

Event Session

Eco-Inclusivity: Ensuring Green Stormwater Practices Benefit All Communities

Date: October 19, 2023

00:00:00> 00:00:01:	Thank you so much, Kevin and Rebecca.
00:00:02> 00:00:02:	Hello all.
00:00:02> 00:00:05:	I'm Sophia Lee, member, a board member of a.
00:00:05> 00:00:09:	A Philadelphia chair of the Urban Design Committee and sustainability
00:00:09> 00:00:10:	strategist at Jacobs.
00:00:10> 00:00:15:	Many of us on the planning committee, an incredible collaboration
00:00:15> 00:00:19:	between AI and ULI for today's event, have have a
00:00:19> 00:00:22:	moment when urban when climate change becomes real.
00:00:23> 00:00:24:	For me, it was Hurricane Ida.
00:00:24> 00:00:29:	The colossal scale of water raging down the Schuylkill Basin
00:00:29> 00:00:30:	still haunts me.
00:00:31> 00:00:33:	Or it might be Halloween around the corner, I don't
00:00:33> 00:00:33:	know.
00:00:34> 00:00:37:	Fueled by this urgency, we have been working since January
00:00:37> 00:00:39:	of 2023 to assemble this forum.
00:00:40> 00:00:44:	Quick shout out to Kevin Moran, Rebecca Johnson, Christina Chavez,
00:00:44> 00:00:48:	Julie Foley, Ashley Zimmerman, John Hawk, David McHenry, Kyle Mcgeorge,
00:00:48> 00:00:53:	Danielle Fleischman for your enthusiasm and dedication on this collaboration.
00:00:53> 00:00:57:	And now it is my great honor to introduce Allison
00:00:57> 00:01:01:	Sant, our moderator for our first panel, Eco Inclusivity, Ensuring
00:01:01> 00:01:05:	green Stormwater practices benefit all communities.
00:01:05> 00:01:08:	Allison Sant is a partner and Co founder of the
00:01:08> 00:01:12:	Studio for Urban Projects, an interdisciplinary design collaborative based in
00:01:12> 00:01:16:	SF that works at the intersection of architecture, urbanism,

	art,
00:01:16> 00:01:17:	and social activism.
00:01:18> 00:01:20:	Sant is the author of From the Ground Up, local
00:01:20> 00:01:22:	efforts to Create resilient cities.
00:01:23> 00:01:25:	She's also going to hang around right at the end
00:01:25> 00:01:28:	of the third panel to sign copies of your book
00:01:28> 00:01:29:	that you might purchase.
00:01:31> 00:01:35:	And Chapter 6 of this book actually inspired the panel
00:01:35> 00:01:37:	that we are about to hear.
00:01:37> 00:01:40:	She has taught at Harvard, the College of Environmental Design,
00:01:40> 00:01:43:	Berkeley, and the California College of the Arts.
00:01:43> 00:01:45:	Everyone Allison Sant.
00:01:53> 00:01:54:	This is Jelani.
00:01:54> 00:01:56:	He's making all of this work.
00:02:10> 00:02:11:	Thank you, Sophia.
00:02:11> 00:02:12:	Sophia is very humble.
00:02:12> 00:02:15:	She she actually instigated so much of this from me
00:02:15> 00:02:18:	in our initial conversations, and I'm grateful to her for
00:02:18> 00:02:20:	this invitation and and to all of you for being
00:02:20> 00:02:20:	here.
00:02:21> 00:02:24:	So many of us here today share the dream of
00:02:24> 00:02:26:	remaking cities.
00:02:26> 00:02:29:	We know that cities are responsible for 75% of global
00:02:29> 00:02:30:	carbon emissions.
00:02:31> 00:02:34:	There are also the places where the majority of us
00:02:34> 00:02:37:	live and the places that we experience the effects of
00:02:37> 00:02:39:	climate change from flooding to heat.
00:02:40> 00:02:42:	I wrote from the ground up because I was interested
00:02:42> 00:02:46:	in understanding the best practices of people working at throughout
00:02:46> 00:02:48:	the entire country to mitigate and adapt to climate change.
00:02:49> 00:02:52:	l interviewed more than 90 people, people that include our
00:02:53> 00:02:53:	panelists today.
00:02:54> 00:02:58:	Mommy Hara, who once worked here in Philadelphia's water department.
00:02:58> 00:03:01:	And today, as CEO of the US Water Alliance, builds
00:03:01> 00:03:05:	national networks of green stormwater leaders focused on creating solutions
00:03:05> 00:03:08:	to our nation's most pressing water challenges.
00:03:08> 00:03:12:	Mark Comorata, a visionary in city government who has worked
00:03:12> 00:03:15:	in Philadelphia in the Philadelphia Water Department to

	make good
00:03:15> 00:03:18:	on the city's promise to green the city and clean
00:03:18> 00:03:19:	its waters.
00:03:19> 00:03:23:	Owen Franklin, who as Pennsylvania State director for the Trust
00:03:23> 00:03:26:	for Public Land partners with communities in Philadelphia to make
00:03:26> 00:03:30:	green infrastructure investments in neighborhoods that need them most, and
00:03:30> 00:03:33:	Kenneth Jessup, who is principal of the John M Patterson
00:03:33> 00:03:37:	School in South Philadelphia, has championed a model green schoolyard.
00:03:39> 00:03:42:	In talking with our panelists today and other civic leaders,
00:03:42> 00:03:44:	what I found was very hopeful.
00:03:45> 00:03:46:	Cities are the place to act.
00:03:47> 00:03:50:	Throughout our nation, people are using the urgency that we
00:03:50> 00:03:54:	face as an opportunity not only to address climate change,
00:03:54> 00:03:57:	but to make cities equitable and livable at the same
00:03:57> 00:03:57:	time.
00:03:58> 00:04:02:	From Portland, San Francisco, Minneapolis, and New Orleans to New
00:04:02> 00:04:07:	York, Baltimore, Washington, DC, and here in Philadelphia, people are
00:04:07> 00:04:10:	building solutions from the ground up.
00:04:11> 00:04:15:	They're reclaiming our streets from cars to create better places
00:04:15> 00:04:18:	for walking, biking, and transit while mitigating carbon emissions.
00:04:18> 00:04:22:	They're turning streets, which are some of our largest public
00:04:22> 00:04:25:	places and cities, into generous places for people.
00:04:26> 00:04:29:	They're freeing up the space of streets to do other
00:04:29> 00:04:29:	things.
00:04:30> 00:04:32:	Parking spots are becoming parks.
00:04:32> 00:04:34:	The public right of way is being turned into lush
00:04:34> 00:04:37:	gardens in which green infrastructure can mitigate flooding.
00:04:38> 00:04:41:	They are expanding the urban tree canopy on city streets
00:04:41> 00:04:44:	and in our natural areas to sequester carbon, reduce air
00:04:44> 00:04:46:	pollution, and cool our streets.
00:04:47> 00:04:50:	They are restoring our shorelines with nature based adaptation solutions
00:04:50> 00:04:52:	like oyster reefs and wetlands.
00:04:52> 00:04:57:	These efforts are creating jobs, offering greater access to the
00:04:57> 00:04:59:	city and and its resources to everyone.
00:05:00> 00:05:03:	They're bringing people who are often left out of the

00:05:03> 00:05:06:	planning process, to the table to ensure that these efforts
00:05:06> 00:05:07:	are LED locally.
00:05:08> 00:05:11:	Interestingly, much of what we hope for the future of
00:05:11> 00:05:14:	cities parallels how they were envisioned in the past.
00:05:14> 00:05:18:	Here, William Penn imagined Philadelphia is a green city that
00:05:18> 00:05:22:	preserved its riverbanks, featured a public park system that intertwined
00:05:22> 00:05:25:	nature in the city, and provided a dose of nature
00:05:25> 00:05:26:	to Philadelphians.
00:05:27> 00:05:30:	Penn created a planning legacy in Philadelphia, where parks remain
00:05:30> 00:05:32:	A valued part of urban life.
00:05:33> 00:05:37:	But as the city's population grew, Philadelphians became increasingly separated
00:05:37> 00:05:39:	from their natural environment.
00:05:39> 00:05:43:	By 2009, almost half of Philadelphia's landscape had been converted
00:05:43> 00:05:44:	to concrete.
00:05:44> 00:05:48:	Its historic waterways were culverted, sewers were placed in Creek
00:05:48> 00:05:51:	beds, and river valleys were flattened to make way for
00:05:51> 00:05:52:	subdivisions.
00:05:53> 00:05:56:	As Mark said in our interview, we've modified the urban
00:05:56> 00:05:59:	landscape to a point where people don't really know what
00:05:59> 00:06:02:	water resources the regulatory community is trying to protect.
00:06:03> 00:06:07:	In 2011, Philadelphia entered into a consent order and agreement
00:06:07> 00:06:10:	to address combined sewer overflow events.
00:06:10> 00:06:14:	The Water department proposed to meet its EPA requirements by
00:06:14> 00:06:17:	being the first in the nation to focus almost exclusively
00:06:17> 00:06:19:	on green infrastructure.
00:06:19> 00:06:22:	The city created a 25 year plan called Green City
00:06:22> 00:06:26:	Clean Waters to reduce pollution going into the Delaware and
00:06:26> 00:06:30:	Schuylkill Rivers every year by managing water where it falls.
00:06:31> 00:06:34:	The city gauged its progress with the measure of a
00:06:34> 00:06:34:	greened acre.
00:06:35> 00:06:38:	Each greened acre keeps as much as 90% of stormwater
00:06:38> 00:06:40:	from entering the Philadelphia sewer system each year.
00:06:42> 00:06:45:	This measurement has been a tool in setting an ambitious
00:06:45> 00:06:49:	goal to green 1/3 of the existing impervious landscapes within
00:06:49> 00:06:52:	the city, including in school yards, vacant lots, and parks.

