

Webinar

ULI Los Angeles: Paul R. Williams: Rediscovering an Architectural Icon (Part 2): Impact and Influence

Date: February 18, 2021

00:00:00> 00:00:03:	Good evening, my name is Therese Griffith anion,
00:00:03> 00:00:07:	the senior director of Los Angeles District Council for the
00:00:07> 00:00:08:	Urban Land Institute.
00:00:08> 00:00:12:	Black History Month is a time to celebrate the extraordinary
00:00:12> 00:00:13:	resilience,
00:00:13> 00:00:16:	talent and contributions of black Americans.
00:00:16> 00:00:19:	Today, February 18th is also the anniversary of the birth
00:00:20> 00:00:21:	of Paul Revere Williams,
00:00:21> 00:00:26:	the pioneering architect. A leader in mid century modern design
00:00:26> 00:00:29:	aesthetic for all of Southern California.
00:00:29> 00:00:33:	Our series of the life and work of Paul Williams
00:00:34> 00:00:38:	began in November when you Ally Los Angeles AIA.
00:00:38> 00:00:43:	Los Angeles USC architecture, Getty Research Institute,
00:00:43> 00:00:48:	and so. Cal Noma launched a collaboration our November program
00:00:48> 00:00:53:	which the recording can be found on our UI website.
00:00:53> 00:00:57:	Is included a panel that detailed.
00:00:57> 00:01:03:	How USER, School of Architecture and the Getty Research Institute
00:01:03> 00:01:08:	partnered to acquire an conserve The Williams Archive.
00:01:08> 00:01:13:	We thank Dean Curry, Maristella Casciato and Lauren Brooks for
00:01:13> 00:01:17:	their participation in that compelling first conversation.
00:01:17> 00:01:20:	Today we're turning to part two of our series,
00:01:20> 00:01:24:	well where we will dive into pool or Williams.
00:01:24> 00:01:28:	Vast impact and influence. As you learn more about Paul
00:01:28> 00:01:30:	Williams extraordinary life today,
00:01:30> 00:01:33:	please consider not only his influence,

00:01:33> 00:01:35:	but the power of your own voice.
00:01:35> 00:01:39:	To share his accomplishments and impact with your
00-04-00 > 00-04-40-	colleagues,
00:01:39> 00:01:42:	friends, family and future generations.
00:01:42> 00:01:46:	Each of our organizations that have come together for this
00:01:46> 00:01:50:	event are grateful for the leadership of and partnership of
00:01:50> 00:01:50:	our sponsors.
00:01:50> 00:01:54:	Our sponsors allow us to continue to bring quality education
00:01:54> 00:01:59:	and programming to participants through knowledge sharing and other forms
00:01:59> 00:02:01:	of organizational engagement.
00:02:01> 00:02:04:	Thank you all. For our sponsorship.
00:02:04> 00:02:07:	Thank you to all of our sponsors for their support.
00:02:07> 00:02:10:	Next, I want to thank the team of people and
00:02:10> 00:02:10:	panel.
00:02:10> 00:02:13:	The staff and panelists that come together to make these
00:02:13> 00:02:15:	this series possible.
00:02:15> 00:02:18:	We're grateful for your time and all of your collaboration
00:02:18> 00:02:20:	for all of you with us today,
00:02:20> 00:02:22:	the web and R is being recorded.
00:02:22> 00:02:25:	We ask that you use the Q&A icon at the
00:02:25> 00:02:27:	bottom of your screen to submit.
00:02:27> 00:02:29:	Any questions will be moderating.
00:02:29> 00:02:33:	Monitoring that Q&A throughout the program.
00:02:33> 00:02:38:	The presentation portion of our program will run approximately one
00:02:38> 00:02:39:	through 630.
00:02:39> 00:02:42:	After that we will have Q&A for everyone.
00:02:42> 00:02:47:	Now I'm delighted to introduce AIA Los Angeles executive director
00:02:47> 00:02:49:	Carlo Cavalli.
00:02:49> 00:02:52:	Thank you very much. Thank you very much sweet again.
00:02:52> 00:02:54:	My name is Carlo Cavalli.
00:02:54> 00:02:57:	MD exited the writer for a Los Angeles and accessories
00:02:57> 00:02:58:	mentioned.
00:02:58> 00:03:01:	We are here tonight to discuss the architectural impact of
00:03:01> 00:03:04:	Paul Williams beyond DLA architectural scene,
00:03:04> 00:03:08:	especially the influences life and work heavily in his time
00:03:08> 00:03:11:	and on generations of architects who came after him.
00:03:11> 00:03:15:	It is also feeding just as a series mentioned before
00:03:15> 00:03:18:	that we have in this conversation not only in the
00:03:18> 00:03:20:	midst of Black History Month.
00:03:20> 00:03:22:	On the day of Paul Williams birthday,

00:03:22> 00:03:24:	in fact, it was born today,
00:03:24> 00:03:27:	February 18th. In 1918 ninety four.
00:03:27> 00:03:30:	We will hear many stories tonight about how this iconic
00:03:30> 00:03:31:	architecture,
00:03:31> 00:03:33:	really, one of a kind,
00:03:33> 00:03:36:	inspired many lives and I want to start with my
00:03:36> 00:03:38:	own little story about him.
00:03:38> 00:03:41:	I first came to Los Angeles in 1988 and the
00:03:41> 00:03:45:	first piece of architecture I saw as I got out
00:03:45> 00:03:48:	of the LAX terminal was the iconic theme building.
00:03:48> 00:03:51:	I was really wow. I had no idea who Paul
00:03:51> 00:03:52:	Williams was then,
00:03:52> 00:03:55:	but that building had just set the tone,
00:03:55> 00:03:58:	the mood, and the expectation for me for the CD
00:03:58> 00:04:00:	that I was going to explore,
00:04:00> 00:04:03:	this incredible project is how most people who come to
00:04:03> 00:04:05:	elkei are welcome to the city.
00:04:05> 00:04:08:	It is their first encounter with the LA architecture.
00:04:08> 00:04:10:	It is a big responsibility,
00:04:10> 00:04:13:	very well managed before we get into the thick of
00:04:13> 00:04:15:	the conversation.
00:04:15> 00:04:18:	I would like to launch a quick video featuring 5
00:04:18> 00:04:19:	architects.
00:04:19> 00:04:22:	Who are sharing their own story about Paul Williams?
00:04:22> 00:04:23:	Let's take a look.
00:04:40> 00:04:43:	Paul Williams impacted my life in a very unique way.
00:04:43> 00:04:45:	When I was a junior in high school that was
00:04:45> 00:04:47:	around the time that I decided I wanted to pursue
00:04:48> 00:04:49:	a career in architecture.
00:04:49> 00:04:51:	So I wanted to start looking up architects and seeing
00:04:51> 00:04:53:	how they did their work,
00:04:53> 00:04:54:	who they were, where they came from,
00:04:54> 00:04:57:	'cause I didn't know any architects personally to that point
00:04:57> 00:04:58:	in my life.
00:04:58> 00:05:00:	So as I did a Google search typed in.
00:05:00> 00:05:01:	Who are the best architects?
00:05:01> 00:05:03:	Not one black architect came up.
00:05:03> 00:05:05:	Mostly it was a list filled with white men and
00:05:05> 00:05:08:	so at that point I was a little discouraged not
00:05:08> 00:05:09:	to see anyone that looked like me.
00:05:09> 00:05:11:	But I did a little bit more research.
00:05:11> 00:05:14:	And came across Paul Williams after studying the way he

00:05:14> 00:05:17:	designed his success and who he was as a black
00:05:17> 00:05:18:	man in this field.
00:05:18> 00:05:22:	It really helped me gain confidence to know that someone
00:05:22> 00:05:25:	like me has laid out a foundation of how to
00:05:25> 00:05:27:	be successful in this architecture field.
00:05:27> 00:05:32:	Paul Williams impacted my life by being a story that
00:05:33> 00:05:35:	was told but also seen.
00:05:35> 00:05:39:	Being an architect and being able to see the buildings
00:05:39> 00:05:41:	that Paul Williams design.
00:05:41> 00:05:44:	At ever lasting impact on me in terms of my
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	career as well as my life.
00:05:49> 00:05:52:	How are Williams impact in my life?
00:05:52> 00:05:56:	Because had there been no Paul Williams?
00:05:56> 00:05:59:	My late father Robert Canard would not have considered a
00:05:59> 00:06:01:	career in architecture.
00:06:01> 00:06:03:	And if he didn't go into architecture,
00:06:03> 00:06:06:	it's probably unlikely that I would have either.
00:06:06> 00:06:10:	My father was born in the generation after Paul Williams.
00:06:10> 00:06:14:	He was a high school student in the mid 1930s
00:06:14> 00:06:18:	and a drafting teacher told him about this architect name
00:06:18> 00:06:19:	called Williams.
00:06:19> 00:06:24:	Just knowing that Paul Williams existed.
00:06:24> 00:06:27:	Put up planted a seed in my father's mind that
00:06:27> 00:06:31:	maybe maybe he as a also could consider a career
00:06:31> 00:06:32:	in architecture.
00:06:32> 00:06:34:	So he went on to study architecture,
00:06:34> 00:06:39:	Pasadena College, City College. And his classmates.
00:06:39> 00:06:41:	At that time, he did very well.
00:06:41> 00:06:45:	They called him PRW. 2 Volumes II.
00:06:45> 00:06:49:	Paul Williams impacted my life by being example of confidence
00:06:49> 00:06:52:	and courage and not just in any person but a
00:06:52> 00:06:54:	black person in architecture.
00:06:54> 00:06:58:	When I learned of the story of him sitting across
00:06:58> 00:07:01:	from his clients who were fair skinned.
00:07:01> 00:07:05:	I thought about how confident he must be in his
00:07:05> 00:07:07:	own designs and capabilities.
00:07:07> 00:07:11:	When I presented with opportunities that make me reflect on
00:07:11> 00:07:13:	my own qualifications.
00:07:13> 00:07:15:	If I'm ready if I'm prepared,
00:07:15> 00:07:17:	or if it just brings me fear,
00:07:17> 00:07:22:	I am reminded of the resilience that Paul Williams represents

00:07:22> 00:07:23:	for so many of us.
00:07:23> 00:07:27:	And because of that, I think I have been able
00:07:27> 00:07:30:	to grown in my own confidence in abilities as I
00:07:30> 00:07:34:	reflect on the journey that Paul Williams wants to.
00:07:34> 00:07:39:	Paul Williams has impacted my life by his example.
00:07:39> 00:07:41:	From what I could see,
00:07:41> 00:07:44:	he has designed some great buildings,
00:07:44> 00:07:47:	iconic buildings in the city of Los Angeles,
00:07:47> 00:07:50:	just very impressive in his left.
00:07:50> 00:07:52:	A long and lasting legacy.
00:07:52> 00:07:54:	From what I could read,
00:07:54> 00:07:56:	he was a great family man.
00:07:56> 00:08:00:	He took pride in his family and and and put
00:08:00> 00:08:02:	priority to his family.
00:08:02> 00:08:06:	And that's something that's important to me as well.
00:08:06> 00:08:11:	He also was authentic and I think that's very important.
00:08:11> 00:08:14:	To be real and to be true to yourself.
00:08:14> 00:08:17:	He didn't have a contrived personality,
00:08:17> 00:08:21:	and Paul Williams was a conscious black man.
00:08:21> 00:08:23:	He wrote that essay I am in,
00:08:23> 00:08:26:	which was bold at that time.
00:08:26> 00:08:29:	He spoke the truth and he spoke the truth to
00:08:29> 00:08:29:	power,
00:08:29> 00:08:33:	and that is something that I think is extremely special
00:08:33> 00:08:37:	that made Paul Williams the great architect and the great
00:08:38> 00:08:38:	man,
00:08:38> 00:08:40:	and a great family man that he was.
00:08:44> 00:08:47:	We're clearly Paul Williams touched many lives and definitely
	left
00:08:48> 00:08:51:	an incredible legacy behind before we proceed with the
00:08:51> 00:08:54:	program, I want to thank Carine Ellingson with a Los Angeles
00:08:54> 00:08:57:	for putting together this really lovely video and the other
00:08:57> 00:09:00:	videos they will see through the course of the evening.
00:09:00> 00:09:04:	So, without further ado, let's get the program officially started,
00:09:04> 00:09:07:	and please allow me to introduce the moderator of tonight's
00:09:07> 00:09:08:	conversation.
00:09:08> 00:09:11:	Rebecca Choi. Rebecca is an architectural historian,
00:09:11> 00:09:13:	and she is currently working on a book project,
00:09:11> 00:09:15:	Black Architecture. At the E TH,
00:09:15> 00:09:19:	the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Zurich,
00:09:19> 00:09:19:	Rebecca take it away.
	-
00:09:22> 00:09:25:	Thanks Carlos, thanks for the introduction.

00:09:25> 00:09:28:	Good evening everyone. It's such a joy to see so
00:09:28> 00:09:29:	many attendees today.
00:09:29> 00:09:32:	I wish we were doing this in person,
00:09:32> 00:09:34:	but it is still a great joy to have this
00:09:34> 00:09:37:	opportunity to moderate the conversation tonight.
00:09:37> 00:09:40:	So again, I just want to echo the thanks to
00:09:40> 00:09:42:	ULI and the USC School of Architecture,
00:09:42> 00:09:47:	the Getty Research Institute, and so Cal Noma for organizing
00:09:47> 00:09:48:	this event.
00:09:48> 00:09:52:	I'm delighted to introduce our panelists tonight.
00:09:52> 00:09:56:	John Ireland is a writer and photographer and author of
00:09:56> 00:09:58:	the book regarding Paul R Williams,
00:09:58> 00:10:02:	a photographer's view. She holds an MFA from UCLA and
00:10:02> 00:10:05:	a BFA from NYU and her work has been shown
00:10:05> 00:10:08:	in solo exhibitions from Los Angeles,
00:10:08> 00:10:11:	New Orleans to Chicago, just to name a few,
00:10:11> 00:10:15:	and has been featured internationally in Group exhibitions.
00:10:15> 00:10:18:	Liron Brooks is associate curator for modern.
00:10:18> 00:10:22:	Contemporary collections at the Getty Research Institute.
00:10:22> 00:10:25:	Doctor Brooks is lead curator for the Gettys new African
00:10:25> 00:10:27:	American Art History Initiative,
00:10:27> 00:10:30:	where he's building and developing collections to promote it.
00:10:30> 00:10:34:	Advanced Research in African American art history.
00:10:34> 00:10:36:	We also have joining us tonight.
00:10:36> 00:10:40:	Christopher Locke Christopher is a co-founder of designing and Color
00:10:40> 00:10:45:	a collective whose mission includes amplifying voices of marginalized communities
00:10:45> 00:10:48:	who have historically been silenced by way of architecture,
00:10:48> 00:10:52:	both in the systemic racism embedded in how architecture is
00:10:52> 00:10:53:	taught and practice,
00:10:53> 00:10:58:	and designing color has responded through a variety of educational
00:10:58> 00:10:58:	programs.
00:10:58> 00:11:02:	Matt Collins is a director at partner Energy and the
00:11:02> 00:11:06:	President of the Southern California chapter of the National Organization
00:11:06> 00:11:10:	of Minority Architects to name just a couple of them.
00:11:10> 00:11:12:	Any organization he Co chairs.
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	He is a licensed architect and educator and actively involved
00:11:15> 00:11:19:	in committees for affordable housing Green Building,
00:11:19> 00:11:20:	just to name a few.
00:11:20> 00:11:23:	A warm hello to the four of you.

00.44.00 > 00.44.00.	On the sum and is and sudian as manufactor and attended
00:11:23> 00:11:26:	So to our audience and audience members and attendees,
00:11:26> 00:11:29:	let me just give you just a little bit more
00:11:29> 00:11:32:	information about the format of this section for this session.
00:11:32> 00:11:36:	First, will listen to Jonathan Laurent speak about John's work
00:11:36> 00:11:37:	for about 20 minutes.
00:11:37> 00:11:40:	Then we'll share a few more videos from practicing architects
00:11:41> 00:11:44:	who will expand their story of Paul Williams impact on
00:11:44> 00:11:47:	their lives as we have just heard to Williams impact
00:11:47> 00:11:50:	on their karere, and then I'll invite my colleagues Christopher
00:11:50> 00:11:53:	and Lance to join the conversation where we've saved a
00:11:53> 00:11:54:	final few stories.
00:11:54> 00:11:57:	That speak to Williams life and practice.
00:11:57> 00:11:59:	l also want to make a note that we have
00:11:59> 00:12:02:	saved time for the audience to ask questions.
00:12:02> 00:12:07:	So throughout the conversation, please submit your
	questions and comments
00:12:07> 00:12:10:	in the Q&A forum at the bottom of the Zoom
00:12:10> 00:12:10:	webinar.
00:12:10> 00:12:12:	And so without further delay,
00:12:12> 00:12:14:	let's begin our first segment.
00:12:14> 00:12:17:	So please join me in giving a warm welcome to
00:12:17> 00:12:18:	John Ireland and Ron Brooks.
00:12:22> 00:12:25:	Hello hi.
00:12:25> 00:12:29:	Thank you everyone for attending and before we begin I
00:12:29> 00:12:32:	just want to give a quick shout out to Karen
00:12:32> 00:12:32:	Hudson.
00:12:32> 00:12:35:	Paul Williams is granddaughter on this day,
00:12:35> 00:12:38:	his birthday and I want to thank for stewarding this
00:12:38> 00:12:40:	archive for for so long.
00:12:40> 00:12:43:	So just quick shout out to to Karen and John.
00:12:43> 00:12:46:	A very good. Very good to be here and talk
00:12:46> 00:12:46:	with you.
00:12:46> 00:12:49:	So can we get can we actually begin the rolling
00:12:49> 00:12:50:	of the slide?
00:12:55> 00:12:57:	Johnna.
00:12:57> 00:12:59:	How did your project begin?
00:12:59> 00:13:01:	Your work with Paul Williams?
00:13:01> 00:13:05:	My work with Power Williams began with an email from
00:13:05> 00:13:07:	the architect Barbara Bestor,
00:13:07> 00:13:11:	who runs the Julius Schulman Institute at Woodbury
	University.
00:13:11> 00:13:15:	She wanted to put some work in Woodbury's Gallery about

00:13:15> 00:13:19:	Paul Revere Williams and she asked around to find someone
00:13:19> 00:13:21:	who might be able to do that,
00:13:21> 00:13:24:	and my name got passed along to her by a
00:13:24> 00:13:28:	former professor she wrote to me and I started doing
00:13:28> 00:13:28:	the work I.
00:13:28> 00:13:31:	I knew his name to sort of in passing,
00:13:31> 00:13:35:	but had to begin the process of researching his work
00:13:35> 00:13:39:	with this email and with learning about this idea.
00:13:42> 00:13:45:	Looking at your work just your attention to detail,
00:13:45> 00:13:51:	can you explain your approach to photographing these precentages to
00:13:51> 00:13:53:	photographing his work?
00:13:53> 00:13:55:	Or better yet, or better yet,
00:13:55> 00:13:58:	John I'm very sorry. Or was there one particular approach
00:13:58> 00:14:01:	where there are many approaches to photographing his his homes
00:14:01> 00:14:05:	and buildings in the interior is within many different approaches
00:14:05> 00:14:08:	given to the individual structure so.
00:14:08> 00:14:12:	I think there are potentially many different approaches,
00:14:12> 00:14:15:	and there's been other work done on Parvar Williams.
00:14:15> 00:14:20:	There's also been just lots of architectural photography in general,
00:14:20> 00:14:23:	so my approach to this work was to really look
00:14:23> 00:14:26:	for those details that you talked about and think about
00:14:26> 00:14:29:	it the way that I think about the rest of
00:14:29> 00:14:31:	my work, which is fine art photography,
00:14:31> 00:14:33:	which is a silly thing to say,
00:14:33> 00:14:37:	but it's sort of what is called versus architectural photography
00:14:38> 00:14:39:	where you're trying to.
00:14:39> 00:14:42:	Give an overview of a space I wanted to look
00:14:42> 00:14:46:	at a little bit smaller parts of the spaces.
00:14:46> 00:14:49:	There is definitely a sort of narrative element to your
00:14:49> 00:14:49:	work.
00:14:49> 00:14:51:	From the details from there,
00:14:51> 00:14:53:	from the sort of intimate details to the more expanded
00:14:53> 00:14:54:	spaces you know,
00:14:54> 00:14:57:	I kind of feel enveloped in this space when when
00:14:57> 00:15:00:	some of the photographs just you know they they they
00:15:00> 00:15:01:	expand or there's an openness,
00:15:01> 00:15:04:	and then you know you have images of a curve,
00:15:04> 00:15:06:	you know. Then you have images of little little things
00:15:07> 00:15:07:	you know,

