:16:02> 00:16:04:	Brian H Heard is the leader of the center of
00:16:04> 00:16:05:	Equitable Planning,
00:16:05> 00:16:09:	Relationship Oriented development, implementation and evaluation.
00:16:09> 00:16:11:	Brian is a Saint Louis based consultant and trainer,
00:16:11> 00:16:14:	as well as an adjunct professor in the field.
00:16:14> 00:16:18:	Infield instruction at Washington University in Saint Louis.
00:16:18> 00:16:20:	He teaches a class entitled Planning,
00:16:20> 00:16:23:	Sustainable and racially equitable urban communities.
00:16:23> 00:16:27:	His work involves integration, integrating the equity lens that addresses
00:16:27> 00:16:28:	race and its efforts,
00:16:28> 00:16:31:	impacts on social and physical determinants of health,
00:16:31> 00:16:34:	including undervalued and marginalized student.
00:16:34> 00:16:39:	The undervaluation and marginalization of people in communities of color.
00:16:39> 00:16:41:	As demographics continue to change,
00:16:41> 00:16:44:	Brian understands the decisions and actions made today must be
00:16:44> 00:16:45:	driven by equity,
00:16:45> 00:16:48:	intentional, just fair and inclusive.
00:16:48> 00:16:50:	Brain is also a recent bestselling author.

00:16:50> 00:16:53:	With his new book Release Treatment Plan it.
00:16:53> 00:16:55:	Be it a playbook for today's youth,
00:16:55> 00:16:59:	the book addresses developing an inspiring young emerging
	leaders calls
00:16:59> 00:17:00:	to action by parents,
00:17:00> 00:17:03:	community leaders and policymakers, and his mission of
	building youth
00:17:03> 00:17:04:	centered,
00:17:04> 00:17:06:	healthy communities by aligning planning,
00:17:06> 00:17:09:	investment and partnerships to meet today's challenges,
00:17:09> 00:17:14:	please. Well, please join me in welcoming Brian Hurt.
00:17:14> 00:17:17:	Well, thank you and good afternoon Katie and to you
00:17:17> 00:17:18:	Bonnie as well.
00:17:18> 00:17:20:	Thank you for putting this program together for all the
00:17:21> 00:17:21:	participants.
00:17:21> 00:17:24:	I say welcome to the Urban Land Institute Women's Leadership
00:17:24> 00:17:25:	Initiative again.
00:17:25> 00:17:28:	I just want to thank you for allowing me to
00:17:28> 00:17:32:	serve as your moderator or this three part series addressing
00:17:32> 00:17:34:	equity and land use in leadership.
00:17:34> 00:17:36:	Started again with this preface.
00:17:36> 00:17:41:	Decisions and actions involving land use have been unfairly embedded
00:17:41> 00:17:46:	within policies and practices to segregate people intentionally and historically.
00:17:46> 00:17:50:	The result is the stripping of resources opportunities,
00:17:50> 00:17:52:	an access for black households.
00:17:52> 00:17:58:	Families and youth. Which adversely impacts social and
	physical determinants
00:17:58> 00:17:59:	of health.
00:17:59> 00:18:03:	This is undeniable, as witnessed by the COVID-19 pandemic and
00:18:03> 00:18:06:	how it is exposed to racial disparities.
00:18:06> 00:18:10:	Acknowledging the true legacy of racism is the first step.
00:18:10> 00:18:14:	Members of the Urban land is to have to acknowledge
00:18:14> 00:18:18:	racism for attempting to analyze or take any action.
00:18:18> 00:18:22:	Lacking the historical and cultural empty could be harmful even
00:18:22> 00:18:26:	when trying to do good the responsibility of being anti
00:18:26> 00:18:28:	racist can no longer be ignored.
00:18:28> 00:18:32:	Being anti racist, meaning that one actively opposes based system
00:18:32> 00:18:36:	and aggressively promotes racial tolerance in their values,

00:18:36> 00:18:39:	decision making and actions.
00:18:39> 00:18:41:	The Great Booker T Washington,
00:18:41> 00:18:45:	an African American educator in advisor to several US presidents,
00:18:45> 00:18:49:	once said. There are two ways of exerting one strength.
00:18:49> 00:18:53:	One is pushing down, the other is pulling up.
00:18:53> 00:18:57:	As we begin to take this journey of race equity
00:18:57> 00:18:58:	land use in leadership.
00:18:58> 00:19:01:	Ask yourself the two questions.
00:19:01> 00:19:05:	1. What am I pushing down into?
00:19:05> 00:19:08:	What am I pulling up?
00:19:08> 00:19:11:	When you got to play those two questions of the
00:19:11> 00:19:12:	next two month journey.
00:19:12> 00:19:17:	Let's begin at starting line here today with acknowledgement acknowledgement.
00:19:17> 00:19:20:	The first session of our three part series to help
00:19:20> 00:19:20:	us,
00:19:20> 00:19:24:	I want to introduce our group of esteemed panelists from
00:19:24> 00:19:27:	different communities around Midwest region.
00:19:27> 00:19:32:	Our comes bring unique perspectives through their personal
	impersonal misses
00:19:32> 00:19:34:	as well as experience.
00:19:34> 00:19:38:	First, from Saint Louis is fiction book Single Korea management
00:19:38> 00:19:41:	consultant and co-founder for Saint Luke.
00:19:41> 00:19:45:	Sorry for brand of Saint Louis.
00:19:45> 00:19:50:	From Chicago is Monica Chado founder and principal acidic projects
00:19:50> 00:19:53:	and less when at least from Indianapolis.
00:19:53> 00:19:57:	Priyanka Merritt, who is the director of the Great of
00:19:57> 00:20:01:	the Center Research on Inclusion and Social Policy as well
00:20:01> 00:20:06:	as the clinical assistant professor at Indiana University's Public Policy
00:20:06> 00:20:08:	Institute.
00:20:08> 00:20:11:	As we went through this panel discussion,
00:20:11> 00:20:13:	when I ask each one of our three panelists,
00:20:13> 00:20:16:	beginning with fellow, followed by Monica and then last but
00:20:16> 00:20:17:	not least,
00:20:17> 00:20:19:	is damaged in regard.
00:20:19> 00:20:22:	To share a few minutes about your biography.
00:20:22> 00:20:25:	And how it relates to the work that you're doing
00:20:25> 00:20:27:	in your community.
00:20:27> 00:20:29:	And that being the basis,

00:20:29> 00:20:33:	please also answer the question at hand.
00:20:33> 00:20:37:	For your perspective, why is it important to acknowledge
	racism?
00:20:37> 00:20:43:	An institutional structures that Foster and perpetuate is existence when
00:20:43> 00:20:44:	it comes to land use.
00:20:44> 00:20:47:	Hello, you have a floor.
00:20:47> 00:20:48:	Thanks, Brian, first of all,
00:20:48> 00:20:52:	I really do appreciate the time with everyone here on
00:20:52> 00:20:56:	the call to talk about this important conversation on going.
00:20:56> 00:21:00:	And you know, I really appreciate the willingness to have
00:21:00> 00:21:01:	the conversation utilized.
00:21:01> 00:21:03:	Perhaps I really do want to.
00:21:03> 00:21:06:	Maybe just give a little bit of background.
00:21:06> 00:21:09:	I have been in Saint Louis for over 10 years
00:21:09> 00:21:09:	now,
00:21:09> 00:21:12:	but I was born and raised in Baton Rouge,
00:21:12> 00:21:15:	LA. I came up to Washington University for school.
00:21:15> 00:21:18:	I've had about five years in business.
00:21:18> 00:21:20:	Banking and commercial banking experience.
00:21:20> 00:21:25:	Really looking at that lending piece whether it's small business
00:21:25> 00:21:29:	lending or affordable housing or real estate lending and then
00:21:29> 00:21:33:	also have had some experience with new market tax credit
00:21:33> 00:21:36:	lending. Tide to some of those tax credit deals that
00:21:36> 00:21:40:	include historic tax credits as well as other tax credits.
00:21:40> 00:21:43:	Also, just really now in my current role at US
00:21:43> 00:21:44:	bank CDC,
00:21:44> 00:21:48:	I'm doing lending to community development financial institutions.
00:21:48> 00:21:51:	And so those are a lot of those CDF I
00:21:51> 00:21:55:	organizations that tend to be those intermediary lenders in underserved
00:21:55> 00:21:56:	communities.
00:21:56> 00:21:59:	As mentioned, I also cofounded brand of Saint Louis,
00:21:59> 00:22:03:	which is a social enterprise that focuses on racial equity
00:22:03> 00:22:06:	in the entrepreneurship ecosystem here in Saint Louis.
00:22:06> 00:22:07:	I feel like you know,
00:22:07> 00:22:10:	really, with a lot of my experience here in Saint
00:22:10> 00:22:11:	Louis,
00:22:11> 00:22:12:	I've noticed that you know,
00:22:12> 00:22:16:	it's it's crucial to focus on racial equity when it
00:22:16> 00:22:19:	comes to land use just to kind of understand the

00:22:19> 00:22:20:	historical context.
00:22:20> 00:22:23:	Around what was not made available to all people knowing
00:22:23> 00:22:26:	that a lot of the organizations that were responsible for
00:22:26> 00:22:29:	government agencies and I think you know that comes into
00:22:29> 00:22:33:	play. When we talk about accountability because taxpaying
	dollars.
00:22:33> 00:22:36:	Go to government agencies and those those dollars should be
00:22:36> 00:22:39:	used in an equitable way so I think that's kind
00:22:39> 00:22:41:	of where I've seen it whether it's from a lending
00:22:41> 00:22:45:	perspective or even just from working with some community development
00:22:45> 00:22:49:	groups lokoli you've seen issues come up like appraisals and
00:22:49> 00:22:51:	I'm sure we'll get into more of that.
00:22:51> 00:22:54:	Down the road, but you know that's really something that
00:22:54> 00:22:55:	is critical,
00:22:55> 00:22:57:	and I think the biggest thing for me as a
00:22:57> 00:23:01:	takeaway is that racial discrimination became coded language and turned
00:23:01> 00:23:03:	into socioeconomic discrimination.
00:23:03> 00:23:06:	And I think once it became coded in that in
00:23:06> 00:23:09:	that way where it wasn't explicitly calling out race,
00:23:09> 00:23:12:	it becomes harder to pull out and harder to to
00:23:12> 00:23:13:	call out and identify.
00:23:13> 00:23:16:	And I think that just makes things more difficult to
00:23:16> 00:23:18:	kind of see where the issues lie,
00:23:18> 00:23:20:	but I think we have a lot of us even
00:23:20> 00:23:21:	on this call who.
00:23:21> 00:23:24:	And kind of help with our own special fields to
00:23:24> 00:23:26:	kind of see an unpeeled those layers back.
00:23:29> 00:23:32:	Thank you Phillip. And now we'll go to Monica.
00:23:34> 00:23:37:	Hello, thank you so much for the opportunity to be
00:23:37> 00:23:39:	on this important conversation.
00:23:39> 00:23:41:	Welcome everyone.
00:23:41> 00:23:44:	So my name is Monica Chatter.
00:23:44> 00:23:50:	I am principle founder of Civic Projects Architecture here in
00:23:50> 00:23:53:	Chicago and one of the routes or.
00:23:53> 00:23:57:	Foundations of our practices that we do work through listening,
00:23:57> 00:24:01:	engaging, and understanding needs prior to getting into things like
00:24:01> 00:24:06:	traditional architecture or more programmatic design and the reason I'm
00:24:06> 00:24:09:	saying that is I think that is going to be

00:24:09> 00:24:11:	very germane to our conversation.
00:24:11> 00:24:16:	So as an architectural practice we really believe in working
00:24:16> 00:24:16:	from.
00:24:16> 00:24:18:	Before the beginning, so to speak,
00:24:18> 00:24:22:	and then through an realizing projects through the actualization.
00:24:22> 00:24:26:	The reason I'm saying this is 'cause when we talk
00:24:26> 00:24:29:	about sort of land use access all of the issues
00:24:29> 00:24:29:	at hand,
00:24:29> 00:24:32:	what we're finding.
00:24:32> 00:24:36:	Especially with lending institutions, but in neighborhoods kind of access
00:24:36> 00:24:37:	to opportunities.
00:24:37> 00:24:40:	Whether that's ownership bidding on properties.
00:24:40> 00:24:44:	Whether that's the development. Whether that's from construction and job
00:24:44> 00:24:45:	size jobs side.
00:24:45> 00:24:48:	There's been a limit to access I can you know
00:24:48> 00:24:51:	I I can send some links with statistics cited in
00:24:51> 00:24:51:	Chicago,
00:24:51> 00:24:55:	but Chicago has situations where you can take entire swaths
00:24:55> 00:24:58:	of the South side that have not had the same
00:24:58> 00:25:02:	amount of investment that perhaps one neighborhood on the North
00:25:02> 00:25:05:	side has had. So we're both were located in Woodlawn
00:25:05> 00:25:08:	where sort of feel like we're a critical player to
00:25:08> 00:25:09:	the discussion.
00:25:09> 00:25:11:	Happy to be a participant,
00:25:11> 00:25:15:	but also recognize we are one of the people that
00:25:15> 00:25:18:	are coming into neighborhoods so.
00:25:18> 00:25:22:	The the understanding and participation and role of neighborhood communities
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	and engagement is absolutely critical to our work because we
00:25:25> 00:25:28:	are not of all of the neighborhoods that we work
00:25:28> 00:25:31:	in, and I think that recognition also ties to the
00:25:31> 00:25:32:	discussion we're having today.
00:25:37> 00:25:39:	Thank you, Monica Anne again.
00:25:39> 00:25:42:	Last but not least from Indianapolis is Brianca Merritt rapid.
00:25:46> 00:25:48:	Everyone again, as the other panelists said,
00:25:48> 00:25:53:	thanks for the opportunity to join you all today.
00:25:53> 00:25:55:	Bye bye bye oh actually this isn't in my bio
00:25:55> 00:25:56:	like Phillip.