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00:06:53> 00:06:53:	Phil.
00:06:53> 00:06:56:	Philadelphia is known as the poorest of the largest U.S.
00:06:56> 00:07:00:	cities, and these investments have brought improvements to public facilities
00:07:00> 00:07:04:	in neighborhoods that have been historically under resourced.
00:07:05> 00:07:08:	26% of Philadelphians live below the poverty line and in
00:07:08> 00:07:10:	the city's majority black population.
00:07:11> 00:07:13:	The city's majority black population is twice as likely to
00:07:14> 00:07:16:	be considered working poor as their white neighbors.
00:07:17> 00:07:20:	Philadelphia is among among the most segregated cities in the
00:07:20> 00:07:20:	United States.
00:07:21> 00:07:25:	Its racist history has created predominantly black neighborhoods marked by
00:07:25> 00:07:28:	generations of public disinvestment, including in its parks.
00:07:28> 00:07:32:	Like many Philadelphians, one in three Americans does not have
00:07:32> 00:07:34:	a park or green space within walking distance of their
00:07:34> 00:07:35:	home.
00:07:36> 00:07:39:	This disparity has concerned national advocacy groups like the Trust
00:07:39> 00:07:42:	of Public Land, which launched a national campaign to ensure
00:07:42> 00:07:45:	that all urban residents have access to nature.
00:07:46> 00:07:50:	Today, TPL has helped to transform trade 12 Gray schoolyards
00:07:50> 00:07:53:	in Philadelphia to green, and three more are underway.
00:07:54> 00:07:59:	Green schoolyards feature trees, plants, and rain gardens alongside playgrounds,
00:07:59> 00:08:03:	basketball courts, running tracks, and sports fields after school hours.
00:08:03> 00:08:07:	They create great public parks in neighborhoods that have none.
00:08:08> 00:08:10:	The John M Patterson School in the Penrose neighborhood is
00:08:10> 00:08:12:	one of the school yards that's been greened.
00:08:12> 00:08:14:	As part of the TPL initiative, the 4th grade class
00:08:14> 00:08:17:	participated in designing the green school yard.
00:08:17> 00:08:20:	They met with representatives from the water department and studied
00:08:20> 00:08:23:	how stormwater flowed through the site and how green infrastructure
00:08:23> 00:08:24:	could reduce runoff.
00:08:25> 00:08:28:	As one student reflected, we examined the yard and realized

00:08:28> 00:08:31:	that it had more problems than just having a concrete
00:08:31> 00:08:32:	surface at the side.
00:08:32> 00:08:35:	Closest to the school, there was a slope for rainwater
00:08:35> 00:08:36:	collected.
00:08:36> 00:08:38:	We decided the space would be best used as a
00:08:38> 00:08:38:	garden.
00:08:39> 00:08:41:	Today, this is no longer a concrete yard.
00:08:41> 00:08:44:	This is a place where people can learn, play, and
00:08:44> 00:08:44:	enjoy.
00:08:46> 00:08:48:	Learning more about nature in their backyard has also helped
00:08:48> 00:08:50:	improve the school's hands on science curriculum.
00:08:51> 00:08:54:	Students connect on site lessons with trips to a nearby
00:08:54> 00:08:57:	refuge, learning about habitats, wetlands and water quality.
00:08:58> 00:09:01:	The rain garden can collect up to 1.5 inches of
00:09:01> 00:09:04:	storm water, but it's doing much more.
00:09:04> 00:09:07:	It is improved test scores and attendance in school.
00:09:08> 00:09:11:	As Kenneth reported, suspensions went from 50 a year to
00:09:11> 00:09:13:	0 after the schoolyard was built.
00:09:14> 00:09:18:	In addition, neighborhood children and their families now have access
00:09:18> 00:09:19:	to a nearby park.
00:09:20> 00:09:23:	Since 2010, the School District of Philadelphia has green more
00:09:23> 00:09:24:	than 30 campuses.
00:09:24> 00:09:28:	This underscores that often experiments start small and then scale
00:09:28> 00:09:28:	their success.
00:09:29> 00:09:32:	And this is not only applied to greening the city's
00:09:32> 00:09:34:	schoolyards, but also its neighborhood parks.
00:09:35> 00:09:38:	Linear Park in Grays Ferry in South Philadelphia is one
00:09:38> 00:09:39:	of these projects.
00:09:40> 00:09:42:	Like many parks in Philadelphia, this space was a a
00:09:42> 00:09:43:	park in name only.
00:09:43> 00:09:46:	It was closed and gated to the public for more
00:09:46> 00:09:47:	than a decade.
00:09:47> 00:09:50:	Derelict, the site had turned into a place of contention,
00:09:50> 00:09:52:	marked by crime and neglect.
00:09:52> 00:09:55:	Historically, Linear served as a racial dividing line.
00:09:55> 00:09:58:	Grays Ferry has been at the center of conflict between
00:09:58> 00:10:02:	black and white Philadelphians for generations, But it's also a
00:10:02> 00:10:03:	crucial open space.
00:10:03> 00:10:06:	This four acre park is within a 10 minute walk

00:10:06> 00:10:09:	of more than 11,000 residents, offering enough space to create
00:10:09> 00:10:12:	a sizable neighborhood park and manage the area's stormwater.
00:10:13> 00:10:15:	Residents came together to plan the park.
00:10:15> 00:10:18:	They met in a series of meetings held throughout the
00:10:18> 00:10:20:	neighborhood to discuss how the park could fit the community's
00:10:20> 00:10:21:	needs.
00:10:21> 00:10:24:	As the Danielle Denk said, from TPL, folks came together
00:10:24> 00:10:25:	for the first time.
00:10:26> 00:10:28:	They got to see that although they thought there were
00:10:28> 00:10:31:	big differences between them, there were actually many similarities.
00:10:31> 00:10:33:	Everybody wanted safety.
00:10:33> 00:10:34:	They wanted green space.
00:10:34> 00:10:36:	They wanted something open and accessible for all.
00:10:38> 00:10:41:	Ultimately, this process of engaging the community also strengthens its
00:10:41> 00:10:42:	social fabric.
00:10:43> 00:10:46:	Author Eric Klinenberg, who researched the 1995 Chicago Heat wave,
00:10:46> 00:10:50:	argues these connections can mean the difference between living and
00:10:50> 00:10:52:	dying in extreme weather at Lanier.
00:10:52> 00:10:55:	The park and the process that created it helped to
00:10:55> 00:10:58:	build the necessary social infrastructure to weather the storms ahead.
00:10:59> 00:11:01:	Work to repair this neighborhood is still underway, but with
00:11:01> 00:11:05:	a common public space to steward, there's substantial incentive to
00:11:05> 00:11:06:	keep coming back to the table.
00:11:08> 00:11:11:	After years of abandonment, the park is once again being
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	used by people brought together at the playground, dog park,
00:11:15> 00:11:17:	baseball field fitness, and public picnic areas.
00:11:18> 00:11:20:	The park also manages water for the entire neighborhood.
00:11:22> 00:11:25:	This example is similar to many others I research, and
00:11:25> 00:11:28:	from the ground up, we often think the complicated problems
00:11:28> 00:11:31:	like global climate change need to be solved by powerful
00:11:32> 00:11:34:	governments, their plans, policies, and regulations.
00:11:35> 00:11:35:	And they do.
00:11:36> 00:11:38:	The Clean Water Act is a great example of a
00:11:38> 00:11:41:	policy that regulates pollution and a supported green infrastructure in

00:11:41> 00:11:42:	cities across the country.
00:11:43> 00:11:47:	But for those policies to succeed, the opposite is also
00:11:47> 00:11:47:	true.
00:11:48> 00:11:51:	The most effective solutions are born out of the communities
00:11:51> 00:11:52:	they serve.
00:11:52> 00:11:55:	We need both communities must lead the solutions ahead
	and
00:11:55> 00:11:58:	be supported by government policies and funding in doing so.
00:11:59> 00:12:02:	Today we'll talk about the evolving work in Philadelphia to
00:12:02> 00:12:04:	know that the book gives breath to the many projects
00:12:05> 00:12:06:	happening throughout this country.
00:12:06> 00:12:09:	I encourage you to learn about these hopeful examples,
	absorb
00:12:09> 00:12:11:	them, and support them in scaling up.
00:12:12> 00:12:14:	As I wrote in the text of the book, cities
00:12:14> 00:12:16:	remake themselves in pieces.
00:12:17> 00:12:18:	There are opportunities with every Rd.
00:12:18> 00:12:22:	that is redesigned, sidewalk that is planted, open space that
00:12:22> 00:12:25:	is forested, and shoreline that is restored to interject a
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	new idea about how people live in urban spaces and
00:12:29> 00:12:30:	who benefits from them.
00:12:31> 00:12:33:	With that, I would love to invite our panelists to
00:12:33> 00:12:34:	come up.
00:12:35> 00:12:35:	Thank you all.
00:12:50> 00:12:51:	Can you all hear us?
00:12:52> 00:12:55:	Yes, you can try ours as well.
00:12:56> 00:12:57:	Can you hear me?
00:12:57> 00:12:57:	You can.
00:12:59> 00:13:00:	Yep, we're good.
00:13:01> 00:13:04:	And we have Mommy Hara also joining us over Zoom
00:13:04> 00:13:05:	from Seattle.
00:13:06> 00:13:06:	Hi.
00:13:07> 00:13:08:	Hi, Mommy.
00:13:08> 00:13:08:	Hi.
00:13:10> 00:13:11:	There she is.
00:13:12> 00:13:13:	Welcome.
00:13:13> 00:13:14:	Thank you for.
00:13:16> 00:13:17:	So Kenneth, I want to start with you.
00:13:19> 00:13:23:	What compelled you to create a green schoolyard at
	Patterson
00:13:23> 00:13:23:	Elementary?
00:13:24> 00:13:26:	And years on, what are you seeing?

00:13:26> 00:13:28:	How has this improved the students lives and also the
00:13:28> 00:13:29:	people in the neighborhood?
00:13:30> 00:13:32:	Wow, I can talk about this for days.
00:13:32> 00:13:32:	You know that, right?
00:13:33> 00:13:36:	And I know I have a little bit of time,
00:13:36> 00:13:39:	but it started out as we had.
00:13:39> 00:13:42:	We collected data about what was going on within the
00:13:42> 00:13:44:	school, especially when it comes to our client.
00:13:44> 00:13:48:	We're collecting all the suspension data, different things that apply
00:13:48> 00:13:52:	to where occurrences were happening and incidents were happening.
00:13:52> 00:13:54:	And most of the incidents happened in our school yard.
00:13:55> 00:13:56:	At that time.
00:13:56> 00:13:59:	Our schoolyard was a concrete slab.
00:13:59> 00:13:59:	That's it.
00:14:00> 00:14:03:	We attempted to paint different things on the schoolyard floor,
00:14:03> 00:14:06:	on the on the ground to play baseball or different
00:14:06> 00:14:09:	things to try to encourage students to have to participate
00:14:09> 00:14:12:	in something during schoolyard during recess time.
00:14:13> 00:14:14:	Well, that didn't work.
00:14:14> 00:14:18:	I mean, our suspensions initially started around 5055 and they
00:14:18> 00:14:21:	started dwindling as we tried to get students engaged.
00:14:22> 00:14:26:	However, in 2014, we were lucky enough to win the
00:14:26> 00:14:31:	Limbach Award, which was an award for a great principal,
00:14:31> 00:14:35:	which I would like to think that I was, and
00:14:35> 00:14:37:	it came with a \$20,000 stipend.
00:14:38> 00:14:41:	And with that, we wanted to spend that money, use
00:14:41> 00:14:45:	that money to try to enhance the climate in our
00:14:45> 00:14:45:	school.
00:14:45> 00:14:47:	You know, everyone always wanted to buy more computers and
00:14:47> 00:14:48:	different things like that.
00:14:48> 00:14:52:	But I think what was impacting our instruction was the
00:14:52> 00:14:53:	climate.
00:14:53> 00:14:56:	So we kind of messed around and different things.
00:14:56> 00:15:00:	And I went downtown to the board and asked them
00:15:00> 00:15:04:	to actually use this \$20,000 to do some projects or
00:15:04> 00:15:06:	something within the schoolyard.
00:15:07> 00:15:09:	And I I went down there and my mind was
00:15:09> 00:15:13:	thinking maybe some basketball courts or something, but I

