

## Webinar

## ULI Colorado: Force Majeure: COVID-19???s Legal Implications for Real Estate Date: April 09, 2020

00:00:02> 00:00:06:	OK, great, well good afternoon everyone.
00:00:06> 00:00:09:	Thank you for joining today's webinar.
00:00:09> 00:00:11:	Think we're ready to get started?
00:00:11> 00:00:14:	I'm Sarah Franklin, director with you like Colorado,
00:00:14> 00:00:17:	I'm joined today by our staff Michael Adjei,
00:00:17> 00:00:20:	who you will hear from momentarily as well as Marion
00:00:20> 00:00:23:	Epic Annalise Martinez who are helping to run today's session
00:00:23> 00:00:24:	behind the scenes.
00:00:28> 00:00:31:	A few things I should mention before we jump in.
00:00:31> 00:00:34:	All of you are currently muted and your videos are
00:00:34> 00:00:35:	turned off.
00:00:35> 00:00:38:	We will keep you muted throughout the duration of today's
00:00:38> 00:00:38:	discussion.
00:00:38> 00:00:41:	However, we'd like you to use the chat box feature
00:00:41> 00:00:44:	of Zoom located at the bottom of your screens to
00:00:44> 00:00:47:	direct any comments and your questions to staff and panelists.
00:00:47> 00:00:51:	As you have questions, please type these into your chat
00:00:51> 00:00:53:	box and our panel will address these.
00:00:53> 00:00:56:	We will also be recording today's webinar and we will
00:00:56> 00:00:59:	share a copy of the recording and presentation slides to
00:00:59> 00:01:02:	the resources page on you like Colorado's website.
00:01:02> 00:01:05:	If you're having any difficulties with your Internet connection,
00:01:05> 00:01:08:	please know that you can always access today's session at
00:01:08> 00:01:09:	a later date.
00:01:11> 00:01:14:	Also, at the end of our webinar and beginning at
00:01:14> 00:01:14:	4:00 o'clock,
00:01:14> 00:01:17:	we will transition into groups for virtual happy Hour.
00:01:17> 00:01:20:	It's important to note that there is nothing you need

00:01:20> 00:01:22:	to do on your end to join the happy Hour
00:01:22> 00:01:25:	we have already assigned you to virtual groups and we
00:01:25> 00:01:28:	will be controlling the placement for you.
00:01:28> 00:01:30:	We invite you to remain on the webinar after 4:00
00:01:30> 00:01:34:	o'clock to be put into your groups for continued conversation.
00:01:36> 00:01:39:	Today we're excited to explore the topic of legal legal
00:01:39> 00:01:43:	matters resulting from COVID-19 that may be important to you
00:01:43> 00:01:47:	and your businesses and relationships with your clients and partners.
00:01:47> 00:01:50:	We have an hour for this conversation which will include
00:01:50> 00:01:51:	remarks from the coulement,
00:01:51> 00:01:55:	Jonathan Pray and Rip Thomas who are shareholders with Brownstein,
00:01:55> 00:01:59:	Hyatt, Farber, Schreck. Tored the end of today's discussion.
00:01:59> 00:02:04:	On around 3:45 Nickola meant will begin taking your questions
00:02:04> 00:02:06:	using the chat box feature of zoom.
00:02:06> 00:02:08:	At 4:00 o'clock we invite all of you to remain
00:02:08> 00:02:09:	on the web,
00:02:09> 00:02:11:	and our cozy up to a beverage of your choice
00:02:11> 00:02:12:	from your home refrigerators,
00:02:12> 00:02:15:	and to be virtually placed in groups for informal discussion
00:02:15> 00:02:17:	of the current real estate,
00:02:17> 00:02:19:	environment, and anything else you wish to discuss.
00:02:22> 00:02:25:	Now I'd like to turn it over to our Executive
00:02:25> 00:02:28:	Director Michael A Tuesday for some UI updates and announcements.
00:02:28> 00:02:31:	Thanks, Michael.
00:02:31> 00:02:33:	Great, thank you so much Sarah.
00:02:33> 00:02:37:	Anne staff and friends at Brownstein and welcome to our
00:02:37> 00:02:37:	guests.
00:02:37> 00:02:40:	We have a really good crowd here.
00:02:40> 00:02:42:	I see and first of all I want to wish
00:02:42> 00:02:47:	everyone good health and continued safety in this current challenging
00:02:47> 00:02:48:	situation.
00:02:48> 00:02:51:	Talk a little bit about what you'll I is doing.
00:02:51> 00:02:55:	We're actually busier than ever planning these webinars,
00:02:55> 00:03:00:	gathering information and sharing lessons learned and other vital info
00:03:00> 00:03:02:	for to help us all deal with these.
00:03:02> 00:03:07:	Important times we had a really successful opening webinar last

00:03:07> 00:03:07:	week.
00:03:07> 00:03:12:	Kind of the real estate overview response to COVID-19 and
00:03:12> 00:03:16:	we had a 250 people attend that and really excellent
00:03:16> 00:03:17:	information.
00:03:17> 00:03:20:	We're very happy to share that you'll I is also
00:03:20> 00:03:23:	hosting a number of webinars.
00:03:23> 00:03:27:	Will be sharing information on those through our E news
00:03:27> 00:03:30:	that we receive twice a week and we feel that
00:03:30> 00:03:33:	now more than ever is a time for us to
00:03:33> 00:03:36:	be. Reaching out to our members and being helpful in
00:03:36> 00:03:37:	this time.
00:03:37> 00:03:40:	So in addition to the usual you align mission of
00:03:40> 00:03:43:	creating sustainable and thriving places worldwide,
00:03:43> 00:03:47:	which is something we'll get back to when this passes,
00:03:47> 00:03:50:	we have we have a lot of important work to
00:03:50> 00:03:50:	do.
00:03:50> 00:03:53:	You may have heard that you'll I Toronto spring meeting
00:03:53> 00:03:55:	has been postponed until 2023.
00:03:55> 00:03:59:	However, Spring Meeting 2021 is very much on in Denver
00:03:59> 00:04:02:	and we are gathering our local host committee in the
00:04:02> 00:04:05:	next month or so to start planning for that.
00:04:05> 00:04:07:	I think it's going to be quite a big meeting.
00:04:07> 00:04:10:	People have a thirst together after missing this year,
00:04:10> 00:04:13:	so you can register for any of our webinars are
00:04:13> 00:04:14:	all free to members.
00:04:14> 00:04:16:	We started off doing one a week,
00:04:16> 00:04:19:	will slow down a little bit on that after next
00:04:19> 00:04:19:	week.
00:04:19> 00:04:22:	I think people are getting saturated but will hope to
00:04:22> 00:04:22:	join you.
00:04:22> 00:04:24:	There is one offered by national.
00:04:24> 00:04:28:	You lie in April. 7th Considerations for multifamily and affordable
00:04:28> 00:04:28:	housing.
00:04:28> 00:04:30:	And then we're doing one on Friday,
00:04:30> 00:04:33:	April 10th on the COVID-19 impact on office retail and
00:04:34> 00:04:36:	actually apartment an industrial leases.
00:04:36> 00:04:39:	And we're gathering a great panel for that as well,
00:04:39> 00:04:40:	so again, those are free.
00:04:40> 00:04:41:	Next slide please.
00:04:47> 00:04:51:	We have remaining a healthy organization thanks to our 2020
00:04:51> 00:04:52:	annual sponsors.