00:15:07> 00:15:09:	and so in terms of of Paul Williams,
00:15:09> 00:15:11:	right? And his attention to detail,
00:15:11> 00:15:14:	how do you? How do you approach an architect's attention
00:15:14> 00:15:16:	to detail with the photographic eye?
00:15:18> 00:15:22:	I'd never done a project photographing architecture this
	seriously before.
00:15:22> 00:15:25:	I had homes that I was in love with for
00:15:25> 00:15:29:	various reasons that I photographed at different times,
00:15:29> 00:15:32:	but I wasn't really thinking of them as architecture.
00:15:32> 00:15:35:	They were just. This is the space that whatever is
00:15:35> 00:15:39:	happening in the rest of these photographs is happening in.
00:15:39> 00:15:44:	So for this work. And while I'm also.
00:15:44> 00:15:46:	Being introduced to office buildings,
00:15:46> 00:15:47:	I arrive there with my camera.
00:15:47> 00:15:51:	Everything is brand new. I'm also learning more and more
00:15:51> 00:15:54:	about Paul Williams as I'm doing this work and sort
00:15:54> 00:15:54:	of.
00:15:54> 00:15:58:	Building up, you know all these little details together into
00:15:58> 00:15:59:	a larger view.
00:15:59> 00:16:02:	At the same time I'm building up my understanding of
00:16:02> 00:16:04:	who he was and what he did.
00:16:06> 00:16:08:	Is that what you had to learn?
00:16:08> 00:16:11:	That that's the interesting suggestion?
00:16:11> 00:16:16:	Johnna, because you're saying, or you're implying that you didn't
00:16:16> 00:16:18:	go in with a sort of fixed mind,
00:16:18> 00:16:22:	right? That there's sort of an openness to your approaching,
00:16:22> 00:16:28:	or to your approach with photographing his architecture.
00:16:28> 00:16:30:	So could you describe what are some of the things
00:16:30> 00:16:31:	that that you've learned?
00:16:31> 00:16:35:	If in fact there are some things that you learned.
00:16:35> 00:16:38:	Well, again, but it's it's down to detail.
00:16:38> 00:16:42:	It's knowing from looking at drawings that I've seen in
00:16:42> 00:16:46:	various places that he was really thinking about the way
00:16:46> 00:16:48:	every room came together,
00:16:48> 00:16:52:	the way every banister curved and every little part of
00:16:52> 00:16:56:	everything was constructed and how it was supposed to be.
00:16:56> 00:16:59:	So this work was a matter of just kind of
00:16:59> 00:17:01:	searching those things out.
00:17:01> 00:17:04:	You said something a minute ago about not coming in.
00:17:04> 00:17:09:	With preconceived notions that I thought was interesting because these
00:17:09> 00:17:10:	structures are so different,

00:17:10> 00:17:14:	so many different styles, so many different eras,
00:17:14> 00:17:17:	and I didn't have the opportunity to see what they
00:17:17> 00:17:19:	were like before I had to go in and just
00:17:19> 00:17:22:	kind of let the sites reveal themselves to me and
00:17:22> 00:17:26:	photograph them as they were as the light was coming
00:17:26> 00:17:26:	in,
00:17:26> 00:17:30:	as the shadows were falling all of that.
00:17:30> 00:17:32:	It's a beautiful sense of exploration.
00:17:32> 00:17:34:	You know, as as I look at your photographs in
00:17:34> 00:17:35:	sequence,
00:17:35> 00:17:36:	I'm also thinking about, you know,
00:17:36> 00:17:39:	the in terms of the narration in terms of sequences
00:17:39> 00:17:40:	of his buildings,
00:17:40> 00:17:41:	when they were built right.
00:17:41> 00:17:43:	And so this is sort of,
00:17:43> 00:17:45:	you know, back and forth between you know you're sort
00:17:46> 00:17:47:	of breaking down these spaces,
00:17:47> 00:17:50:	and then the photographs themselves may go from building
	to
00:17:50> 00:17:51:	building to building,
00:17:51> 00:17:54:	and so it's kind of fragment that they kind of
00:17:54> 00:17:55:	fragments of an experience.
00:17:55> 00:17:58:	Now what was? Did you have a particular experience in
00:17:58> 00:18:00:	which you were sort of just blown away by a
00:18:00> 00:18:02:	particular structure?
00:18:02> 00:18:02:	And.
00:18:05> 00:18:08:	I was really blown away by the Hillside Memorial Park
00:18:08> 00:18:11:	mausoleum and the Al Jolson trying there.
00:18:11> 00:18:12:	Just the scale of it.
00:18:12> 00:18:15:	It's there we go. The algebra lesson trying appearing on
00:18:15> 00:18:17:	screen right now.
00:18:19> 00:18:21:	Just the opportunity to be in a space that he
00:18:22> 00:18:25:	created that was so large and so empty and being
00:18:25> 00:18:28:	able to spend this whole day wandering around it.
00:18:28> 00:18:32:	The building that's on screen right now Founders Church of
00:18:32> 00:18:34:	Religious Science is another example.
00:18:34> 00:18:37:	It's a building that has not been updated very much,
00:18:37> 00:18:40:	so you know when you go into a home,
00:18:40> 00:18:44:	usually the kitchen and the bathrooms have been remodeled
	at
00:18:44> 00:18:44:	some point,
00:18:44> 00:18:46:	so it's not exactly as it was,

00:18:46> 00:18:49:	but something like Founders Church.
00:18:49> 00:18:51:	Is pretty close to the way that it was when
00:18:51> 00:18:52:	it was built.
00:18:52> 00:18:55:	There's, you know, some wear and tear,
00:18:55> 00:18:57:	but I like that the fabric on all of the
00:18:57> 00:19:00:	seats in the Chapel is all original and everything is
00:19:00> 00:19:02:	still there in place with,
00:19:02> 00:19:05:	you know, worn down by time but still still there
00:19:05> 00:19:07:	and still in decent condition.
00:19:09> 00:19:14:	It's interesting that you that you notice that there were.
00:19:14> 00:19:18:	Remodeled moments of remodeling inside of his homes.
00:19:18> 00:19:20:	How did you? How do you feel about that?
00:19:20> 00:19:22:	When you've been, you know,
00:19:22> 00:19:25:	taking photographs of his of his structures throughout the city
00:19:25> 00:19:28:	and then you see moments inside of a home or
00:19:28> 00:19:31:	inside of a larger structure that there's a disruption,
00:19:31> 00:19:35:	right? There's a remodeled moment in terms of an interruption
00:19:35> 00:19:37:	in his thinking through structure,
00:19:37> 00:19:40:	right? And so, how did you feel about those moments
00:19:40> 00:19:43:	of remodeling when people change the structure?
00:19:43> 00:19:45:	How do you feel about that?
00:19:45> 00:19:49:	My feeling is that a structure has to remain useful,
00:19:49> 00:19:53:	so if the kitchen from 1965 isn't working anymore,
00:19:53> 00:19:55:	it doesn't make sense to update it.
00:19:55> 00:19:57:	But of course for myself,
00:19:57> 00:20:00:	for my own curiosity, I would love to see it
00:20:00> 00:20:01:	exactly as it was,
00:20:01> 00:20:05:	but that's not possible. I'm coming in too late,
00:20:05> 00:20:08:	so I'm just doing the best to get what I
00:20:08> 00:20:08:	can.
00:20:08> 00:20:12:	I'm really lucky in that most of the structures that
00:20:12> 00:20:15:	I visited have been pretty well cared for or have
00:20:15> 00:20:18:	been purchased by someone who undid.
00:20:18> 00:20:21:	Some of the things done by people who didn't care
00:20:21> 00:20:22:	for them very well,
00:20:22> 00:20:25:	so most of the things that I've seen have been
00:20:25> 00:20:29:	tastefully done and have been done in consideration with the
00:20:29> 00:20:30:	rest of the space.
00:20:30> 00:20:32:	You know, John said too late.
00:20:32> 00:20:34:	You know it kind of hit me right here a
00:20:35> 00:20:35:	little bit,

00:20:35> 00:20:38:	you know, hit me in the heart a little bit.
00:20:38> 00:20:41:	Can you sort of unwrapped what you mean by by
00:20:41> 00:20:43:	too late 'cause I don't I don't want people to
00:20:43> 00:20:46:	miss that what do you mean by too late?
00:20:46> 00:20:49:	Well I was born five years after after he died
00:20:49> 00:20:52:	and I didn't begin this project until late 2016.
00:20:52> 00:20:55:	Which is right around when it was announced that he
00:20:55> 00:20:58:	was being posthumously awarded the A gold medal.
00:20:58> 00:21:00:	So I was coming in after so much change had
00:21:00> 00:21:02:	occurred in Los Angeles.
00:21:02> 00:21:05:	So there are structures that are gone that will never
00:21:05> 00:21:05:	see.
00:21:05> 00:21:09:	See their structures that are remodeled that will never be
00:21:09> 00:21:12:	like they were rattled on a larger scale then we
00:21:12> 00:21:16:	were just talking about more than just kitchens and bathrooms.
00:21:16> 00:21:19:	But major things that mean that they're no longer recognizable
00:21:20> 00:21:21:	as what they once were.
00:21:21> 00:21:22:	So I'm I, I feel,
00:21:22> 00:21:25:	I think about the things that I will never get
00:21:25> 00:21:26:	a chance to photograph,
00:21:26> 00:21:29:	but I also think.
00:21:29> 00:21:31:	I don't know. I'm trying to try to think of
00:21:31> 00:21:34:	how to get how to get this thought out.
00:21:34> 00:21:36:	There's still plenty to see his body of work was
00:21:36> 00:21:37:	enormous,
00:21:37> 00:21:39:	so it's not that I've missed everything.
00:21:39> 00:21:42:	There's still even as long as I've been working on
00:21:42> 00:21:45:	this project there are still structures I haven't visited an
00:21:45> 00:21:47:	I will never get to the mall,
00:21:47> 00:21:50:	so I don't want to represent it as though it's
00:21:50> 00:21:53:	all going to disappear tomorrow or half of it is
00:21:53> 00:21:53:	gone.
00:21:53> 00:21:56:	There's still a lot to look at.
00:21:56> 00:22:01:	Agra fir. I'm wondering how you think about because you
00:22:01> 00:22:05:	know I'm hearing you are describing our goals world right
00:22:06> 00:22:09:	of Paul Williams of these structures being.
00:22:09> 00:22:11:	Taken away right, being destroyed,
00:22:11> 00:22:13:	right? So? So in some particular way,
00:22:13> 00:22:17:	there's a ghost world for these structures that their their
00:22:17> 00:22:18:	absence is also felt,
00:22:18> 00:22:21:	you know. And so moving and so moving forward.

00:22:21> 00:22:25:	l mean, do you see your photography as a form
00:22:25> 00:22:27:	of preserving his legacy?
00:22:27> 00:22:30:	I think that there are many places where his legacy
00:22:30> 00:22:33:	exists and that this is just one little piece of
00:22:33> 00:22:37:	a larger project of preserving his legacy that his granddaughter
00:22:37> 00:22:40:	has done amazing work to preserve the legacy.
00:22:40> 00:22:44:	Keep it going and that scholars who go into the
00:22:44> 00:22:47:	archive in the future will build upon.
00:22:47> 00:22:50:	It's a great. Everyone has their part right.
00:22:50> 00:22:54:	Everyone has their part from the photographs to the foundations
00:22:54> 00:22:57:	and to the people who actually live in the whole
00:22:57> 00:22:58:	Williams home.
00:22:58> 00:23:02:	Everyone has their part in the preservation of his legacy.
00:23:02> 00:23:05:	You know? How has your book been received?
00:23:05> 00:23:08:	It's been received pretty well.
00:23:08> 00:23:10:	l get emails pretty regularly.
00:23:10> 00:23:13:	I do speaking engagements and people write to me.
00:23:13> 00:23:17:	I do think that the kind of fragmented quality that
00:23:17> 00:23:19:	you were talking about,
00:23:19> 00:23:22:	Jarvis people crazy. Sometimes people who want kind of a
00:23:22> 00:23:25:	linear experience of his work,
00:23:25> 00:23:27:	but I'm trying to approach it.
00:23:27> 00:23:31:	Approach it as an artist rather than approaching it as
00:23:31> 00:23:36:	a biographer or approaching it as architecture in a really
00:23:36> 00:23:37:	straightforward way.
00:23:37> 00:23:39:	When was the best time?
00:23:39> 00:23:41:	Because you know, these photographs have a definite sense of
00:23:41> 00:23:42:	light.
00:23:42> 00:23:44:	Your understanding of light is really present here,
00:23:44> 00:23:46:	so was there a time of day that you that
00:23:46> 00:23:49:	you went to some of these structures that you knew
00:23:49> 00:23:51:	that you can get the full effect of light on
00:23:51> 00:23:54:	the on the structure? I have a 3 year old
00:23:54> 00:23:57:	and a 5 year old so the time is whenever
00:23:57> 00:24:00:	I can get out of my house and schedule.
00:24:02> 00:24:05:	If I was lucky, a visit would be long enough
00:24:05> 00:24:07:	that I could re photograph something later.
00:24:07> 00:24:08:	If the light had changed so often,
00:24:08> 00:24:11:	I would go into a room and photograph something,
00:24:11> 00:24:13:	and then when I came back later it would be

00:24:13> 00:24:14:	a totally different experience.
00:24:14> 00:24:17:	So that was neat to see.
00:24:17> 00:24:20:	You know the ways in which the ways in which
00:24:20> 00:24:21:	the photographs do come together?
00:24:21> 00:24:23:	I mean, this really beautiful.
00:24:23> 00:24:25:	So just just knowing what you're saying,
00:24:25> 00:24:27:	it's really. It's really beautiful that that you that you
00:24:28> 00:24:30:	understood what was given just in terms of the light
00:24:30> 00:24:31:	and what the environment,
00:24:31> 00:24:34:	because you even have parts around the buildings in which
00:24:34> 00:24:36:	there is construction going on,
00:24:36> 00:24:38:	in which this there's a sort of trace of movement
00:24:38> 00:24:39:	or development,
00:24:39> 00:24:41:	right? And so it's not just the buildings themselves,
00:24:41> 00:24:44:	but it's the environment that the buildings are in fact,
00:24:44> 00:24:47:	that you also captured. Now why was it important for
00:24:47> 00:24:49:	you as a photographer to actually get those?
00:24:49> 00:24:53:	Elements as well. Well, a structure like the one that's
00:24:53> 00:24:54:	on screen right now.
00:24:54> 00:24:57:	This is a house in Malibu that burned down in
00:24:57> 00:24:59:	1982 and the city has left it there.
00:24:59> 00:25:01:	You can hike up to it,
00:25:01> 00:25:04:	so I photographed that because it's still there.
00:25:04> 00:25:06:	It's something you could see,
00:25:06> 00:25:10:	but I also photographed some houses right after they were
00:25:10> 00:25:14:	demolished to kind of get the leftover traces before something
00:25:14> 00:25:14:	else went up.
00:25:14> 00:25:18:	So I think that that is an important aspect of
00:25:18> 00:25:20:	my work to trying to.
00:25:20> 00:25:24:	Chronicle some of the things that are disappearing.
00:25:24> 00:25:27:	It's really amazing how many more people talk about his
00:25:27> 00:25:28:	work now,
00:25:28> 00:25:31:	so I'm hoping that it will be harder and harder
00:25:31> 00:25:35:	to knock down Apollyons house and pay the fine and
00:25:35> 00:25:38:	put up some something horrible in its place.
00:25:38> 00:25:41:	More people are going to be on the alert now,
00:25:41> 00:25:42:	which is fantastic.
00:25:46> 00:25:49:	In terms of in terms of your awareness that people
00:25:49> 00:25:52:	are aware that the buildings are,
00:25:52> 00:25:56:	you know that that is structures are being challenged,
00:25:56> 00:25:59:	right? You know it's sort of like when for me

00:25:59> 00:26:02:	every time I hear about a Paul Williams home being
00:26:02> 00:26:03:	destroyed,
00:26:03> 00:26:07:	I think there's a book in the library that's been
00:26:07> 00:26:07:	destroyed,
00:26:07> 00:26:11:	right? And so in terms of Williams and his impact
00:26:11> 00:26:12:	on LA,
00:26:12> 00:26:15:	what would you say is his impact on LA?
00:26:15> 00:26:19:	I mean, he was building beginning in the 1920s when
00:26:19> 00:26:22:	there was so much opportunity to build an it means
00:26:22> 00:26:25:	that he could build a house and there would be
00:26:25> 00:26:28:	an empty lot across the street and someone could see
00:26:28> 00:26:32:	that house and go to another architect and say give
00:26:32> 00:26:35:	me something that looks like that or talk to the
00:26:35> 00:26:38:	homeowners and say I want to hire your architect.
00:26:38> 00:26:41:	So he I think was a major part of.
00:26:41> 00:26:44:	Figuring out what the city would look like and that
00:26:44> 00:26:47:	his work is all over the place and that there
00:26:47> 00:26:49:	was work based on his work all over the place
00:26:49> 00:26:52:	and people who were inspired by his work working all
00:26:52> 00:26:54:	over the place in Los Angeles.
00:26:54> 00:26:58:	And that there's there's no way to quantify that impact.
00:26:58> 00:27:00:	I mean, I think it'll be it's larger than than
00:27:00> 00:27:01:	we can imagine,
00:27:01> 00:27:05:	even for people who don't know his name yet.
00:27:05> 00:27:08:	Come there looking at work that is reminiscent of his
00:27:08> 00:27:08:	work there,
00:27:08> 00:27:10:	looking at his work there,
00:27:10> 00:27:12:	thinking about these ideas that he had.
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	The world right of his influence in terms of his
00:27:17> 00:27:18:	his his building.
00:27:18> 00:27:21:	So he worked in many different styles and and you
00:27:21> 00:27:23:	know part of your practice to or part of this
00:27:23> 00:27:24:	project.
00:27:24> 00:27:27:	Was you actually walking through the spaces that you had
00:27:27> 00:27:28:	access to,
00:27:28> 00:27:32:	right? And so there's an interior you're actually going through
00:27:33> 00:27:34:	that interior.
00:27:34> 00:27:36:	It it sort of feel like was there a feeling
00:27:37> 00:27:39:	or flow or did you get a sense that the
00:27:39> 00:27:43:	architecture over the interior design better yet was actually?
00:27:43> 00:27:46:	Your body was moving, but that it was actually narrating
00:27:46> 00:27:48:	your experience with it,

00:27:48> 00:27:51:	the structure itself.
00:27:51> 00:27:54:	That's a question I'm going to have to think about
00:27:54> 00:27:55:	for awhile.
00:27:55> 00:27:58:	I will say that a large part of my experience
00:27:58> 00:28:01:	of a space is directed by whoever is showing me
00:28:01> 00:28:05:	around the space and what the coming into the space
00:28:05> 00:28:07:	is like. And that's a big thing.
00:28:07> 00:28:10:	I read recently the writer Stephen G,
00:28:10> 00:28:14:	who was one of the writers of a recently published
00:28:14> 00:28:16:	book about Paul Williams,
00:28:16> 00:28:20:	that part of the compliment that you pay to Paul
00:28:20> 00:28:24:	Williams is not trying to pin his style down with
00:28:24> 00:28:26:	words and not trying to.
00:28:28> 00:28:30:	You know, not not trying to fit it into a
00:28:30> 00:28:32:	box and not trying to say they all do this
00:28:32> 00:28:35:	or this is something that's happening in a lot of
00:28:35> 00:28:38:	them, and I think that that is an articulation of
00:28:38> 00:28:40:	something that I've been thinking for a long time but
00:28:40> 00:28:42:	haven't been able to put into words.
00:28:46> 00:28:49:	Absence, you know?
00:28:49> 00:28:52:	It is there. Is there a way in which we
00:28:52> 00:28:55:	can think about Williams as I would say the greatest
00:28:55> 00:29:00:	when the greatest American art or the greatest American
	architect?
00:29:00> 00:29:03:	I mean, what would you say in terms of your
00:29:03> 00:29:03:	work,
00:29:03> 00:29:06:	sort of being in tandem with that?
00:29:06> 00:29:09:	How do you feel the legacy of his of his
00:29:09> 00:29:11:	buildings exists through your work?
00:29:11> 00:29:15:	And what do you think the impact that you'll work
00:29:15> 00:29:19:	will have on a generation of people who don't know
00:29:19> 00:29:20:	what his buildings?
00:29:20> 00:29:22:	Felt like.
00:29:22> 00:29:25:	Look like I think of myself as an interpreter of
00:29:25> 00:29:26:	his work.
00:29:26> 00:29:29:	I'm never going to compare myself to him.
00:29:29> 00:29:32:	He was brilliant in ways that I can't even imagine.
00:29:32> 00:29:35:	So my project is just to be one more person
00:29:35> 00:29:37:	saying his name,
00:29:37> 00:29:40:	one more person saying you should look at this man
00:29:40> 00:29:43:	leading people to do other research about it.
00:29:43> 00:29:45:	So as I said earlier,

00:29:45> 00:29:48:	I think that it's just one piece of what will
00:29:48> 00:29:53:	become a larger and larger project of chronicling his work.
00:29:53> 00:29:56:	Talking about his work, telling people about his work,
00:29:56> 00:29:59:	I talked to architects a lot and I am astounded
00:29:59> 00:30:03:	how many of them didn't learn his name in school.
00:30:03> 00:30:06:	But I think that that is changing for architects who
00:30:06> 00:30:09:	are in school now for younger architects.
00:30:09> 00:30:11:	So if I can do something like this and a
00:30:11> 00:30:15:	few architecture students learn his name and pass his name
00:30:15> 00:30:19:	along and I'm grateful to have the opportunity to do
00:30:19> 00:30:19: 00:30:19> 00:30:19:	that.
00:30:21> 00:30:23:	
00:30:23> 00:30:28:	Do you have any plans on?
00:30:28> 00:30:28:	Do you have any plans on another project with Williams?
00:30:28> 00:30:33:	I'm very curious about the archive,
	but I don't have any kind of specific plan.
00:30:33> 00:30:35:	The work there's so much of it,
00:30:35> 00:30:38: 00:30:38> 00:30:41:	and I've fallen so completely in love with it.
	I don't feel like, Oh my book is doubt,
00:30:41> 00:30:44:	I'm done, but I'm also not going to turn around
00:30:44> 00:30:46:	and publish a similar book tomorrow.
00:30:46> 00:30:49:	I want to dive further into research on him to
00:30:49> 00:30:53:	satisfy myself and have another project comes out of that
00:30:53> 00:30:54:	that's wonderful,
00:30:54> 00:30:59:	but it's it's more. More just wanting to know personally.
00:30:59> 00:31:01:	What he did, what he was capable of.
00:31:05> 00:31:08:	So in terms of in terms of your ability to
00:31:08> 00:31:10:	actually think about structure,
00:31:10> 00:31:13:	do you? Do you see photography as integral to architectural
00:31:14> 00:31:14:	design?
00:31:14> 00:31:17:	To do you see photography as as being a very
00:31:17> 00:31:21:	important part of how we experience architecture?
00:31:21> 00:31:23:	I do and to ask that question.
00:31:23> 00:31:27:	During a pandemic. It's the only way we're experiencing a
00:31:27> 00:31:28:	lot of architecture.
00:31:28> 00:31:31:	Photography and architecture are so intertwined.
00:31:31> 00:31:36:	Anne photography is so important to architecture for various reasons.
00:31:36> 00:31:38:	For other architects, for potential home,
00:31:38> 00:31:42:	binary buyers for designers, I mean it's just being able
00:31:42> 00:31:46:	to see a space and experience it through photographs.
00:31:46> 00:31:48:	I think is pretty important.
00:31:50> 00:31:55:	So architecture versus.