	only
00:15:13> 00:15:13:	only had \$20,000.
00:15:15> 00:15:16:	So I took it down.
00:15:16> 00:15:19:	The person down there was Danielle Floyd and I gave
00:15:19> 00:15:21:	her the I told her this is what I had,
00:15:21> 00:15:24:	and maybe to entice her a little bit more, I
00:15:24> 00:15:27:	gave her a coupon from McDonald's ahead.
00:15:27> 00:15:28:	If you buy one Big Mac, you get another one
00:15:28> 00:15:29:	free.
00:15:30> 00:15:33:	And she laughed and fell on the floor laughing.
00:15:34> 00:15:35:	But she knew it.
00:15:35> 00:15:37:	I was serious and she was serious.
00:15:37> 00:15:38:	She contacted.
00:15:38> 00:15:41:	A little bit of time went by and she contacted
00:15:41> 00:15:42:	Trust in Public Land.
00:15:42> 00:15:45:	Trust in Public Land stepped in and gave us this
00:15:45> 00:15:47:	beautiful idea of a green schoolyard.
00:15:47> 00:15:51:	And I spoke with, was it Gretchen at the time,
00:15:51> 00:15:54:	who was with Trust in Public Land?
00:15:54> 00:15:57:	She introduced the idea and how she would get our
00:15:57> 00:16:01:	students to get involved with the planning, the structure,
00.46.04 > 00.46.02.	everything
00:16:01> 00:16:02: 00:16:02> 00:16:05:	about this school yard.
00:16:02> 00:16:05:	So we turned it over to our 4th grade class
00:16:07> 00:16:07:	at that time as Miss Washington, and we thought that they were just going to say, OK, win some basketball
00:16:07> 00:16:10:	courts and some football.
00:16:11> 00:16:13:	And no, they didn't.
00:16:13> 00:16:17:	They actually drew in and designed a green schoolyard and
00:16:17> 00:16:20:	it was a fourth grade class that came through with
00:16:20> 00:16:22:	that and everything.
00:16:22> 00:16:23:	So we still didn't have the funding.
00:16:23> 00:16:24:	So we had some projects together.
00:16:24> 00:16:26:	We talked with trust in public line.
00:16:27> 00:16:28:	They gave us some ideas.
00:16:28> 00:16:31:	They sat with our class, we spoke on it, everyone
00:16:31> 00:16:35:	spoke on it, what we could do for that schoolyard.
00:16:35> 00:16:37:	We also had to speak to the community because since
00:16:38> 00:16:40:	trust in public land is public and some funds were
00:16:40> 00:16:43:	public, we had to make that schoolyard public.
00:16:43> 00:16:45:	So we had to talk with the in the community,
00:16:45> 00:16:47:	we had to speak with everyone involved that would be

00:16:48> 00:16:48:	involved with it.
00:16:49> 00:16:50:	We had to monitor, we have to get things to
00:16:50> 00:16:52:	monitor that schoolyard.
00:16:52> 00:16:56:	It was it was harder than what I expected, but
00:16:56> 00:16:58:	the outcome was phenomenal.
00:16:59> 00:17:01:	I mean extremely phenomenal.
00:17:01> 00:17:06:	As you stated earlier, I actually believe that that structure,
00:17:06> 00:17:11:	that school yard structure helped knock our incidents down from
00:17:11> 00:17:12:	50 to 0.
00:17:12> 00:17:14:	I mean there may have been some other factors, but
00:17:14> 00:17:16:	now then we had an engaged school yard.
00:17:16> 00:17:19:	We had students with set things to do within that
00:17:19> 00:17:19:	school yard.
00:17:19> 00:17:22:	We had instruction in that school yard and everything and
00:17:22> 00:17:25:	we had parents involved coming in because we had to
00:17:25> 00:17:27:	get them to monitor the school yard during the all
00:17:27> 00:17:28:	school hours.
00:17:28> 00:17:31:	Everything just turned out extremely well.
00:17:31> 00:17:33:	It benefited everyone involved with everything.
00:17:34> 00:17:34:	Amazing.
00:17:35> 00:17:37:	Well, I mean, one of the things I loved about
00:17:37> 00:17:41:	understanding this project better is that, you know, it's it's
00:17:41> 00:17:43:	schoolyard by day and park, you know, to the public
00:17:43> 00:17:46:	at at all other hours and especially in a neighborhood
00:17:46> 00:17:48:	that that didn't have a park.
00:17:48> 00:17:50:	So, oh, and I want to ask you because parks
00:17:50> 00:17:53:	are such incredible institutions, you know, they're the the places
00:17:53> 00:17:56:	where we get to see one another, to connect with
00:17:56> 00:17:56:	one another.
00:17:57> 00:18:00:	They're they're democratic at their core and TPL has is
00:18:00> 00:18:04:	its hallmark is community engagement in my mind and not
00:18:04> 00:18:09:	just checking the box on community engagement but actually putting
00:18:09> 00:18:13:	communities in in in leadership positions to to determine what
00:18:13> 00:18:17:	their public parks will be especially in communities have been
00:18:17> 00:18:19:	historically marginalized.
00:18:20> 00:18:22:	So what's your secret sauce?
00:18:22> 00:18:26:	How do you engage communities effectively and and authentically and
00:18:26> 00:18:29:	and also how does that process help to build the

00:18:29> 00:18:33:	social infrastructure that's necessary further right ahead?
00:18:36> 00:18:37:	OK, there we go.
00:18:38> 00:18:40:	I mean, I wish there was a rubric and a
00:18:40> 00:18:44:	a a perfect special sauce that the ingredient list I
00:18:44> 00:18:45:	could could lay out.
00:18:45> 00:18:46:	But there is not.
00:18:47> 00:18:49:	In some ways it's far more complicated and some ways
00:18:49> 00:18:50:	it's far more simple.
00:18:50> 00:18:53:	I think from from the simplicity standpoint, it's it's about
00:18:53> 00:18:56:	having the commitment to an authentic connection with people and
00:18:57> 00:19:00:	understanding that there is real value and learning and genius
00:19:00> 00:19:02:	that comes from authentic connections between people.
00:19:04> 00:19:07:	And I think the more complicated side comes from the
00:19:07> 00:19:11:	time that is required to be spent building those relationships,
00:19:11> 00:19:13:	building that competence and trust.
00:19:15> 00:19:21:	And the the need to have a shared learning experience.
00:19:21> 00:19:25:	Where the the people who are not spending all their
00:19:25> 00:19:29:	days thinking about tracing shadows or mapping where puddles form,
00:19:29> 00:19:30:	but know very much like.
00:19:30> 00:19:32:	Where kids are fighting and know very much.
00:19:32> 00:19:34:	Where the trash collects and know very much where it
00:19:34> 00:19:36:	gets too hot in a schoolyard.
00:19:36> 00:19:40:	And to couple with the people who who can teach
00:19:40> 00:19:43:	others about what it means to live in a watershed
00:19:43> 00:19:46:	And what it means to be in a place that
00:19:46> 00:19:50:	is is providing so many different critical benefits at the
00:19:51> 00:19:55:	same time in cohesion and environmental resilience and in community
00:19:55> 00:19:56:	health.
00:19:57> 00:20:00:	And for us, our engagement occurs, of course, during site
00:20:01> 00:20:01:	design.
00:20:01> 00:20:03:	There's a very specific point in time where there's a
00:20:03> 00:20:03:	very.
00:20:04> 00:20:07:	Intentional means of engaging people with with I think that's
00:20:07> 00:20:09:	where we get the most formulaic.
00:20:11> 00:20:14:	But that engagement is both for us to learn from
00:20:14> 00:20:17:	them but also for them to learn from each other
00:20:17> 00:20:21:	and to form those relationships that then really provide value
00:20:21> 00:20:23:	once the place is completed.
00:20:24> 00:20:27:	We we know that, as you just said, that these

00:20:27> 00:20:30:	spaces are where we meet each other and when we
00:20:30> 00:20:34:	meet each other in public space, that we get demystified
00:20:34> 00:20:38:	about one another, and we learn very quickly that we
00:20:38> 00:20:41:	have far more in common than we might have otherwise
00:20:41> 00:20:42:	assumed.
00:20:42> 00:20:46:	And when we think about the factors that make a
00:20:46> 00:20:52:	city resilient in the face of changing climate challenges, connectivity
00:20:52> 00:20:55:	is the most important thing that I can think of.
00:20:55> 00:20:58:	Immediately that's available to everybody as far as what they
00:20:58> 00:21:01:	can do to survive the challenges that might be coming
00:21:01> 00:21:01:	our way.
00:21:02> 00:21:04:	Like simply having somebody know that you exist, simply having
00:21:04> 00:21:07:	somebody think to maybe knock on your door and see
00:21:07> 00:21:08:	how you're doing.
00:21:08> 00:21:11:	Simply having somebody who's air conditioning might be working on
00:21:11> 00:21:12:	a day where yours isn't.
00:21:13> 00:21:16:	Having somebody to to provide you that sense of connectivity
00:21:16> 00:21:20:	and belonging when you are otherwise feeling some some concerns
00:21:20> 00:21:23:	and fear to spare like that is a very fundamental
00:21:23> 00:21:25:	need that all humans have and it's a very real
00:21:26> 00:21:29:	output of public spaces that perform in a very highway.
00:21:31> 00:21:33:	Mark, I want to get to you too.
00:21:33> 00:21:38:	But the, you know, historically stormwater has been wasted in
00:21:39> 00:21:40:	a lot of cities.
00:21:40> 00:21:43:	That's conveyed as quickly as possible from our streets and
00:21:43> 00:21:47:	parks and neighborhoods where where it might actually be something
00:21:47> 00:21:49:	that could nourish those places.
00:21:50> 00:21:52:	And and Philadelphia's really changed that.
00:21:52> 00:21:53:	You know, it's created.
00:21:54> 00:21:57:	Making storm water really has become a resource not only
00:21:57> 00:22:00:	for greening the city, but also for creating holistic solutions
00:22:00> 00:22:02:	that improve people's lives.
00:22:02> 00:22:04:	That gets to a little bit to what Owen's touching
00:22:04> 00:22:04:	on.
00:22:05> 00:22:09:	So 12 years into Green City, Clear, clean waters, you
00:22:09> 00:22:13:	have hundreds of projects that are unfolding every year.
00:22:13> 00:22:16:	What What has worked well and what do you do