00:04:52> 00:04:55:	There were 57 of those and we had a banner
00:04:55> 00:04:56:	year for sponsorship,
00:04:56> 00:04:59:	so that's going to allow us to continue our work,
00:04:59> 00:05:03:	even anticipating reduced revenues for the remainder of the fiscal
00:05:03> 00:05:04:	year.
00:05:04> 00:05:06:	And we're really grateful to these folks.
00:05:06> 00:05:09:	We support ourselves entirely within Colorado,
00:05:09> 00:05:13:	and there are allowing us to present day session and
00:05:13> 00:05:17:	other information will be assigned to you in the future.
00:05:17> 00:05:18:	Next slide, please.
00:05:20> 00:05:22:	OK, now I have to mention to the happy hour
00:05:23> 00:05:25:	l have queued up a great divide India pale L
00:05:25> 00:05:28:	and I hope your have your drinks in hand.
00:05:28> 00:05:31:	I promise not to start drinking before 4:00 o'clock.
00:05:31> 00:05:34:	So Nico lament is been a great friend to you
00:05:34> 00:05:35:	alive for a long time.
00:05:35> 00:05:37:	She's been a member for 15 years.
00:05:37> 00:05:39:	l've been with you like 15 years.
00:05:39> 00:05:42:	I've worked for quite a bit in that time.
00:05:42> 00:05:44:	She is a chair of Brownstein,
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	Heart Hyatt, Farber and Trex real estate Department.
00:05:47> 00:05:50:	She manage has managed portfolio transactions.
00:05:50> 00:05:53:	With as many as 276 properties in a single portfolio
00:05:53> 00:05:55:	and an excess of a billion and a half and
00:05:55> 00:05:58:	assets in diverse industries including hotels,
00:05:58> 00:06:01:	golf courses, ski areas, health care facilities,
00:06:01> 00:06:04:	manufactured housing communities, South Lake clubs.
00:06:04> 00:06:06:	She is previously served as chair of the Perms,
00:06:06> 00:06:09:	National Hospitality Resort and Recreation Group,
00:06:09> 00:06:12:	and is the Co chair of the terms Women's Leadership
00:06:12> 00:06:13:	Initiative.
00:06:13> 00:06:16:	She is a full member of You Alliance Service on
00:06:16> 00:06:18:	the leadership team of the Recreation,
00:06:18> 00:06:21:	Development and National Product Council.
00:06:21> 00:06:23:	So we're so grateful to you and your team for
00:06:23> 00:06:23:	being here today,
00:06:23> 00:06:25:	and I'll turn over the presentation to you.
00:06:25> 00:06:27:	So thank you again.
00:06:27> 00:06:29:	Great thank you, Michael Ann.
00:06:29> 00:06:31:	It's you know it's after three o'clock.
00:06:31> 00:06:34:	Frankly, it's afternoon so no one would find fault if

00:06:34> 00:06:37:	you were starting to step on your ending pale Ale.
00:06:37> 00:06:40:	So I think that the time we know no longer
00:06:40> 00:06:42:	know what time of day or what day of the
00:06:42> 00:06:43:	week it is.
00:06:43> 00:06:45:	So feel free to go ahead and imbibe anybody on
00:06:45> 00:06:46:	the phone.
00:06:46> 00:06:48:	So I just want to take a few minutes.
00:06:48> 00:06:51:	My colleagues that are going to go into more detail
00:06:51> 00:06:53:	on two very specific topics have slides.
00:06:53> 00:06:57:	I didn't prepare slides here just because I'm trying to
00:06:57> 00:06:58:	talk from the very.
00:06:58> 00:07:02:	Big picture about things that are facing us from a
00:07:02> 00:07:05:	legal perspective on real estate on a cloud.
00:07:05> 00:07:09:	Legal in as much practical legal perspective of what we're
00:07:09> 00:07:13:	encountering and the two things that they will be going
00:07:13> 00:07:15:	into our force measure.
00:07:15> 00:07:19:	And of course everything around me is ringing,
00:07:19> 00:07:21:	force majeure and and leasing issues.
00:07:21> 00:07:25:	But what I wanted to talk about again was sort
00:07:25> 00:07:29:	of the bigger picture because we are experiencing that.
00:07:29> 00:07:32:	Real estate projects are still trying to go forward.
00:07:32> 00:07:36:	Transactions are still trying to move forward and this whole
00:07:36> 00:07:37:	stay at home,
00:07:37> 00:07:41:	work from home, everybody shelter in place is creating some
00:07:41> 00:07:45:	very technical difficulties for being a real real estate practitioner
00:07:45> 00:07:47:	and trying to get deals done.
00:07:47> 00:07:51:	So first just looking at it from the perspective of
00:07:51> 00:07:51:	you know,
00:07:51> 00:07:55:	purchase agreements. If you're lucky enough to be under purchase
00:07:55> 00:07:56:	agreement,
00:07:56> 00:08:00:	either buy or sell in and you are still moving
00:08:00> 00:08:01:	forward with that.
00:08:01> 00:08:05:	You know that the technical realities of dealing with that
00:08:05> 00:08:08:	that we're trying to sort through is now how do
00:08:09> 00:08:10:	you move forward?
00:08:10> 00:08:13:	If you are in the position that you can actually
00:08:13> 00:08:14:	close,
00:08:14> 00:08:17:	and we've seen some deals closed in the last couple
00:08:17> 00:08:18:	of weeks,
00:08:18> 00:08:22:	you have the reality that clerk and recorders offices have
00:08:22> 00:08:25:	all shut down in our state and elsewhere.