00:31:55> 00:31:59:	Only Max that course but but in terms of advocacy.
00:31:59> 00:32:01:	How do you think people should advocate for Williams and
00:32:02> 00:32:02:	his structures?
00:32:02> 00:32:03:	What do you? What do you?
00:32:03> 00:32:05:	What do you think happens back in his bag?
00:32:05> 00:32:07:	What do you think sticking up for Williams is?
00:32:07> 00:32:10:	Architecture looks like. How can one be an advocate for
00:32:10> 00:32:10:	that?
00:32:10> 00:32:13:	Or that many different ways of being an advocate?
00:32:13> 00:32:17:	I think there are many different ways of being an
00:32:17> 00:32:20:	advocate and educating people about his work is 1.
00:32:20> 00:32:24:	I talked earlier about homes being destroyed,
00:32:24> 00:32:28:	something that happens. Sometimes someone will purchase a house and
00:32:28> 00:32:31:	promise to take care of it and then just not
00:32:32> 00:32:32:	do that.
00:32:32> 00:32:35:	So just keeping an eye on things like that and
00:32:35> 00:32:39:	continuing to build his reputation to the point where no
00:32:39> 00:32:43:	one could get away with doing something like that is
00:32:43> 00:32:48:	one kind of advocacy looking at the archives and.
00:32:48> 00:32:52:	Figuring out. The way that all that fits together,
00:32:52> 00:32:56:	figuring out what's different, figuring out what the body of
00:32:56> 00:32:57:	work as a whole looks like,
00:32:57> 00:32:59:	is another kind of advocacy,
00:32:59> 00:33:02:	because it will mean new entry points for other people
00:33:02> 00:33:03:	into this work,
00:33:03> 00:33:08:	and those people can become advocates for it.
00:33:08> 00:33:13:	Is there one last thing you would hope for and
00:33:13> 00:33:15:	it just in terms of.
00:33:15> 00:33:19:	How? We think. About Williams,
00:33:19> 00:33:21:	I mean if there's one,
00:33:21> 00:33:24:	wait, how do you think we should think about Williams
00:33:24> 00:33:25:	moving forward,
00:33:25> 00:33:29:	right? Today's his birthday? And there's a lot of acknowledgement
00:33:29> 00:33:31:	of his career and who he was.
00:33:31> 00:33:33:	You know, as a family man,
00:33:33> 00:33:34:	as a prominent figure in LA,
00:33:34> 00:33:37:	how do you think we can really in vision of
00:33:37> 00:33:39:	the future of Paul Williams,
00:33:39> 00:33:43:	you know? So how can we move that shadow that
00:33:43> 00:33:45:	was behind him forward?

00:33:45> 00:33:49:	One thing that's really important to me is talking about
00:33:49> 00:33:54:	his work beyond the celebrity mansions talking about housing
	projects,
00:33:54> 00:33:57:	talking about homes for lower income people,
00:33:57> 00:34:01:	and people in the middle talking about municipal structures
	that
00:34:01> 00:34:05:	he designed or that he was part of design teams
00:34:05> 00:34:05:	for,
00:34:05> 00:34:09:	and just looking at everything looking at the volume,
00:34:09> 00:34:13:	looking at the scale, looking at the variety is something
00:34:13> 00:34:16:	that I want to make sure that people do.
00:34:16> 00:34:19:	And that they're not just thinking he designed celebrity mansions.
00:34:19> 00:34:21:	I understand, I know there all there is to know
00:34:21> 00:34:22:	about this person.
00:34:22> 00:34:25:	There's so much more.
00:34:25> 00:34:26:	Thank you so much, John.
00:34:26> 00:34:26:	Thank you.
00:34:29> 00:34:31:	So as we move forward.
00:34:31> 00:34:37:	Stories Rebecca came and we began that section.
00:34:37> 00:34:41:	Yeah, so the next section that we have planned for
00:34:41> 00:34:46:	this segment is to share some of the architects that
00:34:46> 00:34:51:	we heard from earlier in this session on their position
00:34:51> 00:34:54:	on Williamses impact on their karere.
00:34:54> 00:34:58:	So if we can play those videos that would be
00:34:58> 00:34:59:	great.
00:35:05> 00:35:10:	Paul Williams impacted my career by making it more acceptable
00:35:10> 00:35:13:	for black architects to get clients.
00:35:13> 00:35:16:	He was able to work for not only private clients,
00:35:16> 00:35:19:	but he also worked in the public sector and that
00:35:19> 00:35:22:	really paved the way for architects who came later.
00:35:22> 00:35:25:	Like my father, my father went on to graduate from
00:35:25> 00:35:27:	USC School of Architecture.
00:35:27> 00:35:31:	He started his own firm where I later worked.
00:35:31> 00:35:34:	And without the example of Paul Williams being successful
	as
00:35:35> 00:35:37:	the owner of an architecture firm.
00:35:37> 00:35:41:	It's probably I would have had less opportunity to go
00:35:41> 00:35:42:	into the field,
00:35:42> 00:35:45:	so I had an opportunity to work in the field
00:35:45> 00:35:48:	of architecture in an African American owned firm.
00:35:48> 00:35:53:	My father's. He's impacted my career in a way that.

00:35:53> 00:35:55:	As I studied him and I studied the way he
00:35:55> 00:35:57:	designed the way he went about his meetings and the
00:35:57> 00:35:59:	stories that's been told about him,
00:35:59> 00:36:01:	he was a very confident gentleman.
00:36:01> 00:36:03:	He was a person that walked into her room and
00:36:03> 00:36:05:	knew that no matter who he was,
00:36:05> 00:36:06:	no matter how he looked,
00:36:06> 00:36:09:	he was confident in his design and in the way
00:36:09> 00:36:11:	that he presented that he could sit in a room
00:36:11> 00:36:13:	with people who weren't like him.
00:36:13> 00:36:14:	
	People that didn't look like him,
00:36:14> 00:36:17:	and frankly, people who may not have wanted him to
00:36:17> 00:36:18:	be there,
00:36:18> 00:36:20:	but he still design and design in a very high,
00:36:20> 00:36:22:	high quality and successful manner.
00:36:22> 00:36:24:	So that's something that I've taken in Mycareer.
00:36:24> 00:36:27:	To know that I belong to know that I had
00:36:27> 00:36:30:	merit in my ideas and is giving me the confidence
00:36:31> 00:36:34:	to continue to pursue licensure as I continue my journey.
00:36:34> 00:36:38:	When I first came to Los Angeles in 1979,
00:36:38> 00:36:42:	I didn't even know who Paul Williams was and when
00:36:42> 00:36:43:	he died in 1980,
00:36:43> 00:36:47:	I quickly found out and he was an incredible architect.
00:36:47> 00:36:51:	I came to call him the Michael Jordan of Black
00:36:51> 00:36:56:	Architects because his accomplishments are just incredible to this day
00:36:56> 00:37:01:	and his example of overcoming obstacles is what has inspired
00:37:01> 00:37:05:	and encouraged me in my career to keep moving forward.
00:37:05> 00:37:10:	To not be discouraged by failures and obstacles along the
00:37:10> 00:37:10:	way,
00:37:10> 00:37:14:	but to be positive to believe in yourself and to
00:37:14> 00:37:15:	never give up.
00:37:15> 00:37:19:	That to me was Paul Williams and that is how
00:37:19> 00:37:21:	I try to model my career.
00:37:21> 00:37:24:	Although I didn't learn about Paul Williams until I moved
00:37:24> 00:37:28:	to Los Angeles and started my career because the lack
00:37:28> 00:37:32:	of black architects included in the architectural education,
00:37:32> 00:37:35:	I think because I learned about him at the start
00:37:35> 00:37:36:	of my career.
00:37:36> 00:37:38:	It taught me many things early on,
00:37:38> 00:37:40:	the 1st being that is not enough to just be

00:37:41> 00:37:42:	a good designer.
00:37:42> 00:37:44:	You have to have people skills as well and to
00:37:44> 00:37:48:	think how he became Hollywood's architect and all the people
00:37:48> 00:37:51:	he came across and had to sell his design and
00:37:51> 00:37:54:	ideas to you. He must have done a really good
00:37:55> 00:37:55:	job at it.
00:37:55> 00:38:00:	Paul Williams impacted Mycareer starting as a student at Howard
00:38:01> 00:38:01:	University.
00:38:01> 00:38:06:	When I first set foot in the School of Architecture
00:38:06> 00:38:09:	with a large picture on the wall.
00:38:09> 00:38:14:	Of the school. To see an architect like Paul Williams
00:38:14> 00:38:16:	at that university.
00:38:16> 00:38:19:	Let me understand that I I too can become an
00:38:19> 00:38:21:	architect like him.
00:38:23> 00:38:25:	He was a role model.
00:38:25> 00:38:28:	He was example of excellence.
00:38:28> 00:38:31:	He was an example of hope.
00:38:31> 00:38:33:	Not just for me, but for many other students who
00:38:33> 00:38:34:	follow.
00:38:45> 00:38:49:	So that was some of the video clips that we
00:38:49> 00:38:51:	had prepared for you,
00:38:51> 00:38:56:	and I thought that maybe this would be a good
00:38:56> 00:39:01:	time to introduce Christopher and Lance and have you guys
00:39:01> 00:39:05:	sort of chime in and speak to your own.
00:39:05> 00:39:08:	Experience.
00:39:08> 00:39:13:	And Williams is influence on on your career and and
00:39:13> 00:39:15:	your professional life.
00:39:15> 00:39:18:	And I do want to take a little bit of
00:39:18> 00:39:21:	time to have an opportunity for all four of you
00:39:21> 00:39:23:	to have a conversation.
00:39:23> 00:39:28:	But Christopher, maybe we can start with you.
00:39:28> 00:39:32:	Thank you everybody and happy birthday Paul Williams the great
00:39:33> 00:39:37:	one of the the greatest American black American architect.
00:39:39> 00:39:42:	You know one of the things I just want to
00:39:42> 00:39:47:	pull on from the conversation that Laurent Anjana had earlier
00:39:47> 00:39:50:	was Paul Williams was a man of many styles and
00:39:50> 00:39:53:	he had to be that in part because he didn't
00:39:53> 00:39:57:	have the luxury Anne and the privilege the white privilege
00:39:57> 00:40:01:	to exist in a space of white supremacy where he
00:40:01> 00:40:06:	could dictate how architectural language was ultimately

	manifested into this
00:40:06> 00:40:07:	world.
00:40:07> 00:40:11:	As a result, he made his architectural language about
	process.
00:40:11> 00:40:14:	How do you implement in the work and in which
00:40:14> 00:40:16:	you respond to clients,
00:40:16> 00:40:18:	many of which at the time were white?
00:40:18> 00:40:21:	Many of those who are benefiting from the white privilege
00:40:21> 00:40:24:	in supremacy that existed in the United States.
00:40:24> 00:40:27:	He made a process that responded to their work and
00:40:27> 00:40:30:	as a result of that work and it was result
00:40:30> 00:40:33:	of his resilience as a black man who had to
00:40:33> 00:40:36:	go through the act of Preservation and resilience through his
00:40:36> 00:40:39:	whole life that played out in his work.
00:40:39> 00:40:41:	And so when I was in school,
00:40:41> 00:40:44:	unfortunately. Paul Williams was never talked about,
00:40:44> 00:40:47:	say for example, to Storehouse,
00:40:47> 00:40:50:	which his Broadway Federal Bank actually funded.
00:40:50> 00:40:54:	He he he wasn't awarded that that pedagogy that that
00:40:54> 00:40:58:	opportunity to speak about the work in a way in
00:40:58> 00:40:59:	which it could be.
00:40:59> 00:41:04:	Memorializing history architectural history in America and throughout the world.
00:41:04> 00:41:07:	So what I found so unique and incredible about the
00:41:07> 00:41:10:	conversation that was happening prior is that it's really telling
00:41:10> 00:41:11:	his story,
00:41:11> 00:41:15:	conceptually, of how his work and his architectural was conceived
00:41:15> 00:41:17:	in process through geometric form,
00:41:17> 00:41:20:	and ultimately by the experience of those who go through
00:41:20> 00:41:21:	the space.
00:41:21> 00:41:24:	You know, as someone who is starting their own practice,
00:41:24> 00:41:27:	I currently work at 1:00 called Vegan Simon Architecture and
00:41:28> 00:41:31:	the one thing I will definitely say that's incredible for
00:41:31> 00:41:33:	me is when you look at Paul Williams and you
00:41:33> 00:41:36:	look at the work that he's done throughout his career
00:41:36> 00:41:40:	and he continues to influence her this day specifically,
00:41:40> 00:41:43:	someone like myself. I want to start a practice that
00:41:43> 00:41:45:	is better than the action of processing advocacy,
00:41:45> 00:41:48:	one that in which I am able to define a
00:41:48> 00:41:51:	pedagogy of design and architecture that ultimately
00.44.54 > 00.44.50	implements.
00:41:51> 00:41:56:	New ideas of Afrofuturism and Paul Williams was the

	Afrofuturistic
00:41:56> 00:42:00:	design and at an Afro futurist person of his time
00:42:00> 00:42:02:	to be able to be resilient in his work to
00:42:02> 00:42:06:	be able to find new mechanisms to practice his work.
00:42:06> 00:42:10:	I actually talk about this concept all the time.
00:42:10> 00:42:13:	It's double consciousness. It was made by made famous by
00:42:13> 00:42:17:	WED Boys and is the act of looking at oneself
00:42:17> 00:42:21:	through someone elses eyes and specifically the act of a
00:42:21> 00:42:23:	black person looking through them.
00:42:23> 00:42:26:	Looking at themselves through the eyes of a white man
00:42:26> 00:42:27:	or white woman.
00:42:27> 00:42:29:	He had to do that every day and instead of
00:42:29> 00:42:32:	complaining about it and making it something that was a
00:42:32> 00:42:34:	burden on his careeer,
00:42:34> 00:42:36:	he found the process to make it work for him
00:42:36> 00:42:37:	and those around him.
00:42:37> 00:42:40:	So I applaud Paul Williams and the effect it has
00:42:40> 00:42:44:	on me because living in a double consciousness
	continuously having
00:42:44> 00:42:46:	to understand how I am a black man,
00:42:46> 00:42:49:	but also ultimately how those things are impacted by those
00:42:49> 00:42:50:	around me.
00:42:50> 00:42:52:	It's not easy to do speaking clearly,
00:42:52> 00:42:54:	but also living in a space in which you feel
00:42:54> 00:42:56:	comfortable being a black being.
00:42:56> 00:42:58:	Being Jamaican as I am.
00:42:58> 00:43:00:	Is something that I appreciate.
00:43:00> 00:43:02:	So happy birthday. Paul Williams.
00:43:05> 00:43:08:	Thanks Christopher Lance.
00:43:08> 00:43:10:	Thank you so you know I'll lead off with a
00:43:10> 00:43:13:	happy birthday to Paul Williams as well too,
00:43:13> 00:43:16:	and just great to hear the words of the Ron
00:43:16> 00:43:18:	and John and Chris.
00:43:18> 00:43:22:	Really communicating the impact that Paul Williams has had on
00:43:22> 00:43:23:	their lives.
00:43:23> 00:43:24:	And as I thought about,
00:43:24> 00:43:28:	sort of what was my response to that same question,
00:43:28> 00:43:31:	you know something I struggle with a little bit,
00:43:31> 00:43:34:	and normally I kind of kind of talk off the
00:43:34> 00:43:36:	top of my head of what I want to say,
00:43:36> 00:43:40:	but I think the importance of Paul Williams kind of

00:43:40> 00:43:43:	led me to put a few thoughts down on paper,
00:43:43> 00:43:47:	so I'm going to read something that I wrote and
00:43:47> 00:43:51:	kind of start with a little bit of a preference
00:43:51> 00:43:51:	here.
00:43:51> 00:43:54:	So when asked to reflect on the impact that Paul
00:43:54> 00:43:57:	Williams has had in my career as an architect,
00:43:57> 00:44:01:	I was initially hesitant. How do you quantify the importance
00:44:01> 00:44:03:	of such an icon of the profession?
00:44:03> 00:44:06:	I did not grow up in Los Angeles and grew
00:44:06> 00:44:07:	up in Seattle.
00:44:07> 00:44:09:	I always wanted to be an architect.
00:44:09> 00:44:11:	Architects and designers are in my family.
00:44:11> 00:44:14:	Paul Williams was not the first black architect that I
00:44:14> 00:44:15:	was exposed to.
00:44:15> 00:44:18:	I went to a majority architecture school in New York.
00:44:18> 00:44:23:	Paul Williams was not covered in our Eurocentric architecture curriculum.
00:44:23> 00:44:25:	I was only exposed to his work through the National
00:44:25> 00:44:29:	Organization of Minority Architects while I was in college and
00:44:29> 00:44:31:	immediately upon learning about his works,
00:44:31> 00:44:34:	I felt woefully behind. Since that time,
00:44:34> 00:44:36:	including a move to Los Angeles,
00:44:36> 00:44:38:	I've had the opportunity to experience a number of his
00:44:38> 00:44:39:	works in person.
00:44:39> 00:44:42:	I've met some of his family members and I've had
00:44:42> 00:44:45:	conversations with colleagues who knew him directly.
00:44:45> 00:44:49:	His icon status is undeniable and should be amplified and
00:44:49> 00:44:51:	celebrated exponentially.
00:44:51> 00:44:55:	However, for me his legacy is always bundled up into
00:44:55> 00:44:57:	a mix of four emotions.
00:44:57> 00:44:59:	First one is joy.
00:44:59> 00:45:03:	Learning about the LX team building in Beverly Hills Hotel
00:45:03> 00:45:06:	that everybody sites are the mandatory minimums.
00:45:06> 00:45:09:	My joy comes from knowing that he designed the Golden
00:45:09> 00:45:11:	State Mutual building on Western.
00:45:11> 00:45:14:	The Baldwin Hills Mall, the Roosevelt naval base in Long
00:45:14> 00:45:14:	Beach.
00:45:14> 00:45:17:	The Howard University Architecture School,
00:45:17> 00:45:19:	the St Judes Hospital in Memphis,
00:45:19> 00:45:21:	and Homes for Lucille Ball,
00:45:21> 00:45:24:	Frank Sinatra and a host of other celebrities are recently
00:45:24> 00:45:27:	learned about one of his projects in Long Beach.