00:25:56> 00:25:58:	I'm actually from Louisiana as well.
00:25:58> 00:26:01:	I'm from Shreveport and I grew up in a situation
00:26:01> 00:26:04:	where I had a grand father who was one of
00:26:04> 00:26:07:	the first black real estate brokers in the state and
00:26:07> 00:26:09:	on the other side of my family.
00:26:09> 00:26:11:	I'm having a lot of folks who grew up in
00:26:11> 00:26:15:	housing projects that were built on a creosote plant which
00:26:15> 00:26:19:	is a carcinogen and so watching these very different experiences
00:26:19> 00:26:22:	in the effects of that growing up was really powerful
00:26:22> 00:26:23:	in shaping.
00:26:23> 00:26:26:	How I view the role of policy and equity based
00:26:26> 00:26:29:	decisions so my work is focused on the fact that
00:26:29> 00:26:31:	we do have an equitable outcomes,
00:26:31> 00:26:34:	but that it's not just a function of 1 policy
00:26:34> 00:26:34:	area.
00:26:34> 00:26:37:	It's the fact that they all very much overlap and
00:26:37> 00:26:40:	a lot of my work is community engaged as well.
00:26:40> 00:26:42:	And So what we do in our center.
00:26:42> 00:26:46:	The Center for Research on Inclusion in social Policy is
00:26:46> 00:26:48:	we conduct community relevant research,
00:26:48> 00:26:51:	meaning that we want to work with residents,
00:26:51> 00:26:54:	stakeholders, policy makers to understand.
00:26:54> 00:26:57:	What the major issues are happening locally so that we
00:26:57> 00:27:00:	can inform that and so we believe again,
00:27:00> 00:27:03:	that these issues are very complex and overlapping.
00:27:03> 00:27:06:	So even when we're dealing with housing what it means
00:27:06> 00:27:07:	to be an effective renter,
00:27:07> 00:27:12:	the fact that that also corresponds with employment policy.
00:27:12> 00:27:15:	Criminal history if you're a person who has a criminal
00:27:15> 00:27:18:	record an you can't rent because your landlord might discriminate
00:27:18> 00:27:21:	against you based on those types of characteristics and so
00:27:21> 00:27:23:	having people at the table who can speak to those
00:27:23> 00:27:26:	different perspectives to ensure that even if it's a housing
00:27:26> 00:27:26:	issue,
00:27:26> 00:27:29:	for example, that we're aware of everything that goes into
00:27:29> 00:27:29:	that.
00:27:29> 00:27:32:	So our work spans a variety of areas as relates
00:27:32> 00:27:32:	to housing.
00:27:32> 00:27:34:	Specifically, we do a lot of work,
00:27:34> 00:27:37:	kind of with the absolutely most vulnerable all the way
00:27:37> 00:27:38:	up to folks who are homeowners,

00:27:38 --> 00:27:40: so we do a lot of work in homelessness doing 00:27:40 --> 00:27:42: the annual point in time count. 00:27:42 --> 00:27:44: Working with people who are. 00:27:44 --> 00:27:46: Housing and stable. Whether it's there on the verge of 00:27:46 --> 00:27:49: eviction or just living kind of renting month to month, 00:27:49 --> 00:27:51: trying to make ends meet all the way up again 00:27:51 --> 00:27:54: to folks who were dealing in the development. 00:27:54 --> 00:27:56: New market tax credits, etc. 00:27:56 --> 00:27:59: I think to answer the first question about, 00:27:59 --> 00:28:01: you know why this is so important is, 00:28:01 --> 00:28:02: as I've alluded to before, 00:28:02 --> 00:28:05: even we think about land use policy and other things 00:28:05 --> 00:28:08: related to housing as it relates to race, 00:28:08 --> 00:28:10: that it's really not just about land use, 00:28:10 --> 00:28:12: it's about everything else and how, 00:28:12 --> 00:28:14: as the poll question showed, 00:28:14 --> 00:28:16: these things affect every decision that we make, 00:28:16 --> 00:28:19: and I think for people of color and black folks 00:28:19 --> 00:28:20: in particular, 00:28:20 --> 00:28:23: we feel the strongest, most adverse effects of those types 00:28:23 --> 00:28:26: of policy decisions and to operate and act as if 00:28:26 --> 00:28:29: some of these policies happen in a land use zoning. 00:28:29 --> 00:28:33: Housing vacuum really does disservice to the many ways in 00:28:33 --> 00:28:34: which racism, 00:28:34 --> 00:28:38: racism through policy really infiltrates and influences alot of different 00:28:38 --> 00:28:40: parts of folks lives, 00:28:40 --> 00:28:42: not just from a housing or ladies perspective. 00:28:47 --> 00:28:50: Thank you we have about 165 participants and so we 00:28:50 --> 00:28:53: would like to ask you if you do have any 00:28:53 --> 00:28:56: questions at this time to please provide those in the 00:28:56 --> 00:28:59: Q and a box and we will have someone who 00:28:59 --> 00:29:01: will be those questions as we go alone. 00:29:01 --> 00:29:03: Again, this is for you. 00:29:03 --> 00:29:06: We want to turn this into a conversation. 00:29:06 --> 00:29:09: Although this is a panel discussion because again, 00:29:09 --> 00:29:12: we're all here to acknowledge. 00:29:12 --> 00:29:15: Learn and grow from one another during aspect. 00:29:15 --> 00:29:19: I will start off with one question in particular. 00:29:19 --> 00:29:23: Obviously this summer has been very trying time or many 00:29:23 --> 00:29:24: parts of culture. 00:29:24 --> 00:29:26: War in the entire nation.

00.23.20> 00.23.20.	As you know in the COVID-19,
00:29:28> 00:29:32:	but also some events in we talk about a movement.
00:29:32> 00:29:35:	Often a movement begins at the moment.
00:29:35> 00:29:41:	And in 2020. Mr Boy Floyd tragically lost his life.
00:29:41> 00:29:45:	Anne. Beth created protest letter protest.
00:29:45> 00:29:47:	It also led to a lot of corporations.
00:29:47> 00:29:52:	A lot of organizations. Releasing a lot of public statements
00:29:52> 00:29:53:	about what.
00:29:53> 00:29:57:	Black lives how that matters about racism.
00:29:57> 00:30:00:	From your position. What do you feel about some of
00:30:00> 00:30:02:	those public statements?
00:30:02> 00:30:05:	And again, this is. The broader society,
00:30:05> 00:30:07:	but as it relates to some of the things talked
00:30:07> 00:30:10:	about around banking and finance and and look at the
00:30:10> 00:30:14:	in equities around neighborhoods and communities with redlining,
00:30:14> 00:30:18:	environmental racism. What are your general thoughts about the public
00:30:18> 00:30:20:	things that have been released?
00:30:20> 00:30:22:	Let me start with you forgot about you first.
00:30:25> 00:30:27:	I think it really varies.
00:30:27> 00:30:30:	I think nationally you see kind of a mix of
00:30:30> 00:30:31:	different levels.
00:30:31> 00:30:34:	I think there's a national conversation state State,
00:30:34> 00:30:39:	City to city, and there's kind of these institutional and
00:30:39> 00:30:41:	organizational statements as well.
00:30:41> 00:30:45:	In India, it's been really interesting seeing how we're a
00:30:45> 00:30:49:	city that has a very strong nonprofit and philanthropic community.
00:30:49> 00:30:52:	And the ways that they came out at a different
00:30:52> 00:30:54:	way than our public institutions came out.
00:30:54> 00:30:56:	So I find that really interesting.
00:30:56> 00:30:59:	I think having worked with a lot of those different
00:30:59> 00:31:00:	organizations,
00:31:00> 00:31:02:	that it is.
00:31:02> 00:31:05:	A little empty. I think that is for two reasons.
00:31:05> 00:31:07:	One, now it's OK to say things like Black Lives
00:31:07> 00:31:10:	Matter and to care very much or be perceived as
00:31:10> 00:31:13:	if you care about some of these systemically racist issues.
00:31:13> 00:31:15:	But I don't think there's a lot of tools or
00:31:15> 00:31:17:	knowledge about how to address them,
00:31:17> 00:31:19:	so some of them I think are vague because they
00:31:19> 00:31:22:	just kind of wanted to see some of the first

**00:29:26 --> 00:29:28:** As you know in the COVID-19,

00:31:22> 00:31:23:	people to say something.
00:31:23> 00:31:25:	And then there are other folks who want to be
00:31:25> 00:31:28:	first but actually really want to do the work and
00:31:28> 00:31:30:	figure out how to address these things.
00:31:30> 00:31:31:	And it takes a long time.
00:31:31> 00:31:33:	So I think there's also.
00:31:33> 00:31:34:	One of the big things that we've seen,
00:31:34> 00:31:37:	at least in India, is kind of disconnect between nonprofits
00:31:37> 00:31:38:	and other groups.
00:31:38> 00:31:41:	You know, the government city government saying you know racism
00:31:41> 00:31:44:	as a public health issue and really coming out against
00:31:44> 00:31:44:	things,
00:31:44> 00:31:46:	but then kind of matching that with action.
00:31:46> 00:31:48:	And I think the statements can kind of seem very
00:31:48> 00:31:49:	symbolic,
00:31:49> 00:31:51:	but to see the work actually being done,
00:31:51> 00:31:53:	I think it's going to take some time and so
00:31:53> 00:31:55:	that disconnect between community residents,
00:31:55> 00:31:58:	understanding how long it takes to actually see policy change.
00:31:58> 00:32:00:	Versus you know, the folks who are trying to get
00:32:00> 00:32:01:	onboarding coalesce around it.
00:32:01> 00:32:04:	I think at least in Indianapolis.
00:32:04> 00:32:06:	There is some progress, but it's going to take a
00:32:06> 00:32:10:	long time to see those inclusion and diversity statements actually
00:32:10> 00:32:11:	match the reality.
00:32:11> 00:32:15:	Especially if folks aren't really willing to do the work
00:32:15> 00:32:15:	to get there.
00:32:15> 00:32:18:	The point will move the question around,
00:32:18> 00:32:20:	but I did wanna give Monica Ann Phillip a chance
00:32:20> 00:32:22:	to respond to that as well.
00:32:22> 00:32:25:	Public statements were your thoughts about it in general.
00:32:25> 00:32:29:	Sure, yeah, I couple grams.
00:32:29> 00:32:30:	OK, couple of points here.
00:32:30> 00:32:33:	You know in my mind you know it's really about
00:32:33> 00:32:36:	following the money and you know that's a banker answer,
00:32:36> 00:32:39:	but I think it it definitely will see where people's
00:32:39> 00:32:42:	responsibilities and accountabilities lies.
00:32:42> 00:32:45:	If you look at budgets of organizations and what they
00:32:45> 00:32:48:	spend those budgets on and who that money goes to
00:32:48> 00:32:50:	and what that were closed.