00:08:25> 00:08:29:	And while these clerk and recorders offices are set up
00:08:29> 00:08:31:	for electronic filings,
00:08:31> 00:08:35:	it is. Varied across jurisdiction as to whether or not
00:08:35> 00:08:38:	they're actually accepting electronic filings.
00:08:38> 00:08:42:	Because you know the filing occurs electronically,
00:08:42> 00:08:45:	but they may not be set up for their their
00:08:45> 00:08:49:	clerks staff to actually deal with that recording remotely,
00:08:49> 00:08:52:	and so when this all started,
00:08:52> 00:08:56:	they were, you know, if somebody actually in the Clerks
00:08:56> 00:08:59:	Office to deal with those the recordings,
00:08:59> 00:09:02:	are they going to allow that you according.
00:09:02> 00:09:07:	To continue. Or are you doing the recordings and they're
00:09:07> 00:09:09:	sort of lingering out there,
00:09:09> 00:09:14:	and another land? I think that most jurisdictions are getting
00:09:14> 00:09:15:	a handle on this,
00:09:15> 00:09:18:	but I'll note it is still an issue and I
00:09:18> 00:09:23:	will say that recordings are definitely delayed in most jurisdictions,
00:09:23> 00:09:26:	and that if you're looking at all at,
00:09:26> 00:09:30:	you know a pending closing or modifying alone or doing
00:09:30> 00:09:35:	anything where you're going to have to record legal
00:09:35> 00:09:36:	documentation with the County.
00:09:36> 00:09:40:	Then you need to be very careful and check in
00:09:40> 00:09:41:	with that County.
00:09:41> 00:09:45:	Again. Everybody is kind of dealing with this in a
00:09:45> 00:09:46:	different take,
00:09:46> 00:09:49:	so you need to know in advance as to how
00:09:50> 00:09:52:	this goes and how they're treating it,
00:09:52> 00:09:56:	and then the follow up that results from that is
00:09:56> 00:10:01:	how title insurance and title companies are working with this
00:10:01> 00:10:05:	issue of the recordings and whether the offices are closed
00:10:05> 00:10:09:	and the delay. When this first started,
00:10:09> 00:10:12:	you had a variation across the board of whether title
00:10:12> 00:10:16:	companies were going to be providing gap coverage,
00:10:16> 00:10:18:	as would be traditionally provided,
00:10:18> 00:10:22:	because the gap potentially could be so long from when
00:10:22> 00:10:27:	we technically he recorded two when it actually got recorded
00:10:27> 00:10:28:	and of record.
00:10:28> 00:10:31:	So title companies are taking different stances.
00:10:31> 00:10:35:	Again, I know this is not a very specific.
00:10:35> 00:10:38:	Response I can't provide that to you 'cause every title

00:10:38> 00:10:42: 00:10:42> 00:10:45:	company is treating this a little differently as to how
	they are dealing with the delays or the possibility that
00:10:45> 00:10:49:	you can't get recorded right now in a jurisdiction.
00:10:49> 00:10:52:	So again, you need to be very careful and talk
00:10:52> 00:10:55:	in great detail with the title company that's handling your
00:10:55> 00:10:59:	different transactions as to how that is going to work
00:10:59> 00:11:03:	with the recordings and what kind of coverage they are
00:11:03> 00:11:05:	willing to provide.
00:11:05> 00:11:08:	So that's for existing purchase agreements.
00:11:08> 00:11:11:	Also, an existing purchase agreements if you're not to the
00:11:11> 00:11:12:	stage of closing,
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	but you're sort of in process.
00:11:15> 00:11:18:	There's a lot of analysis going on as to how
00:11:19> 00:11:23:	the document might be treated relative to your diligence.
00:11:23> 00:11:27:	Or other timing deadlines that are out there,
00:11:27> 00:11:32:	such as getting governmental entitlements and those deadlines,
00:11:32> 00:11:37:	whether they can be extended or not because of the
00:11:37> 00:11:40:	current pandemic purchase agreements,
00:11:40> 00:11:46:	unlike. Other documents, such as loan agreements or lease
00.11.40> 00.11.40.	agreements
00:11:46> 00:11:49:	that Jonathan will go into more detail.
00:11:49> 00:11:53:	Typically don't have a force majeure clause,
00:11:53> 00:11:59:	or certainly don't have them that are as heavily negotiated
00:11:59> 00:12:03:	or spelled out as you might find in a loan
00:12:03> 00:12:07:	agreement or construction agreement.
00:12:07> 00:12:12:	If anything, they say sometimes only reference casualty and condemnation
00:12:12> 00:12:13:	provisions,
00:12:13> 00:12:17:	and how do the properties and the parties deal with
00:12:17> 00:12:18:	it?
00:12:18> 00:12:20:	And the delay is going forward there,
00:12:20> 00:12:24:	but very few of them would have language that would
00:12:24> 00:12:29:	specifically deal with that type of pandemic that we're encountering
00:12:30> 00:12:33:	right now and how that might create a change in
00:12:33> 00:12:37:	the deadlines and timings of things so.
00:12:37> 00:12:41:	We're getting a lot of questions relative to that and
00:12:41> 00:12:44:	looking very specifically with into the contracts.
00:12:44> 00:12:46:	To do that, I will say as people now are
00:12:46> 00:12:50:	entering into new purchase agreements and we are seeing
	those
00:12:50> 00:12:53:	out there that there are now new clauses that are