00:45:27> 00:45:30:	A former bank building on 4th and Pine St.
00:45:30> 00:45:33:	I've walked by this building on hundreds of occasions and
00:45:33> 00:45:36:	did not know that it was done by Paul Williams.
00:45:36> 00:45:40:	Many of the exquisite homes contained in Janice book are
00:45:40> 00:45:41:	new revelations to me.
00:45:41> 00:45:45:	I was recently asked to team up with another architect
00:45:45> 00:45:48:	on RFP response to a project of the Ellee County
00:45:48> 00:45:52:	Courthouse that was designed by Paul Williams.
00:45:52> 00:45:55:	His immense catalogue of over 3000 projects from homes to
00:45:55> 00:45:56:	commercial buildings,
00:45:56> 00:46:00:	institutional projects brings so much joy to me to comprehend
00:46:00> 00:46:01:	how one architect,
00:46:01> 00:46:05:	regardless of color, could have been so prolific in his
00:46:05> 00:46:09:	career is an outstanding accomplishment of itself.
00:46:09> 00:46:12:	For me the power of architecture lies in its ability
00:46:12> 00:46:15:	to shape the built environment and provide the context in
00:46:15> 00:46:17:	which all of our society exists.
00:46:17> 00:46:20:	As an architect, I could only dream of having a
00:46:21> 00:46:24:	career with so many built projects to leave as a
00:46:24> 00:46:26:	legacy when I am done.
00:46:26> 00:46:29:	The second one is inspiration.
00:46:29> 00:46:32:	The obstacles that were overcome by Paul Williams inspire me
00:46:32> 00:46:34:	on my own career journey.
00.40.04 > 00.40.00.	Imagine sitting in the USC architecture school in 1919 as
00:46:34> 00:46:38:	inagine sitting in the USC architecture school in 1919 as
00:46:34> 00:46:38: 00:46:38> 00:46:40:	the only black student.
00:46:38> 00:46:40:	the only black student.
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923.
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio,
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52: 00:46:52> 00:46:55:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio, graduate, get licensed and mature as a designer and leader.
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52: 00:46:52> 00:46:55: 00:46:55> 00:46:59:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio, graduate, get licensed and mature as a designer and leader. Add onto that the reality of being an African American, navigating your way through a profession that is
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52: 00:46:52> 00:46:55: 00:46:55> 00:46:59: 00:46:59> 00:47:03:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio, graduate, get licensed and mature as a designer and leader. Add onto that the reality of being an African American, navigating your way through a profession that is predominantly white
00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52: 00:46:52> 00:46:55: 00:46:55> 00:46:59: 00:46:59> 00:47:03: 00:47:03> 00:47:07:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio, graduate, get licensed and mature as a designer and leader. Add onto that the reality of being an African American, navigating your way through a profession that is predominantly white and male makes the degree of difficulty that much higher.
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00:46:38> 00:46:40: 00:46:40> 00:46:45: 00:46:45> 00:46:46: 00:46:46> 00:46:49: 00:46:49> 00:46:52: 00:46:52> 00:46:55: 00:46:55> 00:46:59: 00:46:59> 00:47:03: 00:47:03> 00:47:07: 00:47:10> 00:47:10: 00:47:13> 00:47:14: 00:47:14> 00:47:17:	the only black student. Imagine being a licensed architect in 1921 and a a member of 1923. All of us can attest the challenges that come with being an architect to compete in studio, graduate, get licensed and mature as a designer and leader. Add onto that the reality of being an African American, navigating your way through a profession that is predominantly white and male makes the degree of difficulty that much higher. Paul Williams example serves as a model of success to show that it can be done at a high level of excellence. His story serves as a guidepost for me to never get discouraged and not lose my passion about creating

00:47:25> 00:47:28:	my own journey can compare to the obstacles faced by
00:47:28> 00:47:29:	Paul Williams.
00:47:29> 00:47:32:	I'm standing on his shoulders and his sacrifices that I
00:47:32> 00:47:34:	can even be here today.
00:47:34> 00:47:37:	The hurdles placed before Paul Williams must have been gigantic
00:47:38> 00:47:40:	in comparison to what we have to deal with today.
00:47:40> 00:47:44:	If there are still so many similarities within the architecture
00:47:44> 00:47:45:	profession even today,
00:47:45> 00:47:48:	many black architects can still relate to the feeling of
00:47:48> 00:47:51:	being the only one of their design studios at their
00:47:51> 00:47:53:	firms or when meeting with clients,
00:47:53> 00:47:54:	while so much has changed,
00:47:54> 00:47:57:	its Paul Williams started this practice.
00:47:57> 00:47:58:	So many things remain the same.
00:48:01> 00:48:04:	The third emotion is frustration.
00:48:04> 00:48:07:	Every time we tell stories about Paul Williams,
00:48:07> 00:48:10:	the same anecdotes and about his persona are always covered,
00:48:10> 00:48:13:	including how he could draw upside down to make his
00:48:14> 00:48:15:	white clients feel at ease,
00:48:15> 00:48:18:	or how he could hold his hands behind his back
00:48:18> 00:48:22:	at a construction site to appear less threatening for me.
00:48:22> 00:48:25:	These all carry the same dog whistle effect as he
00:48:25> 00:48:29:	speaks so well when referencing any educated person of color.
00:48:29> 00:48:31:	A century ago, as it still is today,
00:48:31> 00:48:34:	the concept of fearing a black man,
00:48:34> 00:48:36:	even one as educated, humble,
00:48:36> 00:48:40:	intelligent and graceful, as Paul Williams has not gone away.
00:48:40> 00:48:42:	Paul Williams said it best in his 1937 op Ed
00:48:43> 00:48:45:	entitled I Am A There was nothing to warn me
00:48:45> 00:48:49:	that coveted opportunities would be denied me because my face
00:48:49> 00:48:53:	was black. I discovered the color line when I went
00:48:53> 00:48:55:	out as a schoolboy to find a much needed job.
00:48:55> 00:48:58:	I was turned away by would be employers who to
00:48:59> 00:49:00:	my certain knowledge needed,
00:49:00> 00:49:04:	help. This same story could be told time and time
00:49:04> 00:49:08:	again from 1937 until today with the names changed and
00:49:08> 00:49:10:	many who looked just like me.
00:49:10> 00:49:13:	In the century that has passed since Paul Williams started
00:49:13> 00:49:15:	practicing architecture,

00:49:15> 00:49:17:	and in the 40 years since his passing,
00:49:17> 00:49:19:	many of these ills still exist in society and in
00:49:19> 00:49:23:	the profession of architecture that have led to minimal participation
00:49:23> 00:49:26:	of people of color in designing buildings and creating our
00:49:26> 00:49:27:	built environment.
00:49:29> 00:49:32:	The 4th emotion is sadness.
00:49:32> 00:49:36:	Sadness comes from the knowledge that Paul Williams received his
00:49:36> 00:49:40:	license in 1921 hundred years ago and became the first
00:49:40> 00:49:41:	black AIA member in 1923.
00:49:41> 00:49:46:	And we're still less than 2400 licensed black architects in
00:49:46> 00:49:47:	America.
00:49:47> 00:49:50:	To know that we have made so little progress in
00:49:50> 00:49:53:	diversifying the profession and that his greatness is not led
00:49:53> 00:49:56:	to more inspirational for people of color to aspire to
00:49:56> 00:50:00:	become architects is a stain on us all.
00:50:00> 00:50:04:	To quote Paul Williams High School guidance counselor who ever
00:50:04> 00:50:05:	heard of a architect?
00:50:05> 00:50:08:	Those words might not be used in 2021,
00:50:08> 00:50:11:	but that is still a challenge that we struggle with
00:50:11> 00:50:11:	today.
00:50:11> 00:50:15:	We need to increase the exposure of the profession to
00:50:15> 00:50:18:	African American Youth to show them that it can be
00:50:18> 00:50:19:	a viable karere.
00:50:19> 00:50:23:	We need to show them that designing buildings and creating
00:50:23> 00:50:26:	architecture is a profession on par with being a doctor
00:50:26> 00:50:27:	or a lawyer.
00:50:27> 00:50:31:	Sadness comes from seeing Paul Williams received as AIA Gold
00:50:31> 00:50:35:	medal in 2017 posthumously and wondering why took the AIA
00:50:35> 00:50:36:	37 years.
00:50:36> 00:50:38:	After his death for such a recognition,
00:50:38> 00:50:42:	what criteria or additional proof could have resulted in any
00:50:42> 00:50:44:	delay in recognizing such an icon?
00:50:44> 00:50:47:	You must do a better job of giving our legends
00:50:47> 00:50:50:	their flowers while they're still here to smell them.
00:50:50> 00:50:54:	Whether it's Paul Williams or Phil Freelon or anyone else,
00:50:54> 00:50:57:	we should never wait to celebrate the accomplishments of our
00:50:57> 00:50:58:	black architects,

00:50:58> 00:51:02:	especially when the light can shine so bright to impact
00:51:02> 00:51:06:	future future generations of architects to come.
00:51:06> 00:51:08:	So. I say that all to say,
00:51:08> 00:51:11:	you know his Paul Williams legacy is so iconic,
00:51:11> 00:51:14:	but it's a complex legacy based solely,
00:51:14> 00:51:16:	you know, that that should not be as complex as
00:51:16> 00:51:17:	it is today,
00:51:17> 00:51:20:	based solely on the merits of his work and his
00:51:20> 00:51:21:	character as a man,
00:51:21> 00:51:24:	as I think some of the other you know,
00:51:24> 00:51:27:	speakers have alluded to the complexity that we talk about
00:51:27> 00:51:28:	Paul Williams.
00:51:28> 00:51:31:	Within my mind exists because of his race and America's
00:51:31> 00:51:34:	own struggle with race discrimination,
00:51:34> 00:51:38:	racial equity, and racial justice for people of all colors
00:51:38> 00:51:40:	outside of the majority.
00:51:40> 00:51:43:	That complexity exists because someone with such an Immaculate pedigree
00:51:44> 00:51:47:	as Paul Williams has historically been ignored by the euro
00:51:47> 00:51:49:	centric pedagogy Titan architecture schools,
00:51:49> 00:51:53:	relegating people like myself and many of the other people
00:51:53> 00:51:56:	who spoke today to discover him on their own.
00:51:56> 00:51:58:	That complexity exists because as a black architect,
00:51:58> 00:52:01:	I'm expected to be an expert on every other black
00:52:02> 00:52:05:	architect that ever lived and teach my white counterparts about
00:52:05> 00:52:08:	the true diversity of the profession.
00:52:08> 00:52:11:	That complexity exists because at the same time we laud
00:52:11> 00:52:14:	Paul Williams with more than well deserved accolades for his
00:52:14> 00:52:15:	professional accomplishments,
00:52:15> 00:52:18:	the profession turns a blind eye to the lack of
00:52:18> 00:52:22:	progress that has been made towards increasing its own dessert
00:52:22> 00:52:23:	diversity.
00:52:23> 00:52:26:	Paul Williams should not exist as a Unicorn to be
00:52:26> 00:52:26:	admired,
00:52:26> 00:52:30:	but rather one stone in the lineages of great black
00:52:30> 00:52:30:	architects.
00:52:30> 00:52:33:	From Benjamin Banneker, Robert Taylor,
00:52:33> 00:52:36:	the Mckissick's, Beverly Lorraine, Greene J Max Bond,
00:52:36> 00:52:40:	normous, cleric Phil Freelon and Curtis Moody that will continue
00:52:40> 00:52:41:	forward in the future.

00:52:41> 00:52:44:	Paul Williams is unquestionably an icon,
00:52:44> 00:52:47:	but for me the complexity in reflecting on his impact,
00:52:47> 00:52:49:	will always be inescapable.
00:52:51> 00:52:53:	Can I leave it there?
00:52:53> 00:52:56:	Thanks so much Lance so powerful.
00:52:56> 00:52:59:	I mean, when I hear you and Christopher speak,
00:52:59> 00:53:03:	I hear so many echoes amongst the two of you.
00:53:03> 00:53:06:	And essentially when I hear is the work that we
00:53:06> 00:53:08:	have to do isn't done,
00:53:08> 00:53:12:	there's still essentialism. That sort of seeps through not only
00:53:13> 00:53:13:	in the field,
00:53:13> 00:53:19:	but in the broader public there's it requires a constant
00:53:19> 00:53:22:	vigilance on our part to sort of.
00:53:22> 00:53:29:	Watch for white supremacy and racism that is constantly
	mutating
00:53:29> 00:53:31:	like virus.
00:53:31> 00:53:34:	So in order to maintain itself and stay dominant,
00:53:34> 00:53:38:	and it requires you know these concert conversations.
00:53:38> 00:53:43:	Education looking at work by someone like Paul Williams looking
00:53:43> 00:53:47:	into the archives where we can not only learn about
00:53:47> 00:53:50:	the specificity of somebody like him and his work,
00:53:50> 00:53:55:	but what we can learn about African American history through
00:53:55> 00:53:56:	architecture.
00:53:56> 00:54:00:	So there's this kind of like dual kind of threads
00:54:00> 00:54:01:	that we could.
00:54:01> 00:54:05:	We can follow through on thanks to the both of
00:54:05> 00:54:05:	you.
00:54:05> 00:54:09:	I want to give the microphone back to Iran and
00:54:09> 00:54:13:	Anjana and give you guys a chance to sort of,
00:54:13> 00:54:17:	you know riff a bit before we share the next
00:54:17> 00:54:21:	set of videos that we have prepared for everyone.
00:54:21> 00:54:24:	Thanks Rebecca, so thousands of built structures.
00:54:24> 00:54:27:	His archive has so many of the drawings and and
00:54:27> 00:54:31:	the plans that he worked on during his career and
00:54:31> 00:54:32:	Christopher and Lance.
00:54:32> 00:54:35:	I mean, I think both of you make very important
00:54:35> 00:54:36:	points.
00:54:36> 00:54:38:	What does it mean? Christopher,
00:54:38> 00:54:41:	you mentioned the double double consciousness,
00:54:41> 00:54:43:	right? And and Lance, you know.
00:54:43> 00:54:46:	Thank you for that. That was really powerful and even

00:54:46> 00:54:50:	mentioning that you know you had to learn about Paul
00:54:50> 00:54:51:	Williams as an adult.
00:54:51> 00:54:56:	Right, and so? How can we think about the history
00:54:56> 00:54:57:	of architecture,
00:54:57> 00:55:01:	right? Is it ready to recognize a genius like Paul
00:55:01> 00:55:02:	Williams,
00:55:02> 00:55:06:	right? What does it mean to actually as people who
00:55:06> 00:55:10:	design right as people who think about public space and
00:55:10> 00:55:12:	building structures in public space,
00:55:12> 00:55:17:	right? How do you think Paul Williams actually move how
00:55:17> 00:55:21:	he designed buildings and spaces in which he could not
00:55:21> 00:55:21:	live?
00:55:21> 00:55:25:	Right as people who think about as professionals,
00:55:25> 00:55:28:	right? Who think about public space.
00:55:28> 00:55:31:	What do you think was going through his mind during
00:55:31> 00:55:31:	that time?
00:55:31> 00:55:33:	You can't live here because you know,
00:55:33> 00:55:36:	let's say there's a restrictive land covenant,
00:55:36> 00:55:39:	right? Racist land covenant, but yet he's he's given the
00:55:39> 00:55:39:	task of,
00:55:39> 00:55:41:	actually, I mean, to your point,
00:55:41> 00:55:45:	Chris. Think through, uh, the person who wants that home
00:55:45> 00:55:47:	to be built through their mind,
00:55:47> 00:55:49:	and they're usually white and and actually,
00:55:49> 00:55:52:	you know, add things and go through their minds and
00:55:52> 00:55:54:	their imaginations and designed.
00:55:54> 00:55:56:	You know according to their imaginations,
00:55:56> 00:56:00:	all the while knowing that people like the construction site
00:56:00> 00:56:02:	probably won't shake his hand.
00:56:02> 00:56:03:	As people who think about space,
00:56:03> 00:56:07:	how do you think about your unique contributions?
00:56:07> 00:56:10:	Two to the field. And while black.
00:56:13> 00:56:16:	I'll try to lead off without one.
00:56:16> 00:56:19:	I think you know one of the most powerful things
00:56:20> 00:56:22:	for me about Paul Williams.
00:56:22> 00:56:26:	Work is his sensitivity to the design and the meticulous
00:56:26> 00:56:29:	nature and all the details that you know.
00:56:29> 00:56:33:	Jana pointed out so beautifully in her book.
00:56:33> 00:56:36:	And as your little tour of places,
00:56:36> 00:56:39:	maybe he would never live or wouldn't be allowed to
00:56:39> 00:56:42:	go to be able to have such an intense connection
00:56:43> 00:56:46:	with a client with the site with the program in

00:56:46> 00:56:50:	the spaces that he's creating without and still being conscious
00:56:50> 00:56:53:	enough to know of the racial reality that he faces
00:56:54> 00:56:57:	is a skill that I don't even know exactly how
00:56:57> 00:57:00:	you quantify mean. I can only imagine and sort of
00:57:00> 00:57:04:	interpret in between the lines with some of his writings.
00:57:04> 00:57:08:	That you know he was very aware of his position
00:57:08> 00:57:12:	racially in the world from you know 1920s always through
00:57:12> 00:57:14:	the 80s and yet can still,
00:57:14> 00:57:17:	you know, design A house or Frank Sinatra,
00:57:17> 00:57:21:	or whoever it might be with the sensitivity and tailor
00:57:21> 00:57:25:	made to that individual person is is is gotta carry
00:57:25> 00:57:27:	a lot of of power to it.
00:57:27> 00:57:29:	To me you know it's it's.
00:57:29> 00:57:32:	I think a lot of us as designers,
00:57:32> 00:57:34:	you know want to absorb the context.
00:57:34> 00:57:37:	Want to understand our clients?
00:57:37> 00:57:40:	Want to embrace the community that our projects are going
00:57:40> 00:57:43:	in and try to make a connection with the with
00:57:43> 00:57:47:	you know all those parts of the processes Chris alluded
00:57:47> 00:57:49:	to. But to add that extra layer of what I
00:57:49> 00:57:51:	interpreted as maybe frustration?
00:57:51> 00:57:54:	Or maybe it's just sort of self realization to that
00:57:55> 00:57:57:	and still be able to execute at the level he
00:57:57> 00:58:00:	did in in so many diverse styles is only occurred
00:58:00> 00:58:03:	to him. You know, I I think one of the
00:58:03> 00:58:05:	biggest sort of so called you know,
00:58:05> 00:58:08:	I'll just say false criticism of him is that.
00:58:08> 00:58:11:	He had so many different styles he didn't have that
00:58:11> 00:58:12:	one signature.
00:58:12> 00:58:13:	You know, piece. That was,
00:58:13> 00:58:16:	you know, sort of replicated everywhere.
00:58:16> 00:58:18:	As a lot of other architects and sort of the
00:58:18> 00:58:19:	classical Canon.
00:58:19> 00:58:22:	But to me that that's tide to his ability to
00:58:22> 00:58:25:	bridge his own sort of identity with the identity of
00:58:25> 00:58:26:	his clients.
00:58:26> 00:58:29:	You couldn't. He didn't have the ability to maybe sort
00:58:29> 00:58:32:	of forced his own identity on every single project,
00:58:32> 00:58:35:	so he had to dig deeper into the works in
00:58:35> 00:58:38:	the demands and the desires of the clients and the
00:58:38> 00:58:40:	sites in the programs to really.

00:58:40> 00:58:42:	Execute a beautiful project.
00:58:42> 00:58:45:	And one of the things you say so beautifully lanced
00:58:45> 00:58:47:	that I want to pick up on is.
00:58:47> 00:58:51:	You talked about how he implemented his style and identity
00:58:51> 00:58:52:	into the work.
00:58:52> 00:58:55:	And then he carried that that thread throughout his projects.
00:58:55> 00:58:58:	And what many other architects would it be?
00:58:58> 00:59:00:	Frank Lloyd, Light Phillip Johnson.
00:59:00> 00:59:03:	So many other architects who grew from modernism?
00:59:03> 00:59:06:	They practice erasure whether knowingly or just do the work
00:59:07> 00:59:11:	of constantly remaking spaces and minimalizing style and culture in
00:59:11> 00:59:13:	that work he did not do that.
00:59:13> 00:59:15:	And that was partially because of the time he grew
00:59:15> 00:59:16:	up in,
00:59:16> 00:59:18:	and the spaces that he had to operate him.
00:59:18> 00:59:20:	But he did not practice that in his work.
00:59:20> 00:59:23:	And even in the work that happened in African American
00:59:23> 00:59:24:	communities.
00:59:24> 00:59:26:	So I think that's an important part that is a
00:59:27> 00:59:28:	part of that legacy,
00:59:28> 00:59:31:	not part of that architectural identity that has to be
00:59:31> 00:59:33:	now woven into architectural history,
00:59:33> 00:59:34:	no matter who the architect is.
00:59:34> 00:59:37:	For me, I think one of the other incredible things
00:59:37> 00:59:38:	to answer.
00:59:38> 00:59:42:	Laurens question. Is there will never be another Paul Williams,
00:59:42> 00:59:44:	but there will be many other other architects,
00:59:44> 00:59:47:	such as many of the people who are probably watching
00:59:47> 00:59:49:	this call who may be black,
00:59:49> 00:59:52:	who will be inspired by him and what I'm getting
00:59:52> 00:59:54:	at when saying that point is.
00:59:54> 00:59:58:	It's happened so many times throughout our history and I
00:59:58> 01:00:01:	always say Harriet Tubman is the is the is the
01:00:01> 01:00:04:	best spatial justice after futuristic person.
01:00:04> 01:00:06:	A lot of all time is because she saw our
01:00:07> 01:00:09:	future when it when it did not exist she saw
01:00:09> 01:00:13:	a world beyond slavery and Paul Williams saw world in
01:00:13> 01:00:16:	which she could be a part of and that knowledge
01:00:16> 01:00:19:	that some of which is loss because of the archives
01:00:19> 01:00:23:	being burnt away and we're now trying to recapture that

01:00:23> 01:00:25:	you made a good point about.
01:00:25> 01:00:28:	Celebrating architect now and not just doing it.
01:00:28> 01:00:30:	Post humorlessly with a gold award.
01:00:30> 01:00:34:	These things are important for the generations in the generational
01:00:34> 01:00:38:	wealth of black architects and designers in this country because
01:00:38> 01:00:41:	it gets glossed over again and we always have to
01:00:41> 01:00:43:	restart. That 2% never becomes 2 1/2 or 3%
01:00:43> 01:00:47:	because we're always restarting or people are feeling like they
01:00:47> 01:00:49:	have to leave the profession.
01:00:49> 01:00:53:	So when I think about how you contextualize or specialize.
01:00:53> 01:00:57:	The relationship of a double consciousness of being designing while
01:00:57> 01:00:58:	black.
01:00:58> 01:01:01:	I think the hardest thing for me is always been
01:01:01> 01:01:04:	how do you implement an identity that is has been
01:01:04> 01:01:06:	racialized as ghetto?
01:01:06> 01:01:09:	Something that is fetishized as being the hood.
01:01:09> 01:01:11:	Whether it being movies or being books,
01:01:11> 01:01:15:	something that seem as something as undesirable as where Paul
01:01:15> 01:01:17:	Williams himself lived,
01:01:17> 01:01:19:	but he had to do design desirable.
01:01:19> 01:01:23:	Spaces would always gives me a difficult time is.
01:01:23> 01:01:27:	Is is demystifying these spaces as something that are not
01:01:27> 01:01:28:	removed from culture?
01:01:28> 01:01:31:	All the things we design are specified to a culture
01:01:31> 01:01:33:	and people design spaces,
01:01:33> 01:01:37:	not just architects. We are the facilitators and organizers of
01:01:37> 01:01:38:	those spaces,
01:01:38> 01:01:41:	and I think that's what Paul Williams did so well
01:01:42> 01:01:42:	and.
01:01:42> 01:01:44:	I don't know how he did it.
01:01:44> 01:01:45:	l like again happy birthday.
01:01:45> 01:01:49:	Paul Williams, 'cause I think what he did was just
01:01:49> 01:01:49:	so proud,
01:01:49> 01:01:53:	profoundly unique, and there have been many architects.
01:01:53> 01:01:56:	As Lance has said over the several decades who have
01:01:56> 01:01:57:	done that,
01:01:57> 01:02:00:	several of those who live in LA now in our
01:02:00> 01:02:00:	lives,

01:02:00> 01:02:02:	such as drag Dillard, Steve Lewis.
01:02:02> 01:02:04:	I'll even throw you in there,
01:02:04> 01:02:07:	Lance, many architects, normal Scarlett.
01:02:07> 01:02:10:	I mean enrolling Wiley. Many of my mentors who have
01:02:10> 01:02:11:	done great work,
01:02:11> 01:02:12:	and I just hope that.
01:02:12> 01:02:15:	We can continue to do that and work that John
01:02:15> 01:02:16:	Larana doing so needed.
01:02:19> 01:02:23:	Jonah, you know some people would say that.
01:02:23> 01:02:26:	You know a building has no race,
01:02:26> 01:02:29:	right? Some people would say that you know there's no
01:02:29> 01:02:33:	such thing like someone's race doesn't matter.
01:02:33> 01:02:36:	You know if they made a building as a practitioner,
01:02:36> 01:02:40:	as someone is a photographer who walked around The Who
01:02:40> 01:02:42:	actually studied Williams,
01:02:42> 01:02:45:	his buildings. What do you do?
01:02:45> 01:02:49:	You actually think about the result of racial history of
01:02:49> 01:02:50:	those spaces,
01:02:50> 01:02:52:	the homes, the larger structures,
01:02:52> 01:02:56:	everything you know, everything that had to to sort of
01:02:56> 01:02:58:	do with the interiors.
01:02:58> 01:03:01:	The detail, right? Do you think that you know?
01:03:01> 01:03:03:	Is there a way in which?
01:03:03> 01:03:06:	You were consciously were you conscious of the sort of
01:03:06> 01:03:09:	racial things around Williams in his life as you were
01:03:09> 01:03:11:	taking those photographs.
01:03:11> 01:03:16:	Absolutely, and I view all of his structures as fundamentally
01:03:16> 01:03:17:	black spaces.
01:03:17> 01:03:20:	I have no idea what he was thinking or feeling
01:03:20> 01:03:24:	as he was designing in these neighborhoods where there were
01:03:24> 01:03:27:	restrictive covenants and sundown towns,
01:03:27> 01:03:28:	and all of these things,
01:03:28> 01:03:32:	but I do view kind of subversiveness in designing these
01:03:32> 01:03:35:	structures and the fact that so many of them are
01:03:35> 01:03:38:	still standing and that they're still still being taken care
01:03:38> 01:03:41:	of, still respected and will always be by him.
01:03:41> 01:03:44:	So I think that there I do think about it.
01:03:44> 01:03:46:	I think about it a lot as I'm in these
01:03:46> 01:03:48:	spaces who they belong to,
01:03:48> 01:03:50:	who they used to belong to.
01:03:50> 01:03:55:	Who they really for an ultimately who created them?