00:22:16> 00:22:19:	you need to improve upon going forward?
00:22:20> 00:22:20:	Cool.
00:22:20> 00:22:20:	Thank you, Ellie.
00:22:21> 00:22:24:	I want to give a little context but the the
00:22:24> 00:22:27:	end of that statement what has worked well is I'll,
00:22:27> 00:22:29:	I'll give you the answer first or or is I
00:22:29> 00:22:33:	think we've built some trust and we've shown that that
00:22:33> 00:22:36:	we can value, we can re again value water right.
00:22:36> 00:22:38:	We appreciate water and and what it means and how
00:22:38> 00:22:39:	we manage it.
00:22:39> 00:22:41:	So that that's the very short answer.
00:22:41> 00:22:44:	But the water department is A1 water utility we we
00:22:44> 00:22:48:	manage water, wastewater and stormwater services for 1.7 million people
00:22:48> 00:22:49:	in this city.
00:22:49> 00:22:51:	We spent a billion and a half dollars a year
00:22:51> 00:22:53:	of capital and operating money to do it.
00:22:54> 00:22:56:	And it takes everyone who lives in Philadelphia pays these
00:22:56> 00:22:57:	bills, right.
00:22:57> 00:23:00:	We manage your, your money to make these investments to
00:23:00> 00:23:01:	keep the city thriving.
00:23:01> 00:23:04:	And you know, we're subject to the regulatory environment, which
00:23:01> 00:23:04: 00:23:04> 00:23:06:	
	which
00:23:04> 00:23:06:	which is, you know, fishable swimming, you know, Clean Water Act
00:23:04> 00:23:06: 00:23:06> 00:23:09: 00:23:10> 00:23:12: 00:23:12> 00:23:15:	which is, you know, fishable swimming, you know, Clean Water Act safe drinking Water Act fishable, swimmable, drinkable.
00:23:04> 00:23:06: 00:23:06> 00:23:09: 00:23:10> 00:23:12:	which is, you know, fishable swimming, you know, Clean Water Act safe drinking Water Act fishable, swimmable, drinkable. But decades ago, we realized we need to do more
00:23:04> 00:23:06: 00:23:06> 00:23:09: 00:23:10> 00:23:12: 00:23:12> 00:23:15:	which is, you know, fishable swimming, you know, Clean Water Act safe drinking Water Act fishable, swimmable, drinkable. But decades ago, we realized we need to do more than just being a core service provider, right?
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00:23:57> 00:24:00:	There's a Creek near my, like, anywhere near my house.
00:24:00> 00:24:01:	What are you even talking about?
00:24:01> 00:24:02:	Like, I don't.
00:24:02> 00:24:06:	I'm so disconnected with that water body that you're about
00:24:06> 00:24:09:	to spend billions of dollars to try to bring, you
00:24:09> 00:24:13:	know, to some water quality condition that I don't like.
00:24:13> 00:24:14:	l just don't get it.
00:24:14> 00:24:14:	It's not.
00:24:14> 00:24:16:	It's just not computing.
00:24:16> 00:24:18:	And it really started us to think about how do
00:24:18> 00:24:21:	we now invest, you know, what is going to be
00:24:21> 00:24:24:	billions of dollars over the next couple decades of ratepayer
00:24:24> 00:24:27:	money in a city that's 26% below the federal poverty
00:24:27> 00:24:27:	line?
00:24:28> 00:24:30:	And how do we actually bring some value to them.
00:24:31> 00:24:33:	And the simplest way to state it is that we
00:24:33> 00:24:37:	we through their interaction, their their communication, we realized we
00:24:37> 00:24:40:	needed to invest in their community to kind of leverage
00:24:40> 00:24:43:	all the infrastructure that's under their community.
00:24:43> 00:24:45:	And I know it's a little, you know maybe a
00:24:45> 00:24:47:	little hokey to say that, but we we said that
00:24:47> 00:24:50:	two decades ago and it and it's still resonating now.
00:24:51> 00:24:54:	So you know for for 12 years we've been implementing
00:24:54> 00:24:55:	projects, right.
00:24:55> 00:24:58:	We've been trying to manage water where it falls bring
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	value you know to it investing in the community.
00:25:01> 00:25:03:	We've seen, you know, some of what we heard already,
00:25:03> 00:25:03:	right?
00:25:03> 00:25:08:	We've seen education improvements, narcotics reduction, you know, statistics, job
00:25:08> 00:25:12:	creation, ecological uplift, stormwater management.
00:25:13> 00:25:14:	We've seen all those benefits.
00:25:14> 00:25:16:	But I really think what it's done over the last
00:25:16> 00:25:19:	couple decades by investing in communities is people saying that
00:25:19> 00:25:22:	when there's a water department truck now that drives down
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	your street, hopefully you're not thinking they're there to shut
00:25:25> 00:25:27:	off your water or to deal with a main break
00:25:27> 00:25:30:	that you're actually bringing some kind of value into that
00:25:30> 00:25:30:	community.
00:25:30> 00:25:32:	So we have a long ways to go.
00:25:32> 00:25:34:	But I I I think again, the very short answer

00:25:34> 00:25:38:	is hopefully some value valuing water again valuing the entity
00:25:38> 00:25:41:	that is trying to manage their water resource as well
00:25:41> 00:25:42:	into the future.
00:25:43> 00:25:44:	That's great, Mommy.
00:25:44> 00:25:46:	I'd love to bring you into this too.
00:25:46> 00:25:49:	That before you worked for the Philadelphia Water Department, you
00:25:49> 00:25:53:	led the Green Plan Philadelphia, which really laid the groundwork
00:25:53> 00:25:56:	for a lot of the green infrastructure solutions and the
00:25:56> 00:25:58:	school yards that we're looking at today.
00:26:00> 00:26:03:	And this work was really informed by the needs of
00:26:03> 00:26:07:	communities and and and not necessarily communities that are that
00:26:07> 00:26:10:	had traditionally benefited from public investments.
00:26:11> 00:26:14:	So Philadelphia has become such a clear and strong example
00:26:14> 00:26:15:	of putting equity first.
00:26:15> 00:26:20:	This seems strange to be like looking at Sorry, but
00:26:20> 00:26:25:	and it's also it's a city that's been really creative
00:26:26> 00:26:28:	with its limited budgets.
00:26:28> 00:26:32:	So what should other cities be learning from Philadelphia?
00:26:32> 00:26:35:	And how should future investments in the US prioritize communities
00:26:35> 00:26:38:	that have been historically under resourced?
00:26:39> 00:26:40:	Those are great questions, Ali.
00:26:40> 00:26:43:	And you know, I have to give a lot of
00:26:43> 00:26:47:	credit to the folks in the room, the panelists, you
00:26:47> 00:26:51:	know, lots of people that aren't that aren't even in
00:26:51> 00:26:55:	the room who put so much into developing Philadelphia's vision
00:26:55> 00:26:56:	and programs.
00:26:57> 00:27:01:	Because it is amazing how much Philadelphia has been able
00:27:01> 00:27:05:	to accomplish given how low income the city is overall.
00:27:05> 00:27:08:	And if if Philadelphia can do it.
00:27:08> 00:27:11:	I said that's a great template for other cities in
00:27:11> 00:27:12:	the nation.
00:27:13> 00:27:17:	I think that fundamental to making sure that community members
00:27:18> 00:27:22:	are served, that low income communities are best served.
00:27:22> 00:27:25:	You know that you really have to focus on community
00:27:25> 00:27:27:	engagement, empowerment and visioning.
00:27:28> 00:27:30:	In addition to Green Plan Mark I don't know if

00:27:30> 00:27:33:	you remember right we were also working at the same
00:27:33> 00:27:37:	time on several neighborhood related environmental justice plans that William
00:27:37> 00:27:41:	Penn was funding in different neighborhoods and also in in
00:27:41> 00:27:42:	Philadelphia and Camden.
00:27:43> 00:27:47:	There were a lot of several concurrent watershed visions that
00:27:47> 00:27:50:	that that I was working on in development for PWD
00:27:50> 00:27:53:	but with community my firm was also and I would
00:27:53> 00:27:56:	you know we're working on the civic vision for the
00:27:56> 00:27:57:	central Delaware.
00:27:57> 00:27:59:	And so and you know we were I was Co
00:27:59> 00:28:01:	chair of the community design collaborative.
00:28:01> 00:28:04:	There were a lot of people engaged with different communities
00:28:04> 00:28:08:	on developing different kinds of visions for how to improve
00:28:08> 00:28:11:	their their, their neighbourhoods at a time when it was
00:28:11> 00:28:13:	even worse than it is now, you know, in terms
00:28:13> 00:28:16:	of the kind of investment that was available.
00:28:16> 00:28:19:	And there was a lot of really cumulative vision building
00:28:19> 00:28:22:	that added up and helped I think to provide some
00:28:22> 00:28:26:	support for the overall vision of Green City clean waters.
00:28:26> 00:28:28:	And so you know, one, you know, we really did
00:28:28> 00:28:30:	have to learn that you're doing.
00:28:30> 00:28:33:	They were that kind of work with people and not
00:28:33> 00:28:36:	to them, but you know, I think the art of
00:28:36> 00:28:40:	engagement has probably advanced quite a bit in in Philadelphia
00:28:40> 00:28:41:	since then.
00:28:42> 00:28:46:	I think another lesson though, besides engagement is the need
00:28:46> 00:28:51:	to understand the correlations between the kinds of opportunities and
00:28:51> 00:28:55:	needs that and exist in underserved communities because you know,
00:28:55> 00:28:59:	vacant land, other things which are really can be very
00:28:59> 00:29:02:	blighting can also be looked at as an opportunity.
00:29:02> 00:29:07:	The hidden streams, you know, vacancy, neglected environments, understanding the
00:29:07> 00:29:11:	the environmental and social opportunity that they present.
00:29:11> 00:29:16:	Another thing that I think that Philadelphia was really good
00:29:16> 00:29:19:	at was an early focus on key issues focusing on
00:29:19> 00:29:24:	green city, clean waters, you know, minority participation and contracting
00:29:25> 00:29:29:	certain other you know programs that could have significant

	impact
00:29:29> 00:29:33:	on a wider level than just the dollars being spent
00:29:33> 00:29:35:	on them was I think very strategic.
00:29:37> 00:29:40:	But the most, I think the most important thing though
00:29:40> 00:29:44:	is the vision and leadership leverage and persistence that has
00:29:44> 00:29:47:	happened across sectors in Philadelphia.
00:29:47> 00:29:49:	This is really about the people.
00:29:50> 00:29:52:	You know, there was a lot, there's been a lot
00:29:53> 00:29:56:	of leadership from the William Penn Foundation and you know,
00:29:56> 00:29:58:	some continuity of funding around greening.
00:29:59> 00:30:03:	There's been, you know, a lot of vision and leadership
00:30:03> 00:30:07:	around changing the city through investments in in in in
00:30:07> 00:30:10:	greening and other outdoor enhancements.
00:30:10> 00:30:11:	Leadership like marks.
00:30:12> 00:30:15:	It has provided so much important continuity and and that's
00:30:15> 00:30:18:	also happened in other city departments.
00:30:18> 00:30:22:	There's also the whole NGO sector in Philadelphia that has,
00:30:22> 00:30:26:	I mean Philadelphia has a community of volunteerism and you
00:30:26> 00:30:30:	know, I think that other cities can really learn from
00:30:30> 00:30:34:	that, you know, and volunteers and by both national and
00:30:34> 00:30:35:	local NGOs.
00:30:34> 00:30:35: 00:30:35> 00:30:38:	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be amazing.
	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be
00:30:35> 00:30:38:	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be amazing.
00:30:35> 00:30:38: 00:30:38> 00:30:40:	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be amazing. There's so much volunteerism.
00:30:35> 00:30:38: 00:30:38> 00:30:40: 00:30:41> 00:30:44:	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be amazing. There's so much volunteerism. When I was at the Collaborative, there were, you know,
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00:30:35> 00:30:38: 00:30:38> 00:30:40: 00:30:41> 00:30:44: 00:30:44> 00:30:47: 00:30:47> 00:30:48: 00:30:49> 00:30:52: 00:30:52> 00:30:56: 00:30:56> 00:31:00: 00:31:00> 00:31:03: 00:31:07> 00:31:10: 00:31:14> 00:31:17: 00:31:14> 00:31:20:	There's also the private sector in Philadelphia can be amazing. There's so much volunteerism. When I was at the Collaborative, there were, you know, just so many firms were dedicating their time and envisioning what could happen. And academia has also in Philadelphia been a great support. So that's, I think just trying to figure out ways to connect and leverage each other's efforts is always key. There are two more things I just want to mention is that I think that policy folks like Mark and others have done a really great job of finding strategic balance between sticks, carrots and funding and financing for both public and private investment, right. There's I think that there's always been an attempt to