00:12:53> 00:12:56:	being accounted for. Every one of these kind of factual
00:12:56> 00:12:59:	situations as this new legal clauses that we lawyers like
00:13:00> 00:13:00:	to draft up.
00:13:00> 00:13:04:	Because now we could have another pandemic in the future.
00:13:04> 00:13:08:	Hopefully that's very unlikely, but people want to account for
00:13:08> 00:13:09:	this an account for.
00:13:09> 00:13:12:	Deadline extensions and again where this plays out is you
00:13:12> 00:13:15:	know how long does this pandemic continue on?
00:13:15> 00:13:18:	If you're just going into a purchase agreement,
00:13:18> 00:13:21:	there's a lot of 3rd party typical consultant reports that
00:13:21> 00:13:22:	you can't get it.
00:13:22> 00:13:24:	You probably can't get a zoning report.
00:13:24> 00:13:27:	You may have difficulty getting your survey.
00:13:27> 00:13:30:	The title commitment. Hopefully you can still get,
00:13:30> 00:13:33:	but we know that this is impacting all of those
00:13:33> 00:13:37:	deadlines because Workforce has changed and frankly you
	can't get
00:13:37> 00:13:38:	people on site,
00:13:38> 00:13:41:	so that's that's dealing with purchase agreements.
00:13:41> 00:13:43:	Um? And again, it's it's playing into a lot of
00:13:44> 00:13:47:	that how you're signing them now and how you're closing.
00:13:47> 00:13:49:	And then I would say the next,
00:13:49> 00:13:52:	the next big thing that we're really looking at and
00:13:52> 00:13:54:	coming up with on the legal front is if you're
00:13:54> 00:13:57:	under purchase agreement or you already own a piece of
00:13:57> 00:14:00:	land and you're moving moving forward with development,
00:14:00> 00:14:02:	which a number of people are.
00:14:02> 00:14:06:	Because the development process takes so long to get entitlements
00:14:06> 00:14:08:	and get to that ready stage that think the real
00:14:08> 00:14:11:	estate community is looking at as is this as an
00:14:11> 00:14:13:	opportunity to get through that.
00:14:13> 00:14:16:	And by the time the project is actually completed,
00:14:16> 00:14:19:	or shovel in the ground that will be through the
00:14:19> 00:14:19:	crisis.
00:14:19> 00:14:23:	And so people are definitely trying to move forward with
00:14:23> 00:14:24:	their entitlements in there.
00:14:24> 00:14:26:	In
00:14:26> 00:14:29:	their development process.
00:14:29> 00:14:32:	One of the big hurdles that you have with moving
00:14:33> 00:14:37:	forward in your in your entitlement process is that we
00:14:37> 00:14:39:	are all required to stay at home,

00:14:39> 00:14:46:	and while. Most municipalities are treating their City Council meetings
00:14:46> 00:14:53:	and Planning Commission meetings are definitely sort of essential services
00:14:53> 00:14:57:	and they can proceed with having those hearings.
00:14:57> 00:15:01:	They are largely doing them telephonically.
00:15:01> 00:15:05:	And there is not a.
00:15:05> 00:15:09:	Consistent means by which they've made the decision to move
00:15:09> 00:15:11:	forward with these hearings.
00:15:11> 00:15:14:	And the real issue on that becomes whether the hearing
00:15:15> 00:15:17:	is to take place is legislative,
00:15:17> 00:15:20:	and I know most city councils are moving forward with
00:15:20> 00:15:25:	legislative items because that doesn't require public comment.
00:15:25> 00:15:28:	So if it's a city initiated ordinance or sort of
00:15:28> 00:15:32:	normal city business that doesn't require any public comment,
00:15:32> 00:15:38:	most municipalities and jurisdictions are feeling very comfortable with moving
00:15:38> 00:15:42:	full world with some sort of electronic telephonic meeting.
00:15:42> 00:15:47:	The hang up becomes that most of your entitlements are.
00:15:47> 00:15:52:	Would take place in what is my quasi judicial hearing?
00:15:52> 00:15:57:	An quasi judicial they need to allow for public comment.
00:15:57> 00:15:59:	And the real question is,
00:15:59> 00:16:05:	are they providing sufficient public comment accommodation when you're doing
00:16:05> 00:16:09:	it over the Internet over the telephone and that method?
00:16:09> 00:16:13:	Because there is a perceived lack of access for individuals
00:16:13> 00:16:18:	who wouldn't have access to the Internet to participate in
00:16:18> 00:16:19:	that public meeting.
00:16:19> 00:16:24:	And that's particularly heightened by the fact that we don't
00:16:24> 00:16:27:	even have libraries where they might normally have.
00:16:27> 00:16:31:	Access to computers in the Internet.
00:16:31> 00:16:34:	So what this means is that for the moment a
00:16:35> 00:16:38:	number of public hearings on zoning approvals,
00:16:38> 00:16:44:	Puds plants, annexations are delayed until jurisdictions can figure out
00:16:44> 00:16:48:	how to meet a standard that they feel satisfactory to
00:16:48> 00:16:53:	not be challenged in the future that they gave public
00:16:53> 00:16:58:	sufficient time and insufficient availability to comment on this.
00:16:58> 00:17:02:	And while it's very frustrating to developers.
00:17:02> 00:17:04:	Developers don't want to push too ****
00:17:04> 00:17:07:	** that either because they don't want to create a