01:03:55> 01:03:58:	I think your comment on.
01:03:58> 01:04:03:	Paul Williams is work being spaces as specifically black
	spaces
01:04:03> 01:04:07:	is so much in tune with what Christopher was using
01:04:07> 01:04:11:	in terms of his his use of the term Afrofuturism
01:04:11> 01:04:13:	in the kind of looses kind of way.
01:04:13> 01:04:17:	Although Paul Williams is work doesn't have that kind of
01:04:18> 01:04:22:	boosts or rockets or the kind of esoteric performance quality
01:04:22> 01:04:23:	of Sun RA,
01:04:23> 01:04:28:	the philosophical ideologies behind his work is to celebrate black
01:04:28> 01:04:29:	lives.
01:04:29> 01:04:33:	So think about alternative future worlds for black lives and
01:04:33> 01:04:34:	black spaces,
01:04:34> 01:04:37:	and so all of the things that everyone is saying
01:04:37> 01:04:40:	on the panel is humming in such a way that
01:04:40> 01:04:42:	is very much in concert with one another.
01:04:42> 01:04:46:	I do want to just take this moment to acknowledge
01:04:46> 01:04:50:	I was alerted that Karen Hudson Paul Williams is granddaughter
01:04:50> 01:04:53:	is in the audience today and we thank her for
01:04:53> 01:04:56:	joining us and want to give her the opportunity to,
01:04:56> 01:04:58:	you know.
01:04:58> 01:05:01:	To comment or or or submit a question and I
01:05:02> 01:05:06:	would also like to encourage the audience members you know
01:05:06> 01:05:09:	after we have this panel discussion we are going to
01:05:09> 01:05:11:	open up.
01:05:11> 01:05:13:	The floor, so to speak,
01:05:13> 01:05:17:	for a Q&A session. So if you haven't already done
01:05:17> 01:05:17:	S0,
01:05:17> 01:05:22:	please submit your questions or comments to the to the
01:05:22> 01:05:23:	Q&A.
01:05:23> 01:05:24:	At the Q&A link lands,
01:05:24> 01:05:26:	were you going to say something?
01:05:26> 01:05:29:	I don't want to interrupt you.
01:05:29> 01:05:31:	Yeah, I was just gonna add on a little bit
01:05:31> 01:05:35:	of responsive there on your last question about you know
01:05:35> 01:05:39:	buildings having a racial identity and and I'm going to
01:05:39> 01:05:42:	answer it a little bit differently which is.
01:05:42> 01:05:45:	I think that all buildings have power.
01:05:45> 01:05:50:	And. We can amplify that power by elevating certain architects

01:05:50> 01:05:55:	certain projects into a cannon into a pedagogy that other
01:05:55> 01:05:59:	start to emulate other start to aspire to be.
01:05:59> 01:06:02:	Or we can remove and dampen some of that power
01:06:02> 01:06:02:	by.
01:06:02> 01:06:07:	You know, you know, not celebrating people like Paul Williams
01:06:07> 01:06:08:	while they were here,
01:06:08> 01:06:11:	or waiting too late in the process.
01:06:11> 01:06:14:	And so to me, the power is important,
01:06:14> 01:06:17:	and you know when I don't know better way to
01:06:17> 01:06:19:	say is I'm just going to say.
01:06:19> 01:06:21:	Where it's kind of crossing my brain,
01:06:21> 01:06:24:	which is if Paul Williams were not African American.
01:06:24> 01:06:27:	I don't have any doubt in my mind that he
01:06:27> 01:06:29:	would not be elevated at the same level as an
01:06:29> 01:06:31:	oyster in the Schindler.
01:06:31> 01:06:34:	Anan anybody else that that we look so highly.
01:06:34> 01:06:36:	Two in particular in Los Angeles,
01:06:36> 01:06:39:	but you know, sort of in the architecture profession as
01:06:39> 01:06:39:	a whole.
01:06:39> 01:06:41:	Without question it would be,
01:06:41> 01:06:44:	you know, in architecture history 101 at USC or at
01:06:44> 01:06:48:	every architecture school around Paul Williams would be
	right there
01:06:48> 01:06:50:	at the front of the list.
01:06:50> 01:06:53:	So it's about amplifying his path to the power in
01:06:53> 01:06:55:	all of the buildings they have,
01:06:55> 01:06:58:	and that in itself brings the identity of being an
01:06:58> 01:07:00:	African American architect right?
01:07:00> 01:07:02:	Along with it, you don't have to say this is
01:07:02> 01:07:06:	African American with any sort of aesthetic to it with
01:07:06> 01:07:08:	any sort of formal language to it,
01:07:08> 01:07:10:	but the power of who did the buildings is equal
01:07:11> 01:07:13:	to what the building is in and of itself.
01:07:16> 01:07:18:	You know, I'm gonna actually novice question here,
01:07:18> 01:07:20:	but I think it's an important one.
01:07:20> 01:07:24:	Rebecca Lance Christopher. What does it take to make a
01:07:24> 01:07:25:	building?
01:07:25> 01:07:28:	Right, because we actually have to talk about that in
01:07:28> 01:07:30:	some way to actually see his genius.
01:07:30> 01:07:32:	What does it actually take to make a building?
01:07:38> 01:07:40:	Who was the 1st with that one?

01:07:40> 01:07:44:	I mean I should defer to the architects to respond
01:07:44> 01:07:45:	to that.
01:07:45> 01:07:49:	I have my own thoughts from a historians perspective.
01:07:49> 01:07:54:	Obviously understanding the social political context within which one is
01:07:54> 01:07:56:	building would be crucial.
01:07:56> 01:08:00:	And Paul Williams is aware that he's a rare figure
01:08:00> 01:08:04:	who straddled decades of changes in civil rights history from
01:08:04> 01:08:08:	and and I think the archive could provide so many.
01:08:08> 01:08:12:	Clues to us understanding that his work isn't just object
01:08:12> 01:08:13:	oriented,
01:08:13> 01:08:16:	it's not merely building. Indeed John.
01:08:16> 01:08:19:	His work has sort of sheds light to this sort
01:08:19> 01:08:21:	of formal beauty,
01:08:21> 01:08:25:	and the formal kind of precision that is his architecture,
01:08:25> 01:08:28:	but that perhaps in the archives we can find traces
01:08:29> 01:08:33:	of subversion black resistance to the kind of white supremacy
01:08:33> 01:08:37:	that existed in that moment and that exists today.
01:08:37> 01:08:40:	These are kind of opportunities that I find.
01:08:40> 01:08:42:	As historian, to be really,
01:08:42> 01:08:44:	really exciting.
01:08:44> 01:08:47:	And would love to hear what Lansing,
01:08:47> 01:08:50:	Christopher and John it would have to say as well
01:08:50> 01:08:51:	as sort of makers.
01:08:54> 01:08:55:	I guess I I'll say this.
01:08:55> 01:08:58:	You know what goes into making a building is a
01:08:58> 01:09:00:	really long list of things,
01:09:00> 01:09:02:	and I think it's great that you phrased it as
01:09:03> 01:09:05:	making a building because I think too often,
01:09:05> 01:09:09:	especially in the world of sort of residential construction where
01:09:09> 01:09:13:	Paul Williams is gained his most sort of notoriety.
01:09:13> 01:09:15:	It's I need somebody to draw my plans.
01:09:15> 01:09:18:	This is a housing tract someplace and we're going to,
01:09:18> 01:09:20:	you know, go, you know,
01:09:20> 01:09:22:	put up 100 houses next week,
01:09:22> 01:09:24:	so making a building the process of.
01:09:24> 01:09:28:	Understanding space understanding. You know personalities,
01:09:28> 01:09:31:	understanding materials, the art that goes into all of those
01:09:32> 01:09:32:	things.
01:09:32> 01:09:35:	In addition to the just the physical process of of
01:09:35> 01:09:39:	thinking at every everything from the macro scale to the

01:09:39> 01:09:40:	micro scale,
01:09:40> 01:09:43:	all of the level of detail that architects are responsible
01:09:43> 01:09:46:	that were captured in Jan's work.
01:09:46> 01:09:48:	From how is this banister going to curve?
01:09:48> 01:09:51:	Or what type of tile am I going to use
01:09:51> 01:09:53:	in this portion of the space architecture?
01:09:53> 01:09:56:	Exist at all those different scales?
01:09:56> 01:09:59:	And for singular person, you know Paul Williams and anyone
01:09:59> 01:10:00:	for that matter,
01:10:00> 01:10:03:	to to be able to navigate all those scales and
01:10:03> 01:10:05:	all those personalities,
01:10:05> 01:10:08:	all the materials, not to mention just the mechanics of,
01:10:08> 01:10:10:	you know, getting the building,
01:10:10> 01:10:14:	permit it working with the general contractor to actually build
01:10:14> 01:10:14:	it,
01:10:14> 01:10:17:	to make sure your vision is realized and comes to
01:10:17> 01:10:17:	life.
01:10:17> 01:10:20:	Off that paper. You know I'm obviously biased,
01:10:20> 01:10:24:	but it is a very complex undertaking to get even
01:10:24> 01:10:26:	the simple list building built so.
01:10:26> 01:10:30:	You know it's you know I never even after practicing
01:10:30> 01:10:32:	for whatever it's been 20 years now.
01:10:32> 01:10:34:	I'm never ceased to be amazed by,
01:10:34> 01:10:40:	you know, the experience of getting a building made.
01:10:40> 01:10:44:	Yeah, that's a. That's a really great question and answer
01:10:44> 01:10:45:	Lance,
01:10:45> 01:10:48:	I have a two fold answer to that in that.
01:10:48> 01:10:53:	Architecture is both violent.
01:10:53> 01:10:58:	In disruptive. And also the reconstructing of how culture is
01:10:58> 01:11:02:	responded in the physical environment.
01:11:02> 01:11:06:	Continuously repurposed by humans. So to break that down.
01:11:06> 01:11:11:	The reason why I say architecture is violent and
	manipulative.
01:11:11> 01:11:15:	I mean it's at the hands historically of imperialism and
01:11:15> 01:11:19:	the process of building spaces and places as it results
01:11:19> 01:11:20:	to,
01:11:20> 01:11:22:	as you said earlier, Lance Power.
01:11:22> 01:11:26:	How does power, privilege and positionality?
01:11:26> 01:11:29:	Ultimately put, buildings in a space to either uplift or
01:11:29> 01:11:29:	press.
01:11:29> 01:11:32:	So I think buildings ultimately serve the purpose of,
01:11:32> 01:11:36:	specially when looking at gentrification and not too far away

01:11:36> 01:11:37:	from where we are now,
01:11:37> 01:11:41:	in Inglewood, in which they're trying to build and yet
01:11:41> 01:11:42:	another arena.
01:11:42> 01:11:45:	The process of continuously removal eradication.
01:11:45> 01:11:49:	An upheaval of people to make space for economic engines
01:11:49> 01:11:50:	and capitalism.
01:11:50> 01:11:53:	So in that process we see buildings such as Paul
01:11:53> 01:11:53:	Williams.
01:11:53> 01:11:56:	Some of his structures throughout time,
01:11:56> 01:11:59:	completely demolished and rebuilt in something else,
01:11:59> 01:12:02:	put in his place that it's off of different character.
01:12:02> 01:12:05:	Maybe not of the same cultural significance.
01:12:05> 01:12:08:	So buildings to me can mean multiple things.
01:12:08> 01:12:10:	They can be violent, but they can also be in
01:12:10> 01:12:13:	how we like to describe it in our platform as
01:12:13> 01:12:14:	sacred spaces.
01:12:14> 01:12:18:	Space is that ultimately creates safety for people,
01:12:18> 01:12:23:	spaces that ultimately create an opportunity for
	contemplation and space
01:12:23> 01:12:26:	that ultimately might be derived in a St as a
01:12:26> 01:12:30:	form of protest to be a space of deescalation,
01:12:30> 01:12:34:	or even sometimes as necessary escalation for the voices that
01:12:30> 01:12:34: 01:12:34> 01:12:36:	•
	that
01:12:34> 01:12:36:	that have been systemically silenced,
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially.
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together,
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums,
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:13:02:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:13:02: 01:13:02> 01:13:03:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us.
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:13:02: 01:13:02> 01:13:03: 01:13:03> 01:13:06:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us. You get many things, but I do think architecture always
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:13:02: 01:13:02> 01:13:03: 01:13:03> 01:13:06: 01:13:06> 01:13:09:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us. You get many things, but I do think architecture always plays an interesting role in which we even look at
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:12:58: 01:13:02> 01:13:02: 01:13:03> 01:13:06: 01:13:06> 01:13:09: 01:13:09> 01:13:12:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us. You get many things, but I do think architecture always plays an interesting role in which we even look at a city of Los Angeles and we see how many
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:13:02: 01:13:02> 01:13:03: 01:13:03> 01:13:06: 01:13:09> 01:13:19: 01:13:12> 01:13:15:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us. You get many things, but I do think architecture always plays an interesting role in which we even look at a city of Los Angeles and we see how many people are homeless. On a continuous basis, every night more than 60,000 people that architecture
01:12:34> 01:12:36: 01:12:36> 01:12:40: 01:12:40> 01:12:44: 01:12:44> 01:12:48: 01:12:48> 01:12:52: 01:12:52> 01:12:56: 01:12:56> 01:12:58: 01:12:58> 01:12:58: 01:13:02> 01:13:02: 01:13:03> 01:13:06: 01:13:09> 01:13:09: 01:13:12> 01:13:15: 01:13:15> 01:13:20:	that have been systemically silenced, erased from the process. So I think spatially. How buildings respond to our world and ultimately created in structured really relies on people and that and people ultimately create the systems that ultimately derive and create the structures of capitalism. And when you put those two things together, you get skyscrapers. You get condominiums, you get this beautiful building that just sitting right in front of us. You get many things, but I do think architecture always plays an interesting role in which we even look at a city of Los Angeles and we see how many people are homeless. On a continuous basis, every night more than 60,000 people that architecture ultimately relies

01:13:29> 01:13:30:	thoughts on neurons?
01:13:30> 01:13:34:	Question about may you know how do you make a
01:13:34> 01:13:35:	building?
01:13:35> 01:13:38:	I can't help but wonder if your photography is is
01:13:38> 01:13:42:	a process of making two right making space make in
01:13:42> 01:13:44:	a different medium,
01:13:44> 01:13:49:	but making a building. 2 and I was wondering if
01:13:49> 01:13:51:	you can speak to that.
01:13:51> 01:13:55:	Firm building actual buildings that are getting better on the
01:13:55> 01:13:57:	street that you can go into.
01:13:57> 01:14:00:	I would go even further back and say that it
01:14:00> 01:14:04:	requires an incredible imagination and then a really good education
01:14:04> 01:14:08:	and then meeting the right people and I would just.
01:14:08> 01:14:11:	Talk also about the performance that Lance talked about.
01:14:11> 01:14:15:	That pool of being Paul Williams of meeting these people
01:14:15> 01:14:18:	in forming these relationships and all of that.
01:14:18> 01:14:21:	So when I think about making a building that that's
01:14:21> 01:14:24:	what I think about all of that background stuff.
01:14:24> 01:14:28:	Way back to the beginning or someone deciding that something
01:14:28> 01:14:31:	that they could do and the process of being an
01:14:31> 01:14:32:	artist might be similar.
01:14:32> 01:14:35:	I too terrible at math to be an architect.
01:14:35> 01:14:37:	I know it's not something that I can do,
01:14:37> 01:14:40:	but maybe as a kid.
01:14:40> 01:14:44:	Maybe a child who becomes an architect and a child
01:14:44> 01:14:48:	who becomes an artist star in the same place in
01:14:48> 01:14:49:	some ways.
01:14:49> 01:14:54:	Yeah, but there's something also about photography that is also
01:14:54> 01:14:58:	a process of of making the building that it sort
01:14:58> 01:15:01:	of through multiple generations.
01:15:01> 01:15:06:	Whether it's in the moment of sort of.
01:15:06> 01:15:09:	Like that, that moment when it's demolished or in the
01:15:09> 01:15:12:	moment ways being built or at it's kind of sort
01:15:12> 01:15:13:	of pristine height.
01:15:13> 01:15:16:	I can't help but just look at the image that
01:15:16> 01:15:19:	is on the screen right now and that the photograph
01:15:19> 01:15:21:	as a kind of production in the arena or feel
01:15:21> 01:15:23:	that we call architecture well,
01:15:23> 01:15:26:	absolutely there is what you see there is what you
01:15:26> 01:15:27:	don't see.

