

## **Video**

**ULI Case Studies: Woodwards. Vancouver, BC** 

Date: April 08, 2014

00:00:10> 00:00:13:	Woodward's is a mixed use urban redevelopment project in Vancouver's
00:00:14> 00:00:14:	Gastown area.
00:00:14> 00:00:16:	A rough part of town,
00:00:16> 00:00:19:	once known for having the poorest Postal code in Canada
00:00:19> 00:00:20:	for more than a century,
00:00:20> 00:00:24:	woodwards was a landmark Department store considered the heart of
00:00:24> 00:00:28:	downtown and a Vancouver tradition for generations that used to
00:00:28> 00:00:30:	be the place not in like Macy's in the United
00:00:30> 00:00:33:	States where you'd have the animated Christmas scenes,
00:00:33> 00:00:37:	moving Christmas scenes in all of the storefront windows,
00:00:37> 00:00:39:	at least to come here on weekends.
00:00:39> 00:00:42:	And it was really. A part of middle class that
00:00:42> 00:00:46:	Vancouver Woodwards closed in 1993 and the store stayed vacant
00:00:46> 00:00:49:	for 11 years as the area around it started to
00:00:49> 00:00:52:	deteriorate. It's at idle and then as a result it
00:00:53> 00:00:56:	reflected perhaps the real desperation of the community.
00:00:56> 00:01:00:	In 2002 the store was eventually taken over by squatters.
00:01:00> 00:01:04:	People called the movement. The Woodward squat would squat was
00:01:04> 00:01:05:	part of sort of,
00:01:05> 00:01:09:	I guess, sort of a mini revolution down here in
00:01:09> 00:01:10:	the way we saw.
00:01:10> 00:01:12:	The development of the site.
00:01:12> 00:01:15:	It was no longer deemed something that would have to
00:01:15> 00:01:17:	be solved by the private sector alone.
00:01:17> 00:01:20:	That was something that somebody some level of

government had 00:01:20 --> 00:01:23: to take a real active leadership role in the City 00:01:23 --> 00:01:24: of Vancouver. 00:01:24 --> 00:01:27: Bought the land from the Province of British Columbia in 00:01:27 --> 00:01:30: 2003 and in 2004 after an extensive bidding process, 00:01:30 --> 00:01:33: the city brought on West Bank projects and Peterson Investment 00:01:33 --> 00:01:33: Group, 00:01:33 --> 00:01:37: together with Henriquez Partners Architects to design a plan 00:01:37 --> 00:01:40: uses that would ultimately set the distressed neighborhood on a 00:01:41 --> 00:01:41: new course. 00:01:41 --> 00:01:45: Was symbolic of this neighborhood wanting to come back, 00:01:45 --> 00:01:47: wanting to find itself again? 00:01:47 --> 00:01:51: The plan included building 746 residential units in three buildings, 00:01:51 --> 00:01:54: including five 136 market rate units, 200 social housing units, and 10 iaccessible units with retail 00:01:54 --> 00:01:58: 00:01:58 --> 00:01:59: on the ground level, 00:01:59 --> 00:02:02: a daycare and public space on a 2.3 acre site, 00:02:02 --> 00:02:05: and I figured I'd sort of throw everything on here, 00:02:05 --> 00:02:07: including the kitchen sink, right? 00:02:07 --> 00:02:11: So like whoever expressed any interest of being here, 00:02:11 --> 00:02:13: we draw them in. And in the end, 00:02:13 --> 00:02:15: the day everyone showed up right? 00:02:15 --> 00:02:18: And so the exercise was how to accommodate all this 00:02:18 --> 00:02:21: intense density in this very sensitive historical context, may became sort of like this giant Rubik's Cube. 00:02:21 --> 00:02:23: 00:02:23 --> 00:02:26: What do you put on put on top of what? 00:02:26 --> 00:02:29: And why during development two pivotal things happened. 00:02:29 --> 00:02:31: The city acquired more land to build a second tower 00:02:31 --> 00:02:35: and double the housing and the Simon Fraser University School 00:02:35 --> 00:02:38: of Contemporary Art signed an anchoring the project. 00:02:38 --> 00:02:41: Had they not committed. I'm not sure the project would 00:02:41 --> 00:02:41: have built. 00:02:41 --> 00:02:46: We needed that. 24/7 vibrancy of student life. 00:02:46 --> 00:02:50: To energize the site, the momentum continued with nesters market 00:02:50 --> 00:02:51: and London drugs. 00:02:51 --> 00:02:54: If we can get the food store the grocery store,

the drugstore will come along with it.