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00:17:07> 00:17:10:	situation in which someone could easily come in and challenge
00:17:10> 00:17:14:	and say that there was not sufficient availability for public
00:17:14> 00:17:16:	comment on certain size of projects.
00:17:16> 00:17:19:	But this is definitely holding up projects across across the
00:17:19> 00:17:22:	street and across the country while they figure this out.
00:17:22> 00:17:25:	And I would say that most jurisdictions are trying to
00:17:25> 00:17:26:	figure this out,
00:17:26> 00:17:28:	but there is not yet an answer there and then
00:17:29> 00:17:29:	the second,
00:17:29> 00:17:32:	the second thing that goes along with development is if
00:17:32> 00:17:33:	you know some.
00:17:33> 00:17:37:	If you're lucky enough to already have your entitlements.
00:17:37> 00:17:40:	And be under construction.
00:17:40> 00:17:43:	So we have it on fairly good statement.
00:17:43> 00:17:46:	In another statement came out today from the governor's office.
00:17:46> 00:17:50:	That construction is considered an essential service even,
00:17:50> 00:17:53:	even though it's not tide directly to the construction of
00:17:53> 00:17:56:	an essential service that you don't have to.
00:17:56> 00:17:59:	As an example of the building at the hospital,
00:17:59> 00:18:01:	the continue with your construction,
00:18:01> 00:18:05:	but you do need to be continuing your construction.
00:18:05> 00:18:09:	In a manner that is reflective of what the current
00:18:09> 00:18:09:	standards are.
00:18:09> 00:18:12:	So trying to keep people the six feet apart while
00:18:13> 00:18:15:	they're working and and minding those things.
00:18:15> 00:18:18:	But the issue really comes even if you're able to
00:18:18> 00:18:21:	continue construction under those standards.
00:18:21> 00:18:24:	Whether or not you can get inspections along the way,
00:18:24> 00:18:28:	jurisdictions again are struggling with what they determined to be
00:18:28> 00:18:29:	essential,
00:18:29> 00:18:32:	whether they have the staffing to go out and do
00:18:32> 00:18:33:	these inspections.
00:18:33> 00:18:36:	Some jurisdictions are allowing for certain types.
00:18:36> 00:18:40:	Of inspections to happen by video depending at the stage
00:18:40> 00:18:43:	and the type of inspection that's required.
00:18:43> 00:18:47:	Others do still require in person inspections.
00:18:47> 00:18:51:	Some jurisdictions have just said find out they're not doing
00:18:51> 00:18:55:	inspections right now with the stay at home in place,
00:18:55> 00:18:59:	so again it's very jurisdictionally driven.
00:18:59> 00:19:02:	And that can really cause a delay.

00:19:02> 00:19:05:	Obviously if you are under way and in a process,
00:19:05> 00:19:09:	so we're happy to hear that real estate development is
00:19:09> 00:19:11:	continuing to move forward,
00:19:11> 00:19:15:	but it does. There are definitely some hiccups as we
00:19:15> 00:19:20:	try to buy Lancelin get entitled and actually develop and
00:19:20> 00:19:21:	construct on it.
00:19:21> 00:19:26:	So now things that can't be overcome but just another
00:19:26> 00:19:30:	layer of complexity to get those things done.
00:19:30> 00:19:33:	And then there's just the one other thing that I'll
00:19:33> 00:19:38:	mention very briefly before I introduce my colleagues is the,
00:19:38> 00:19:42:	you know. There's just a constant flow of other questions
00:19:42> 00:19:44:	coming up from real property from,
00:19:44> 00:19:49:	you know, moratoriums on evictions and foreclosures to the seizure
00:19:49> 00:19:52:	of real property for use by the government,
00:19:52> 00:19:55:	as you know, sort of.
00:19:55> 00:20:02:	Additional shelters for shelter in place or for quarantine victims,
00:20:02> 00:20:06:	or for hospitalization, or. Frankly,
00:20:06> 00:20:08:	to better enforce the stay at home.
00:20:08> 00:20:11:	So these are things that are we are grappling with
00:20:11> 00:20:12:	daily and again,
00:20:12> 00:20:15:	they vary by jurisdiction. They vary by state,
00:20:15> 00:20:18:	but it is amazing the amount of stuff that comes
00:20:18> 00:20:21:	up that deals with real property.
00:20:21> 00:20:23:	We lawyers or kind of geeking out on this a
00:20:23> 00:20:26:	little bit because it is like a law school exam
00:20:26> 00:20:30:	question that you know you post somebody with the pandemic
00:20:30> 00:20:33:	name every possible legal issue you can get them and
00:20:34> 00:20:35:	you start to think of him.
00:20:35> 00:20:39:	And then there's there's 10 more behind it so.
00:20:39> 00:20:44:	With that I am going to introduce my colleague.
00:20:44> 00:20:48:	Jonathan Pray Jonathan is shareholder in our litigation
	group.
00:20:48> 00:20:50:	He also is general counsel to our firm,
00:20:50> 00:20:53:	so he's got a whole different issues listed.
00:20:53> 00:20:57:	He's dealing with their by Jonathan's background has been in
00:20:57> 00:20:58:	construction for a long time.
00:20:58> 00:21:01:	He is who I turned to for all my questions
00:21:01> 00:21:04:	there and he said we quickly grabbed on the phone
00:21:04> 00:21:08:	to start talking about force measure because that is definitely
00:21:08> 00:21:11:	the clause of the day when this all kicked off.

00:21:11> 00:21:14:	So longthan I'm going to turn it over to you
00:21:11> 00:21:14:	So Jonathan, I'm going to turn it over to you and let you go into force majeure.
00:21:17> 00:21:18:	Awesome thanks so much Nicole.
00:21:17> 00:21:10:	I appreciate the introduction.
00:21:22> 00:21:25:	You go to the next slide perfect so we've all
00:21:22> 00:21:23:	heard particularly last couple weeks.
00:21:23> 00:21:23:	The term force majeure thrown around pretty liberally and not
00:21:33> 00:21:33:	a lot of people realize that in most instances,
00:21:37> 00:21:37:	at least in the types of deals and transactions,
00:21:41> 00:21:45:	and matters that were all involved with fourth major isn't
00:21:45> 00:21:49:	-
00:21:49> 00:21:49:	isn't a concept that sort of exists in common law
00:21:52> 00:21:55:	exists out in the legal ether.
00:21:55> 00:21:58:	Force majeure is really a contractual com concept,
00:21:58> 00:21:58: 00:21:58> 00:21:59:	for the most part, in the risk of a force
00:21:59> 00:22:03:	measure.
00:22:03> 00:22:04:	Event will ordinarily be addressed in the language of the parties contract.
00:22:03> 00:22:04:	So the first sort of piece of advice in trying
00:22:04> 00:22:08:	to figure out whether you have or force measure event
00:22:12> 00:22:14:	is going to be to look at the contract,
00:22:12> 00:22:14:	and I would also say before we dive into kind
00:22:14> 00:22:18: 00:22:18> 00:22:22:	of a specific three step process that that we've set
00:22:18> 00:22:22:	out for analyzing this issue.
00:22:22> 00:22:24:	It's important to realize that force majeure is a concept
00:22:24> 00:22:32:	that gives one party or the other right to assert
00:22:32> 00:22:35:	that their performance obligation is excused.
00:22:35> 00:22:39:	In other words, they don't have to do something in
00:22:39> 00:22:40:	a specific way.
00:22:40> 00:22:44:	Going to specific time, or maybe even at all based
00:22:44> 00:22:47:	on the obligations in the contract.
00:22:47> 00:22:50:	So in in the landlord tenant context,
00:22:50> 00:22:53:	you know that might be the obligation to operate for
00:22:54> 00:22:54:	a tenant.
00:22:54> 00:22:57:	Operate a business continuously here.
00:22:57> 00:23:00:	If you have a restaurant or a movie theater or
00:23:00> 00:23:03:	something like that in in the Denver area,
00:23:03> 00:23:07:	certainly that would be an obligation that most people would
00:23:07> 00:23:09:	be assuming is excused,
00:23:09> 00:23:10:	so it's not. It's not.
00:23:10> 00:23:14:	In most instances the right to terminate a contract,
00:23:14> 00:23:19:	you're instead talking about a specific obligation under the
	contract