00:32:50> 00:32:52:	So I think as people are coming out with those
00:32:52> 00:32:53:	statements,
00:32:53> 00:32:56:	hopefully there also re looking at where those budgets are
00:32:57> 00:32:58:	being allocated right?
00:32:58> 00:33:00:	And I think the other piece is just.
00:33:00> 00:33:04:	You know, looking at the racial demographics of the organization
00:33:04> 00:33:07:	and you know that's comparing the racial demographics of the
00:33:08> 00:33:09:	leadership and the board.
00:33:09> 00:33:11:	Compare that to the staff,
00:33:11> 00:33:13:	you know, maybe that most entry level,
00:33:13> 00:33:15:	position and then on top of that.
00:33:15> 00:33:18:	Then compare that data to what do the racial demographics
00:33:18> 00:33:21:	of the communities that they serve look like?
00:33:21> 00:33:23:	And you know, in an ideal world,
00:33:23> 00:33:25:	all of those will look proportionate,
00:33:25> 00:33:27:	right? And I think that's where the real work is,
00:33:27> 00:33:30:	and I think I appreciate organizations who have that transparent
00:33:30> 00:33:33:	in their statements that they're not necessarily there yet.
00:33:33> 00:33:35:	And this is where they're working towards,
00:33:35> 00:33:38:	and I think that's the most authentic.
00:33:38> 00:33:42:	I think that's actually a really great point to build
00:33:42> 00:33:42:	off of,
00:33:42> 00:33:45:	because I'll be honest, I've had very mixed views and
00:33:45> 00:33:49:	often negative about some of the statements that are coming
00:33:49> 00:33:53:	out coming out from organizations and primarily because some of
00:33:53> 00:33:56:	the loudest speakers and earliest people to put out statements
00:33:56> 00:33:59:	were not necessarily reflecting Phillip.
00:33:59> 00:34:00:	What you just talked about,
00:34:00> 00:34:04:	right? Like I will make a statement about equity and
00:34:04> 00:34:06:	support of diversity and inclusion.
00:34:06> 00:34:09:	The organization ABC, but when you actually look at where
00:34:09> 00:34:10:	the lending goes.
00:34:10> 00:34:12:	Or look at who's on the board or look at
00:34:12> 00:34:14:	who's in leadership.
00:34:14> 00:34:16:	It just does not reflect the statement.
00:34:16> 00:34:18:	So I think for me I got very frustrated very
00:34:18> 00:34:20:	early with the statements.
00:34:20> 00:34:22:	But I think what the quieter role has been,

00:34:22> 00:34:24:	those who are actually doing the work.
00:34:24> 00:34:26:	So we are going to to part of what you
00:34:26> 00:34:29:	started to say is that someone who's rolling up their
00:34:29> 00:34:33:	sleeves and doing the work actually doesn't necessarily have
00.04.00 > 00.04.05.	time
00:34:33> 00:34:35:	to sit and put out public statements.
00:34:35> 00:34:38:	They're busy doing the work and I think that's really,
00:34:38> 00:34:41:	really important to recognize because.
00:34:41> 00:34:46:	In Chicago, you can imagine and have heard and seen
00:34:46> 00:34:47:	all sorts of.
00:34:47> 00:34:50:	Spectrums of of what we're talking about,
00:34:50> 00:34:54:	and the the distinction between who's rolling up their sleeves,
00:34:54> 00:34:55:	who's doing the action, who,
00:34:55> 00:34:59:	who is protesting their asking for policy change or advocate
00:34:59> 00:35:00:	advocating,
00:35:00> 00:35:01:	is not what you're seeing.
00:35:01> 00:35:03:	Sort of in the news in the day-to-day.
00:35:03> 00:35:08:	Whether it's through positive statements or through.
00:35:08> 00:35:10:	Looting and other actions that are going on,
00:35:10> 00:35:13:	and I think I think we have to collectively work
00:35:13> 00:35:13:	on,
00:35:13> 00:35:17:	particularly when we're talking about sort of design,
00:35:17> 00:35:19:	built environment lending and policy,
00:35:19> 00:35:23:	really work on elevating those that are doing the hard
00:35:23> 00:35:25:	work in positive ways.
00:35:25> 00:35:28:	Yeah, one of the things I find very interesting from
00:35:28> 00:35:30:	some of the public statements,
00:35:30> 00:35:32:	and I think all of you have touched on it,
00:35:32> 00:35:34:	is that we go back to that same trust,
00:35:34> 00:35:37:	but verify there are a lot of commitments that have
00:35:37> 00:35:38:	been made.
00:35:38> 00:35:41:	But the question is who's measuring those those goals and
00:35:41> 00:35:44:	how do they verify that information in the public?
00:35:44> 00:35:47:	So the public has confidence?
00:35:47> 00:35:50:	And what they are proposing or where they were staying
00:35:50> 00:35:51:	in those statements.
00:35:51> 00:35:52:	So thank you for those questions.
00:35:52> 00:35:54:	I think for our potential stand we have a few
00:35:54> 00:35:57:	questions that have been asked by some of the participants.
00:36:01> 00:36:03:	Yes Brian, this is Katie and I just want to
00:36:03> 00:36:06:	share with you the first open question and this can
00:36:06> 00:36:07:	go to anyone on the panel.

00:36:07> 00:36:11:	But are there cities NPO's or other government organizations that
00:36:11> 00:36:14:	you can point to that are taking an exemplary approach
00:36:14> 00:36:16:	to equity at this time?
00:36:18> 00:36:19:	Good question.
00:36:21> 00:36:23:	Vinny you work.
00:36:23> 00:36:27:	POV Three who did you want?
00:36:27> 00:36:29:	Cheryl net.
00:36:29> 00:36:31:	I don't. I don't know about exemplary.
00:36:31> 00:36:34:	I think that people are really doing their best.
00:36:34> 00:36:37:	Whatever looks like, only like to Monica's point,
00:36:37> 00:36:40:	there are some people who just put it out there.
00:36:40> 00:36:42:	They're not going to do anything.
00:36:42> 00:36:45:	Some organizations and governments, but I will say that
00.00.45 > 00.00.40.	there
00:36:45> 00:36:48:	are some interesting offices and approaches,
00:36:48> 00:36:51:	so there is the government alliance for racial equity,
00:36:51> 00:36:54:	which is a national group that helps local governments.
00:36:54> 00:36:56:	Kind of, I think, to Brian's point,
00:36:56> 00:37:00:	hold themselves accountable for equity and develop metrics in trying
00:37:00> 00:37:03:	to figure out ways to integrate that throughout.
00:37:03> 00:37:05:	So now the city Minneapolis has been working with them
00:37:05> 00:37:08:	to help kind of work through where they can be
00:37:08> 00:37:08:	more equitable.
00:37:08> 00:37:10:	So when there they had a meeting yesterday,
00:37:10> 00:37:13:	I think a budget meeting where they were showing to
00:37:13> 00:37:14:	Phillips point,
00:37:14> 00:37:18:	how they were allocating funding to be more equitable.
00:37:18> 00:37:20:	Across different agencies within the city.
00:37:20> 00:37:23:	And so I think that's a very important first step
00:37:23> 00:37:25:	to just kind of look at the data.
00:37:25> 00:37:27:	Acknowledge where the gaps are,
00:37:27> 00:37:28:	and then try to invest in it.
00:37:28> 00:37:31:	The state of Virginia has developed a equity.
00:37:31> 00:37:34:	I think it's like a cabinet level position in the
00:37:34> 00:37:37:	state of Virginia that deals with issues of diversity,
00:37:37> 00:37:40:	equity and inclusion, and her role is to go through
00:37:40> 00:37:44:	and actually pick through policies and practices across the entire
00:37:44> 00:37:47:	state to try and figure out what that looks like,
00:37:47> 00:37:49:	what it means to revise that.
00:37:49> 00:37:51:	And I think again, this process is really slow moving,
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better ideas than I do about.
00:37:54 --> 00:37:55:
                          I know what it looks like and what it should
00:37:55 --> 00:37:58:
00:37:58 --> 00:37:58:
                          look like.
00:37:58 --> 00:38:00:
                          I also know that means that it takes a long
00:38:00 --> 00:38:03:
                          time for them to actually do this assessment,
00:38:03 --> 00:38:06:
                          especially in places that have not really come to grips
00:38:06 --> 00:38:08:
                          with what it means to do things in equitable Way.
00:38:08 --> 00:38:10:
                          And I will say that I think we have a
00:38:10 --> 00:38:12:
                          long way to go with that in terms of housing
00:38:12 --> 00:38:14:
                          and land use policy in particular.
00:38:14 --> 00:38:17:
                          So while there might be other policy areas that are
00:38:17 --> 00:38:18:
                          a little more transparent,
00:38:18 --> 00:38:21:
                          easy to address. I think with housing and land use
00:38:21 --> 00:38:24:
                          it opens up a can of worms in terms of
00:38:24 --> 00:38:27:
                          how you kind of reverse the decades and decades of
00:38:27 --> 00:38:30:
                          inequities that have happened here and so I don't have
00:38:30 --> 00:38:31:
                          good examples there.
00:38:31 --> 00:38:34:
                          But the other panelists made great examples that you be
00:38:34 --> 00:38:35:
                          shared again,
00:38:35 --> 00:38:38:
                          the. Jury is always out on being exemplary,
00:38:38 --> 00:38:41:
                          but we will continue to revisit overtime.
00:38:41 --> 00:38:45:
                          I'm sure you would do your research as well as
00:38:45 --> 00:38:45:
                          all of us.
00:38:45 --> 00:38:48:
                          Monaco do you everything you will not sure on that.
00:38:48 --> 00:38:52:
                          I think I was gonna add so there's a couple
00:38:52 --> 00:38:54:
                          of things city of Chicago has recently.
00:38:54 --> 00:38:57:
                          Created a couple of specific positions to try to on
00:38:57 --> 00:38:59:
                          diversity equity inclusion,
00:38:59 --> 00:39:01:
                          which I think is a promising start,
00:39:01 --> 00:39:05:
                          right? Like City, acknowledgement that that these are issues
                          that
00:39:05 --> 00:39:06:
                          we need to approach citywide.
00:39:06 --> 00:39:09:
                          And we're not just dealing in a specific community or
00:39:09 --> 00:39:11:
                          specific neighborhood.
00:39:11 --> 00:39:14:
                          The other thing in Phillip I'm imagining you can speak
00:39:14 --> 00:39:16:
                          more to this is some of the funding right?
00:39:16 --> 00:39:19:
                          The city funding and also foundation funding.
00:39:19 --> 00:39:21:
                          So there's sort of two separate moments,
00:39:21 --> 00:39:24:
                          but we have an initiative called Invest Southwest here that
00:39:24 --> 00:39:25:
                          is.
00:39:25 --> 00:39:29:
                          Taking a. Literally taking downtown dollars and pushing to
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so I can't say in our other panelists might have

00:37:51 --> 00:37:54:

the 00:39:29 --> 00:39:33: neighborhoods and with the current leadership that we have with 00:39:33 --> 00:39:34: Commissioner Cox, 00:39:34 --> 00:39:38: Mayor Lightfoot, this is active and transparent in a way 00:39:38 --> 00:39:40: that it hasn't been in the past. 00:39:40 --> 00:39:43: It's in very early stages of the work is the 00:39:43 --> 00:39:43: hard work, 00:39:43 --> 00:39:46: is sort of starting to be done on the foundation 00:39:46 --> 00:39:47: part. 00:39:47 --> 00:39:50: What I'm finding a couple of organisations that I'm on 00:39:50 --> 00:39:54: board for are being asked to be accountable and reflect 00:39:54 --> 00:39:57: the neighborhoods that they're they're working in. 00:39:57 --> 00:40:00: So as an example, foundations are starting to ask literally 00:40:00 --> 00:40:03: ask some of the things that have come up. 00:40:03 --> 00:40:05: It's like who is your staff who is working in 00:40:06 --> 00:40:07: the neighborhoods, 00:40:07 --> 00:40:10: what, what relationship, and what investment do you have in 00:40:10 --> 00:40:12: the neighborhoods that we should fund you, 00:40:12 --> 00:40:15: as opposed to perhaps a different organization? 00:40:15 --> 00:40:19: Or someone who's more locally based and what is forcing, 00:40:19 --> 00:40:21: at least in a couple of instances, 00:40:21 --> 00:40:25: is is better partnerships and better relationships where the local 00:40:25 --> 00:40:27: organization may be getting elevated. 00:40:27 --> 00:40:30: And be in a stronger position because they are actually 00:40:30 --> 00:40:34: the ones who are receiving the funding and being supported. 00:40:34 --> 00:40:37: But it's a question that wasn't asked several years ago, 00:40:37 --> 00:40:40: right? It's being asked now and it wasn't asked. 00:40:40 --> 00:40:43: Historically. I did want to jump in really quickly before 00:40:43 --> 00:40:45: Phillips to piggyback off of that, 00:40:45 --> 00:40:48: because I did mention that India has a strong foundation 00:40:48 --> 00:40:51: community and so we have this Central Indiana Community Foundation 00:40:52 --> 00:40:54: which a couple of years ago changes entire mission to 00:40:54 --> 00:40:57: be about racial equity. So they were really on the 00:40:57 --> 00:40:58: forefront of. 00:40:58 --> 00:41:01: Again, when it comes to providing nonprofits with funding as 00:41:01 --> 00:41:02: an intermediary, 00:41:02 --> 00:41:05: you know making sure that it's equitable in the work 00:41:05 --> 00:41:06: that they're doing, 00:41:06 --> 00:41:07: but then also just last week, 00:41:07 --> 00:41:09: I believe the Lilly endowment,

00:41:09> 00:41:10:	which is a major funder,
00:41:10> 00:41:14:	gave 100 million dollars to the Indianapolis Urban League
00:41:14> 00:41:16:	specifically to address issues in black communities,
00:41:16> 00:41:19:	and I think that's like the biggest gift that we've
00:41:19> 00:41:20:	seen nationally.
00:41:20> 00:41:22:	And like the National Urban League,
00:41:22> 00:41:24:	also waited on that. And so I think again,
00:41:24> 00:41:26:	back to putting your money where your mouth is.
00:41:26> 00:41:30:	They're giving it to community organizations to figure out.
00:41:30> 00:41:32:	They're going to do a process to understand where their
00:41:32> 00:41:33:	needs aren't.
00:41:33> 00:41:35:	Again, figure out how to invest that money meaningfully,
00:41:35> 00:41:37:	which could involve housing related issues as well.
00:41:40> 00:41:42:	Sure, yeah, no. I think to Monica's point,
00:41:42> 00:41:45:	you know the most important thing is how often do
00:41:45> 00:41:48:	funders and lenders do their due diligence on the people
00:41:48> 00:41:51:	that they do fund to make sure that they are
00:41:51> 00:41:54:	looking into the community. And I think that's easier said
00:41:54> 00:41:55:	than done,
00:41:55> 00:41:57:	right? Because the best applications,
00:41:57> 00:42:00:	the best submissions are going to be from people who
00:42:00> 00:42:02:	have large scale capacity as an organization,
00:42:02> 00:42:06:	which might mean that maybe there they are less
00:42:06> 00:42:08:	communicating with the community groups on the ground,
00:42:08> 00:42:08:	right? So I think. So smaller scale community groups might
00:42:12> 00:42:14:	have the closest ear to the ground,
00:42:14> 00:42:17:	so to speak, but you know it takes collaborating with
00:42:17> 00:42:20:	those larger groups we might be getting the funding,
00:42:20> 00:42:22:	so I think the more we can do more incentivizing
00:42:22> 00:42:26:	around collaborations for certain funds and certain capital,
00:42:26> 00:42:28:	the better, and that will kind of free up those
00:42:28> 00:42:30:	larger community groups.
00:42:30> 00:42:32:	Look to those smaller groups you know,
00:42:32> 00:42:34:	and I'm true entrepreneur at heart as well.
00:42:34> 00:42:37:	And I do believe that those smaller groups are the
00:42:37> 00:42:40:	ones who have the better ideas of the Community needs.
00:42:40> 00:42:43:	And yet they need the scale of the larger group
00:42:43> 00:42:43:	so.
00:42:43> 00:42:45:	I think that's where I've seen.
00:42:45> 00:42:48:	I know, invest STL in Saint Louis has done a
00:42:48> 00:42:49:	great job.