01:15:27> 01:15:29:	There is the time of day there is,
01:15:29> 01:15:32:	whether there's whether there are people in it.
01:15:32> 01:15:35:	There's the decision about the car being in the driveway
01:15:36> 01:15:36:	or not.
01:15:36> 01:15:40:	People think about photography is being really subjective often,
01:15:40> 01:15:44:	but there are so many decisions that are made in
01:15:44> 01:15:46:	any photograph is taken.
01:15:46> 01:15:49:	That's a beautiful comment, because I think that a lot
01:15:49> 01:15:54:	of the sort of the misconception is that photography freezes
01:15:54> 01:15:56:	that it just captures a moment.
01:15:56> 01:15:59:	But I think what your work demonstrates is that it's
01:15:59> 01:16:02:	so much more complicated than that,
01:16:02> 01:16:06:	and there's a kind of indication or signal to complex
01:16:06> 01:16:09:	movements and factors that are all being sort of had
01:16:09> 01:16:12:	as you just showcase one snippet,
01:16:12> 01:16:16:	or like one moment of a building's life.
01:16:16> 01:16:19:	Any other comments that you guys want to sort of
01:16:19> 01:16:20:	have with one another?
01:16:20> 01:16:23:	I like looking at the Q&A's and being cognizant of
01:16:23> 01:16:25:	time and I want us to sort of have have
01:16:25> 01:16:28:	a little bit more time to discuss some of the
01:16:28> 01:16:32:	video stories. The last stories that we have prepared for
01:16:32> 01:16:34:	for the audience.
01:16:34> 01:16:37:	So if before before we move to the video component
01:16:37> 01:16:38:	panelists,
01:16:38> 01:16:41:	was there anything else that you wanted to share?
01:16:41> 01:16:43:	You know, you know Rebecca,
01:16:43> 01:16:47:	it's interesting and this is just like an open comment.
01:16:47> 01:16:51:	Or how can we think about his social genius?
01:16:51> 01:16:53:	And his architectural genius, right?
01:16:53> 01:16:55:	Because the built structure is one thing,
01:16:55> 01:16:57:	and then to actually psychologically Lance,
01:16:57> 01:16:59:	you know, you made a point.
01:16:59> 01:17:01:	You know, psychologically, what would that?
01:17:01> 01:17:03:	What was his reality psychologically?
01:17:03> 01:17:06:	And all of the things we have to negotiate,
01:17:06> 01:17:09:	how can we quantify? Or can we quantify his ability
01:17:09> 01:17:11:	to sort of navigate spaces in which he may not
01:17:11> 01:17:13:	have been welcome as a black man,
01:17:13> 01:17:16:	right? And then to take power to Christopher right power,
01:17:16> 01:17:18:	then to take power of the situation,

01:17:18> 01:17:21:	right to to actually make these structures and so.
01:17:21> 01:17:25:	Psychologically, how can we think about his social genius?
01:17:25> 01:17:28:	Because that is actually what helped him make these buildings
01:17:28> 01:17:30:	how we think about them.
01:17:33> 01:17:35:	Tonight, Lance, do you want to do?
01:17:35> 01:17:37:	You want to speak on that first?
01:17:37> 01:17:40:	Well I'm gonna I'm gonna half answer it but also
01:17:40> 01:17:43:	with my own sort of question to that same point
01:17:43> 01:17:44:	as well too.
01:17:44> 01:17:47:	Which is, you know, the thing that you know and
01:17:47> 01:17:48:	this might just be me.
01:17:48> 01:17:51:	But the thing that I'm really fascinated about what Paul
01:17:51> 01:17:55:	Williams work in particular is his commercial work is non
01:17:55> 01:17:55:	residential.
01:17:55> 01:17:57:	Work is work that was done in,
01:17:57> 01:18:01:	you know, the you know historically black communities here
	in
01:18:01> 01:18:02:	Los Angeles and other.
01:18:02> 01:18:05:	Errors because to me that I think that's where you
01:18:05> 01:18:08:	start to see more of his social responsibility.
01:18:08> 01:18:11:	Start to take shape and so you know I'm still
01:18:11> 01:18:12:	be quite frank.
01:18:12> 01:18:15:	I'm still learning about smaller projects you think about like
01:18:15> 01:18:17:	the Nickerson Gardens,
01:18:17> 01:18:20:	or you know projects like that that he didn't understand,
01:18:20> 01:18:22:	like what was his role,
01:18:22> 01:18:24:	what was his process? You know how did he bring
01:18:25> 01:18:27:	the same elements that you see executed at?
01:18:27> 01:18:30:	You know, the Beverly Hills Hotel or anything.
01:18:30> 01:18:32:	Or you know other residential projects.
01:18:32> 01:18:35:	Down to you know a housing project for you know
01:18:35> 01:18:37:	the ellee Housing Authority or you know,
01:18:37> 01:18:39:	project you know in South LA you know how do
01:18:39> 01:18:41:	you fuse all those pieces together?
01:18:41> 01:18:44:	Is what I'm still sort of interested in learning about,
01:18:44> 01:18:46:	so I think that's where.
01:18:46> 01:18:49:	The social sort of element of his identity,
01:18:49> 01:18:52:	who he was, how he sort of his commitment to
01:18:52> 01:18:52:	the community.
01:18:52> 01:18:55:	Really, you know, can be like hope,
01:18:55> 01:18:57:	I think sort of best revealed.
01:18:57> 01:19:00:	That's my sort of this theory or speculation right now,

01:19:00> 01:19:03:	but I'd like to kind of learn more about that.
01:19:03> 01:19:06:	I'm still kind of learning about new buildings all the
01:19:06> 01:19:07:	time,
01:19:07> 01:19:10:	so you know, I I saw at another event recently,
01:19:10> 01:19:12:	a project that he had done on Crenshaw,
01:19:12> 01:19:14:	and I can't remember the Cross Street,
01:19:14> 01:19:17:	but just sort of South of exposition.
01:19:17> 01:19:18:	But I had never seen up until,
01:19:18> 01:19:20:	you know, two months ago,
01:19:20> 01:19:22:	three months ago, an every time I see new projects
01:19:23> 01:19:23:	like that.
01:19:23> 01:19:25:	I'm just sort of amazed at wow.
01:19:25> 01:19:27:	There were so many more things than just with the
01:19:28> 01:19:30:	sort of celebrity homes that he was known for.
01:19:30> 01:19:32:	Ann and I just want to keep learning more and
01:19:32> 01:19:35:	more about that because that that speaks volumes to his
01:19:35> 01:19:38:	personality and who was an architect as well too.
01:19:41> 01:19:46:	Yeah, same. I mean like I I'm interested in.
01:19:46> 01:19:51:	Learning but asking more questions and asking more
	questions as
01:19:51> 01:19:53:	a process of being encountering,
01:19:53> 01:19:57:	encountering the work, and I think in terms of you
01:19:57> 01:19:58:	know,
01:19:58> 01:20:01:	how do we? How do we manage or think through
01:20:01> 01:20:05:	his social genius and his architectural genius?
01:20:05> 01:20:09:	I just want to include Karen Hudson's comment to the
01:20:09> 01:20:10:	chat,
01:20:10> 01:20:12:	which is which is her like,
01:20:12> 01:20:16:	you know, she she's she's only one that could.
01:20:16> 01:20:19:	Speak to his position and his and the kind of
01:20:19> 01:20:22:	person that he was and you know she says that
01:20:22> 01:20:26:	he was a better godfather than he was an architect.
01:20:26> 01:20:28:	And let's not forget, forget that.
01:20:28> 01:20:32:	But you know I would be interested in understanding to
01:20:32> 01:20:35:	get to get to a place where we can understand
01:20:35> 01:20:39:	his social genius and his and his architectural genius is
01:20:39> 01:20:41:	really.
01:20:41> 01:20:44:	Is really a question to try to better understand his
01:20:44> 01:20:48:	politics and the politics and the political climate of the
01:20:48> 01:20:50:	of when he was working from,
01:20:50> 01:20:53:	you know I don't want to discuss it as a
01:20:53> 01:20:57:	kind of linear Marshall like I say as those civil

01:20:57> 01:21:00:	rights move to black power but that he would have
01:21:00> 01:21:04:	seen shifts that are taking place in the political political
01:21:05> 01:21:05:	climate.
01:21:05> 01:21:08:	And what does that mean and how can we look
01:21:08> 01:21:13:	at the material objects that based architecture his drawings?
01:21:13> 01:21:16:	As Christopher rightly noted, you know his hand in the
01:21:16> 01:21:17:	Federal Savings Bank,
01:21:17> 01:21:22:	you know. Coming up with these sort of novel ideas
01:21:22> 01:21:24:	of inserting,
01:21:24> 01:21:29:	you know black innovation into literally the production of mid
01:21:29> 01:21:33:	century mid century in Los Angeles,
01:21:33> 01:21:37:	modernism. How can we expand the narrative in such a
01:21:38> 01:21:42:	way that doesn't fall back on the tired and now
01:21:42> 01:21:49:	frankly old architectural narratives and histories and frameworks that have?
01:21:49> 01:21:54:	Fundamentally excluded black voices and people of color.
01:21:54> 01:21:58:	And so, like I think the TBT archive it is,
01:21:58> 01:22:01:	is a great place to start.
01:22:03> 01:22:09:	OK, so perhaps this is a good place to share
01:22:09> 01:22:12:	the rest of the videos.
01:22:12> 01:22:15:	We can come back together as a group and discuss
01:22:15> 01:22:16:	them.
01:22:22> 01:22:25:	Running an architecture firm is not easy.
01:22:25> 01:22:27:	For architects of any race.
01:22:27> 01:22:30:	But is particularly challenging for architects,
01:22:30> 01:22:33:	who are people of color or women.
01:22:33> 01:22:35:	And although I never met Paul Williams,
01:22:35> 01:22:40:	my father knew him, he was mentored by Paul Williams.
01:22:40> 01:22:42:	And he told me the story of how he went
01:22:42> 01:22:45:	to see him once my father was was feeling really
01:22:45> 01:22:46:	down,
01:22:46> 01:22:49:	things were going badly. He thought he was having a
01:22:49> 01:22:52:	hard time with the practice and he went to Paul
01:22:52> 01:22:53:	Williams and he says,
01:22:53> 01:22:55:	you know, it's really hard.
01:22:55> 01:22:58:	I know what to do and Paul Williams asked the
01:22:58> 01:22:59:	question.
01:22:59> 01:23:02:	He says, well, are you making payroll?
01:23:02> 01:23:04:	And my father said yes,
01:23:04> 01:23:07:	I'm making payroll so Paul Williams turned him in.
01:23:07> 01:23:10:	Said consider yourself successful.
01:23:10> 01:23:12:	A couple years ago I was able to take part

01:23:12> 01:23:15:	in an event that happened at the Beverly Hills Hotel
01:23:15> 01:23:17:	and knowing that Paul Williams,
01:23:17> 01:23:19:	the one that designed the Quest Crescent wing of the
01:23:19> 01:23:20:	hotel,
01:23:20> 01:23:22:	was really an impactful time for me when I went
01:23:22> 01:23:23:	there,
01:23:23> 01:23:25:	I was talking to an employee and they were asking
01:23:25> 01:23:27:	what I did and where my career was.
01:23:27> 01:23:30:	And then I started started to tell them and I
01:23:30> 01:23:30:	asked him,
01:23:30> 01:23:33:	do you actually know who designed the swing that we're
01:23:33> 01:23:34:	standing in right now?
01:23:34> 01:23:37:	And of course they didn't know and I mentioned it
01:23:37> 01:23:40:	was Paul Williams and I was just really prideful to
01:23:40> 01:23:41:	know that a space that was so.
01:23:41> 01:23:44:	While receive a space that was so beautifully designed,
01:23:44> 01:23:47:	was designed by someone like me and so just even
01:23:47> 01:23:51:	having that walking into a building and knowing that this
01:23:51> 01:23:54:	was designed by another black man is something that I
01:23:54> 01:23:57:	really took pride in. I'm working on the Westside extension
01:23:57> 01:24:00:	and I'm working on a station at the Wilshire Westwood
01:24:00> 01:24:03:	station and that happens to be the site of a
01:24:03> 01:24:06:	Paul Williams building. The Lindy Medical building.
01:24:06> 01:24:10:	The low rise portion we wanted to design our subway
01:24:10> 01:24:12:	station to come up in that building.
01:24:12> 01:24:17:	However, the preservation architect deemed this building
	historic,
01:24:17> 01:24:20:	and none of the historic fabric could be altered.
01:24:20> 01:24:24:	We did extensive research to discover that the building had
01:24:24> 01:24:25:	indeed been altered.
01:24:25> 01:24:28:	I saw some details that were clumsy.
01:24:28> 01:24:30:	Those were not Paul Williams.
01:24:30> 01:24:33:	Details on that building and through our research,
01:24:33> 01:24:37:	we discovered that the original fabric had indeed.
01:24:37> 01:24:41:	Been destroyed so that allowed us to be able to
01:24:41> 01:24:43:	deconstruct the building.
01:24:43> 01:24:48:	Build our subway station and reconstruct the building.
01:24:48> 01:24:51:	According to the Paul Williams original plans.
01:24:51> 01:24:56:	So now everybody will be able to experience a Paul
01:24:56> 01:24:57:	Williams building.
01:24:57> 01:25:02:	I attended the preview of his film Hollywood architect and
01:25:02> 01:25:07:	I had the pleasure of recently being asked to do

01:25:07> 01:25:07:	a.
01:25:07> 01:25:10:	The middle on Paul Williams and his work,
01:25:10> 01:25:13:	and I wanted to do something a little different,
01:25:13> 01:25:16:	more so than Paul Williams Hollywood architect.
01:25:16> 01:25:19:	I wanted to do something as our as a relates
01:25:19> 01:25:22:	to Paul Williams and as a community leader.
01:25:22> 01:25:26:	And for me, I think that's important because when we
01:25:26> 01:25:28:	look at his buildings and yes,
01:25:28> 01:25:31:	there is a famous Hollywood residents.
01:25:31> 01:25:32:	But there's also these very,
01:25:32> 01:25:37:	very important buildings that he designed in the African American
01:25:37> 01:25:41:	community that not only show his sensitivity toward the end
01:25:41> 01:25:42:	of a community leader,
01:25:42> 01:25:46:	but also the economic development of these communities.
01:25:46> 01:25:50:	A story about Paul Williams that fascinates me is when
01:25:50> 01:25:51:	he was in high school,
01:25:51> 01:25:53:	he declared he wanted to.
01:25:53> 01:25:57:	Be an architect so none of our surprise who's immediately
01:25:57> 01:26:00:	shut down by his constructive,
01:26:00> 01:26:03:	and I think the instructor said whoever heard of a
01:26:03> 01:26:05:	architect similar to Williams,
01:26:05> 01:26:09:	I also decided to be an architect in high school.
01:26:09> 01:26:13:	But to the contrast, my instructor was a black man
01:26:13> 01:26:15:	who was an architectural engineer,
01:26:15> 01:26:19:	so I was met with encouragement and support by my
01:26:19> 01:26:20:	family and friends.
01:26:20> 01:26:24:	I shared that story to say that we have made
01:26:24> 01:26:25:	progress.
01:26:25> 01:26:28:	And the ability to increase diversity in architecture.
01:26:28> 01:26:31:	But is it enough? And will we keep the momentum
01:26:31> 01:26:31:	going?
01:26:44> 01:26:49:	Just to keep the conversation going in and keeping the
01:26:49> 01:26:53:	momentum of the video stories that were that were submitted
01:26:53> 01:26:55:	and shared with us,
01:26:55> 01:26:59:	I'd like to just read Drake Dillard's.
01:26:59> 01:27:03:	Comment as it as he's sort of submitting get live.
01:27:03> 01:27:06:	Thank you for tuning in and submitting your video.
01:27:06> 01:27:09:	Drake says great conversation. Lansing,
01:27:09> 01:27:12:	Chris. I'm so happy we're seeing him as a black
01:27:12> 01:27:14:	man as well as an architect.
01:27:14> 01:27:19:	His relationship with the black community was just as

	important
01:27:19> 01:27:20:	to him as Hollywood,
01:27:20> 01:27:23:	and I also want to read out loud to pay
01:27:23> 01:27:25:	place on the historic record.
01:27:25> 01:27:28:	' Karen Hudson's.
01:27:28> 01:27:31:	Qualifications for for her, for some of some of the
01:27:31> 01:27:33:	comments that we made,
01:27:33> 01:27:36:	which is? She says that he would be very pleased
01:27:36> 01:27:40:	and proud of African American architects that have spoken.
01:27:40> 01:27:43:	As for the statement about quote fundamentally,
01:27:43> 01:27:46:	black spaces unquote would not be something that he would
01:27:47> 01:27:49:	have used to describe his work.
01:27:49> 01:27:52:	By the way, he was a better architect or better
01:27:52> 01:27:54:	Gran father than he was an architect.
01:27:54> 01:27:57:	And yes, Rebecca, it is a road map to peering
01:27:57> 01:28:00:	into African American history and culture.
01:28:00> 01:28:03:	Again, thanks to all. Each of you are,
01:28:03> 01:28:09:	so are so sweet to treat to celebrate his birthday
01:28:09> 01:28:10:	today.
01:28:10> 01:28:12:	And so I do want to,
01:28:12> 01:28:18:	you know, leave room for for Q&A.
01:28:18> 01:28:21:	And as I sort of scroll through the the long
01:28:21> 01:28:21:	list,
01:28:21> 01:28:24:	perhaps the four panelists could sort of chime in and
01:28:25> 01:28:26:	share some some thoughts,
01:28:26> 01:28:30:	all helping the questions directly to you individually.
01:28:30> 01:28:32:	But as I go through them,
01:28:32> 01:28:36:	perhaps you can just fill the airwaves with the comment
01:28:36> 01:28:38:	that you'd like to share.
01:28:38> 01:28:40:	Nice, I'll begin with you 'cause you're on my screen
01:28:40> 01:28:41:	actually.
01:28:44> 01:28:46:	Sure.
01:28:46> 01:28:50:	Particular question or or in general in general to the
01:28:50> 01:28:52:	maybe the comments you had.
01:28:52> 01:28:55:	You had mentioned the Crenshaw Project,
01:28:55> 01:28:57:	United One bank? Yeah, no.
01:28:57> 01:29:00:	That will again, as I mentioned.
01:29:00> 01:29:01:	That was new to me,
01:29:01> 01:29:04:	you know. And and thinking back to you know,
01:29:04> 01:29:08:	the last set of videos about sort of his impact
01:29:08> 01:29:10:	from a professional perspective.
01:29:10> 01:29:14:	One of the things that I think is really important

01:29:14> 01:29:16:	that doesn't get mentioned enough.
01:29:16> 01:29:19:	Is you know the the legacy of having his own
01:29:19> 01:29:21:	firm for so many years.
01:29:21> 01:29:24:	You know we talk a lot about the number of
01:29:24> 01:29:24:	you know,
01:29:24> 01:29:28:	black architects and minority architects in the profession,
01:29:28> 01:29:32:	but we don't talk enough about minority owned firms in
01:29:32> 01:29:36:	the profession and what it means to have the power
01:29:36> 01:29:37:	to run your own firm.
01:29:37> 01:29:41:	Establish your own destiny, have your own clients,
01:29:41> 01:29:44:	all sorts of things working for somebody else,
01:29:44> 01:29:47:	large or small. Whatever the case may be.
01:29:47> 01:29:50:	Is a different situation than having your name on the
01:29:50> 01:29:50:	door.
01:29:50> 01:29:54:	As Paul Williams Architects and and I think that doesn't
01:29:54> 01:29:55:	get enough mentioned.
01:29:55> 01:29:58:	So whenever when I was listening to you know the
01:29:58> 01:30:01:	other videos I was thinking about that and you know
01:30:01> 01:30:03:	and as much as we talk about sort of,
01:30:03> 01:30:06:	you know the the the let's just say flat line
01:30:06> 01:30:09:	in the in the diversity of the profession that's existed
01:30:09> 01:30:11:	over the decades.
01:30:11> 01:30:12:	In addition to that flat line,
01:30:12> 01:30:16:	we've also seen a sharp decrease in the number of
01:30:16> 01:30:19:	black owned firms over the years as well too so.
01:30:19> 01:30:21:	Our numbers as a grocer not growing up,
01:30:21> 01:30:24:	but we're also losing firms you know,
01:30:24> 01:30:26:	year by year. And certainly I think the you know
01:30:26> 01:30:30:	pandemic is probably going to impact that even more so
01:30:30> 01:30:33:	that we need to keep celebrating the firm itself in
01:30:33> 01:30:35:	the ability of him to run a firm to keep
01:30:35> 01:30:37:	multiple people employed to,
01:30:37> 01:30:38:	you know, have his own,
01:30:38> 01:30:41:	you know, set his own sort of destiny of what
01:30:41> 01:30:44:	he wanted to do for many decades is an accomplishment
01:30:44> 01:30:45:	in and of itself.
01:30:45> 01:30:47:	Like, I think GAIL Kinard said,
01:30:47> 01:30:49:	just having a firm is hard enough.
01:30:49> 01:30:51:	And so do it through the 20s all the way
01:30:51> 01:30:52:	through the 70s,
01:30:52> 01:30:54:	etc. Is a huge accomplishment,
01:30:54> 01:30:57:	so that that really stood out to me.

01:30:57> 01:30:59:	We are definitely.
01:31:02> 01:31:05:	Neuron, did you want to?
01:31:05> 01:31:10:	Chime in. Otherwise, I was thinking about maybe I have
01:31:11> 01:31:15:	so many questions that I'll hold on to.
01:31:15> 01:31:18:	There's one question here.
01:31:18> 01:31:22:	I was not really easy 'cause I was fortunate to
01:31:22> 01:31:27:	have lived in Napoleon's house and have always associated
04.24.27 > 04.24.20.	at
01:31:27> 01:31:29:	home as how health should be.
01:31:29> 01:31:31:	Right and the other half,
01:31:31> 01:31:34: 01:31:34> 01:31:36:	you know other parties. Is there any any indication of
01:31:34> 01:31:38:	his favorite type of building?
01:31:38> 01:31:41:	But I'd like to you know,
01:31:41> 01:31:42:	I'd like to talk about the first part of that
01:31:42> 01:31:46:	eventual question. He felt someone who lived in one of his homes.
01:31:42> 01:31:48:	
01:31:48> 01:31:51:	Said, this is how a house should be.
01:31:51> 01:31:52:	I don't know, I I just find that I just
01:31:52> 01:31:55:	find that you know,
01:31:55> 01:31:56:	just amazing on just an internal level that someone is touched right?
01:31:56> 01:31:59:	C C
01:31:59> 01:32:01:	How how should be you know I I can't even
01:32:01> 01:32:03:	really approach an answer logically,
01:32:03> 01:32:05:	but it works intuitively. It works, sort of viscerally. What home means right?
01:32:05> 01:32:08:	You open the door and you want to be here,
01:32:08> 01:32:00:	right? And so his ability to work in so many
01:32:11> 01:32:12:	different styles.
01:32:12> 01:32:14:	I guess it's the other part of the question,
01:32:12> 01:32:17:	right? His ability to work in so many styles and
01:32:17> 01:32:18:	to still deliver.
01:32:18> 01:32:22:	That very essential aspect of this is homeless.
01:32:22> 01:32:25:	I just find that amazing.
01:32:25> 01:32:28:	Yeah, I agree that question was from Walter Maynard.
01:32:28> 01:32:32:	Thank you for sharing your comment and your question.
01:32:32> 01:32:35:	The question for me also it so architectural.
01:32:35> 01:32:39:	' The question you know I can't help but think of
01:32:39> 01:32:42:	who is at lucans you know famous quote what do
01:32:42> 01:32:43:	you want brick right?
01:32:43> 01:32:47:	Like with Paul Williams? Had that kind of like philosophy
01:32:47> 01:32:48:	like what?
01:32:48> 01:32:50:	What do you want house?