00:31:29> 00:31:31:	And I think that's been really key.
00:31:32> 00:31:35:	But one thing that I think that you know given
00:31:35> 00:31:39:	that I haven't been in Philadelphia for several years that
00:31:39> 00:31:41:	I did discover in in Seattle too is you know
00:31:42> 00:31:45:	the policy and data tools are always improving and it's
00:31:45> 00:31:49:	important to always be looking as you make improvements to
00:31:49> 00:31:53:	look at and implement the best anti displacement policies and
00:31:53> 00:31:54:	programs possible.
00:31:54> 00:31:58:	You know, because there's always a kind of negative unintended
00:31:58> 00:32:01:	consequences of the investments that you can make and also
00:32:02> 00:32:05:	the use of predictive and data informed modelling at systems
00:32:05> 00:32:09:	level to make sure that you aren't driving inequity by
00:32:09> 00:32:13:	just looking at complaint drivens decision making or that you
00:32:13> 00:32:17:	aren't prioritizing things that are based on incorrect assumptions that
00:32:17> 00:32:19:	continue to drive inequity.
00:32:20> 00:32:23:	And so, you know, and I think that also a
00:32:23> 00:32:27:	lot of the new approaches for climate resilience and the
00:32:27> 00:32:31:	benefits of climate and and the more more recent research
00:32:31> 00:32:37:	around climate resilience investments I think should be also incorporated
00:32:37> 00:32:41:	in order to ensure that, you know, investments are being
00:32:41> 00:32:43:	made in an equitable manner.
00:32:44> 00:32:47:	That was the long answer, but that's.
00:32:49> 00:32:49:	Great, Mommy.
00:32:49> 00:32:49:	Thank you.
00:32:49> 00:32:52:	That's I want to follow up a little bit on
00:32:52> 00:32:54:	the funding piece of what you mentioned.
00:32:56> 00:32:59:	You know obviously we've talked about the benefits of green
00:32:59> 00:33:03:	infrastructure you know to to community health and education, recreation
00:33:03> 00:33:05:	neighborhood resilience, all of these things.
00:33:06> 00:33:10:	But but often budgets are siloed you know they're they're
00:33:10> 00:33:14:	in in different departments in city government they're they're public
00:33:14> 00:33:15:	or private property.
00:33:15> 00:33:18:	We break up the city in all of these ways
00:33:18> 00:33:22:	that are actually doesn't watersheds don't match with that.
00:33:22> 00:33:26:	So I'm wondering what the right constellation of partnerships are
00:33:26> 00:33:31:	in creating green infrastructure at scale and especially in

	communities
00:33:31> 00:33:32:	that need them.
00:33:32> 00:33:34:	And also just to how do we make our cities
00:33:34> 00:33:36:	more resilient in general?
00:33:38> 00:33:42:	Well, I I do believe that in many instances what
00:33:42> 00:33:47:	can help to bring together genius well intended but hyper
00:33:47> 00:33:52:	focused agencies is somebody who's not within those agencies and
00:33:52> 00:33:57:	having an external actor like I'll say TPL can sometimes
00:33:57> 00:33:59:	serve as that actor.
00:33:59> 00:34:01:	And I'll tell you what we do in Philadelphia where
00:34:02> 00:34:04:	we are helping to champion the multiple benefits of what
00:34:04> 00:34:05:	we can all do together.
00:34:06> 00:34:09:	So we're not only working within different, you know, departments
00:34:09> 00:34:12:	within one government, We're working really in two different organizations
00:34:12> 00:34:14:	between the School District of Philadelphia and the City of
00:34:14> 00:34:15:	Philadelphia.
00:34:15> 00:34:19:	And despite the fact that money goes in both directions,
00:34:19> 00:34:22:	well, you know, quite a bit, it's actually very hard
00:34:22> 00:34:27:	to get predictable interagency collaboration on paper between the City
00:34:27> 00:34:31:	of Philadelphia and School District of Philadelphia for no want
00:34:31> 00:34:33:	of intention, for no want of impact.
00:34:33> 00:34:37:	But just because it's hard but to have an organization
00:34:37> 00:34:40:	that can have a a big board view of the
00:34:40> 00:34:44:	multiple impacts that we can obtain together and then echo
00:34:44> 00:34:45:	that impact.
00:34:45> 00:34:46:	Sometimes you're echoing different impact.
00:34:46> 00:34:49:	When I'm talking the school district, I'm not necessarily talking
00:34:49> 00:34:51:	first and foremost about the stormwater capture.
00:34:52> 00:34:54:	But I know that the water department is right at
00:34:54> 00:34:57:	my side working with me to realize a green schoolyard
00:34:57> 00:35:01:	that from anybody's enjoyment in anybody's, you know, public health
00:35:01> 00:35:03:	or climate resiliency is far better than it would be
00:35:04> 00:35:05:	without their investment.
00:35:06> 00:35:08:	You know, we are able to kind of keep those
00:35:08> 00:35:11:	partners at the table, understanding how their mandates can be
00:35:11> 00:35:15:	advanced while mandates of another agency are also being

	advanced.
00:35:15> 00:35:20:	And you know, this kind of intervention is one that
00:35:20> 00:35:27:	advances certainly are in environmental regulatory agencies, but also education,
00:35:27> 00:35:29:	health, safety, economy.
00:35:29> 00:35:32:	There's multiple public agencies out there that could use this
00:35:33> 00:35:35:	kind of tool to advance what they exist to do.
00:35:36> 00:35:40:	Right, Marker.
00:35:40> 00:35:42:	Kenneth or Mommy, do you want to weigh in on
00:35:42> 00:35:42:	that?
00:35:44> 00:35:47:	The the only thing that I would add because they
00:35:47> 00:35:51:	think that all the panelists are so expert at bringing
00:35:51> 00:35:54:	about good balance of of different members to the table
00:35:54> 00:35:57:	is that you know there's a there's a limit to
00:35:57> 00:36:00:	how much you can squeeze out through partnership.
00:36:01> 00:36:03:	And we all we all have to keep our eye
00:36:03> 00:36:07:	on the need for greater federal and state funding and
00:36:07> 00:36:11:	support for the agendas that really matter right around water
00:36:11> 00:36:13:	and parks and and that there has to be a
00:36:13> 00:36:18:	continued scaling up of significant investment for climate resilience and
00:36:18> 00:36:19:	other key objectives.
00:36:20> 00:36:23:	And so I think that part of our collaboration needs
00:36:23> 00:36:27:	to be around continued advocacy on the value of water,
00:36:27> 00:36:30:	on the value of of open space investments.
00:36:30> 00:36:34:	And and you know, because as long as we work
00:36:34> 00:36:38:	in an overly constrained environment there is at some point
00:36:38> 00:36:41:	a limit of to what's possible and and you know
00:36:41> 00:36:44:	and it will damage the resilience of our cities.
00:36:46> 00:36:47:	Kenneth, did you?
00:36:47> 00:36:48:	OK, All right.
00:36:49> 00:36:50:	Mark, do you want to add a new?
00:36:50> 00:36:53:	Account Well, when you when you have kind of the
00:36:53> 00:36:57:	challenges that we have to to be a climate resilient
00:36:57> 00:37:02:	city to deal with massive regulatory responsibilities, you need every
00:37:02> 00:37:03:	partner imaginable.
00:37:04> 00:37:05:	It is really hard.
00:37:05> 00:37:06:	We get up all the money in the world but
00:37:06> 00:37:09:	you're not delivering it without willing partners, willing land owners,
00:37:09> 00:37:10:	right.
00:37:10> 00:37:14:	Willing professional services to put it together, willing folks to

00:37:14> 00:37:15:	maintain it right.
00:37:15> 00:37:17:	I mean, it takes a massive village to do what
00:37:17> 00:37:18:	we've done at scale.
00:37:18> 00:37:20:	And and you know, as Mommy said, it's it's, you
00:37:21> 00:37:24:	know, the money we've received is great, but it pales
00:37:24> 00:37:26:	in comparison to what we need to really bring about
00:37:26> 00:37:30:	the changes that that you're envisioning that, you know, documented
00:37:30> 00:37:32:	to an extent in your book.
00:37:33> 00:37:35:	And you know, we've seen a lot of change, a
00:37:35> 00:37:37:	lot of transformation in the city.
00:37:37> 00:37:39:	But there's a hell of a way to go and
00:37:39> 00:37:42:	the city needs more resources or we need to magically
00:37:42> 00:37:44:	figure out a way to melt our resources so much
00:37:44> 00:37:46:	better than we've done to date.
00:37:47> 00:37:49:	But, you know, we've seen some initial wins, right?
00:37:49> 00:37:51:	I mean the the philanthropic money going to to the
00:37:51> 00:37:53:	city for the rebuild initiative, right.
00:37:54> 00:37:56:	We now can go to sites to think about adding
00:37:56> 00:38:00:	stormwater to public facilities because there's an investment in that
00:38:00> 00:38:01:	public facility, right?
00:38:01> 00:38:04:	And we're not just tacking on stormwater to a building
00:38:04> 00:38:05:	that's falling apart, right?
00:38:06> 00:38:09:	Or sidewalks that are that are non existent and crumbling
00:38:09> 00:38:11:	or you know, roofs that are leaking.
00:38:11> 00:38:12:	It's a little bit weird for us to go and
00:38:12> 00:38:14:	stormwater on the site when everything else is kind of
00:38:14> 00:38:15:	decrepit.
00:38:15> 00:38:18:	So things like rebuild and that influx of money helps.
00:38:18> 00:38:21:	The money that just went for the Philly Tree plant,
00:38:21> 00:38:23:	you know, we've been trying to plant more trees throughout
00:38:23> 00:38:25:	the city and we we linked them to store more
00:38:25> 00:38:27:	management practices or green infrastructure.
00:38:28> 00:38:29:	We all know we need more of them And the
00:38:30> 00:38:32:	entity to do that is Parks and Rec and Tree
00:38:32> 00:38:34:	Tenders and Horticultural Society and all these other folks.
00:38:35> 00:38:37:	But they didn't have the resources and now we've seen
00:38:37> 00:38:38:	a chunk of money come in.
00:38:38> 00:38:40:	So you know, there's some things that are happening that
00:38:40> 00:38:41:	are augmenting.
00:38:41> 00:38:42:	You know what?

00:38:42> 00:38:44:	What we have scraped together as a city.
00:38:45> 00:38:47:	And that's promising, but it is so much more.
00:38:51> 00:38:53:	I I think, Mark, you reflected on this when we
00:38:53> 00:38:56:	spoke before this panel that, you know, often when one
00:38:56> 00:38:59:	green schoolyard goes in, in the neighborhood, it's easier to
00:38:59> 00:39:00:	put the second one in, right.
00:39:01> 00:39:04:	And so and and Kenneth, you probably had that experience
00:39:04> 00:39:06:	of neighbors sort of saying, well, you did that at,
00:39:06> 00:39:08:	you know, Patterson, what can I do?
00:39:09> 00:39:12:	So I'm wondering with the momentum that's built from the
00:39:12> 00:39:16:	enthusiasm for these projects, there's it seems to me that
00:39:16> 00:39:20:	there's also an opportunity to build advocacy and leadership alongside
00:39:20> 00:39:20:	it.
00:39:21> 00:39:25:	And as federal funding for climate solutions, it becomes, you
00:39:25> 00:39:29:	know this this huge influx of money through the IIJ
00:39:29> 00:39:30:	and the IRA.
00:39:31> 00:39:34:	You know, how can it help to to bolster communities
00:39:34> 00:39:38:	and community based organizations so that they can become local
00:39:38> 00:39:42:	advocates for for this kind of work in Philadelphia?
00:39:45> 00:39:48:	I guess one thing that I'd I'd add is that
00:39:48> 00:39:52:	it can be very hard for community based organizations to
00:39:52> 00:39:57:	to know that those federal funding opportunities exist to navigate
00:39:57> 00:40:00:	the very complicated application process.
00:40:00> 00:40:02:	They might even be eligible applicants for some of these
00:40:02> 00:40:02:	sources.
00:40:04> 00:40:07:	And there is at the same time a very real
00:40:07> 00:40:11:	need to have these community based organizations resourced so that
00:40:11> 00:40:14:	they're able to sit at the same table with the
00:40:14> 00:40:17:	agencies that are eligible applicants to get this work done,
00:40:17> 00:40:21:	so that the work is done with real community expertise,
00:40:21> 00:40:26:	with real sustainability, with community ownership and protection stewardship.
00:40:26> 00:40:29:	So what what we all need to be more sensitive
00:40:29> 00:40:32:	about is, is how do we make a line item
00:40:32> 00:40:35:	in our budgets for this kind of collaboration?
00:40:35> 00:40:38:	How do we actually provide financial resources to, excuse
	me,
00:40:38> 00:40:42:	the community based organizations given the unique expertise that they
00:40:42> 00:40:43:	are bringing to this work?