00:42:49> 00:42:52:	Kind of looking at that intentional approach of how do
00:42:52> 00:42:56:	we invest towards community engagement while still allowing
	the residents
00:42:56> 00:42:59:	in the area to really kind of lead that effort.
00:42:59> 00:43:01:	So that's been one that I've noticed.
00:43:01> 00:43:04:	And then you know, just in general participatory budgeting,
00:43:04> 00:43:08:	the idea of that communities can come together to really
00:43:08> 00:43:10:	vote on how money should be spent.
00:43:10> 00:43:13:	I think is an important piece there.
00:43:13> 00:43:15:	His great great Katie are.
00:43:15> 00:43:17:	We have another question, yes,
00:43:17> 00:43:21:	so this is a combination of two questions and this.
00:43:21> 00:43:23:	This is for all the panelists we have.
00:43:23> 00:43:28:	We've discussed today redlining and some of the other
	practices
00:43:28> 00:43:29:	in the video.
00:43:29> 00:43:30:	But how do those impact,
00:43:30> 00:43:34:	transportation and transit? How can we work to rebuild our
00:43:34> 00:43:38:	cities more equitably and specifically in Indianapolis?
00:43:38> 00:43:42:	How does the bus rapid transit line impact or improve?
00:43:42> 00:43:44:	Or doesn't do anything so?
00:43:44> 00:43:46:	That's two questions we kind of combined into one so
00:43:46> 00:43:48:	interested in your thoughts on that.
00:43:51> 00:43:53:	So let me leave the second part of the question
00:43:53> 00:43:55:	about Indianapolis to brianca.
00:43:55> 00:43:56:	But before we do that,
00:43:56> 00:43:59:	we can give you some time to think about that.
00:43:59> 00:44:02:	Seem like you may be ready already with let me
00:44:02> 00:44:03:	go to Monica Monica.
00:44:03> 00:44:05:	For your understanding of redlining and transit,
00:44:05> 00:44:09:	what are you seeing in terms of the impacts of?
00:44:09> 00:44:12:	Transportation is relates to a consortium of things,
00:44:12> 00:44:15:	transportation cost burden redlining. We know more and more large
00:44:15> 00:44:19:	companies that aren't going to Metropolitan areas are located in
00:44:19> 00:44:22:	a suburb because they want more space but that demand
00:44:22> 00:44:24:	and having to work for us to get people.
00:44:24> 00:44:28:	There is a challenge, but do you just your general
00:44:28> 00:44:31:	thoughts about redlining in transit?
00:44:31> 00:44:33:	Well, they're absolutely interrelated. I mean,
00:44:33> 00:44:37:	what we're seeing in Chicago is things like.
00:44:37> 00:44:41:	Neighborhoods that are maybe more of that industrial

	Brooklyn look
00:44:41> 00:44:45:	and feel are getting the new transit stations and getting
00:44:45> 00:44:49:	the improved amenities and some of the places where the
00:44:49> 00:44:53:	housing is more in need of improvement and has the
00:44:53> 00:44:57:	opportunity to increase some of the density that would allow
00:44:57> 00:45:02:	proximity between transportation and job locations are actually not getting
00:45:02> 00:45:04:	the same resource is. I mean,
00:45:04> 00:45:08:	you can literally map train station by station.
00:45:08> 00:45:11:	Where the improvements are kuringen Ann.
00:45:11> 00:45:14:	Where the new construction is occurring and then to add
00:45:14> 00:45:17:	to that I mean the one super simple example that
00:45:17> 00:45:20:	started is when the Divvy bikes started in Chicago,
00:45:20> 00:45:22:	so the the ride share bikes.
00:45:22> 00:45:25:	There was a big fight to have it equitably extend
00:45:25> 00:45:29:	between neighborhoods into neighborhoods that were underserved,
00:45:29> 00:45:31:	but what it didn't recognize,
00:45:31> 00:45:33:	which is to the point of equity,
00:45:33> 00:45:35:	so I'm jumping sort of to.
00:45:35> 00:45:39:	An earlier question is that some of the communities that
00:45:39> 00:45:41:	were being underserved by the rich?
00:45:41> 00:45:44:	Rideshares even when the rideshare program started to come to
00:45:44> 00:45:45:	allow that last,
00:45:45> 00:45:49:	you know the last five 15 minutes to get to
00:45:49> 00:45:50:	the train.
00:45:50> 00:45:53:	There was maybe less knowledge and less ability and less
00:45:53> 00:45:55:	comfort to get on the bike to use it as
00:45:55> 00:45:56:	a source of transit.
00:45:56> 00:45:57:	So then it becomes a circular argument.
00:45:57> 00:46:00:	It's like, hey, nobody is using this in the neighborhood,
00:46:00> 00:46:02:	so why do we have to keep maintaining this in
00:46:02> 00:46:06:	this particular neighborhood without recognizing there's just some rooted experiences
00:46:07> 00:46:09:	that may not be nascent to the communities where these
00:46:09> 00:46:12:	services are being introduced. Burger.
00:46:12> 00:46:15:	So you want to chime in or anything regarding transit
00:46:15> 00:46:16:	redlining.
00:46:16> 00:46:20:	Sure, Ann. A complicated question because I think in my
00:46:20> 00:46:24:	mind it begs more questions and I'll just maybe start
00:46:24> 00:46:26:	with the idea of coded language,
00:46:26> 00:46:29:	right? I think a lot of times.

00:46:29> 00:46:32:	People say that they want access to all communities and
00:46:33> 00:46:36:	transportation that can help with that access to all
	communities.
00:46:36> 00:46:38:	But there's also, you know,
00:46:38> 00:46:42:	conversations that not all communities want their community
	to be
00:46:42> 00:46:44:	accessible to everyone in the region,
00:46:44> 00:46:47:	and I think that's a tough reality that we have
00:46:47> 00:46:51:	to acknowledge before we can have a transportation conversation,
00:46:51> 00:46:54:	because then, you know, politics will come into play and
00:46:54> 00:46:57:	then you you really just have to go back to
00:46:57> 00:46:59:	that initial question of do we want access?
00:46:59> 00:47:02:	Rock communities and that goes back to segregation.
00:47:02> 00:47:04:	I think there's a lot of communities who may not
00:47:04> 00:47:07:	necessarily want every community member in the region to be
00:47:07> 00:47:09:	able to get to their neighborhood,
00:47:09> 00:47:12:	and they'll vote accordingly.
00:47:12> 00:47:16:	Very good, we're going to seems like someone from
	Indianapolis,
00:47:16> 00:47:20:	while somebody who has some experience in Indianapolis
00.47.00 > 00.47.04	put up
00:47:20> 00:47:24:	the local transit system in realigning your thoughts.
00:47:24> 00:47:27:	Yeah, so for those of you who don't know,
00:47:27> 00:47:30:	we do have a bus rapid transit system that was
00:47:30> 00:47:31:	developed,
00:47:31> 00:47:34:	uh, last or that rolled out formally last fall around
00:47:34> 00:47:35:	September Ish.
00:47:35> 00:47:38:	And it's been interesting in that it is also first
00:47:38> 00:47:42:	All India is not a transit friendly city so we're
00:47:42> 00:47:44:	definitely not Chicago by any means.
00:47:44> 00:47:47:	We also have state legislation that says that we are
00:47:47> 00:47:51:	not allowed to build light rail so you know working
00:47:51> 00:47:52:	around that bus.
00:47:52> 00:47:55:	Rapid hearings it is an option.
00:47:55> 00:47:58:	But it rolled out in September in a city that's
00:47:58> 00:48:01: 00:48:01> 00:48:04:	not really transit friendly or bust friendly in particular.  And then complicating that, of course,
00:48:04> 00:48:06:	was Coppit 19, right? So you go from rolling out
00:48:04> 00:48:06: 00:48:06> 00:48:10:	this new opportunity for residents to we can't even ride
00:48:10> 00:48:12:	the buses or we shouldn't ride the buses.
00:48:12> 00:48:15:	So one of the things that they were dealing with,
00. <del>1</del> 0.12/ 00.40.15.	So one of the things that they were dealing with,

00:48:15 --> 00:48:19: I think in the early stages of this project. 00:48:19 --> 00:48:23: Thinking about equity is really how to get folks who 00:48:23 --> 00:48:26: don't work nearly ride the bus to participate in the 00:48:26 --> 00:48:29: program and to ride the bus to downtown. 00:48:29 --> 00:48:32: And so I think part of their marketing also involved. 00:48:32 --> 00:48:35: You know, the fact that you can live in your 00:48:35 --> 00:48:38: nice upscale neighborhood and catch the bus go downtown. 00:48:38 --> 00:48:41: So part of that we're trying to get those folks 00:48:41 --> 00:48:42: involved, 00:48:42 --> 00:48:45: and I think in this initial line that they have 00:48:45 --> 00:48:49: currently runs through a lot of relatively affluent and popular 00:48:49 --> 00:48:50: places in the city. Through downtown, into the other side, 00:48:50 --> 00:48:52: 00:48:52 --> 00:48:54: South side of the city. 00:48:54 --> 00:48:56: But it's an interesting experience writing it. 00:48:56 --> 00:48:58: I live on the North side, 00:48:58 --> 00:49:00: which is like the first stop and as you keep 00:49:00 --> 00:49:03: going it takes awhile for you to get to see 00:49:03 --> 00:49:04: a person of color. 00:49:04 --> 00:49:05: Sometimes on that bus ride. 00:49:05 --> 00:49:08: And so even though I think there are places where 00:49:08 --> 00:49:11: they clearly put it to make it more accessible, 00:49:11 --> 00:49:14: particularly for people of color due to redlining, 00:49:14 --> 00:49:17: right? They do have two other lines are supposed to 00:49:17 --> 00:49:20: come out and I think more affectively connect communities of 00:49:20 --> 00:49:22: color in particular too. 00:49:22 --> 00:49:24: More stops and so I think of course the idea 00:49:25 --> 00:49:28: of these lines is to create more Accessibility for folks 00:49:28 --> 00:49:31: who are lower income and need access to jobs that 00:49:31 --> 00:49:34: obviously intersects with race sometimes. 00:49:34 --> 00:49:36: So I think our city is still probably wanting to 00:49:37 --> 00:49:40: needing to see more longer term effects because I said 00:49:40 --> 00:49:43: that covid really complicated how that rolled out in terms 00:49:43 --> 00:49:46: of a broader audience in usability, 00:49:46 --> 00:49:48: but it does seem at least on its face, 00:49:48 --> 00:49:51: it's still hitting some of those major areas where we do see more folks of color. 00:49:51 --> 00:49:53: 00:49:53 --> 00:49:55: In our city. Sounds like you all are a little 00:49:56 --> 00:49:57: bit further ahead in Saint Louis, 00:49:57 --> 00:50:00: but that's good to hear. 00:50:00 --> 00:50:04: Right? OK Katie Xbox yeah. 00:50:04 --> 00:50:06: So this question is really focused.