00:23:19> 00:23:22:	that is excused or delayed during the period of the
00:23:22> 00:23:23:	force.
00:23:23> 00:23:25:	Mature first major event. So,
00:23:25> 00:23:28:	assuming your contract has a force majeure clause,
00:23:28> 00:23:31:	there's really kind of a three step process that you
00:23:31> 00:23:33:	walk through so we can take a look at the
00:23:33> 00:23:34:	next slide.
00:23:40> 00:23:42:	There we go. Thank you.
00:23:42> 00:23:46:	So step one, does your contract ever force majeure clause?
00:23:46> 00:23:48:	As I said a few minutes ago,
00:23:48> 00:23:54:	most of the sophisticated commercial contracts that we're dealing with
00:23:54> 00:23:57:	will have one in some shape or another.
00:23:57> 00:24:01:	It might not say in the section heading 4th measure,
00:24:01> 00:24:05:	it could instead talk about events outside of one party's
00:24:05> 00:24:06:	control or.
00:24:06> 00:24:09:	On the ability to delay performance,
00:24:09> 00:24:12:	we've been looking at a lot of EA agreements over
00:24:12> 00:24:14:	the last last couple weeks,
00:24:14> 00:24:18:	and it's interesting because the AIA agreement doesn't have a
00:24:18> 00:24:21:	provision that says force measure at the top instead has
00:24:21> 00:24:25:	a provision that talks about when the contractor is entitled
00:24:25> 00:24:27:	to more time for performance.
00:24:27> 00:24:31:	In other words, they are entitled to a certain delay
00:24:31> 00:24:35:	in their obligation to reach substantial completion of the project,
00:24:35> 00:24:37:	and that's how that contract.
00:24:37> 00:24:41:	Deals with the Force measure obligation or first measure rights.
00:24:41> 00:24:45:	So once you find that force majeure provision,
00:24:45> 00:24:48:	the question then becomes what triggers it,
00:24:48> 00:24:51:	and as is relevant to current circumstances,
00:24:51> 00:24:54:	does a pandemic trigger the force majeure clause?
00:24:54> 00:24:58:	Were bout a government order?
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	There will frequently be a list of force majeure events
00:25:02> 00:25:05:	in this clause that will specifically trigger it,
00:25:05> 00:25:08:	and then there will sometimes be a catch all that
00:25:08> 00:25:12:	says or any other event or circumstance that is outside
00:25:12> 00:25:15:	of the performing parties control or something.
00:25:15> 00:25:17:	It's a word to that effect,
00:25:17> 00:25:21:	and here one would certainly think that the development of
00:25:21> 00:25:26:	an international pandemic would probably be outside of the

	parties
00:25:26> 00:25:28:	to the contract's control.
00:25:28> 00:25:30:	So if we can go to the next slide,
00:25:30> 00:25:34:	assuming that you have found that force majeure clause and
00:25:34> 00:25:38:	you have determined that a pandemic or a government order
00:25:38> 00:25:43:	requiring you to close your business triggers the force majeure
00:25:43> 00:25:48:	clause, the next step becomes what the standard of performance
00:25:48> 00:25:49:	is in other words.
00:25:49> 00:25:53:	What does the fact that a pandemic has has a
00:25:53> 00:25:53:	curd?
00:25:53> 00:25:57:	What effect must that have on your performance?
00:25:57> 00:25:59:	So some clauses will say?
00:25:59> 00:26:02:	If a force measure event has happened,
00:26:02> 00:26:06:	that and the IT is become impossible for the performing
00:26:06> 00:26:09:	party to performance obligations,
00:26:09> 00:26:12:	then they're excused from from performing.
00:26:12> 00:26:17:	Other clauses will have different standards of performance,
00:26:17> 00:26:22:	like the performance has to be impractical or unreasonably difficult,
00:26:22> 00:26:24:	or some other standard like that,
00:26:24> 00:26:29:	and in some instances there won't be a standard listed
00:26:29> 00:26:29:	at all.
00:26:29> 00:26:31:	So the question becomes so,
00:26:31> 00:26:35:	then how do you analyze that?
00:26:35> 00:26:39:	In other words, if the clause requires that performance must
00:26:39> 00:26:42:	be impossible as a result of the pandemic,
00:26:42> 00:26:46:	what does that mean? There's there's tons and tons of
00:26:46> 00:26:47:	case on the subject,
00:26:47> 00:26:52:	but impossibility is really, really high standard.
00:26:52> 00:26:57:	Practical or impractical ability is not strict impossibility,
00:26:57> 00:26:59:	but it's it's pretty close.
00:26:59> 00:27:03:	It's it's essentially that it would be nearly impossible or
00:27:03> 00:27:08:	or commercially unreasonable to do it under current circumstances.
00:27:08> 00:27:11:	It's a really high standard.
00:27:11> 00:27:14:	To me, the circumstance that I've seen a couple of
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	times over the last the last few weeks that I
00:27:17> 00:27:21:	think is the most interesting is where there is no
00:27:21> 00:27:23:	standard at all. In other words,
00:27:23> 00:27:26:	it says that if a fourth major event occurs,
00:27:26> 00:27:29:	the party's performance is excused altogether,