01:32:50> 01:32:51:	So what do you want?
01:32:51> 01:32:55:	What do you want the house to be or how
01:32:55> 01:32:57:	should the house be?
01:32:57> 01:33:00:	Well, they ran, you made my my work easy by
01:33:00> 01:33:02:	both reading and answering the questions.
01:33:02> 01:33:05:	So let me go ahead and go into the chats
01:33:05> 01:33:08:	and I lost the questions to you and the panelists
01:33:08> 01:33:09:	one.
01:33:09> 01:33:12:	So just just to just to notify attendees.
01:33:12> 01:33:15:	I will be reading your name if you don't want
01:33:15> 01:33:17:	my if you don't want me to read your name
01:33:17> 01:33:18:	out loud,
01:33:18> 01:33:21:	please just indicated in your question.
01:33:21> 01:33:23:	This question is from Jason Oliver.
01:33:23> 01:33:25:	Have you seen strong parallels,
01:33:25> 01:33:28:	parallels, or contrasts between? Mr.
01:33:28> 01:33:33:	Williams personal residents versus the other residents he designed for
01:33:34> 01:33:34:	others.
01:33:34> 01:33:39:	Maybe John I'll, I'll start with you.
01:33:41> 01:33:44:	I think that his house is pretty unique.
01:33:44> 01:33:48:	It's more it's a lot more modern than some of
01:33:48> 01:33:49:	the others.
01:33:49> 01:33:51:	It was built in, I believe,
01:33:51> 01:33:55:	1952 it's I guess officially international style and it has
01:33:55> 01:34:00:	all these beautiful curves which are one of his signatures.
01:34:00> 01:34:03:	I do think it's notable that his house is more
01:34:03> 01:34:07:	modern when he built so much of his practice on
01:34:07> 01:34:12:	designing these kind of European revivalist style homes that he
01:34:12> 01:34:15:	did something very new. In his own house,
01:34:15> 01:34:17:	I can't say whether that was his favorite.
01:34:17> 01:34:20:	I have no idea, but I I thought that that
01:34:20> 01:34:24:	was really a wonderful choice for his own home to
01:34:24> 01:34:26:	go with something that.
01:34:26> 01:34:29:	It is not what so many people know him for.
01:34:29> 01:34:30:	No.
01:34:36> 01:34:39:	I'll open it up to the rest of.
01:34:39> 01:34:41:	The floor plans Christopher Laurent.
01:34:44> 01:34:48:	I don't think I have a better answer than John
01:34:48> 01:34:48:	Assault.
01:34:48> 01:34:52:	Me either. I think that was the world said it

01:34:52> 01:34:53:	was Wilson.
01:34:53> 01:34:57:	Yeah great, we have a question from one anonymous attendee.
01:34:57> 01:34:59:	How do you imagine Mr.
01:34:59> 01:35:03:	Williams designs would have addressed issues of our of our
01:35:03> 01:35:04:	current time,
01:35:04> 01:35:10:	sustainability, affordable housing, etc. Lance this is definitely for you.
01:35:10> 01:35:12:	It will last kind of question.
01:35:12> 01:35:16:	Also. I'll give the mic to you first.
01:35:16> 01:35:20:	I mean, without. Without a doubt it means already evidenced
01:35:20> 01:35:21:	in the work that he did do.
01:35:21> 01:35:25:	And as I mentioned there Nickerson Gardens and other projects
01:35:25> 01:35:29:	where he was already thinking about affordable housing in a
01:35:29> 01:35:32:	way to provide the same level of quality and sort
01:35:32> 01:35:34:	of attention to detail. And you know,
01:35:34> 01:35:38:	multi family affordable housing developments that he was doing.
01:35:38> 01:35:39:	You know, in you know,
01:35:39> 01:35:43:	luxury housing and other areas you know the the piece
01:35:43> 01:35:45:	I keep coming back to is sort of,
01:35:45> 01:35:48:	you know his sensitivity. As a designer and I think
01:35:48> 01:35:51:	also his authenticity of who he was designing for and
01:35:51> 01:35:52:	so that you know,
01:35:52> 01:35:55:	sort of I think, is actualized in his current projects.
01:35:55> 01:35:57:	That sort of falling that you know,
01:35:57> 01:36:00:	affordable housing space. And I I don't have any doubt
01:36:00> 01:36:01:	that it would have been,
01:36:01> 01:36:04:	you know, sort of emulated or or I guess they
01:36:04> 01:36:06:	replicated today addressing sustainability.
01:36:06> 01:36:09:	I mean a lot of the building typology as he
01:36:09> 01:36:12:	did in the commercial space with lots of natural light
01:36:12> 01:36:13:	with low rise,
01:36:13> 01:36:16:	garden style with open space and landscaping all things those
01:36:16> 01:36:16:	are.
01:36:16> 01:36:20:	Already the foundational pieces of sustainability,
01:36:20> 01:36:23:	anyway, so it's it at the continuum of his process
01:36:23> 01:36:26:	as a designer is already evidenced in what he did
01:36:26> 01:36:27:	at that time.
01:36:27> 01:36:30:	Agreed completely, and then to your point.
01:36:30> 01:36:33:	I mean, I think the question the question is a

01:36:33> 01:36:34:	fine one,
01:36:34> 01:36:37:	but you know, we're sort of categorizing or classifying them
01:36:37> 01:36:41:	in 2021 terms like sustainability and affordable housing,
01:36:41> 01:36:45:	but he was already doing all those things and innovating
01:36:45> 01:36:47:	
	and creating processes and procedures.
01:36:47> 01:36:52:	Make a lot of people don't know that he had
01:36:52> 01:36:57:	developed a procedure for steel houses and and for for
01:36:57> 01:37:00:	like 4 parts to build quickly.
01:37:00> 01:37:04:	So many kind of innovations that we would now call
01:37:04> 01:37:08:	you know a kit of parts or we would now
01:37:08> 01:37:10:	classify as XYZ.
01:37:10> 01:37:15:	But he was doing all of those things.
01:37:15> 01:37:17:	Yeah.
01:37:17> 01:37:20:	The other thing that you know and the kit of
01:37:20> 01:37:21:	parts,
01:37:21> 01:37:25:	his book small Homes today and what he started doing,
01:37:25> 01:37:28:	which was a book or a couple of other books
01:37:28> 01:37:31:	as well which were geared towards you know first to
01:37:31> 01:37:35:	fight first time home buyers and how they designed and
01:37:35> 01:37:39:	and could create affordable homes for themselves so he had
01:37:39> 01:37:43:	an eye for creating opportunities that were understood,
01:37:43> 01:37:47:	like Lance said for the client and for the everyday
01:37:47> 01:37:48:	human being as well.
01:37:48> 01:37:51:	And I think in the way in which his work
01:37:51> 01:37:52:	today is being uplifted.
01:37:52> 01:37:55:	For example, the project that's I believe it's in Santa
01:37:55> 01:37:56:	Monica.
01:37:56> 01:37:58:	Or let's just say LA County,
01:37:58> 01:38:01:	the Conan Eisenberg building, which is now has affordable
	housing
01:38:01> 01:38:05:	integrating into the original Paul Williams building as well.
01:38:05> 01:38:08:	And I think the way you're seeing his work be
01:38:08> 01:38:11:	celebrated and integrated into the existing spaces that that
04-00-44 > 04-00-45-	
01:38:11> 01:38:15:	still here today is evidence of how timeless his work
01:38:15> 01:38:16:	really was.
01:38:16> 01:38:20:	And I'm thinking about John's photography and how it looking
01:38:20> 01:38:22:	at some of the spaces you photograph China.
01:38:22> 01:38:24:	I mean it's it. It kind of opens up this
01:38:24> 01:38:27:	idea of sustainability when I think about just for you
01:38:27> 01:38:30:	to see the open ernis the amount of light which
01:38:30> 01:38:32:	you were mentioning Chris, I mean,
01:38:32> 01:38:34:	ask me Lance, the amount of light in the space

01:38:34> 01:38:36:	flooding the space,
01:38:36> 01:38:39:	and so I didn't really think about that as sustainability.
01:38:39> 01:38:41:	All the aspects of sustainability.
01:38:41> 01:38:42:	But now just thinking about,
01:38:42> 01:38:45:	you know the photography and then what you're saying
	about
01:38:45> 01:38:48:	the build structures and how those structures.
01:38:48> 01:38:51:	Are sort of precedents for.
01:38:51> 01:38:53:	What we now consider to be or want to be
01:38:53> 01:38:55:	the norm in terms of sustainability.
01:38:55> 01:38:59:	I hadn't really thought about just the connections between
	those
01:38:59> 01:38:59:	things,
01:38:59> 01:39:02:	but that's really, really interesting to think about him on
01:39:02> 01:39:05:	the vanguard of how we think about space today.
01:39:08> 01:39:10:	Yeah, definitely.
01:39:10> 01:39:13:	John, I didn't want to interrupt you.
01:39:13> 01:39:16:	No OK, I'm just agreeing.
01:39:16> 01:39:19:	Yeah, yeah, definitely.
01:39:19> 01:39:24:	There's a question also from an anonymous attendee who asks
01:39:24> 01:39:25:	how many,
01:39:25> 01:39:30:	if any, of Paul's projects are listed on the National
01:39:30> 01:39:35:	Register of Historic Places or any protected in that way.
01:39:35> 01:39:38:	I just I I'm going to direct this question to
01:39:38> 01:39:42:	Iran and my I'm very curious to hear what you
01:39:42> 01:39:45:	say you would have to say about that,
01:39:45> 01:39:48:	but I just want to sort of maybe chime in
01:39:48> 01:39:52:	my own kind of thoughts on on on that question
01:39:52> 01:39:53:	too.
01:39:53> 01:39:57:	Add on, you know who who's determining what is considered
01:39:57> 01:39:59:	a National Register,
01:39:59> 01:40:02:	Historic Landmark or place right?
01:40:02> 01:40:05:	And who's been excluded and you know,
01:40:05> 01:40:09:	under the sort of veil of historic preservation.
01:40:09> 01:40:12:	Oftentimes you know.
01:40:12> 01:40:16:	What communities of color and?
01:40:16> 01:40:18:	Are being.
01:40:18> 01:40:21:	Exploited in in that name so it's a it's a
01:40:21> 01:40:23:	philosophical question.
01:40:23> 01:40:28:	It's a difficult question, and as a curator and archivist
01:40:28> 01:40:30:	and historian.
01:40:30> 01:40:33:	Perhaps you can start by answering that that question.

01:40:33> 01:40:36:	The only answer for me is not enough.
01:40:35> 01:40:38: 01:40:36> 01:40:39:	Right, not enough of this buildings are.
01:40:38> 01:40:39. 01:40:39> 01:40:41:	
01:40:35> 01:40:41:	Being saved or being preserved.
01:40:45> 01:40:45:	That way you know, because there's a way in which
01:40:47> 01:40:47:	scholarship informs people about. The man's career and there's a way in which scholarship
01:40:51> 01:40:54:	can also inform people about the man's life,
01:40:51> 01:40:54. 01:40:54> 01:40:57:	
01:40:57> 01:40:57: 01:40:57> 01:40:59:	right? And the more you know about his life for
01:40:57> 01:40:59. 01:40:59> 01:41:02:	African Americans in general,
01:41:02> 01:41:05:	the more you will respect the things that we make.
01:41:02> 01:41:05:	Right, I mean one of my favorite sayings is a favorite
01:41:05> 01:41:08:	favorite,
01:41:08> 01:41:11:	but one of the most problematic things that came to
01:41:10> 01:41:11:	my mind when I thought about this is that African
	American archives are as vulnerable as the people.
01:41:14> 01:41:16:	But in so when we think about Paul Williams and
01:41:16> 01:41:19:	his legacy and our his buildings being preserved,
01:41:19> 01:41:22:	we have to sort of really get into who he
01:41:22> 01:41:24:	was as a person who struggles,
01:41:24> 01:41:26:	we have to know more about his life and the
01:41:26> 01:41:30:	ways in which that intersected with how he's being received
01:41:30> 01:41:30:	by critics,
01:41:30> 01:41:33:	right? How he has not been written about by critics like Lance.
01:41:33> 01:41:34:	
01:41:34> 01:41:37: 01:41:37> 01:41:39:	You know, you found out about him as an adult.
01:41:37> 01:41:39:	Wright, we. I mean, I think we all kind of
01:41:40> 01:41:43:	did right, and so the more we understand about the man's life
01:41:43> 01:41:45: 01:41:45> 01:41:49:	connected to this architectural genius.
01:41:49> 01:41:50:	The more of those buildings will be protected because you value him.
01:41:50> 01:41:52:	May I add something to that?
01:41:52> 01:41:55:	I echo the sentiment that not that there are not
01:41:55> 01:41:55:	enough.
01:41:55> 01:41:58:	There are some. I don't have a number.
01:41:58> 01:42:02:	
01.41.50 01.42.02.	The founders treasure. Religious science was just added to the
01:42:02> 01:42:03:	list last year for example.
01:42:03> 01:42:06:	But what I wanted to add is that it takes
01:42:06> 01:42:08:	advocacy from these buildings.
01:42:08> 01:42:10:	It takes someone in the building,
01:42:10> 01:42:14:	recognizing that it's important than filling out all the forms.

01:42:14> 01:42:18:	And it's not this magical designation that comes down.
01:42:18> 01:42:20:	So part of this advocacy for his work.
01:42:20> 01:42:24:	Is letting people know that it's important that they realize
01:42:24> 01:42:27:	they have something important and seek out those protections and
01:42:28> 01:42:28:	designations.
01:42:33> 01:42:34:	Lance, Chris.
01:42:39> 01:42:42:	I would like to know that answer to how many
01:42:42> 01:42:43:	buildings are.
01:42:43> 01:42:48:	Yeah, I think Lauren Insertive responses like not enough,
01:42:48> 01:42:50:	right?
01:42:50> 01:42:54:	OK, there's a question from Scott Willis,
01:42:54> 01:42:57:	U.S. bank.
01:42:57> 01:43:02:	Were there any influential African American architects in Los Angeles
01:43:02> 01:43:05:	or in the Los Angeles area that Paul Williams completed
01:43:06> 01:43:09:	architectural design work during his career?
01:43:09> 01:43:10:	Let me read that again.
01:43:10> 01:43:15:	Were there any influential African American or African Americans in
01:43:15> 01:43:19:	the Los Angeles area that Palins completed architectural design work
01:43:19> 01:43:21:	during his career?
01:43:21> 01:43:25:	Vertner Woodson Tandy's 1915 design of Madam CJ Walker's Irvington,
01:43:25> 01:43:30:	NY estate Villa Varo. Anne.
01:43:30> 01:43:35:	That's not sure who to lock that question too,
01:43:35> 01:43:39:	I'm. I'd have a hard time answering too.
01:43:39> 01:43:43:	Question is kind of did he design for famous black
01:43:43> 01:43:43:	people?
01:43:43> 01:43:45:	And I can't think of any,
01:43:45> 01:43:48:	but I will say that he designed for people who
01:43:48> 01:43:51:	were influential in the community for doctors,
01:43:51> 01:43:54:	for teachers, for people who were doing work that that
01:43:55> 01:43:56:	made a difference.
01:43:56> 01:44:00:	So in that sense he was definitely designing for influential
01:44:00> 01:44:01:	black people.
01:44:05> 01:44:08:	And I think we have to think about community as
01:44:08> 01:44:08:	well.
01:44:08> 01:44:10:	So if you think about first,
01:44:10> 01:44:13:	IME, right? That's not a building for a very famous
01:44:13> 01:44:13:	black person,
01:44:13> 01:44:15:	but it is for the community.

01:44:15> 01:44:18:	It is, you know, we think about the history of
01:44:18> 01:44:20:	black churches in our communities.
01:44:20> 01:44:23:	The meeting centers there, the child care centers,
01:44:23> 01:44:26:	right? The the places where kids are safe when they
01:44:26> 01:44:26:	play,
01:44:26> 01:44:29:	their places of prayer. There are places with that.
01:44:29> 01:44:32:	Have you know rooms of a solitude and so his
01:44:32> 01:44:35:	ability to sort of design that space as a communal
01:44:35> 01:44:36:	space but one?
01:44:36> 01:44:39:	That was, you know, really central to Black LLA is
01:44:40> 01:44:40:	more.
01:44:40> 01:44:43:	I think that he can do for any one singular
01:44:43> 01:44:47:	famous person even though his ability to design for famous
01:44:48> 01:44:51:	people is what brings people to his work.
01:44:51> 01:44:54:	I tend to think of the kinds of structures he
01:44:54> 01:44:57:	made for the community during segregation,
01:44:57> 01:45:00:	especially right as havens right?
01:45:00> 01:45:03:	So I think I think of those structures as even
01:45:04> 01:45:07:	more powerful because of their function.
01:45:07> 01:45:10:	Really good point there. I could you speak a little
01:45:10> 01:45:13:	bit more about you know what what's important to you
01:45:13> 01:45:15:	for about the first Amy building?
01:45:15> 01:45:18:	Because you had discussed that you touched on it in
01:45:18> 01:45:19:	the first session.
01:45:19> 01:45:22:	And for those that are tuning in within this series
01:45:22> 01:45:25:	for the first time in the second episode and haven't
01:45:25> 01:45:26:	seen the first one,
01:45:26> 01:45:28:	maybe you could do a sort of redux for them.
01:45:28> 01:45:31:	'cause I found that really powerful when I when I
01:45:31> 01:45:32:	watched it.
01:45:32> 01:45:34:	Yeah, so he was a member of the church first
01:45:34> 01:45:37:	me and then he was a trustee of the church,
01:45:37> 01:45:40:	right? So? You know Paul Williams was central to that
01:45:40> 01:45:41:	congregation itself,
01:45:41> 01:45:43:	right? So he wasn't someone who just swooped in from
01:45:43> 01:45:46:	out from somewhere else outside of the community to make
01:45:46> 01:45:46:	that space.
01:45:46> 01:45:49:	He was actually a member of that congregation.
01:45:49> 01:45:50:	And So what does it mean to be a member
01:45:51> 01:45:52:	of a black congregation?
01:45:52> 01:45:53:	That means just singing with people.
01:45:53> 01:45:55:	That means you're praying with people.

01:45:55> 01:45:57:	That means there's a trust,
01:45:57> 01:45:59:	right? That people look towards you as a pillow,
01:45:59> 01:46:01:	that community and they have access to you right now.
01:46:01> 01:46:03:	You know, there's no VIP room in church.
01:46:03> 01:46:06:	Know you're in that Pew surrounded by all the other
01:46:06> 01:46:07:	parishioners.
01:46:07> 01:46:08:	So he was touchable. He was close.
01:46:08> 01:46:10:	Right, he wasn't even though we,
01:46:10> 01:46:11:	we see him, you know,
01:46:11> 01:46:13:	in terms of magnitude, as this just sort of star
01:46:14> 01:46:16:	when you go to church just sitting with everybody else
01:46:16> 01:46:17:	in that community,
01:46:17> 01:46:20:	right? And so, here's so their choice to choose him
01:46:20> 01:46:23:	to make that structure or do and to redesign some
01:46:23> 01:46:25:	of the rooms is really important because that speaks to
01:46:25> 01:46:27:	not only his presence in the church,
01:46:27> 01:46:31:	but their trust. With what he would do with that
01:46:31> 01:46:31:	church,
01:46:31> 01:46:34:	yeah? Yeah.
01:46:34> 01:46:36:	Bigpoint
01:46:36> 01:46:39:	I'll just read another question.
01:46:39> 01:46:41:	This is by Kelvin Garbin.
01:46:41> 01:46:44:	My name is Kelly Garvin and I'm asking a question
01:46:44> 01:46:47:	to be part of this historical celebration.
01:46:47> 01:46:51:	Thanksgiving, for your question, I used to work at the
01:46:51> 01:46:54:	Hudson home and was honored to be in their presence.
01:46:54> 01:46:58:	How do you mentor and nurture this firing architect,
01:46:58> 01:47:02:	considering how complex it is to develop a vision and
01:47:02> 01:47:04:	lexecon while trying to make a living?
01:47:04> 01:47:10:	Christopher all, let's start with you on this question.
01:47:10> 01:47:13:	Could you repeat that the last part of the question?
01:47:13> 01:47:14:	Sure.
01:47:16> 01:47:19:	Sorry, once I read it.
01:47:21> 01:47:23:	It disappears.
01:47:23> 01:47:27:	How do you mentor and you're through the aspiring architects,
01:47:27> 01:47:31:	considering how complex it is to develop a vision and
01:47:31> 01:47:34:	lexecon while trying to make a living?
01:47:34> 01:47:37:	That's a great question, 'cause I'm I'm in the middle
01:47:37> 01:47:39:	of figuring it out as a young designer myself,
01:47:39> 01:47:42:	but what I will say is that I think what
01:47:42> 01:47:42:	are you know,

01:47:42> 01:47:46:	what the National organization for Minority Architects has been trying
01:47:46> 01:47:49:	to figure out and Lance can speak to this well
01:47:49> 01:47:53:	himself because he's currently the President of the Southern California
01:47:53> 01:47:55:	chapter here in Los Angeles,
01:47:55> 01:47:57:	is what it's important as it is an architecture as
01:47:57> 01:48:00:	it is in other fields is that you see others
01:48:00> 01:48:02:	doing the work that you are doing.
01:48:02> 01:48:05:	We see lawyers every day on TV we see doctors
01:48:05> 01:48:05:	when we go.
01:48:05> 01:48:07:	To you know the hospital or the clinic,
01:48:07> 01:48:10:	but we don't see architects specifically.
01:48:10> 01:48:13:	Black architects like I didn't even meet one until I
01:48:13> 01:48:15:	was in high school or college and.
01:48:15> 01:48:18:	So seeing other people doing the work that you could
01:48:18> 01:48:19:	be doing is important,
01:48:19> 01:48:23:	but I think more specifically towards the development of ideas.
01:48:23> 01:48:27:	My whole organization, design and color was developed from the
01:48:27> 01:48:30:	trauma that existed from going through Eurocentric curricula.
01:48:30> 01:48:33:	Anne Anne Anne practices in the work,
01:48:33> 01:48:35:	so the the core of our work in our practice
01:48:35> 01:48:39:	was how do you ultimately implement culture multicultural identity into
01:48:40> 01:48:40:	the work,
01:48:40> 01:48:42:	and how do you celebrate it?
01:48:42> 01:48:45:	So what we really encourage students when we go to
01:48:45> 01:48:47:	universities and do workshops.
01:48:47> 01:48:50:	For example, one of which there was called empathetic responsibility.
01:48:50> 01:48:53:	We put students in the role in which they are
01:48:53> 01:48:56:	empowered to create curriculum for how they can derive how
01:48:56> 01:48:57:	they're being taught,
01:48:57> 01:49:00:	rather than just being told that you're designing this today
01:49:00> 01:49:02:	and doing this for this semester,
01:49:02> 01:49:05:	having the engagement in your work so you're building it
01:49:05> 01:49:06:	from the ground up.
01:49:06> 01:49:09:	I think for younger designers and whatnot,
01:49:09> 01:49:11:	what's important for that mentorship.
01:49:11> 01:49:15:	Is service for students understand that they are designing as
01:49:15> 01:49:16:	you're growing as human beings?