00:50:06> 00:50:08:	Fill up with your banking experience,
00:50:08> 00:50:10:	what?
00:50:10> 00:50:13:	Our our Palace or or participant Rob has asked as
00:50:13> 00:50:15:	an African American worker in economic development.
00:50:15> 00:50:19:	He meets with black business owners and they expressed their
00:50:19> 00:50:19:	concern.
00:50:19> 00:50:21:	Struggling to secure bank loans?
00:50:21> 00:50:25:	What are some of the ways you've seen black business
00:50:25> 00:50:27:	owners overcome this hurdle?
00:50:27> 00:50:29:	Yeah, that's a great question.
00:50:29> 00:50:31:	Um, it's definitely tough. And you know.
00:50:31> 00:50:34:	Again, it kind of goes back to the historical context
00:50:34> 00:50:37:	that there there are a lot of walls and hurdles
00:50:37> 00:50:39:	and tape if you will.
00:50:39> 00:50:42:	That you know the banking industry has got to put
00:50:42> 00:50:43:	up to say hey we want to be.
00:50:43> 00:50:46:	You know, the most conservative with.
00:50:46> 00:50:49:	Who we lend the money to and we're using things
00:50:49> 00:50:50:	like credit scores.
00:50:50> 00:50:54:	We're using things like appraisals to kind of be that
00:50:54> 00:50:56:	determinant versus maybe.
00:50:56> 00:50:59:	Some may say it should be the trust in the
00:50:59> 00:51:02:	relationship that you have with the business owner trusting that
00:51:02> 00:51:04:	they are going to then pay it back.
00:51:04> 00:51:07:	So it just depends on the banking industry,
00:51:07> 00:51:09:	how strict they abide by those those policies,
00:51:09> 00:51:11:	and at the end of the day,
00:51:11> 00:51:14:	if your credit scores or if appraisals don't come back
00:51:14> 00:51:17:	where it kind of fits in bankers metrics and in
00:51:17> 00:51:18:	their credit box.
00:51:18> 00:51:21:	If you will, there's very limited flexibility sometimes,
00:51:21> 00:51:24:	so I think kind of building on other people's kind
00:51:24> 00:51:25:	of comments in the chat.
00:51:25> 00:51:29:	A lot of times the banking industry will rely on.
00:51:29> 00:51:34:	Community development financial institutions which are intermediary lenders to say
00:51:34> 00:51:34:	hey,
00:51:34> 00:51:37:	because we know you guys are a little bit more
00:51:37> 00:51:38:	flexible with your credit box,
00:51:38> 00:51:41:	you will give you all capital and then in hopes
00:51:41> 00:51:44:	that those CDF eyes are going to kind of get

00:51:47 -> 00:51:50         can can do so that's kind of the current relationship           00:51:50 -> 00:51:51         there.           00:51:54 -> 00:51:54         But yeah, it's it's definitely an industry and banking that has been intentionally conservative to kind of make sure that.           00:51:54 -> 00:52:05         right? That's going to be what is said, and yet we know that there's historical context.           00:52:01 -> 00:52:10:         That banking industry has had its hands along with FHA around redlining.           00:52:11 -> 00:52:11:         So I think the fact that a lot of banks           00:52:11 -> 00:52:21:         would not consider a non FHA mortgage alone and then knowing that FHA kind of to the videos perspective was very restrictive on who they they gave that insurance too.           00:52:24 -> 00:52:24:         Noi-52:24:         wory restrictive on who they they gave that insurance too.           00:52:24 -> 00:52:24:         I think it's kind of clear where our historical context.           00:52:23 -> 00:52:34:         I can just chime in as well fellow from the           00:52:34 -> 00:52:42:         other side from the business and things are great question.           00:52:42 -> 00:52:42:         other side from the businesses also need           00:52:44 -> 00:52:49:         other side from the businesses to go           00:52:50 -> 00:52:50:         into a bank first of all,           00:52:51 -> 00:52:55:         because they may not have that hi	00:51:44> 00:51:47:	it to those communities in a better way than banks
00:51:50> 00:51:51:         there.           00:51:51> 00:51:54:         But yeah, it's it's definitely an industry and banking that           00:51:54> 00:51:58:         has been intentionally conservative to kind of make sure that.           00:51:58> 00:52:01:         They are being fiscally responsible, right? That's going to be what is said, and yet we know that there's historical context.           00:52:01> 00:52:01:         That banking industry has had its hands along with FHA           00:52:11> 00:52:11:         So I think the fact that a lot of banks           00:52:11> 00:52:121:         Would not consider a non FHA mortgage alone and then knowing that FHA kind of to the videos perspective was very restrictive on who they they gave that insurance too.           00:52:21> 00:52:23:         I think it's kind of clear where our historical context.           00:52:23> 00:52:33:         I swith banking.           00:52:33> 00:52:34:         I can just chime in as well fellow from the           00:52:34> 00:52:42:         I think a lot of black owned businesses also need           00:52:49> 00:52:49:         Just tell a lot of black owned businesses to go           00:52:50> 00:52:50:         into a bank first of all,           00:52:50> 00:52:55:         because they may not have that historic relationship.           00:52:50> 00:52:57:         brack they regoing to turn down no matter           what regardless.		•
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00:53:24> 00:53:28:       Typically, though, they're low, you know and have a local         00:53:28> 00:53:28:       communities,         00:53:28> 00:53:32:       meaning black neighborhoods. It's very important that banks try to         00:53:32> 00:53:33:       come innovative,	00:53:18> 00:53:22:	have their instruction from memory business development,
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00:53:33> 00:53:36: but also civic leaders in government can get involved as	00:53:32> 00:53:33:	come innovative,
	00:53:33> 00:53:36:	but also civic leaders in government can get involved as

00:53:36> 00:53:39:	well as well as the philanthropic community.
00:53:39> 00:53:42:	OK, we're Morocco or anything with that.
00:53:42> 00:53:45:	We go to the next question.
00:53:45> 00:53:48:	I was just going to really quickly add with the
00:53:48> 00:53:48:	CDF.
00:53:48> 00:53:52:	I point that Phillips making is that that's that's been
00:53:52> 00:53:54:	absolutely critical for us.
00:53:54> 00:53:55:	So part of what we do,
00:53:55> 00:53:58:	less so under the name of civic projects.
00:53:58> 00:54:01:	But. But as part of my work is is development
00:54:01> 00:54:04:	rehab providing affordable housing and neighborhoods?
00:54:04> 00:54:08:	And the only way we could start that through private
00:54:08> 00:54:10:	money was was with the CDF.
00:54:10> 00:54:14:	I Community Investment Corporation allowing us to get a loan
00:54:14> 00:54:15:	in in a.
00:54:15> 00:54:18:	In an underresourced neighborhood, and that there was at that
00:54:19> 00:54:23:	time probably know traditional bank that would have provided that
00:54:23> 00:54:23:	funding,
00:54:23> 00:54:25:	and that obviously helps grow.
00:54:25> 00:54:28:	But I do find that with the bank and institutional
00:54:28> 00:54:31:	lending when you coming in from private.
00:54:31> 00:54:33:	So not the housing tax credits,
00:54:33> 00:54:36:	not the historical credits. It is very difficult to enter
00:54:37> 00:54:40:	that and people don't have the language and knowledge to
00:54:40> 00:54:42:	know how to have that conversation.
00:54:42> 00:54:45:	'cause when you start breaking it down.
00:54:45> 00:54:50:	There's there is opportunity to leverage whether it's property or
00:54:50> 00:54:53:	savings or there there are opportunities.
00:54:53> 00:54:54:	But Brian, to your point,
00:54:54> 00:55:00:	some of the language and education and knowledge of just
00:55:00> 00:55:02:	how to do that is not.
00:55:02> 00:55:05:	Is not transparent, right? Nobody is making that process transparent.
00:55:05> 00:55:08:	To make it easier for more people.
00:55:08> 00:55:11:	Right very good. Yeah, I was just going to add
00:55:11> 00:55:12:	that,
00:55:12> 00:55:15:	um. The indie chamber has kind of been lifted up
00:55:15> 00:55:19:	as a national model because of their response to the
00:55:19> 00:55:23:	PPP loans for small businesses in Indianapolis.

00:55:23> 00:55:26:	And so I think upwards of.
00:55:26> 00:55:29:	70% of the folks who got funding were actually minority,
00:55:29> 00:55:32:	and women owned businesses, and so they're being held up
00:55:32> 00:55:34:	as kind of examining their processes to see how to
00:55:34> 00:55:38:	be more equitable in those types of disbursements and
	treating
00:55:38> 00:55:40:	it as more of like a micro lending situation in
00:55:40> 00:55:41:	acting as a CDF.
00:55:41> 00:55:43:	I working with CDF eyes to do that work,
00:55:43> 00:55:46:	but I do want to very intentional about being more
00:55:46> 00:55:46:	equitable,
00:55:46> 00:55:49:	and they've been doing work for probably about two to
00:55:49> 00:55:52:	three years about how to be more inclusive in their
00:55:52> 00:55:53:	growth strategies for the city.
00:55:53> 00:55:55:	And so I just wanted to use that as a
00:55:55> 00:55:58:	point for people to look at with their interested.
00:55:58> 00:56:02:	But also that they've been very intentional about promoting equity
00:56:02> 00:56:06:	through the business community for awhile prior to all of
00:56:06> 00:56:07:	this happening.
00:56:07> 00:56:09:	Are we about 25 minutes before we have to begin
00:56:09> 00:56:10:	to start wrapping up?
00:56:10> 00:56:12:	And I know we have a number of questions,
00:56:12> 00:56:15:	so we're going to try to move through some of
00:56:15> 00:56:15:	these Katie.
00:56:15> 00:56:17:	You wanna go with it?
00:56:17> 00:56:19:	Yes, our next question is a very,
00:56:19> 00:56:23:	very controversial topic. The opportunity zones are these availed way
00:56:23> 00:56:25:	to perpetuate gentrification?
00:56:25> 00:56:28:	Or can they actually support our communities?
00:56:28> 00:56:31:	Some people may not be familiar with opportunities on,
00:56:31> 00:56:33:	so you might need to put some background information in
00:56:33> 00:56:33:	there.
00:56:35> 00:56:37:	So you want to give a shot at.
00:56:39> 00:56:42:	Sure opportunity zones.
00:56:42> 00:56:45:	For those who are unfamiliar,
00:56:45> 00:56:48:	opportunity zones are a tool that came out not too
00:56:48> 00:56:49:	long ago.
00:56:49> 00:56:54:	They are targeted at low income or areas determined by
00:56:54> 00:56:58:	each state where you can invest dollars.
00:56:58> 00:57:00:	With in lieu of paying capital gains tax,
00:57:00> 00:57:04:	so it's thought to be that you know by pulling

00:57:04> 00:57:05:	this money out,
00:57:05> 00:57:08:	investing it in the community that it is helping to
00:57:08> 00:57:10:	support these these districts.
00:57:10> 00:57:15:	That is also helping those people trying to avoid taxes
00:57:15> 00:57:18:	to build wealth in other ways.
00:57:18> 00:57:21:	Right, so you want to share any fellow.
00:57:21> 00:57:25:	Alright, I have mixed feelings about opportunity zones and I
00:57:25> 00:57:27:	think a lot of people do,
00:57:27> 00:57:29:	but I think it kind of goes back to the
00:57:29> 00:57:30:	general conversation,
00:57:30> 00:57:32:	right? If you think layman's terms,
00:57:32> 00:57:36:	how do we incentivize the right investments that are equitable,
00:57:36> 00:57:39:	right? And then you have to ask yourself,
00:57:39> 00:57:41:	are there enough rules and regulations?
00:57:41> 00:57:45:	Tide to opportunity, opportunity zone to kind of ensure that
00:57:45> 00:57:48:	equitable processes are going to be made,
00:57:48> 00:57:50:	and I think that's where you have to look at
00:57:50> 00:57:52:	the policies that are.
00:57:52> 00:57:56:	Our time to opertunity zones similar to CRA Community Reinvestment
00:57:56> 00:57:56:	Act.
00:57:56> 00:57:59:	Those are kind of those kind of regulations around how
00:57:59> 00:58:03:	banks have to put capital in certain communities based on
00:58:03> 00:58:06:	where they have branches and physical locations.
00:58:06> 00:58:07:	Question at the same time,
00:58:07> 00:58:10:	even CRA is being under review right now,
00:58:10> 00:58:12:	so you just have to ask again,
00:58:12> 00:58:15:	either enough rules and regulations and policy set so that
00:58:15> 00:58:19:	someone can't maybe abuse the system if you will and
00:58:19> 00:58:22:	not necessarily get the money where it needs to go.
00:58:22> 00:58:25:	So I think this the strength and opportunity zones is
00:58:25> 00:58:26:	going to be what?
00:58:26> 00:58:28:	What are the rules in place and right now I
00:58:28> 00:58:31:	just I'm just not sure what those rules and policies
00:58:31> 00:58:32:	are right now.
00:58:32> 00:58:34:	So yeah, I hope there's more more to come,
00:58:34> 00:58:37:	but it's just unclear. Yeah,
00:58:37> 00:58:39:	I think there needs to be more that needs to
00:58:39> 00:58:39:	be done,
00:58:39> 00:58:42:	obviously, and the other part of it is that you
00:58:42> 00:58:43:	have to have.