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00:02:57> 00:03:00:	It's kind of the companion.
00:03:00> 00:03:04:	Commitment that when they come together then we've got something
00:03:04> 00:03:05:	that we've got a new heart.
00:03:05> 00:03:08:	The project is designed around a central atrium open to
00:03:08> 00:03:09:	the public.
00:03:09> 00:03:11:	If you live in a small SRO of single room
00:03:11> 00:03:13:	occupancy hotel in the neighborhood,
00:03:13> 00:03:16:	you could come to a public space out of the
00:03:16> 00:03:18:	rain and there be a public right of way that
00:03:18> 00:03:21:	you were allowed to be there over the entrance of
00:03:21> 00:03:24:	the atrium is a huge piece of art picturing the
00:03:24> 00:03:25:	Gastown riots of 1971.
00:03:25> 00:03:27:	Would squad was too recent for us to sort of
00:03:28> 00:03:28:	recreate,
00:03:28> 00:03:30:	so this was something earlier that somehow.
00:03:30> 00:03:34:	Represented a precursor to the would squat and somehow mark
00:03:34> 00:03:37:	this place in the world is as being somehow significant
00:03:37> 00:03:40:	and even though we had a new building here,
00:03:40> 00:03:42:	it was a way in which we could acknowledge its
00:03:42> 00:03:43:	history.
00:03:43> 00:03:46:	The building is a fossil and fossils don't tell stories,
00:03:46> 00:03:49:	poetry, and as the ability to tell stories overtime,
00:03:49> 00:03:52:	that thing will be interpreted and I think become more
00:03:52> 00:03:53:	and more significant.
00:03:53> 00:03:58:	Overtime. The Woodwards redevelopment is a public private partnership involving
00:03:58> 00:03:59:	the City of Vancouver,
00:03:59> 00:04:01:	the Province of British Columbia.
00:04:01> 00:04:04:	Simon Fraser University and two private developers.
00:04:04> 00:04:07:	There's a lot of goodwill from all levels of government
00:04:07> 00:04:09:	to make to make this work.
00:04:09> 00:04:12:	The city was fundamental in creating some incentives,
00:04:12> 00:04:15:	but the driver of the whole project was the market
00:04:15> 00:04:18:	housing and it was more than half of the project.
00:04:18> 00:04:21:	And as far as economic value.
00:04:21> 00:04:23:	80% of the project there was a real fear that
00:04:23> 00:04:27:	somehow wouldn't be financially viable and that somehow we do
00:04:27> 00:04:29:	this and no one would show up to buy.
00:04:29> 00:04:32:	The problem was how to sell market rate condos with
00:04:32> 00:04:36:	all the problems in the neighborhood coupled with the

affordable 00:04:36 --> 00:04:38: housing component of the project. 00:04:38 --> 00:04:41: But when presales started in 2006 they sold out in 00:04:41 --> 00:04:42: a matter of hours. 00:04:42 --> 00:04:45: The mixes of uses having SFU involved in the project 00:04:45 --> 00:04:50: having neighborhood retail which didn't really exist down here before. 00:04:50 --> 00:04:52: Woodwards was a trademark cultural. 00:04:52 --> 00:04:56: Memory for many Vancouverites and then the pricing was reasonable 00:04:56 --> 00:04:56: as well. 00:04:56 --> 00:04:59: Well, redevelopment was the objective. 00:04:59 --> 00:05:02: Gentrification was a sensitive issue throughout the development. 00:05:02 --> 00:05:05: It's within an impoverished community, 00:05:05 --> 00:05:09: so how one effectively interfaces with that community is critical. 00:05:09 --> 00:05:12: The Authentic engagement factor is really huge in terms of 00:05:12 --> 00:05:16: building incredible bond with the haves and the have nots. 00:05:16 --> 00:05:19: The people obviously buying into these are the haves and 00:05:19 --> 00:05:21: the immediate areas. I have not area SFU handles the complexities of social 00:05:21 --> 00:05:24: 00:05:24 --> 00:05:26: tension that gentrification may bring. 00:05:26 --> 00:05:29: Through a wide range of free events and activities at 00:05:29 --> 00:05:30: the school. 00:05:30 --> 00:05:32: the blend of having the arts brought down here and 00:05:32 --> 00:05:35: they blend of having these venues that they require for 00:05:35 --> 00:05:38: their programs to be also used for communities of perfect 00:05:38 --> 00:05:41: balancing Act. The project was a leap of faith for 00:05:41 --> 00:05:44: the buyers as well as the retailers and everyone involved 00:05:44 --> 00:05:45: in the development. 00:05:45 --> 00:05:48: Everyone was on side right like I have little projects 00:05:48 --> 00:05:51: that are like saving a little community theater on these 00:05:51 --> 00:05:54: side of Vancouver that are harder to do than this 00:05:54 --> 00:05:55: thing was in a weird way. 00:05:55 --> 00:05:57: This took a lot of elbow grease and a lot 00:05:57 --> 00:05:57: of. 00:05:57 --> 00:05:59: People in a lot of hard work, 00:05:59 --> 00:06:04: but everyone collectively as a society decided this was important,

dramatically in

The success of what words has accelerated revitalization

but this is very, very collegial.

00:06:04 --> 00:06:06:

00:06:06 --> 00:06:12:

00:06:12> 00:06:16: 00:06:16> 00:06:20:	the area has motivated some other wonderful.  More contemporary at historically honorable projects in this part of
00:06:20> 00:06:23:	the city you're really seeing it as a catalyst.
00:06:23> 00:06:27:	Better retail tenants, better office tenants are replica of the
00:06:27> 00:06:28:	original.
00:06:28> 00:06:30:	W rotates high above the new woodwards,
00:06:30> 00:06:34:	a symbol of an important transformation and a great Canadian
00:06:34> 00:06:35:	comeback story.
00:06:35> 00:06:38:	Its successes is a product of this statement that if
00:06:38> 00:06:40:	we all do work together,

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**00:06:40 --> 00:06:41:** we can do amazing things.