01:49:16> 01:49:19:	When you make space when you move your room as
01:49:19> 01:49:20:	you exist in your in your school,
01:49:20> 01:49:23:	is the little occurrences that happen every day and the
01:49:23> 01:49:25:	things that you experience.
01:49:25> 01:49:27:	Will there be on the street or in your household?
01:49:27> 01:49:30:	They ultimately are part of a design world that you
01:49:30> 01:49:32:	can use to create a new space and some of
01:49:32> 01:49:35:	that is involved into hip-hop and the work that Michael
01:49:35> 01:49:37:	Ford is doing with hip hop architecture.
01:49:37> 01:49:40:	Some of that is also connected to the work that
01:49:40> 01:49:43:	second Cook is doing as well with hip hop architecture,
01:49:43> 01:49:46:	music and dance. Or if you some of the beautiful
01:49:46> 01:49:48:	work that Brian Seeley junior is doing,
01:49:48> 01:49:51:	and I think, uplifting the voices so that more black
01:49:51> 01:49:55:	designers are visible to a larger audience of students in
01:49:55> 01:49:58:	that project pipeline that no MAS pushing forward to in
01:49:58> 01:50:01:	getting students exposed at age is as low as 782.
01:50:01> 01:50:03:	As you know, 18 the more you get exposed,
01:50:03> 01:50:06:	the more you potentially get into it,
01:50:06> 01:50:09:	and you know their students that I've been mentoring from
01:50:09> 01:50:11:	the so Cal number camp,
01:50:11> 01:50:14:	someone want to go into technology and due process.
01:50:14> 01:50:17:	You know, science? Computer science is someone I actually
	do.
01:50:17> 01:50:19:	Poetry, you know, never know.
01:50:19> 01:50:22:	But you increase the odds by increasing the exposure.
01:50:24> 01:50:26:	Great Lance, I know you.
	Oreat Lance, I know you.
01:50:26> 01:50:29:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher
01:50:26> 01:50:29: 01:50:29> 01:50:32:	
	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher
01:50:29> 01:50:32:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat?
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:48> 01:50:51:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:48> 01:50:51: 01:50:51> 01:50:54:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris. I got that you got the company line down Pat,
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:48> 01:50:51: 01:50:51> 01:50:54: 01:50:54> 01:50:58:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris. I got that you got the company line down Pat, but you're absolutely right. You know there's a couple layers
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:51> 01:50:51: 01:50:54> 01:50:54: 01:50:59> 01:50:58: 01:50:59> 01:51:01: 01:51:01> 01:51:06:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris. I got that you got the company line down Pat, but you're absolutely right. You know there's a couple layers to everything as far as you know.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:51> 01:50:51: 01:50:54> 01:50:54: 01:50:59> 01:51:01: 01:51:01> 01:51:09:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris. I got that you got the company line down Pat, but you're absolutely right. You know there's a couple layers to everything as far as you know. Sort of cultivating more professionals of color in architecture and. And it's 100% starts with the representation.
01:50:29> 01:50:32: 01:50:32> 01:50:36: 01:50:36> 01:50:40: 01:50:40> 01:50:43: 01:50:44> 01:50:45: 01:50:45> 01:50:48: 01:50:51> 01:50:51: 01:50:54> 01:50:54: 01:50:59> 01:50:58: 01:50:59> 01:51:01: 01:51:01> 01:51:06:	You can speak to this to this question to Christopher would you mind typing into the into the chat? I don't know if it's visible to the attendees. Typing out some of those black designers that you just refer to here so that they can find avenues to research it themselves. Absolutely thank you. Random number one. I'll say very well, said Chris. I got that you got the company line down Pat, but you're absolutely right. You know there's a couple layers to everything as far as you know. Sort of cultivating more professionals of color in architecture and.

01:51:16> 01:51:17:	so many people.
01:51:17> 01:51:20:	You've heard you know some of the speaker say it
01:51:20> 01:51:23:	
01:51:20> 01:51:25: 01:51:23> 01:51:25:	tonight in the videos we hear all the time working
	with kids in the normal summer camp that they've never
01:51:25> 01:51:29:	met an architect before. I don't know what architecture is.
01:51:29> 01:51:31:	I mean, just just kind of getting that first step
01:51:31> 01:51:34:	across the bridge is a big one in of itself,
01:51:34> 01:51:36:	and so the representation at all levels,
01:51:36> 01:51:39:	you know, to the community within the profession you know
01:51:39> 01:51:40:	across the board.
01:51:40> 01:51:42:	It is really critical and and that's that's sort of
01:51:42> 01:51:43:	step one.
01:51:43> 01:51:45:	Step 2 as far as kind of developing into a
01:51:45> 01:51:47:	professional yourself and growing.
01:51:47> 01:51:49:	If it's something that you want to pursue.
01:51:49> 01:51:53:	Is helping people understand sort of how to authentically be
01:51:53> 01:51:57:	themselves and find their voice as a designer and Ann's
01:51:57> 01:51:58:	architecture?
01:51:58> 01:52:00:	Is A is a visual profession.
01:52:00> 01:52:02:	Being able to express themselves,
01:52:02> 01:52:04:	convey ideas graphically, is hard.
01:52:04> 01:52:07:	You know. I think we've all probably know somebody or
01:52:07> 01:52:09:	met somebody who said,
01:52:09> 01:52:11:	you know, I really like to draw.
01:52:11> 01:52:13:	I was thinking about architecture,
01:52:13> 01:52:16:	but I decided to go on and do something else.
01:52:16> 01:52:19:	I mean, I think all that happens to me all
01:52:19> 01:52:21:	the time where I meet somebody in.
01:52:21> 01:52:24:	And to help people to understand it,
01:52:24> 01:52:26:	all those things that they have.
01:52:26> 01:52:28:	They may have like to do in high school or
01:52:28> 01:52:32:	college or whatever it is can translate into a profession
01:52:32> 01:52:36:	of architecture by sort of furthering that that skill set.
01:52:36> 01:52:39:	Developing that vocabulary of of whatever you're drawing,
01:52:39> 01:52:43:	turning that into space is turning into buildings,
01:52:43> 01:52:46:	turning into, you know, urban form is really critical and
01:52:46> 01:52:50:	then kind of the last piece just specifically on mentorship.
01:52:50> 01:52:52:	Mentorship takes a lot of.
01:52:52> 01:52:53:	A form is not just hey,
01:52:53> 01:52:55:	I need a mentor to help me get a job
01:52:55> 01:52:57:	or teach me what to do when I'm in the
01:52:57> 01:52:58:	office.

01:52:58> 01:53:01:	A mentor is something number one that everybody should have
01:53:01> 01:53:02:	at every level.
01:53:02> 01:53:04:	I have multiple mentors still to this day that is
01:53:04> 01:53:06:	someone you can go to and talk with.
01:53:06> 01:53:09:	You know, talk through certain ideas about or ask questions
01:53:10> 01:53:11:	about in a in a safer space,
01:53:11> 01:53:14:	in particular in our profession when you know many of
01:53:14> 01:53:16:	us know can look around the office and not see
01:53:16> 01:53:18:	too many look like this.
01:53:18> 01:53:20:	You want to have a mentor and you can go
01:53:20> 01:53:23:	to maybe it's outside of your office or wherever.
01:53:23> 01:53:24:	To talk about things good,
01:53:24> 01:53:27:	bad or indifferent so you know the physical act of
01:53:27> 01:53:29:	mentoring somebody having a mentor,
01:53:29> 01:53:32:	being able to ask questions to be able to be
01:53:32> 01:53:35:	confident and know enough to know what you don't know
01:53:35> 01:53:38:	and humble enough to know how to ask for something
01:53:38> 01:53:41:	is a really critical skill in that process,
01:53:41> 01:53:44:	and I think if you put all those things together,
01:53:44> 01:53:47:	married with, you know someone who has a passion for
01:53:47> 01:53:47:	you.
01:53:47> 01:53:50:	Know buildings, four spaces for you know,
01:53:50> 01:53:53:	creating, then I think that you kind of get the
01:53:53> 01:53:54:	sort of ingredients too.
01:53:54> 01:53:58:	Getting someone you know really integrated into the profession.
01:53:58> 01:54:00:	Yeah, can I just add one more thing on top
01:54:00> 01:54:03:	of that and we would describe in Lance is the
01:54:03> 01:54:08:	phenomenon of impostor syndrome an I'm pretty sure Jonathan Laurent
01:54:08> 01:54:11:	and Rebecca you can. You can speak to this as
01:54:11> 01:54:11:	well.
01:54:11> 01:54:14:	Is part of that pipeline and part of that mentorship
01:54:14> 01:54:19:	is teaching students and demystifying the feeling that impostor syndrome
01:54:19> 01:54:22:	and what that's gonna feel like the feeling that I
01:54:22> 01:54:26:	don't belong when I arrive at a predominantly white school
01:54:26> 01:54:29:	or I don't belong when I arrive in a predominantly
01:54:29> 01:54:30:	white.
01:54:30> 01:54:33:	Corporate space or any space in which my identity is
01:54:33> 01:54:34:	not the dominant culture.
01:54:34> 01:54:36:	And what does that feel like?

01:54:36> 01:54:38:	Because I know when I went to school I wasn't
01:54:38> 01:54:39:	a great artist.
01:54:39> 01:54:42:	I was afraid of math and then I learned that
01:54:42> 01:54:44:	architecture is so much more things,
01:54:44> 01:54:47:	so it's that barrier is the things that we don't
01:54:47> 01:54:50:	really realize that we know are part of the profession
01:54:50> 01:54:54:	and breaking that down so students understand the experiences that
01:54:54> 01:54:55:	you have every single day,
01:54:55> 01:54:58:	whether it be playing basketball on the street corner,
01:54:58> 01:55:02:	whether it be. Engaging in ideas about St performance or
01:55:02> 01:55:02:	space.
01:55:02> 01:55:06:	Those are all elements of design and architecture and Christopher,
01:55:06> 01:55:08:	I mean too. That's a very important point there,
01:55:08> 01:55:10:	you know. I mean at the beginning.
01:55:10> 01:55:12:	So how do we? How do we speak about them
01:55:12> 01:55:15:	going to speak about the point that you made in
01:55:15> 01:55:16:	terms of inspiration?
01:55:16> 01:55:19:	And so one of the things that we're thinking about,
01:55:19> 01:55:21:	you know, just in terms of at the GRI,
01:55:21> 01:55:24:	is really thinking about how we inspire another generation,
01:55:24> 01:55:26:	right? The next generation of architects.
01:55:26> 01:55:29:	And I know Dean Milton Curry at USC is also
01:55:29> 01:55:30:	thinking about this,
01:55:30> 01:55:33:	right? How do we? How do we inspire a generation
01:55:33> 01:55:34:	with Paul Williams,
01:55:34> 01:55:36:	his example? And so you know.
01:55:36> 01:55:40:	Hopefully the architectural design and design students of the future
01:55:40> 01:55:42:	won't feel so alone in their programs.
01:55:42> 01:55:45:	Well, well, I mean to your point at Lance,
01:55:45> 01:55:48:	they'll have mentors, right? Or they will become the mentors
01:55:48> 01:55:50:	for this next generation,
01:55:50> 01:55:55:	right? And so? And that's definitely something that we're thinking
01:55:55> 01:55:55:	about.
01:55:55> 01:55:59:	Yeah, the question is so generous because it really points
01:55:59> 01:56:03:	to the expensiveness of this term that we call architecture
01:56:04> 01:56:07:	that it's not mere building and so you know they're
01:56:07> 01:56:11:	on to your point. I think that the question you
01:56:11> 01:56:14:	know it seems to have a kind of like design,
01:56:14> 01:56:18:	specifically architecture as building kind of question to it.

01:56:18> 01:56:20:	But I think we can.
01:56:20> 01:56:24:	We can take the liberty to consider the question as
01:56:24> 01:56:25:	you know.
01:56:25> 01:56:30:	Zhana like how are you developing like a literally a
01:56:30> 01:56:32:	visual lexecon?
01:56:32> 01:56:36:	And it's not necessarily even whilst trying to make a
01:56:36> 01:56:36:	living,
01:56:36> 01:56:40:	but perhaps that you are making a living on on
01:56:40> 01:56:40:	this,
01:56:40> 01:56:43:	you know, aren't we all trying to know?
01:56:45> 01:56:47:	I'll stop and let you let you speak,
01:56:47> 01:56:50:	and then perhaps we'll start with with John.
01:56:50> 01:56:53:	And then later on you can maybe speak to like
01:56:53> 01:56:54:	the archives,
01:56:54> 01:56:59:	and you know, developing terminologies and classifications and categories literally
01:56:59> 01:57:02:	a lexecon for expanding African American art history,
01:57:02> 01:57:06:	African American and art, an architectural history.
01:57:06> 01:57:08:	And I am mindful of the timing.
01:57:08> 01:57:11:	We will wrap up, but I do want to.
01:57:11> 01:57:12:	Here John Ameron speak.
01:57:14> 01:57:17:	I don't know that I have a great answer for
01:57:17> 01:57:17:	it.
01:57:17> 01:57:21:	I mean, my experiences are and aren't not architecture and
01:57:21> 01:57:22:	maybe the related.
01:57:22> 01:57:26:	I certainly had the experience of often being the only
01:57:26> 01:57:31:	black student doing particular thing like taking Saturday photography classes
01:57:31> 01:57:32:	for example.
01:57:32> 01:57:35:	But I came from background with a lot of mentorship.
01:57:35> 01:57:37:	My friends parents were artists,
01:57:37> 01:57:40:	they were architects. They were writers,
01:57:40> 01:57:42:	so it never occurred to me until I was older
01:57:43> 01:57:45:	and maybe sort of like Paul Williams.
01:57:45> 01:57:48:	A story about. Kind of being mystified in high school
01:57:48> 01:57:52:	to hear that people would think that he wouldn't succeed
01:57:52> 01:57:55:	as an architect because he always he had that sense
01:57:55> 01:57:58:	of himself and he had people who helped give him
01:57:58> 01:57:59:	that sense of himself.
01:57:59> 01:58:03:	So I had to. After having those experiences rebuild that
01:58:03> 01:58:04:	sense of myself,
01:58:04> 01:58:06:	which which took some time.

01:58:06> 01:58:08:	And today the struggle is.
01:58:08> 01:58:11:	You know, it's. How do I do all this art
01:58:11> 01:58:14:	stuff when my children are three and five and I'm
01:58:14> 01:58:18:	also teaching part time and there are all these other
01:58:18> 01:58:21:	demands so that that's a different conversation.
01:58:21> 01:58:23:	But that's what I'm doing right now,
01:58:23> 01:58:25:	figuring figuring it out when,
01:58:25> 01:58:29:	uh, when the art. Doesn't have the art has the
01:58:29> 01:58:32:	work that I'm doing maybe has cultural value,
01:58:32> 01:58:35:	but in my household it's not the work that puts
01:58:35> 01:58:36:	food on the table,
01:58:36> 01:58:40:	so it's the secondary work and that's what I'm what
01:58:40> 01:58:42:	I'm working with right now.
01:58:46> 01:58:48:	In Rebecca, so as far as the archive goes,
01:58:48> 01:58:49:	you know thousands of plans.
01:58:49> 01:58:51:	You know, so many plans,
01:58:51> 01:58:53:	drawings. I know I don't want to.
01:58:53> 01:58:55:	I don't want to wet the palate a little bit
01:58:55> 01:58:55:	too much,
01:58:55> 01:58:57:	but with the plans, drawings,
01:58:57> 01:58:59:	and you know the kinds of materials that are in
01:59:00> 01:59:01:	his in his archive,
01:59:01> 01:59:03:	you know we it, and you know the Getty Research
01:59:03> 01:59:05:	Institute is a public institution,
01:59:05> 01:59:07:	meaning that is open to the public,
01:59:07> 01:59:09:	right? And So what we hope to do with the
01:59:09> 01:59:12:	archive you know is actually make it available to the
01:59:12> 01:59:12:	public,
01:59:12> 01:59:14:	right? And they looked at the scholars,
01:59:14> 01:59:18:	and so for the African American History initiative we actually
01:59:18> 01:59:18:	have.
01:59:18> 01:59:20:	You know two fellowships, right?
01:59:20> 01:59:23:	Four for scholars to come in and and use the
01:59:23> 01:59:27:	archive and examine the archive and publish the articles and
01:59:27> 01:59:29:	the books and and and what have you so you
01:59:29> 01:59:32:	know, we, we hope that the archive will actually be
01:59:32> 01:59:36:	of service and in many different and many different ways.
01:59:36> 01:59:37:	So let me just leave,
01:59:37> 01:59:40:	put it, put it there because you know his legacy
01:59:40> 01:59:43:	is believing that his legacy is still growing.
01:59:43> 01:59:46:	And I think the scholarship once the scholarship is there
01:59:46> 01:59:48:	right more and more and more.

01:59:48> 01:59:51:	Then the children's books? Right then the the kinds of
01:59:51> 01:59:52:	second,
01:59:52> 01:59:53:	not just a scholarly material,
01:59:53> 01:59:56:	but the cons of secondary material on his life that
01:59:56> 01:59:57:	are accessible.
01:59:57> 02:00:00:	You know, just in terms of the readability of it,
02:00:00> 02:00:02:	to the public. I think there need.
02:00:02> 02:00:04:	I think there will be.
02:00:04> 02:00:06:	A Williams renaissance.
02:00:09> 02:00:12:	Yeah, yeah.
02:00:12> 02:00:17:	I can't think of a better way to to close.
02:00:17> 02:00:19:	On that that statement later on.
02:00:19> 02:00:22:	So let me just take the time to thank all
02:00:22> 02:00:24:	four of the panelists.
02:00:24> 02:00:28:	Architects who contribute their video stories tonight.
02:00:28> 02:00:32:	This has been a tremendously productive conversation,
02:00:32> 02:00:36:	so we're really grateful to the audience.
02:00:36> 02:00:40:	The attendees for sharing your evening with us tonight and
02:00:40> 02:00:41:	again,
02:00:41> 02:00:43:	let me extend my gratitude to you.
02:00:43> 02:00:47:	A lie. You allow ULILA the grio so Cal Noma,
02:00:47> 02:00:51:	and of course USC, where I started my career out
02:00:51> 02:00:54:	and shout out to Dean Curry for believing in me.
02:00:54> 02:00:57:	And if it's not too much of a plug,
02:00:57> 02:01:00:	you know speaking to lances.
02:01:00> 02:01:04:	Comment on mentorship in the USA is initiating their citizen
02:01:05> 02:01:09:	architect to do precisely the things that we've been talking
02:01:09> 02:01:10:	about this evening.
02:01:10> 02:01:11:	So thanks everyone.
02:01:14> 02:01:16:	Thank you, this is wonderful.
02:01:16> 02:01:20:	Yeah thanks. Thank you everyone China Lance Rebecca
	Ameron you
02:01:20> 02:01:22:	all are beautiful.
02:01:24> 02:01:27:	Thank you, thank you everyone for coming.
02:01:29> 02:01:32:	Yeah, I just wanted to say thank you all for
02:01:32> 02:01:36:	being with us tonight and thank you for everyone who
02:01:36> 02:01:36:	stayed.
02:01:36> 02:01:41:	Is an incredible conversation with a lot of different lenses.
02:01:41> 02:01:43:	I want to thank AIA things together.
02:01:43> 02:01:47:	The videos that provide that allowed us to have the
02:01:47> 02:01:52:	lens and voices of local architects having Rebecca as an
02:01:52> 02:01:53:	architectural historian.

02:01:53> 02:01:57:	Iran as a curator Unit 6 quiz it discography and
02:01:57> 02:02:00:	Lance and Chris is amazing when.
02:02:03> 02:02:06:	Really excited. Mission.
02:02:09> 02:02:14:	I'm I'm pleased that we talked about pretty much throughout
02:02:14> 02:02:15:	this time.
02:02:15> 02:02:22:	Amplify the voices. I like architects and amplify the voices
02:02:23> 02:02:24:	and the story.
02:02:24> 02:02:25:	All are willing.
02:02:27> 02:02:29:	Thanks everyone.
02:02:29> 02:02:33:	Goodnight, goodnight. Right?

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