00:58:43> 00:58:46:	Development opportunities in the pipeline.
00:58:46> 00:58:48:	When you talk about some of these harder to serve
00:58:48> 00:58:51:	markets underserved markets that have historically been that way.
00:58:51> 00:58:54:	It's not like you have product Lander ready to go
00:58:54> 00:58:55:	looking for investment.
00:58:55> 00:58:57:	You know as a lot of money just flying around
00:58:57> 00:59:00:	looking for somewhere to land but you don't have projects
00:59:00> 00:59:03:	lined up for community that need those jobs need those
00:59:03> 00:59:05:	business services.
00:59:05> 00:59:09:	No. Anyone else want to say anything on there?
00:59:09> 00:59:13:	For God's next question. I was just gonna add real
00:59:13> 00:59:13:	quick.
00:59:13> 00:59:16:	I think bracket looks like you are too,
00:59:16> 00:59:20:	but I think the biggest challenge with things like opportunity
00:59:20> 00:59:20:	zones,
00:59:20> 00:59:23:	at least in in Chicago is that a lot of
00:59:23> 00:59:27:	where these were landing was kind of predetermined before Brian.
00:59:27> 00:59:29:	To your point, the projects,
00:59:29> 00:59:32:	the pipeline and the opportunity.
00:59:32> 00:59:35:	So like had we just spent the time studying where
00:59:35> 00:59:36:	these were to go.
00:59:36> 00:59:40:	I think we would have had a much fairer distribution
00:59:40> 00:59:42:	of of where they landed because.
00:59:42> 00:59:44:	Um?
00:59:44> 00:59:46:	They are.
00:59:46> 00:59:50:	It is not necessarily the local community that's being served
00:59:50> 00:59:52:	by the fact that the opportunity zone,
00:59:52> 00:59:55:	and it's been very.
00:59:55> 00:59:57:	I don't know if I should use the word predatory,
00:59:57> 01:00:00:	but almost been predatory in terms of like people taking
01:00:00> 01:00:04:	advantage of identified opportunity zones as opposed to there being
01:00:04> 01:00:06:	the projects in the pipeline and the existing.
01:00:06> 01:00:11:	Need that's done being supported.
01:00:11> 01:00:13:	Yeah, I would definitely agree with Monica on that.
01:00:13> 01:00:15:	It just seems a bit like not a self fulfilling
01:00:15> 01:00:16:	prophecy,
01:00:16> 01:00:18:	but every these cycles of like the same groups being
01:00:18> 01:00:21:	at the table to take advantage of the opportunity for
01:00:21> 01:00:22:	good or for bad.
01:00:22> 01:00:25:	And so we definitely have other places even in Indianapolis,

01:00:25> 01:00:27:	where you know they've been identified,
01:00:27> 01:00:30:	but then who's the CDC that that organization that
	neighborhood
01:00:30> 01:00:31:	is working with,
01:00:31> 01:00:33:	where the resources there? So it's been identified.
01:00:33> 01:00:36:	There's not a partner at the tables who's really going
01:00:36> 01:00:39:	to facilitate what that means to be an opportunity zone?
01:00:39> 01:00:42:	And I think as we think about neighborhood development in
01:00:42> 01:00:42:	particular.
01:00:42> 01:00:44:	But a lot of our constructions again is like who
01:00:44> 01:00:45:	is this built for?
01:00:45> 01:00:47:	Someone else said, is it built for the people who
01:00:47> 01:00:48:	actually live there?
01:00:48> 01:00:50:	Is that they're bringing people to do some stuff and
01:00:50> 01:00:53:	maybe attract folks from outside of that neighborhood and
	eventually
01:00:54> 01:00:56:	lead to other things like gentrification in session.
01:00:56> 01:00:58:	Again, I know a lot of those studies have yet
01:00:58> 01:00:58:	to be done by,
01:00:58> 01:01:00:	I think, at least on the ground,
01:01:00> 01:01:02:	there is concern about who is getting the support to
01:01:02> 01:01:04:	make sure that things are done in an equitable way.
01:01:04> 01:01:07:	So just adding to what everyone else already said.
01:01:07> 01:01:10:	Great point, thank you very often.
01:01:10> 01:01:12:	Katie, we have another question.
01:01:12> 01:01:14:	Yes, and we can go all the way up to
01:01:15> 01:01:15:	450,
01:01:15> 01:01:20:	so we can take quite a few more questions tonight.
01:01:20> 01:01:23:	Many the the next question is many people do not
01:01:23> 01:01:26:	fully understand how our political policies of the past have
01:01:26> 01:01:28:	put us where we are today in order to really
01:01:28> 01:01:31:	move forward. How do we educate the public on the
01:01:31> 01:01:34:	history so that they have the knowledge to help you
01:01:34> 01:01:37:	policies moving forward that are equitable knowledge is power this
01:01:37> 01:01:40:	information is not currently taught in schools?
01:01:44> 01:01:46:	Well, I think you'll have some work to do on
01:01:46> 01:01:46:	that.
01:01:48> 01:01:49:	Some other organizations as well,
01:01:49> 01:01:51:	but probably you want to take that.
01:01:53> 01:01:56:	Yeah, I guess I'll say at least my experience is
01:01:56> 01:01:59:	being a black student in K through 12 schools.
01:01:59> 01:02:02:	That you're right, that's not always taught,

01:02:02 --> 01:02:04: but I think you know. 01:02:04 --> 01:02:06: Even things like this are helpful, 01:02:06 --> 01:02:07: right? It's not taught in schools, 01:02:07 --> 01:02:09: but if you are appearing on this call, 01:02:09 --> 01:02:12: then it's incumbent upon you to have those conversations with 01:02:12 --> 01:02:13: your kids. 01:02:13 --> 01:02:15: It's not the schools, it is the school's fault, 01:02:15 --> 01:02:17: but you know, at a certain point, 01:02:17 --> 01:02:18: there is a level of. 01:02:18 --> 01:02:21: You know, implicit information that gets passed on even in 01:02:21 --> 01:02:24: households when we talk about things like what school is 01:02:24 --> 01:02:27: a good school or what neighborhood is a good neighborhood 01:02:27 --> 01:02:31: being able to deconstruct? What that means requires a lot 01:02:31 --> 01:02:32: of knowledge and listening. 01:02:32 --> 01:02:35: So I think that that's the biggest thing is being 01:02:35 --> 01:02:36: able to do things. 01:02:36 --> 01:02:39: There aren't there. Lots of forums like what we're doing 01:02:39 --> 01:02:39: right now, 01:02:39 --> 01:02:41: but there are tons of books. 01:02:41 --> 01:02:43: There are tons of podcasts are so many ways to 01:02:44 --> 01:02:46: just kind of jump into the information like I said 01:02:46 --> 01:02:49: that's why it takes a long time for these things 01:02:49 --> 01:02:51: to change because people have to. 01:02:51 --> 01:02:52: A lot of folks in this country, 01:02:52 --> 01:02:56: especially why folks are reorienting their perspectives to a lot 01:02:56 --> 01:02:57: of things that I've grown up with, 01:02:57 --> 01:03:01: are not actually OK, and they might actually systemically disadvantage 01:03:01 --> 01:03:01: people. 01:03:01 --> 01:03:04: So I think the only thing you can really do 01:03:04 --> 01:03:06: is just to listen to the communities that are being 01:03:06 --> 01:03:09: affected by some of these policies and just do as 01:03:09 --> 01:03:11: much as you can or so many resources now to 01:03:11 --> 01:03:14: jump into and be able to share that information with 01:03:14 --> 01:03:16: your family with your friends and other folks. 01:03:16 --> 01:03:19: To, you know, make it spread around as much as 01:03:20 --> 01:03:20: you can. 01:03:20 --> 01:03:24: Yeah, that's great. I think another thing at home turned 01:03:24 --> 01:03:25: over to Monica. 01:03:25 --> 01:03:27: but I think another couple of things. 01:03:27 --> 01:03:31: One is that that's why it's important to diversify.

01:03:31> 01:03:36:	Or institutions and make sure that we are inclusive.
01:03:36> 01:03:41:	Giving young people early. I think we have more black
01:03:41> 01:03:42:	Hispanic.
01:03:42> 01:03:45:	Just just more people of color involved these organizations.
01:03:45> 01:03:48:	They can certainly reach and educate there.
01:03:48> 01:03:50:	A lot of people don't know about a lot of
01:03:50> 01:03:52:	different you know,
01:03:52> 01:03:55:	divisions of planning and different things run development as well,
01:03:55> 01:03:59:	but if you tell people what food insecurity and can
01:03:59> 01:04:01:	tell you if they're hungry.
01:04:01> 01:04:05:	Within data also help, you maybe provide innovative solutions based
01:04:05> 01:04:06:	on their lived experience,
01:04:06> 01:04:09:	so we had to be to connect those dots and
01:04:09> 01:04:11:	making meaningful for a younger generation.
01:04:11> 01:04:15:	Anna younger generation color. The other thing I would also
01:04:15> 01:04:19:	say is that you know Community engagement is somewhere we
01:04:19> 01:04:21:	call that tokenism fees.
01:04:21> 01:04:24:	When you go into communities of color is really about
01:04:24> 01:04:25:	community empowerment,
01:04:25> 01:04:26:	and that's when you have.
01:04:26> 01:04:30:	That committee education community. You informing the community in which
01:04:30> 01:04:33:	you can learn from from them in the institutional history
01:04:33> 01:04:34:	as well as thing.
01:04:34> 01:04:37:	Having those conversations talk about planning is hard,
01:04:37> 01:04:41:	but development is what it means little development means.
01:04:41> 01:04:45:	Just be the bringing the right wording.
01:04:45> 01:04:48:	The right common language.
01:04:48> 01:04:52:	Will help. Always become more educated and help to expand
01:04:52> 01:04:55:	the field for more people to get more involved in
01:04:55> 01:04:56:	it as well.
01:04:56> 01:04:59:	So there's just a couple of things I wanted to
01:04:59> 01:05:01:	share my do you want to chime in on that?
01:05:01> 01:05:05:	I wasn't actually appreciate where you just said about sort
01:05:05> 01:05:06:	of the terminology,
01:05:06> 01:05:10:	the language understanding we've spent our entire summer with two
01:05:10> 01:05:14:	research assistance from the University of Chicago exploring almost everything
01:05:14> 01:05:18:	you just described and we're struggling right where we want

01:05:18> 01:05:21:	to talk about tools. And goals of equitable development in
01:05:22> 01:05:25:	the communities that we work and we can't even find
01:05:25> 01:05:27:	the common language to have the conversation.
01:05:27> 01:05:30:	So we're.
01:05:30> 01:05:32:	We will do our best is is the most I
01:05:32> 01:05:33:	can say,
01:05:33> 01:05:36:	but because a lot of the terminology that history things
01:05:36> 01:05:39:	that we saw in the film are not inherently known.
01:05:39> 01:05:43:	Then when we talk about things like Community wealth building,
01:05:43> 01:05:47:	which I think is absolutely critical to this conversation,
01:05:47> 01:05:51:	we're not recognizing the background that is either preventing or
01:05:51> 01:05:55:	could be eventually resolved to build the community wealth right?
01:05:55> 01:06:00:	And community wealth building, whether it's individual equity like actually
01:06:00> 01:06:01:	you know.
01:06:01> 01:06:02:	Within a home, a house,
01:06:02> 01:06:06:	a household of property, whatever or if it's community wealth
01:06:06> 01:06:09:	building in terms of community assets,
01:06:09> 01:06:12:	both of these are.
01:06:12> 01:06:16:	If you are outside of the neighborhood that is impacted,
01:06:16> 01:06:21:	you have a high percentage chance that you don't see
01:06:22> 01:06:22:	it.
01:06:22> 01:06:24:	I work in neighborhoods of color.
01:06:24> 01:06:27:	I live in a neighborhood that's not so much of
01:06:27> 01:06:32:	color and the difference in dialogues between those two neighborhoods
01:06:32> 01:06:34:	are night and day and all around me,
01:06:34> 01:06:36:	in in.
01:06:36> 01:06:39:	Where there are less people of color,
01:06:39> 01:06:42:	I'm realizing that. That nobody even knew to have these
01:06:42> 01:06:44:	conversations right.
01:06:44> 01:06:46:	There was no.
01:06:46> 01:06:48:	The idea of redlining the idea that inequity in lending
01:06:48> 01:06:49:	it's like,
01:06:49> 01:06:51:	well, I've always gotten loans when I've gone to the
01:06:51> 01:06:52:	bank,
01:06:52> 01:06:55:	may prevent you from even understanding that the color of
01:06:55> 01:06:58:	your skin with the neighborhood you live in is preventing
01:06:58> 01:07:00:	you from getting those same loans.
01:07:00> 01:07:03:	So we have to dial way back in this conversation.