00:27:29> 00:27:33:	and obviously that would be a standard that would be
00:27:33> 00:27:33:	very,
00:27:33> 00:27:37:	very favorable for the party that is seeking not to
00:27:37> 00:27:39:	perform its its obligation.
00:27:39> 00:27:43:	So really important, realizers. There's the two components to the
00:27:43> 00:27:43:	clause.
00:27:43> 00:27:48:	There's the triggering event, and then there has to be
00:27:48> 00:27:50:	the result on performance.
00:27:50> 00:27:52:	So if we go to the next slide,
00:27:52> 00:27:55:	the third step in the analysis is if you've met
00:27:55> 00:27:57:	the first 2 hurdles.
00:27:57> 00:28:01:	In other words, a pandemic qualifies as a force measure
00:28:01> 00:28:05:	event and your performance is now impossible as a result
00:28:05> 00:28:05:	of it.
00:28:05> 00:28:07:	What do you have to do?
00:28:07> 00:28:11:	What does the contract require that you do infrequently?
00:28:11> 00:28:15:	There will be a notice provision that you have to
00:28:15> 00:28:20:	follow and following that prescribed notice process could be.
00:28:20> 00:28:22:	A requirement of your contract.
00:28:22> 00:28:26:	In other words, either you wave your ability to assert
00:28:26> 00:28:27:	force measure,
00:28:27> 00:28:30:	or the other party to the agreement waives its ability
00:28:30> 00:28:32:	to assert force measure.
00:28:32> 00:28:35:	If you don't follow the right notice procedure and then
00:28:35> 00:28:39:	notice procedure could have a number of different elements,
00:28:39> 00:28:41:	it could have a timing component.
00:28:41> 00:28:44:	It could have more requirement that it be in writing
00:28:44> 00:28:45:	or via email.
00:28:45> 00:28:49:	There could be a method of delivery requirement that has
00:28:49> 00:28:51:	to be sent by FedEx or.
00:28:51> 00:28:54:	Got to get a fax or something like that and
00:28:54> 00:28:55:	older agreement.
00:28:55> 00:28:58:	You probably also specifies the recipients to notice.
00:28:58> 00:29:02:	Parties that have to get that notice it forced measure
00:29:02> 00:29:03:	for it to be effective.
00:29:03> 00:29:07:	The piece that I worry about folks stubbing their toes
00:29:07> 00:29:09:	on a little bit in this in this.
00:29:09> 00:29:12:	Is the timing component. In other words,
00:29:12> 00:29:14:	if you have to give event,
00:29:14> 00:29:16:	l give notice within a seven day.
00:29:16> 00:29:19:	That can be. That can be pretty quick under the

00:29:19> 00:29:20:	circumstances,
00:29:20> 00:29:22:	particularly if you have to.
00:29:22> 00:29:25:	Then have to figure out how to you know,
00:29:25> 00:29:29:	deliver a FedEx or or do whatever other mechanical things
00:29:29> 00:29:31:	that that clause requires,
00:29:31> 00:29:34:	so those are the three basic steps of how to
00:29:34> 00:29:39:	analyze whether a force measure event excuses performance under your
00:29:40> 00:29:40:	contract.
00:29:40> 00:29:43:	I would also note that we can go to the
00:29:43> 00:29:44:	next slide.
00:29:44> 00:29:48:	That forced measure is really one of whom is only
00:29:48> 00:29:52:	one of a handful of doctrines that might be applicable
00:29:52> 00:29:54:	here and that were.
00:29:54> 00:29:58:	Hearing a lot about it and people are are debating
00:29:58> 00:30:01:	pretty regularly here in the in the Covid area era.
00:30:01> 00:30:05:	Other doctrines that you might want to think about whether
00:30:05> 00:30:08:	they apply our frustration of purpose,
00:30:08> 00:30:12:	the doctrine of impossibility or impracticability,
00:30:12> 00:30:15:	and then Nicole mentioned a couple of others that are
00:30:15> 00:30:17:	particularly interesting,
00:30:17> 00:30:22:	including including the idea of condemnation and takings.
00:30:22> 00:30:26:	Whether government action, either directly or indirectly,
00:30:26> 00:30:29:	might rise to the level of taking,
00:30:29> 00:30:32:	I'll talk for just a minute about frustration of purpose.
00:30:32> 00:30:37:	Professional purpose is related to the concept of force measure,
00:30:37> 00:30:42:	but it's slightly different. Frustration of purpose is the idea
00:30:42> 00:30:43:	that there was.
00:30:43> 00:30:47:	Event or there was there was an occurrence of some
00:30:48> 00:30:52:	kind that everybody assumed either was going to happen or
00:30:52> 00:30:54:	wasn't going to happen,
00:30:54> 00:31:00:	and that assumption formed the basis for the contract and
00:31:00> 00:31:03:	and the nonoccurrence of that event.
00:31:03> 00:31:07:	Takes away the essential purpose of the contract,
00:31:07> 00:31:09:	the the sort of all the all the lawyers on
00:31:09> 00:31:12:	the line I know will roll their eyes when I
00:31:12> 00:31:14:	use this example,
00:31:14> 00:31:17:	but kind of the the classic law school example of
00:31:17> 00:31:20:	this is a case involving someone who who rented a
00:31:20> 00:31:24:	flat in London to witness the Coronation Pray Parade for
00:31:24> 00:31:28:	Queen Victoria. And so they paid an exorbitant amount of