00:40:44> 00:40:47:	And that's an unfortunate and temporary power dynamic that is
00:40:47> 00:40:49:	is still like of a grant tour to a grantee.
00:40:49> 00:40:52:	But at the same time, we we do need to
00:40:52> 00:40:55:	figure out, you know, how we are truly acknowledging the
00:40:55> 00:40:59:	the real expertise, the real effort, the real time that
00:40:59> 00:41:03:	people living in neighborhoods are contributing to these big civic
00:41:03> 00:41:05:	infrastructure projects.
00:41:05> 00:41:07:	I'm not saying that every volunteer hour should be a
00:41:07> 00:41:08:	paid hour.
00:41:08> 00:41:10:	I think there's real value in having civic engagement for
00:41:10> 00:41:11:	its own sake.
00:41:11> 00:41:14:	But I do think that we need to have from
00:41:14> 00:41:17:	jump an expectation that as we are looking to large
00:41:17> 00:41:21:	federal funding sources, private sources, state sources, you know, how
00:41:21> 00:41:25:	are we allocating resources for public involvement that's not just
00:41:25> 00:41:26:	volunteer.
00:41:27> 00:41:27:	Yeah.
00:41:28> 00:41:32:	If we could jump in on that one issue that
00:41:32> 00:41:37:	that Owen just brought up, you know that's a real
00:41:37> 00:41:37:	issue.
00:41:37> 00:41:42:	And so our Environmental Finance Centre does try to leverage
00:41:42> 00:41:49:	philanthropic support for providing stipends and other kinds of compensation,
00:41:49> 00:41:54:	logistics support for community groups and you know, folks from
00:41:54> 00:42:01:	underserved communities to participate in our technical assistance efforts to
00:42:01> 00:42:03:	help them access federal funding.
00:42:04> 00:42:08:	I think that other and technical assistance providers are doing
00:42:09> 00:42:09:	that as well.
00:42:10> 00:42:15:	EPA just recently named a whole bunch of different regional
00:42:15> 00:42:20:	recipients for what's called a Tic Tac grant from the
00:42:20> 00:42:25:	EP as Environmental Justice Group and the National Wildlife Federation
00:42:25> 00:42:29:	was the Mid-Atlantic or the Region 3 recipient.
00:42:30> 00:42:35:	And locally there's some community groups in Philadelphia, I mean
00:42:35> 00:42:39:	in Philadelphia that are part of that group, that are
00:42:39> 00:42:43:	I think aimed at trying to help some some potential

00:42:43> 00:42:49:	recipients or partners to better participate in the funding schema.
00:42:49> 00:42:53:	And additionally, the University of Maryland has been named by
00:42:54> 00:42:58:	EPA as the Regional Environmental Finance Centre and EPS also
00:42:58> 00:43:02:	designated the US Water Alliance and a small handful of
00:43:02> 00:43:06:	others to be the National Environmental Finance Centres.
00:43:06> 00:43:10:	That can help with, you know, facilitating that kind of
00:43:10> 00:43:15:	engagement to help create community LED visions and funding schema
00:43:15> 00:43:20:	in coordination with it, you know, when it's necessary with
00:43:20> 00:43:24:	agencies who would be the primary financer or the loan
00:43:24> 00:43:27:	recipient or grant recipient.
00:43:30> 00:43:34:	Well, my question is, I was fortunate enough to have
00:43:34> 00:43:37:	Danielle and she was able to connect me with trust
00:43:38> 00:43:39:	in public land.
00:43:39> 00:43:41:	But other than that, I would not have a means
00:43:41> 00:43:43:	to know exactly what funds were available.
00:43:44> 00:43:48:	So how could it be where somehow funds available would
00:43:48> 00:43:53:	be more transparent so I can understand where I could
00:43:53> 00:43:56:	reach out to to if I needed that type of
00:43:56> 00:43:57:	assistance?
00:43:58> 00:43:59:	Yeah, absolutely.
00:44:00> 00:44:03:	Mommy, do you have like, suggestions from your?
00:44:03> 00:44:04:	Experience.
00:44:04> 00:44:04:	Yeah.
00:44:04> 00:44:06:	I'm sorry, maybe I put that so badly that it
00:44:06> 00:44:09:	wasn't clear that those are the, those are some really
00:44:09> 00:44:11:	nice early resources that can be used.
00:44:11> 00:44:14:	And Kenneth, I'd be happy to follow up with you
00:44:14> 00:44:17:	and help you connect with some of the folks who
00:44:17> 00:44:20:	could potentially provide technical assistance.
00:44:20> 00:44:27:	I think one nice thing about Philadelphia being in Pennsylvania
00:44:27> 00:44:33:	is that the state revolving fund does allow for both
00:44:33> 00:44:41:	both governmental and NGO recipients for state revolving fund grants
00:44:41> 00:44:42:	and loans.
00:44:42> 00:44:44:	And so that's a while right now while there's a
00:44:44> 00:44:47:	lot of money that I think that that could be
00:44:47> 00:44:50:	a good route as long as people are coordinated in
00:44:50> 00:44:53:	their, in their approaches and that people aren't kind of

00:44:53> 00:44:56:	blocking the good work of others, which Mark, we've seen
00:44:56> 00:44:59:	before when there's a lack of coordination, right, Yep.
00:45:00> 00:45:00:	Yep.
00:45:01> 00:45:01:	Yeah.
00:45:02> 00:45:03:	I mean I will just add it at a micro
00:45:03> 00:45:04:	level to to your question.
00:45:04> 00:45:09:	I mean we we've structured outreach specialists and district planners
00:45:09> 00:45:11:	at kind of a a very local level.
00:45:12> 00:45:16:	So hopefully we're seeing the early returns of you know
00:45:16> 00:45:19:	the water department being able to connect better at at
00:45:19> 00:45:22:	the local level to tell you what's available when projects
00:45:22> 00:45:25:	are happening, what money is out there.
00:45:25> 00:45:27:	You know how you can you know drum up support.
00:45:28> 00:45:29:	We work quite a bit with council.
00:45:29> 00:45:32:	I mean council constituent services should be very helpful in
00:45:32> 00:45:35:	kind of spreading our message right to all cities message
00:45:35> 00:45:37:	not just the water department at that local level as
00:45:37> 00:45:37:	well.
00:45:37> 00:45:39:	But yeah, we could do a lot better as a
00:45:40> 00:45:42:	city of of really kind of telling you you know
00:45:42> 00:45:44:	what we're up to what we have what we need
00:45:44> 00:45:46:	to do and and engagement better.
00:45:47> 00:45:50:	So yeah, I just, I love the phrase community LED
00:45:50> 00:45:51:	visions, right.
00:45:51> 00:45:53:	I mean I think you know we say it but
00:45:53> 00:45:55:	we don't do it as much and I think we
00:45:55> 00:45:58:	are seeing a movement towards you know a movement away
00:45:58> 00:46:01:	engineering 1st and selling the project to the community and
00:46:01> 00:46:05:	getting them involved in the problem identification and then the
00:46:05> 00:46:07:	solution and then engineering right.
00:46:07> 00:46:09:	So it's been a very slow turn at least from
00:46:09> 00:46:13:	a water utility perspective of of changing that approach to
00:46:13> 00:46:15:	how we resolve you know issues but it but it's
00:46:16> 00:46:19:	happening, it's happening and it's going to continue to happen.
00:46:19> 00:46:23:	And as we get involved in bigger projects like tunnels
00:46:23> 00:46:27:	or you know massive you know higher treatment facilities like
00:46:27> 00:46:32:	we're really right when we're really impacting community they need
00:46:32> 00:46:35:	to be the one leading it not necessarily us.
00:46:35> 00:46:37:	So we've cut our teeth quite a bit when we

00:46:37> 00:46:40:	do these kind of ground based you know smaller projects
00:46:40> 00:46:43:	and and have wrap around programming to not just right,
00:46:43> 00:46:45:	not just get input because we need it right from
00:46:45> 00:46:48:	a tactical standpoint but also to be able to celebrate
00:46:48> 00:46:51:	it afterwards and and have some of the exciting programming
00:46:51> 00:46:54:	at the parks that we come in and rent, renovate.
00:46:55> 00:46:56:	So I think we've built a a bit of a
00:46:56> 00:47:00:	a healthy engagement strategy at the distributed infrastructure scale and
00:47:00> 00:47:02:	now that just needs to translate to to some of
00:47:02> 00:47:05:	these bigger things which clearly are going to be needed
00:47:05> 00:47:08:	when we get into kind of climate the climate resilience
00:47:08> 00:47:08:	scale.
00:47:09> 00:47:13:	My experience also in looking from transportation to green infrastructure
00:47:13> 00:47:18:	to shoreline adaptation was that involving communities and having them
00:47:18> 00:47:22:	lead the process is actually the difference between creating effective
00:47:22> 00:47:23:	solutions and not.
00:47:24> 00:47:27:	So it's it's I'm glad to hear you to say
00:47:27> 00:47:30:	that and that that's your experience as well because I
00:47:30> 00:47:33:	think it's I think so many in the same way
00:47:33> 00:47:37:	that communities know where the waterfalls in the in the
00:47:37> 00:47:40:	in their green school or their concrete schoolyard, right.
00:47:40> 00:47:42:	They know how their neighborhoods work and they know what
00:47:42> 00:47:42:	they need.
00:47:43> 00:47:45:	So I but I want to save some time for
00:47:45> 00:47:46:	questions.
00:47:46> 00:47:50:	So I maybe just ask a really big question, but
00:47:50> 00:47:54:	brief responses if you could do that if not, but
00:47:54> 00:48:00:	you know, we know that climate change disproportionately effects low
00:48:00> 00:48:05:	income people and and many people of color throughout this
00:48:05> 00:48:07:	country especially.
00:48:07> 00:48:09:	And we're also acutely aware that the impacts of climate
00:48:09> 00:48:11:	change are getting worse.
00:48:11> 00:48:15:	So today, how should we be thinking about directing investments
00:48:16> 00:48:19:	in our public infrastructure to handle, to handle what we
00:48:19> 00:48:23:	imagine we will encounter in the future in terms of
00:48:23> 00:48:27:	climate change and also to build the social resiliency that
00:48:27> 00:48:30:	will help our communities withstand the future?