01:07:05 --> 01:07:07: Yeah, I think just to kind of build on that. 01:07:07 --> 01:07:09: Really. It's about, you know, 01:07:09 --> 01:07:13: deciding that you're willing to sacrifice social capital here in 01:07:13 --> 01:07:17: your organizations to have conversations that might not impact you 01:07:17 --> 01:07:18: on a personal level, 01:07:18 --> 01:07:21: right? And I think that that goes a long way, 01:07:21 --> 01:07:23: because at the very least, 01:07:23 --> 01:07:25: we just saw one of one of the many resources 01:07:25 --> 01:07:26: out there. 01:07:26 --> 01:07:30: segregation by design. That's something you can bring to your organization tomorrow. 01:07:30 --> 01:07:31: 01:07:31 --> 01:07:34: Say, hey, I just had a chance to watch this 01:07:34 --> 01:07:34: great video. 01:07:34 --> 01:07:36: I know we have a DI committee. 01:07:36 --> 01:07:39: For example, I know we have this counselor who's looking 01:07:40 --> 01:07:40: to do DI work. 01:07:40 --> 01:07:43: I'd love to maybe bring this to have this conversation 01:07:44 --> 01:07:44: or or hey, 01:07:44 --> 01:07:47: you know I'd love to maybe see if our team 01:07:47 --> 01:07:48: wants to do an equity audit, 01:07:48 --> 01:07:51: right? These are small steps that you can as an 01:07:51 --> 01:07:55: individual can choose to suggest to your organization or to 01:07:55 --> 01:07:56: your group. 01:07:56 --> 01:07:59: Knowing that it might not be comfortable and it's not 01:07:59 --> 01:08:00: ever going to be comfortable, 01:08:00 --> 01:08:03: right? And I think we we have to just acknowledge 01:08:03 --> 01:08:06: that we have a privilege of kind of sitting on 01:08:06 --> 01:08:08: the sidelines and we have to leverage the idea of 01:08:08 --> 01:08:11: going and having those uncomfortable conversations, 01:08:11 --> 01:08:14: knowing that it's going to benefit the entire community if 01:08:15 --> 01:08:15: you do. 01:08:17 --> 01:08:20: OK. Katie, thank you Phillip. 01:08:20 --> 01:08:23: I'm a huge fan of uncomfortable conversation. 01:08:23 --> 01:08:25: We're going to skip over Casey's question. 01:08:25 --> 01:08:27: For those who don't know, 01:08:27 --> 01:08:29: Casey Curtis is our. 01:08:29 --> 01:08:33: Recently, elected president of ULI Saint Louis and that's a 01:08:33 --> 01:08:36: great question will probably end on that one on the 01:08:36 --> 01:08:39: next question in line is what do you think some 01:08:39 --> 01:08:43: of the most effective ways for big siari companies companies

01:08:43> 01:08:47:	which currently make most of their money from financing development
01:08:47> 01:08:51:	that aren't necessarily equitable or that play into the existing
01:08:51> 01:08:55:	system to change their business practices to to facilitate equitable
01:08:55> 01:08:56:	land use?
01:08:56> 01:08:59:	How can a big siari make sure they're not facilitating
01:08:59> 01:09:00:	gentrification?
01:09:04> 01:09:07:	Will I take that one?
01:09:07> 01:09:09:	There's a lot there.
01:09:09> 01:09:12:	Is there any piece of that that interview would like
01:09:12> 01:09:12:	to just take?
01:09:12> 01:09:16:	We can try to bring this break this question up
01:09:16> 01:09:16:	more.
01:09:16> 01:09:19:	Sure, I can start. I think first that's big.
01:09:19> 01:09:22:	Siari company has to want to do it right.
01:09:22> 01:09:25:	I think that requires their board,
01:09:25> 01:09:29:	their CEO, their executives, to want to do that kind
01:09:30> 01:09:30:	of work.
01:09:30> 01:09:32:	That's not the case. Then,
01:09:32> 01:09:36:	yeah, maybe would take policies and regulations that limit
	how
01:09:36> 01:09:37:	much capitalism.
01:09:37> 01:09:40:	They can enjoy so I think we're in a capitalistic
01:09:40> 01:09:43:	society right so I think capitalism is is what drives?
01:09:43> 01:09:46:	How do you make the most money and increase the
01:09:46> 01:09:50:	most profits for shareholders so I think if those shareholders
01:09:50> 01:09:53:	are telling them make as much money as you can.
01:09:53> 01:09:56:	I don't see why they would want to consider continue
01:09:56> 01:09:59:	or consider equitable development right and I think I say
01:10:00> 01:10:02:	that you know just to be transparent that.
01:10:02> 01:10:04:	It starts from the leadership level.
01:10:04> 01:10:08:	Start from the shareholders saying that this is a priority
01:10:08> 01:10:10:	for us and we no longer want to try to
01:10:10> 01:10:13:	maximize profits no matter what right there has to be
01:10:13> 01:10:15:	some sort of guidelines there.
01:10:15> 01:10:19:	So whether it's regulations or executive leadership choosing to make
01:10:19> 01:10:20:	that stance,
01:10:20> 01:10:21:	that's where it'll start.
01:10:25> 01:10:28:	Anyone else want to chime in on any part of
01:10:28> 01:10:29:	that question?
01:10:29> 01:10:34:	Yeah, I think I wouldn't mind adding something so twofold.

01:10:34 --> 01:10:37: All of the terminology around equity, 01:10:37 --> 01:10:41: equitable development that we're talking about comes into play, 01:10:41 --> 01:10:43: but when we talk about gentrification, 01:10:43 --> 01:10:46: I think there's a couple of ways to look at 01:10:46 --> 01:10:46: it, 01:10:46 --> 01:10:50: and I worked with the Executive Director in Englewood here 01:10:50 --> 01:10:50: in Chicago, 01:10:50 --> 01:10:52: and he made a really good point. 01:10:52 --> 01:10:54: He talked about economic diversity, 01:10:54 --> 01:10:57: right? He, he changed the conversation. 01:10:57 --> 01:11:00: He's like economic diversity. Bring it on, 01:11:00 --> 01:11:04: right? I will take economic diversity in in Englewood if 01:11:04 --> 01:11:04: increasing. 01:11:04 --> 01:11:08: Incomes of residents that are building on certain vacant lots 01:11:08 --> 01:11:11: or developing certain houses allows economic diversity, 01:11:11 --> 01:11:14: which means we can support the retail in our neighborhood, 01:11:14 --> 01:11:17: which means we can support the entrepreneurs which we can 01:11:17 --> 01:11:17: create, 01:11:17 --> 01:11:20: which means we can create more jobs in our neighborhood. 01:11:20 --> 01:11:22: Bring it on. I think the challenge is, 01:11:22 --> 01:11:26: you know, gentrification is really tide to displacement and we've 01:11:26 --> 01:11:28: got to work more on the social equity side where 01:11:28 --> 01:11:29: we really work at. 01:11:29 --> 01:11:32: How can how can we? 01:11:32 --> 01:11:34: Make change without. 01:11:37 --> 01:11:40: It sort of, can you change without displacement right? 01:11:40 --> 01:11:43: And to companies that are looking at bottom lines in 01:11:43 --> 01:11:45: terms of profits specifically, 01:11:45 --> 01:11:48: you know when you look at things like social capital 01:11:48 --> 01:11:50: and social equity. 01:11:50 --> 01:11:52: It it doesn't mean there's no money there, 01:11:52 --> 01:11:55: but it may mean that the you know the 12% return is a 10% or a 9% 01:11:55 --> 01:11:56: return. Whatever it is, it's just. 01:11:56 --> 01:11:58: 01:11:58 --> 01:12:01: It doesn't mean you can't. 01:12:01 --> 01:12:04: Build whether it's wealth within the community or wealth it's 01:12:04 --> 01:12:06: supporting the community, 01:12:06 --> 01:12:08: but you can do it in a way that you're 01:12:08 --> 01:12:12: actually building the community and not displacing or. 01:12:12 --> 01:12:14: Or some of the other things we've been talking about.

01:12:18 --> 01:12:20: OK, next question Katie. Yes, 01:12:20 --> 01:12:23: could you talk about the impacts of redlining on other 01:12:23 --> 01:12:26: issues including environmental justice, 01:12:26 --> 01:12:28: climate justice and public health. 01:12:30 --> 01:12:33: That's a good one. All the questions are good with 01:12:33 --> 01:12:34: broccoli. 01:12:34 --> 01:12:37: You want to take. Take it to run it it 01:12:37 --> 01:12:37: sure. 01:12:37 --> 01:12:40: so there's tons of research about you know, 01:12:40 --> 01:12:44: not even necessarily redlining, but neighborhoods that are, 01:12:44 --> 01:12:49: you know, majority minority, particularly majority black and the implications 01:12:49 --> 01:12:51: of living there on your health, 01:12:51 --> 01:12:53: greater rates of air pollution, 01:12:53 --> 01:12:56: greater rates of lead hazards in the soil, 01:12:56 --> 01:13:00: which leads to things like greater rates of asthma and 01:13:00 --> 01:13:02: some of these neighborhoods. 01:13:02 --> 01:13:05: So when we're talking about Cobin 19 in particular, 01:13:05 --> 01:13:08: the first things that came out was. 01:13:08 --> 01:13:10: You know, black people are definitely going to be a 01:13:10 --> 01:13:12: greater risk just because they're more likely to live in 01:13:12 --> 01:13:13: black neighborhoods, 01:13:13 --> 01:13:15: which are more likely to have these types of environmental 01:13:15 --> 01:13:18: hazards that predispose them to some of those types of. 01:13:18 --> 01:13:23: You know respiratory or other types of negative experiences health 01:13:23 --> 01:13:23: wise, 01:13:23 --> 01:13:27: so there's tons of work suggesting that if you live 01:13:27 --> 01:13:31: in a neighborhood that is predominately black in particular, 01:13:31 --> 01:13:36: regardless of income, that those are very common experiences to 01:13:36 --> 01:13:36: have. 01:13:36 --> 01:13:42: Great point, yes. Where is my right there? 01:13:42 --> 01:13:44: Sure, yeah, I think the color of law is a 01:13:44 --> 01:13:46: great book to just kind of read. 01:13:46 --> 01:13:48: I tend to cheat a lot. 01:13:48 --> 01:13:50: I just listen to audible.com, 01:13:50 --> 01:13:53: but for those who actually read the physical copy, 01:13:53 --> 01:13:55: you know couple of Lhasa great one. 01:13:55 --> 01:13:57: It walks through the idea that you know. 01:13:57 --> 01:14:02: Redlining also meant that certain plants certain. 01:14:02 --> 01:14:05: Other community centers that maybe other communities

01:12:16 --> 01:12:18:

Very good.

	didn't want in
01:14:05> 01:14:09:	their neighborhoods were put in black neighborhoods or in
	those
01:14:09> 01:14:11:	neighborhoods that were red line.
01:14:11> 01:14:13:	So I think to bring up this point,
01:14:13> 01:14:17:	those decisions were intentionally made to put certain factories.
01:14:17> 01:14:20:	Certain things in black neighborhoods because they knew of the
01:14:20> 01:14:23:	the health benefits or disadvantages by not having it in
01:14:23> 01:14:24:	certain communities.
01:14:24> 01:14:27:	So I think that's an important thing to just realize
01:14:27> 01:14:29:	that that's tide to the environment,
01:14:29> 01:14:32:	and you know, redlining impacts more than just.
01:14:32> 01:14:34:	Economics.
01:14:34> 01:14:37:	Yeah there is, but you know you have.
01:14:37> 01:14:41:	When you have redlining this this investment at this investment
01:14:41> 01:14:43:	goes to things from you know,
01:14:43> 01:14:46:	having food, deserts, health access,
01:14:46> 01:14:49:	deserts and then we feel as in as the food
01:14:49> 01:14:52:	swamps the convenience store is a high salt,
01:14:52> 01:14:55:	high sugar content. So redlining.
01:14:55> 01:14:58:	Is a systematic process that leads to a lot of
01:14:58> 01:15:02:	different things that adversely impact communities in as I mentioned
01:15:02> 01:15:02:	earlier.
01:15:02> 01:15:05:	I mean does go to the social and physical determinants
01:15:05> 01:15:06:	of health.
01:15:06> 01:15:10:	Your zip code? Unfortunately, can determine the outcome of your
01:15:10> 01:15:10:	life.
01:15:10> 01:15:14:	You know where I could mention before pollution that got
01:15:14> 01:15:15:	a lot of young people,
01:15:15> 01:15:19:	particularly black children. They have higher rates of asthma,
01:15:19> 01:15:22:	obesity, which leads to chronic diseases like kidney,
01:15:22> 01:15:25:	kidney disease, and in certain forms of cancer and so
01:15:25> 01:15:30:	many different things that just result from redlining and disinvestment
01:15:30> 01:15:30:	in general.
01:15:33> 01:15:35:	OK Katie next question, yes,
01:15:35> 01:15:38:	so we're going to. We're going to get.
01:15:38> 01:15:42:	These are gonna be the last two questions we we
01:15:42> 01:15:43:	tackle today.

01:15:43> 01:15:48:	Will hit Casey's question. What is one thing everyone listening
01:15:48> 01:15:52:	today can do to add advocate for in an effort
01:15:52> 01:15:55:	to advance equitable development?
01:15:55> 01:15:58:	So what is something that people can do today to
01:15:58> 01:16:00:	advance equitable development?
01:16:00> 01:16:03:	Um, I would say this isn't a particular cause,
01:16:03> 01:16:05:	but I think a major hurdle,
01:16:05> 01:16:08:	and Monica alluded to this is to stop conflating race
01:16:08> 01:16:08:	with income.
01:16:08> 01:16:11:	I think it's a very easy thing for developers,
01:16:11> 01:16:13:	folks in city government to do,
01:16:13> 01:16:16:	and saying we're going to help these folks because they're
01:16:16> 01:16:19:	lower income and therefore by saying it's an economic issue,
01:16:19> 01:16:21:	we cannot avoid the race conversation.
01:16:21> 01:16:23:	But as you saw in the video,
01:16:23> 01:16:26:	and as everyone said, so far these outcomes aren't by
01:16:26> 01:16:27:	happenstance.
01:16:27> 01:16:29:	There are very much racially targeted,
01:16:29> 01:16:32:	and it's impossible to kind of reverse things from a
01:16:32> 01:16:33:	racial equity.
01:16:33> 01:16:36:	Perspective without this acknowledging that it's a race problem and
01:16:36> 01:16:39:	not just erase an income problem when we look at
01:16:39> 01:16:40:	majority black neighborhoods,
01:16:40> 01:16:43:	there folks who live there who are attorneys and who
01:16:43> 01:16:45:	were teachers and professionals.
01:16:45> 01:16:48:	These aren't like low income people who are on food
01:16:48> 01:16:50:	stamps like the stereotypes would have you believe.
01:16:50> 01:16:52:	It's a very diverse place,
01:16:52> 01:16:54:	socio economically and so it just kind of put some
01:16:54> 01:16:57:	of these solutions as income based strategies.
01:16:57> 01:16:59:	I think really does a disservice to you again.
01:16:59> 01:17:02:	The years of systemic policies that were targeted toward black
01:17:03> 01:17:04:	people and people of color.
01:17:07> 01:17:10:	Monica, would you say your?
01:17:10> 01:17:13:	Something you want to leave in terms of what can
01:17:13> 01:17:14:	people do now?
01:17:14> 01:17:18:	Um, I think have the conversation at its most basic
01:17:18> 01:17:18:	level,
01:17:18> 01:17:21:	I think that there's an amazing.
01:17:21> 01:17:24:	That's the conversation I had the other day with a

01:17:25 --> 01:17:25: friend. 01:17:25 --> 01:17:29: It's a shockingly amazing opportunity right now that you can 01:17:30 --> 01:17:33: have a conversation about lack of access, 01:17:33 --> 01:17:37: comfort in public spaces, ability to go outside everybody is 01:17:37 --> 01:17:40: impacted because of covid right now, so all of a sudden, 01:17:40 --> 01:17:41: 01:17:41 --> 01:17:45: a lot of communities have never experienced. 01:17:45 --> 01:17:48: Um, lack of access or being afraid to go outside 01:17:48 --> 01:17:50: or concerned about the environment, 01:17:50 --> 01:17:54: the air they're breathing, our experiences from a very visceral 01:17:54 --> 01:17:56: and personal level, so all of a sudden this conversation can occur in 01:17:56 --> 01:17:59: 01:17:59 --> 01:18:00: a different way. 01:18:00 --> 01:18:03: Because in in many of the communities we work in 01:18:03 --> 01:18:05: and many friends and colleagues, 01:18:05 --> 01:18:08: it's like well, this is our reality, right? This is always been our reality and a lot 01:18:08 --> 01:18:11: 01:18:11 --> 01:18:14: of people are waking up to this idea that our 01:18:14 --> 01:18:15: environment are outside. Is not necessarily safe or conducive to our personal health, 01:18:15 --> 01:18:19: 01:18:19 --> 01:18:21: so I think this is a really, 01:18:21 --> 01:18:24: really important time to have the conversation in part. 01:18:24 --> 01:18:28: Unfortunately due to Covid, but I think it's allowing people 01:18:28 --> 01:18:31: to understand that discomfort caused for different reasons. But the fact that there is a discomfort and there's 01:18:31 --> 01:18:35: 01:18:35 --> 01:18:38: a lack of access to fresh air and all of 01:18:38 --> 01:18:39: these things is. 01:18:39 --> 01:18:41: I don't know, I've just really found that conversation has 01:18:41 --> 01:18:44: changed with with the fact that there's so much restricted 01:18:44 --> 01:18:44: access right now. 01:18:47 --> 01:18:49: I'll say briefly, you know, 01:18:49 --> 01:18:51: maybe just I mentioned earlier. 01:18:51 --> 01:18:54: You know, track racial demographic data. 01:18:54 --> 01:19:00: I think you'll be surprised how few organizations actually track 01:19:00 --> 01:19:02: racial demographic data. 01:19:02 --> 01:19:03: And until you do that, 01:19:03 --> 01:19:07: you can't even tell the story of that race conversation. 01:19:07 --> 01:19:10: I think also, you know you defined a consultant or 01:19:11 --> 01:19:14: find a group neutral third party to do a true 01:19:14 --> 01:19:16: equity audit of your organization's. 01:19:16 --> 01:19:19: I think until you start internally.

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01:19:19 --> 01:19:23:
                          It's tough to decide next steps until you you really
01:19:23 --> 01:19:25:
                          kind of come to terms with where you are as
01:19:25 --> 01:19:27:
                          an organization so.
01:19:27 --> 01:19:29:
                          Well, that's a good segue fellow about measuring.
01:19:29 --> 01:19:32:
                          You can't know where you're going or how effective you
01:19:32 --> 01:19:36:
                          been with these public statements and things you're trying to
01:19:36 --> 01:19:36:
                          initiate.
01:19:36 --> 01:19:39:
                          Unless you're able to measure it and then we have
01:19:39 --> 01:19:40:
                          a PhD up here,
01:19:40 --> 01:19:43:
                          so I know previously understand that as well.
01:19:43 --> 01:19:46:
                          Or Katie, how are we doing on time and you
01:19:46 --> 01:19:47:
                          wanna go and give some?
01:19:47 --> 01:19:51:
                          Action items here. Yes, I I want to thank everybody
01:19:51 --> 01:19:52:
                          for participating today.
01:19:52 --> 01:19:55:
                          If their questions were in the chat box and we
01:19:55 --> 01:19:57:
                          weren't able to get to them,
01:19:57 --> 01:19:59:
                          we will answer them and post them to the Wli
01:19:59 --> 01:20:00:
                          Summit website.
01:20:00 --> 01:20:03:
                          We're going to be adding a resource page with that
01:20:03 --> 01:20:04:
                          in mind.
01:20:04 --> 01:20:07:
                          Our final question for the survey or for our panelists
01:20:07 --> 01:20:10:
                          today will be coming in the form of if you
01:20:10 --> 01:20:12:
                          would provide one link or resource,
01:20:12 --> 01:20:14:
                          you would recommend to the audience.
01:20:14 --> 01:20:16:
                          So give you a second to think about that.
01:20:16 --> 01:20:19:
                          While we we have that question out there,
01:20:19 --> 01:20:22:
                          we also know that. People in the audience have a
01:20:22 --> 01:20:24:
                          ton of resources at their fingertips as well,
01:20:24 --> 01:20:27:
                          so we encourage you to drop those into the Q&A.
01:20:27 --> 01:20:29:
                          We know it's not going to be a question,
01:20:29 --> 01:20:32:
                          but will be documenting and keeping track of all the
01:20:32 --> 01:20:35:
                          resources that you drop into the question and answer box
01:20:35 --> 01:20:38:
                          will be adding those to the website and creating a
01:20:38 --> 01:20:40:
                          resource page to use in the future.
01:20:40 --> 01:20:42:
                          So I'd just like to go around and ask each
01:20:42 --> 01:20:45:
                          panelist if you had one resource you would recommend for
01:20:45 --> 01:20:46:
                          the audience.
01:20:46 --> 01:20:46:
                          What would it be?
01:20:50 --> 01:20:51:
                          We'll start with Phillip.
01:20:53 --> 01:20:56:
                          Sure, yeah. So I mentioned color of law.
01:20:56 --> 01:20:59:
                          There's also a book called Color of Money that really
01:20:59 --> 01:21:03:
                          speaks to the lending industry and kind of how that
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01:21:05 --> 01:21:07: Yeah, I think it's just. 01:21:07 --> 01:21:09: Taking the time to really look at those resource and 01:21:09 --> 01:21:11: then see where those resources take you, 01:21:11 --> 01:21:14: because those books are great books that will mention other 01:21:14 --> 01:21:16: resources to check out so it kind of follow those 01:21:16 --> 01:21:16: leads. 01:21:19 --> 01:21:22: I'm gonna jump in with an audio, 01:21:22 --> 01:21:26: specifically a podcast, so there's a series of podcasts by 01:21:26 --> 01:21:27: serial or and. 01:21:27 --> 01:21:31: which are all amazing. But there's one that's currently out 01:21:31 --> 01:21:33: right now called believe. 01:21:33 --> 01:21:35: It's called nice white people, 01:21:35 --> 01:21:39: but it's it's about the education system and access to 01:21:39 --> 01:21:43: schools in New York and it's it's fantastic because it's 01:21:43 --> 01:21:47: very digestible and it really goes at things like locations 01:21:47 --> 01:21:50: of school, access to schools, 01:21:50 --> 01:21:53: peoples, desires. To to have a public education. 01:21:53 --> 01:21:56: But then the reality of kind of what individual action 01:21:56 --> 01:21:57: in what individual action? 01:21:57 --> 01:22:01: How individual action impacts the realities of the schools and 01:22:01 --> 01:22:02: where the schools are today. 01:22:02 --> 01:22:05: So it it's using the current context to explore how 01:22:05 --> 01:22:07: we've gotten to where we are, 01:22:07 --> 01:22:09: with the lack of integration in schools, 01:22:09 --> 01:22:12: in the in the public education system. 01:22:14 --> 01:22:17: I would recommend the warmth of other Suns by Isabel 01:22:17 --> 01:22:17: Wilkerson. 01:22:17 --> 01:22:20: She has a new book that's come out called Cast 01:22:20 --> 01:22:23: which talks about race and how it's structured in the 01:22:23 --> 01:22:23: US. 01:22:23 --> 01:22:26: but I like the warmth of other Suns because it's 01:22:26 --> 01:22:27: very narrative, but it also talks about what it means to be 01:22:27 --> 01:22:29: 01:22:29 --> 01:22:32: a black person coming usually from the Deep South to 01:22:32 --> 01:22:34: different parts of the country, 01:22:34 --> 01:22:38: including the Midwest, including places like Chicago and just what 01:22:38 --> 01:22:39: that treatment was like. 01:22:39 --> 01:22:42: Because you think about any kind of overturning some of 01:22:42 --> 01:22:45: these policies and what that looks like. 01:22:45 --> 01:22:47: So just again kind of see what that was like

has been racially discriminate.

01:21:03 --> 01:21:05:

01:22:47 --> 01:22:50: in practice for people to essentially be treated like immigrants 01:22:50 --> 01:22:52: in their own country to come to a new place 01:22:52 --> 01:22:55: and not have the systems and structures to support them. 01:22:55 --> 01:22:58: And accomplishing things like home ownership or living in a 01:22:58 --> 01:22:58: quality, 01:22:58 --> 01:23:01: affordable rental that was happening decades and decades 01:23:01 --> 01:23:04: And they were still trying to break some of those 01:23:04 --> 01:23:04: cycles. 01:23:04 --> 01:23:07: I think it's a good kind of historical perspective on 01:23:07 --> 01:23:07: some of that. 01:23:12 --> 01:23:15: Your mute Katie your mute. 01:23:15 --> 01:23:17: As a Brian, and we'd also love you to add 01:23:17 --> 01:23:18: your your two cents. 01:23:18 --> 01:23:22: As a professor, you you've got lots of resources. 01:23:22 --> 01:23:24: You know, I'm gonna do a little bit different, 01:23:24 --> 01:23:27: and though this is not tapping out here but. 01:23:27 --> 01:23:31: The late speaker of the House tip O'Neill O'Neill always 01:23:31 --> 01:23:33: said that all politics is local. 01:23:33 --> 01:23:36: I'll just say everybody on this webinar. 01:23:36 --> 01:23:39: Do spine of local book. 01:23:39 --> 01:23:42: Or somebody's written about the history of your community. 01:23:42 --> 01:23:45: And figure out what you can do to help fortify 01:23:45 --> 01:23:46: any challenges with. 01:23:46 --> 01:23:48: Again, I believe all things are local, 01:23:48 --> 01:23:51: so find something you look community, 01:23:51 --> 01:23:54: some author being written about some neighborhood, 01:23:54 --> 01:23:55: some part of Community has. 01:23:55 --> 01:24:00: It was formed something in your history locali that would 01:24:00 --> 01:24:03: be important for you going forward. 01:24:03 --> 01:24:04: Thank you and thank you all. 01:24:04 --> 01:24:07: Thank you for the audience for joining us today. 01:24:07 --> 01:24:11: I want to thank Brian for his thoughtful guidance through 01:24:11 --> 01:24:11: this. 01:24:11 --> 01:24:15: Thanks to our panelists for being willing to share their 01:24:15 --> 01:24:17: experience and expertise with us. 01:24:17 --> 01:24:20: And also thanks to Bonnie Kelly and and those it 01:24:20 --> 01:24:23: wli in the ULI have helped pull this together. 01:24:23 --> 01:24:26: A recording of this session is going to be made 01:24:26 --> 01:24:30: available on you Lisa Knowledge Finder and then we will 01:24:30 --> 01:24:32: also post it to YouTube. 01:24:32 --> 01:24:35: Our our second session is scheduled for September 16th.

01:24:35> 01:24:38:	Its title is analysis, so be on lookout For more
01:24:39> 01:24:42:	information about that as the title kind of lends itself
01:24:42> 01:24:45:	to you will be looking at how do we analyze
01:24:45> 01:24:49:	race and equity and what tools are available to us
01:24:49> 01:24:51:	to move that conversation forward.
01:24:51> 01:24:54:	Today we hope to establish a dialogue and set the
01:24:54> 01:24:56:	foundation for meaningful change.
01:24:56> 01:24:59:	Together we can use our networks and our tools to
01:25:00> 01:25:02:	move forward to more just and equitable future.
01:25:02> 01:25:05:	I invite you to join us to do the work,
01:25:05> 01:25:09:	to imagine the incredible possibilities of what can happen when
01:25:09> 01:25:12:	we have a more equitable build environment.
01:25:12> 01:25:13:	And I want to thank you.
01:25:13> 01:25:15:	Once again, we hope to see you in September.

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