00:48:32> 00:48:35:	I'm going to very quickly summarize it to your initiative
00:48:35> 00:48:38:	that we did, which was an artistic intervention in several
00:48:38> 00:48:42:	neighbors across Philadelphia where we had artists LED conversations with
00:48:42> 00:48:46:	neighbors about heat to understand how they experienced heat.
00:48:46> 00:48:47:	They lived experience of the heat because it's very different
00:48:47> 00:48:49:	from neighbourhood to neighbourhood to neighbourhood.
00:48:49> 00:48:51:	So the intervention that's going to be effective is going
00:48:51> 00:48:53:	to differ from neighbourhood to neighbourhood to neighbourhood.
00:48:54> 00:48:57:	That's difficult to do it scale, but it's also important
00:48:57> 00:48:59:	in in as a fundamental principle.
00:49:00> 00:49:03:	What we learned, for example, is that these conversations help
00:49:03> 00:49:07:	people understand that they had that issue together and that
00:49:07> 00:49:10:	it was a priority issue for them together and that
00:49:10> 00:49:13:	they should then speak louder together about it than they
00:49:13> 00:49:14:	might have alone.
00:49:14> 00:49:17:	But we also had some really cool interventions come out
00:49:17> 00:49:17:	of this.
00:49:17> 00:49:21:	We developed, well, we didn't develop, but our artists developed
00:49:21> 00:49:24:	a portico that sits out in front of someone's house
00:49:24> 00:49:27:	in South Philly, has shade and spray, you know, misters
00:49:27> 00:49:30:	and a place for planting, you know, vegetables and there's
00:49:30> 00:49:32:	just no yard space.
00:49:32> 00:49:35:	So this is a very like context sensitive solution to
00:49:35> 00:49:38:	this problem that we learned about through engagement.
00:49:38> 00:49:40:	So again, engagement, engagement.
00:49:41> 00:49:41:	And organize.
00:49:42> 00:49:43:	Yes, very much so.
00:49:46> 00:49:47:	Mommy, do you want to go next?
00:49:49> 00:49:49:	Sure.
00:49:50> 00:49:53:	I I have a a few thoughts about this.
00:49:53> 00:49:56:	You know, one thing that I noticed a lot in
00:49:56> 00:50:01:	Philadelphia is that during every kind of administration turnover, there
00:50:01> 00:50:04:	would be so much waste because of this perpetual desire
00:50:04> 00:50:08:	to start over and to kind of throw some things
00:50:08> 00:50:11:	away and and have just kind of the perpetual new.
00:50:11> 00:50:15:	And I think that there's so much great groundwork already
00:50:16> 00:50:18:	happening in communities socially.

00:50:18> 00:50:22:	There's so much that that continued promise in Green City
00:50:22> 00:50:25:	Clean Waters, you know that that like I think at
00:50:26> 00:50:29:	first trying to figure out how to leverage what's there
00:50:29> 00:50:31:	right is so critical.
00:50:32> 00:50:36:	I do also believe though that to best direct investments
00:50:36> 00:50:40:	in communities for resiliency, you know you have to look
00:50:40> 00:50:42:	at it at multiple scales.
00:50:42> 00:50:46:	Our our water equity network work from the US Water
00:50:46> 00:50:47:	Alliance.
00:50:47> 00:50:51:	We're working across the region you know with different utilities
00:50:51> 00:50:54:	and and community groups to try to figure out how
00:50:54> 00:50:58:	to build that kind of social cohesion and shared vision
00:50:58> 00:51:02:	around what's necessary around climate impacts and client and and
00:51:02> 00:51:05:	addressing you know climate mitigation needs.
00:51:06> 00:51:09:	And you know that that that regional level is is
00:51:09> 00:51:12:	as important and I think as the you know, as
00:51:12> 00:51:16:	as all the scales down to the street level, you
00:51:16> 00:51:19:	know and just having a good sense of how that
00:51:19> 00:51:23:	nesting can happen and how the different scales of activity
00:51:23> 00:51:27:	can support one another is will be very important over
00:51:27> 00:51:27:	time.
00:51:30> 00:51:33:	Well, I'm biased, so I think school yards are a
00:51:33> 00:51:35:	great place to start.
00:51:36> 00:51:39:	I've seen the impact on what it has done for
00:51:39> 00:51:43:	the community in that area and Southwest Philadelphia and
00:51:43> 00:51:47:	am a great advocate for starting and continuing with what
00:51:47> 00:51:50:	trust in public land has done with schools.
00:51:51> 00:51:57:	It's particularly elementary schools and those areas and the the
00:51:57> 00:51:59:	needed neighborhoods.
00:51:59> 00:52:03:	I would definitely think that that would be the best,
00:52:03> 00:52:06:	one of the best cases to start.
00:52:08> 00:52:11:	The last few years we've heard DIJ right is the
00:52:12> 00:52:16:	is is the important acronym that we've heard there's a
00:52:16> 00:52:21:	greater attention on, you know, environmental injustices and and inequities.
00:52:23> 00:52:26:	Maybe this is provocative to say but I think we
00:52:27> 00:52:30:	really need to see where where we're failing.
00:52:30> 00:52:33:	People their their voice needs to be shared.
00:52:33> 00:52:34:	People need to be noisy.
00:52:34> 00:52:37:	I think we have the ability to talk about injustices

00:52:37> 00:52:40:	once they're identified and out there and and and pronounced
00:52:40> 00:52:43:	and owned and understood in a way, you know, we
00:52:43> 00:52:45:	can do something about.
00:52:45> 00:52:46:	l mean l'm a public servant, right?
00:52:46> 00:52:48:	We we're supposed to serve you right.
00:52:48> 00:52:50:	If you have a problem we need to work with
00:52:50> 00:52:51:	you to solve that problem.
00:52:52> 00:52:54:	So I I just you know I I I don't
00:52:55> 00:52:58:	know what equitable outcomes look like yet right.
00:52:58> 00:53:02:	I don't know what environmental justice you know what what
00:53:02> 00:53:04:	the resolution to those is.
00:53:05> 00:53:07:	But I think we need to keep on hearing from
00:53:07> 00:53:11:	people where they're not being served where they're being impacted
00:53:11> 00:53:13:	and then work with them to to to bring about
00:53:13> 00:53:14:	you know some some change.
00:53:15> 00:53:17:	I use this phrase all the time that I I
00:53:17> 00:53:19:	stole from there was an author on on The Daily
00:53:19> 00:53:22:	Show with Trevor Noah years ago and he used this
00:53:22> 00:53:24:	phrase and he and he said this is you know
00:53:24> 00:53:27:	what I think about equity right it's it's doing more
00:53:27> 00:53:29:	for people with people that have had too much done
00:53:30> 00:53:32:	to them or not enough done for them and I
00:53:32> 00:53:34:	think it's the best I added the with them phrase
00:53:34> 00:53:37:	to that to dig a little liberty there but totally
00:53:37> 00:53:39:	stole that quote and I I just that is just
00:53:39> 00:53:42:	so it's resonated with me because we need to hear
00:53:42> 00:53:45:	where have you not been served where's too much been
00:53:45> 00:53:47:	done to you and be noisy be loud and then
00:53:47> 00:53:49:	hopefully your city comes together right.
00:53:50> 00:53:51:	You know the services you pay for.
00:53:52> 00:53:53:	You know your hard earned money.
00:53:53> 00:53:54:	Hopefully we we we put it to use and we
00:53:54> 00:53:56:	try to undo some of the things that have happened
00:53:56> 00:53:58:	to you or the things that haven't been done for
00:53:58> 00:53:59:	you.
00:54:01> 00:54:02:	I want to throw it open to the audience.
00:54:02> 00:54:05:	If you all have questions, you can put your hand
00:54:05> 00:54:09:	up and there's folks with microphones, what we'll do is
00:54:09> 00:54:12:	I'll, I'll, I'll pick the first person and then I'll
00:54:12> 00:54:14:	have you pick the next person.
00:54:15> 00:54:15:	So.

00:54:31> 00:54:31:	On Hi.
00:54:31> 00:54:34:	Yeah, hi everyone.
00:54:34> 00:54:36:	Thank you very much for your time.
00:54:36> 00:54:38:	Silva Garcia, principal, Connect the dots.
00:54:38> 00:54:42:	We do community engagement, so we are all about
	connecting
00:54:42> 00:54:44:	voices to decision making processes.
00:54:44> 00:54:46:	OK, so I heard from mommy.
00:54:46> 00:54:51:	I hear from everyone the relevance of bringing public input.
00:54:52> 00:54:56:	Create access, have an equitable approach.
00:54:57> 00:55:00:	But that takes money, right?
00:55:00> 00:55:04:	OK, well, we can talk about money later.
00:55:04> 00:55:06:	OK, so assume that we have money.
00:55:06> 00:55:10:	That requires openness in the process, that requires flexibility in
00:55:11> 00:55:14:	the processes, and most importantly, it requires time.
00:55:15> 00:55:19:	OK, because we need to understand that some people, it's
00:55:19> 00:55:22:	the first time that they have been asked about their
00:55:22> 00:55:23:	input.
00:55:23> 00:55:25:	They need to be informed.
00:55:26> 00:55:30:	OK, We need to start with educational outrage, explaining
	why
00:55:30> 00:55:31:	their voices matter.
00:55:32> 00:55:36:	Most of them have traumatic experiences from before because someone
00:55:36> 00:55:38:	asked them and they were came back and so on
00:55:38> 00:55:40:	and so on and so on.
00:55:40> 00:55:40:	OK.
00:55:40> 00:55:43:	So how can we incorporate?
00:55:43> 00:55:46:	And again, let's not think about money for a moment.
00:55:46> 00:55:49:	I know it's important because we cannot rely, as you
00:55:49> 00:55:51:	all said, in volunteer work, right.
00:55:51> 00:55:53:	But let's not think about money.
00:55:53> 00:55:58:	Let's talk about the flexibility of the processes and let's
00:55:58> 00:56:02:	think about the time that is required to create trust.
00:56:03> 00:56:06:	How can we address and incorporate that into what you
00:56:07> 00:56:12:	just described and make it real, having accessible, equitable,
	inclusive
00:56:12> 00:56:14:	processes in all this discussion?
00:56:15> 00:56:15:	OK.
00:56:16> 00:56:17:	Thank you.
00:56:21> 00:56:24:	I I think that the only answer to it is
00:56:24> 00:56:28:	to take more time and and to to understand that

00:56:28> 00:56:30:	that that is necessary.
00:56:31> 00:56:36:	And to that also it does require like the let's
00:56:36> 00:56:39:	say the project implementer.
00:56:39> 00:56:40:	To understand it will take time.
00:56:41> 00:56:43:	But there is also a need to have a frank
00:56:44> 00:56:48:	conversation to help relay true expectations about the pace
	at
00:56:48> 00:56:50:	which this can go.
00:56:50> 00:56:53:	Because in some instances these things go slowly on their
00:56:53> 00:56:53:	own.
00:56:54> 00:56:57:	And I don't expect people to understand the pace of
00:56:57> 00:56:59:	of public infrastructure projects.
00:56:59> 00:57:01:	And there's no reason that people should know that off
00:57:01> 00:57:02:	the top of their head.
00:57:03> 00:57:06:	But there needs to be the investment in time so
00:57:06> 00:57:09:	that we have that, that real authentic ability to talk
00:57:09> 00:57:11:	to people frankly and plainly.
00:57:12> 00:57:15:	But there also needs to be honesty from both sides
00:57:15> 00:57:17:	and to to to trust that the other person is
00:57:17> 00:57:20:	going to be able to handle honesty and to not
00:57:20> 00:57:21:	walk away.
00:57:21> 00:57:23:	I think that when we talk about the secret sauce
00:57:23> 00:57:26:	for engagement, I think often times it's just doggedness and
00:57:26> 00:57:27:	not leaving the table.
00:57:28> 00:57:30:	And and I think that that I don't know
00:57:30> 00:57:33:	how you resource that from a budget perspective.
00:57:33> 00:57:36:	But I couldn't agree with you more that the the
00:57:36> 00:57:39:	clunkiness of some of these funding sources make it very
00:57:39> 00:57:42:	hard to have flexible, authentic engagement with residents.
00:57:43> 00:57:45:	Some of them do not have documentation.
00:57:45> 00:57:47:	How do you resource somebody who's not a documentation?
00:57:47> 00:57:49:	How do you provide funding when you can't buy a
00:57:49> 00:57:51:	gift card because the agency won't allow you to do
00:57:51> 00:57:52:	that?
00:57:52> 00:57:54:	There's a lot of steps in the way that that
00:57:54> 00:57:56:	are very hard to step over.
00:57:58> 00:57:59:	You want.
00:58:01> 00:58:03:	To pick someone else and is it anyone else want
00:58:03> 00:58:04:	to go first?
00:58:04> 00:58:04:	OK.
00:58:04> 00:58:04:	It's OK.
00:58:07> 00:58:07:	То.

00:58:08> 00:58:09:	Continue.
00:58:13> 00:58:14:	To address, sorry, am I answering?
00:58:14> 00:58:17:	Does somebody else just ask another question or should I
00:58:17> 00:58:18:	go ahead and weigh in on the the?
00:58:18> 00:58:19:	Question.
00:58:19> 00:58:20:	We were going to pass to another question, but if
00:58:20> 00:58:22:	you have a contribution, please jump in.
00:58:22> 00:58:24:	I would love to hear, you know, I I think.
00:58:24> 00:58:27:	I think it's impossible to answer that question by putting
00:58:28> 00:58:28:	money aside.
00:58:29> 00:58:33:	You know, it's it's just inequitable that some people get
00:58:33> 00:58:36:	paid to be in a conversation and others don't and
00:58:36> 00:58:39:	you know, that's so that is, AI think a very
00:58:39> 00:58:43:	essential part of that of of constructing the conversations.
00:58:44> 00:58:48:	You know, I also think that there's another component besides
00:58:48> 00:58:53:	holding the conversations themselves is that, you know, there are
00:58:53> 00:58:56:	sometimes in some situations a history of harm.
00:58:56> 00:59:00:	And you know it's hard to build trust without addressing
00:59:00> 00:59:01:	those harms.
00:59:01> 00:59:06:	And you know, to really make sure that that acknowledgement
00:59:06> 00:59:09:	is part of, you know, the the the groundwork for
00:59:09> 00:59:10:	building trust.
00:59:11> 00:59:14:	And with our water equity network work, you know that's
00:59:14> 00:59:17:	we try to make sure that everybody is, is a
00:59:17> 00:59:21:	kind of on equal footing and has the support that
00:59:21> 00:59:24:	they need to be in the conversations and that they're
00:59:24> 00:59:29:	working on tangible things that will actually have investment or
00:59:29> 00:59:31:	make progress in the future.
00:59:31> 00:59:34:	Because you know, another way of honouring people's time is
00:59:34> 00:59:36:	to make make a real is, is to to have
00:59:37> 00:59:39:	impact, you know, and to make sure that their time
00:59:40> 00:59:41:	is not in any way tokenized.
00:59:41> 00:59:44:	And so you know, I, I, I really, I think
00:59:44> 00:59:47:	that Owen had on a lot of great points.
00:59:47> 00:59:49:	But you know, I think that for us those are
00:59:49> 00:59:53:	some additional additional components of of building and maintaining trust
00:59:53> 00:59:54:	with community.

00:59:57> 00:59:58:	Hi Susan Crosby.
00:59:59> 01:00:01:	I work for the city, but my question is from
01:00:01> 01:00:04:	my position as a mother and a parent of a
01:00:04> 01:00:07:	child who goes to a school that benefited from one
01:00:07> 01:00:09:	of these one of these projects.
01:00:10> 01:00:15:	We're at Alexander Adair Elementary and it's in Fishtown, heavily
01:00:15> 01:00:15:	gentrified.
01:00:17> 01:00:20:	More, less people of color live there now, less low
01:00:20> 01:00:22:	income people live there now.
01:00:22> 01:00:26:	And the intervention that was put in place, we have
01:00:26> 01:00:29:	a very strong and active friends of group.
01:00:30> 01:00:34:	And so we've been able to add investment continually to
01:00:34> 01:00:37:	maintain and improve the project.
01:00:37> 01:00:42:	We've been able to start an aquaponics lab to repopulate
01:00:42> 01:00:47:	the plants in the stormwater management system.
01:00:47> 01:00:51:	We've been able to use grants to deploy tactical urbanism.
01:00:51> 01:00:52:	We've bought.
01:00:52> 01:00:55:	Very large planters to put on the sidewalk to stop
01:00:55> 01:00:56:	people from parking.
01:00:56> 01:00:58:	There we start the aquaponics.
01:01:00> 01:01:00:	We.
01:01:00> 01:01:03:	Use we use the dead fish from the Aquaponics lab
01:01:03> 01:01:07:	to fertilize those to grow the plants that go into
01:01:07> 01:01:08:	the Swale.
01:01:08> 01:01:12:	And so my question is it's kind of two-part.
01:01:12> 01:01:16:	First for principal Jessup how how did you keep it
01:01:16> 01:01:19:	up how did how did you keep getting the payment
01:01:19> 01:01:23:	And then for Owen or mommy how do you plan
01:01:23> 01:01:25:	for something like that.
01:01:25> 01:01:28:	So getting the funding for the project is is really
01:01:28> 01:01:29:	only the first step.
01:01:29> 01:01:31:	How do you keep it funded so it doesn't run
01:01:31> 01:01:32:	fallow that?
01:01:33> 01:01:34:	That's an excellent question.
01:01:36> 01:01:40:	When we first started and the the the playground was
01:01:40> 01:01:45:	erected, we first we relied on trusted public land to
01:01:45> 01:01:46:	help us out.
01:01:46> 01:01:49:	Then we start relying on the school district itself.
01:01:49> 01:01:53:	We also tried to use our maintenance department within our
01:01:53> 01:01:56:	school to start maintaining and keeping up.
01:01:57> 01:02:00:	We also had meetings with the block captains in the

01:02:00> 01:02:04:	neighborhood and we formed a group there to make sure
01:02:04> 01:02:09:	that they would monitor and take care of the schoolyard
01:02:09> 01:02:09:	itself.
01:02:10> 01:02:13:	Our science teacher actually did exactly what you guys did
01:02:14> 01:02:17:	and planted some, did some planning in our green space
01:02:17> 01:02:21:	and most of our most of our maintenance comes from
01:02:21> 01:02:26:	the school district of Philadelphia and the maintenance
	department within
01:02:26> 01:02:27:	our school.
01:02:31> 01:02:33:	Just to add, I think that when it comes to
01:02:33> 01:02:37:	maintaining these spaces, part of it's in the design.
01:02:37> 01:02:40:	Design them to to endure and design them for the
01:02:40> 01:02:43:	the reality in which they live every day.
01:02:43> 01:02:47:	But when it comes to maintenance, there's a whole multi
01:02:47> 01:02:51:	headed beast that needs to be tamed to get maintenance
01:02:51> 01:02:53:	working better.
01:02:53> 01:02:55:	It has to do with, you know, linking communication gaps
01:02:55> 01:02:57:	between people who see problems and people can fix them
01:02:57> 01:02:59:	and understanding the shortest path between those people.
01:02:59> 01:03:02:	We don't have those paths in many instances.
01:03:02> 01:03:05:	I think that fundamentally though, what we need to do
01:03:05> 01:03:07:	as a society is to have a greater pride for
01:03:08> 01:03:11:	maintenance and start moving the priority for maintenance
	higher and
01:03:11> 01:03:12:	higher up the agenda.
01:03:12> 01:03:14:	Because we take, as we all know, we take a
01:03:14> 01:03:16:	lot of pride in cutting a ribbon.
01:03:16> 01:03:19:	We take less pride in celebrating the well maintained schoolyard
01:03:19> 01:03:21:	or the well maintained park.
01:03:21> 01:03:22:	We just don't do that.
01:03:22> 01:03:24:	But we need to celebrate maintenance.
01:03:24> 01:03:26:	We need to make the people responsible for that feel
01:03:26> 01:03:29:	like they serve a very important role and that the
01:03:29> 01:03:31:	work they do is critical to the performance of these
01:03:31> 01:03:31:	faces.
01:03:36> 01:03:39:	I I think I would just add that maintenance at
01:03:39> 01:03:44:	least when you're thinking about you know, creating any kind
01:03:44> 01:03:47:	of investment has to be part of the design and
01:03:47> 01:03:51:	also you know the financial planning for the project.
01:03:51> 01:03:54:	And you know, I really admire what Principal Jessup has
01:03:54> 01:03:57:	been able to do by piercing together, you know all
01:03:57> 01:04:01:	of the different funding strategies which is often what you

01:04:01> 01:04:02:	need to rely on.
01:04:02> 01:04:05:	And it's good to be as appreciated as possible because
01:04:05> 01:04:08:	sometimes there are lots of, you know, changes in the
01:04:08> 01:04:08:	funding mix.
01:04:09> 01:04:12:	But I do also think that, you know, we need
01:04:12> 01:04:17:	to as as Owen said, elevate the importance and and
01:04:17> 01:04:21:	beauty of maintenance and what it does for, you know
01:04:21> 01:04:26:	us as communities by really also elevating workforce, right.
01:04:26> 01:04:31:	The workforce that works on water and open space needs.
01:04:31> 01:04:34:	You know that that there there's so many gaps right
01:04:34> 01:04:37:	now both in you know, quantity and quality of folks
01:04:37> 01:04:40:	who are willing and able to work in those areas.
01:04:40> 01:04:43:	And so, you know, I think that moving those two
01:04:43> 01:04:46:	agendas hand hand in hand, it will be really important
01:04:46> 01:04:48:	for us to be able to, you know, maintain and
01:04:48> 01:04:51:	also get the funding for the kinds of spaces that
01:04:51> 01:04:52:	we want to create.
01:04:54> 01:04:56:	Unfortunately we have a packed day, so we need to
01:04:56> 01:04:57:	stop there.
01:04:57> 01:05:00:	But we'll all be around in the in you know,
01:05:00> 01:05:01:	for the rest of the day.
01:05:01> 01:05:04:	If you have other questions, I want to thank all
01:05:04> 01:05:07:	of you for coming today and for your participation and
01:05:08> 01:05:11:	great questions, to Uli and AIA for hosting this amazing
01:05:11> 01:05:14:	forum and to all of you for your remarkable work
01:05:14> 01:05:16:	and for taking the time to be here today.
01:05:16> 01:05:17:	Thank you so much.

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