00:31:28> 00:31:31:	money because this this flat had a balcony that looked
00:31:31> 00:31:33:	right over the parade route.
00:31:33> 00:31:36:	Well, at the last minute for whatever reason,
00:31:36> 00:31:40:	the parade route changed and it no longer went down
00:31:40> 00:31:42:	this street that had this balcony.
00:31:42> 00:31:45:	With this beautiful view of this now empty St and
00:31:45> 00:31:46:	so the tenant.
00:31:46> 00:31:49:	In that case, the lessee sued on the grounds that
00:31:49> 00:31:51:	that the purpose of the contract,
00:31:51> 00:31:55:	the viewing of the Coronation parade had been frustrated and
00:31:55> 00:31:58:	the court found in its favor and said,
00:31:58> 00:32:01:	yeah, the entire assumption of this contract,
00:32:01> 00:32:04:	and the reason you were willing to pay an exorbitant
00:32:04> 00:32:05:	amount of money.
00:32:05> 00:32:08:	Like to use this this balcony for a couple of
00:32:08> 00:32:12:	hours was that you would witness this Coronation parade and
00:32:12> 00:32:15:	the fact that the parade changed routes took away the
00:32:15> 00:32:19:	purpose of the contract that was that was a condition
00:32:19> 00:32:23:	or an assumption that underlie was underlying the entire contract
00:32:23> 00:32:26:	and so that change in circumstances allows you to not
00:32:26> 00:32:29:	perform allows you to terminate the contract.
00:32:29> 00:32:33:	So we're certainly seeing folks making those types of arguments
00:32:33> 00:32:33:	here.
00:32:33> 00:32:36:	Those are obviously also pretty factual,
00:32:36> 00:32:39:	or fax. Civic arguments because you have to point to
00:32:39> 00:32:40:	something very,
00:32:40> 00:32:44:	very specific. That wasn't assumption in the contract in which
00:32:44> 00:32:46:	the contract was based,
00:32:46> 00:32:49:	so I would characterize these other doctrines.
00:32:49> 00:32:52:	That sort of backup arguments in the event that you
00:32:52> 00:32:55:	can't get there with the plain language of of a
00:32:55> 00:32:56:	force majeure clause.
00:32:56> 00:32:58:	So with that I will.
00:32:58> 00:33:00:	I will pause it there and hand it over to
00:33:00> 00:33:03:	Rick Thomas to talk a little bit about what he's
00:33:03> 00:33:07:	seeing out in the commercial leasing and landlord tenant.
00:33:07> 00:33:10:	World. Wreck
00:33:10> 00:33:13:	thanks Jonathan.
00:33:13> 00:33:15:	Everyone thanks for joining us today.

00:33:15> 00:33:19:	Looking forward to sharing our beverage with you all virtually
00:33:19> 00:33:22:	hopefully later after this and hope everyone is doing well.
00:33:22> 00:33:25:	But I want to talk about landlord tenant issues that
00:33:25> 00:33:29:	are being presented to a lot of landlords and tenants
00:33:29> 00:33:30:	as a result of COVID-19.
00:33:30> 00:33:33:	And I guess right now the big question is,
00:33:33> 00:33:35:	can tenants pay their rent?
00:33:35> 00:33:40:	And this week is pretty significant because it's the first
00:33:40> 00:33:43:	week that a lot of rent becomes due amidst the
00:33:43> 00:33:46:	pandemic that we're all experiencing.
00:33:46> 00:33:49:	And what I've been speaking to clients about is what
00:33:49> 00:33:50:	concessions can be made.
00:33:50> 00:33:52:	What should we be doing for our tenants?
00:33:52> 00:33:54:	And it all comes down to this question of whether
00:33:55> 00:33:57:	and when can these tenants pay their rent.
00:33:57> 00:34:00:	And you know, kind of flippantly I've I've I've dubbed
00:34:00> 00:34:03:	the issue as as the waterfall of illiquidity,
00:34:03> 00:34:07:	because the current pandemic presents a situation where there's there's
00:34:08> 00:34:10:	no one out in the marketplace spending money,
00:34:10> 00:34:13:	and there's there's a.
00:34:13> 00:34:18:	Of employment where people are earning an receiving paychecks in
00:34:18> 00:34:21:	the ordinary course of business.
00:34:21> 00:34:24:	And So what you see is this list here kind
00:34:24> 00:34:28:	of falls in the order of who's feeling the pain
00:34:28> 00:34:31:	the most right now on the residential side.
00:34:31> 00:34:36:	Clearly those that are are not getting paychecks in our
00:34:36> 00:34:41:	leasing apartments and potentially have have no savings are going
00:34:41> 00:34:43:	to be unable to pay their rent.
00:34:43> 00:34:46:	As it comes due in the next several months while
00:34:46> 00:34:50:	we're quarantined and folks have been laid off and furloughed,
00:34:50> 00:34:53:	so clearly those tenants are suffering,
00:34:53> 00:34:57:	retail is very similar, especially retailers and restaurants that operate
00:34:57> 00:35:01:	on thin cash margins and don't have adequate reserves stocked
00:35:01> 00:35:04:	up to make rent payments without ongoing operations.
00:35:04> 00:35:08:	So clearly retail is suffering significantly right now,
00:35:08> 00:35:10:	and a lot of my time has been sent has
00:35:10> 00:35:14:	been spent the past two weeks dealing with responses to

00:35:14> 00:35:14:	retailers.
00:35:14> 00:35:16:	Um, on behalf of our landlord,
00:35:16> 00:35:20:	clients that own portfolios of shopping centers across the country.
00:35:20> 00:35:23:	Below that, you're going to have industrial in office who
00:35:23> 00:35:27:	will also soon start becoming illiquid and having the ability
00:35:27> 00:35:28:	to pay their rent.
00:35:28> 00:35:31:	But my assumption is that that's going to be in
00:35:31> 00:35:32:	months to come,
00:35:32> 00:35:37:	and not as immediately impacted as retail and residential happen.
00:35:37> 00:35:39:	So that kind of leads us to our next slide.
00:35:39> 00:35:41:	An always first get there.
00:35:41> 00:35:44:	So assuming that the tenants are unable to pay rent,
00:35:44> 00:35:46:	what is the landlords do?
00:35:46> 00:35:48:	What are landlords options? And again,
00:35:48> 00:35:52:	kind of flipping comment. There's a do nothing approach which
00:35:52> 00:35:55:	I don't think is conducive for anyone you could evict,
00:35:55> 00:35:58:	assuming that they failed to pay rent and don't establish
00:35:58> 00:36:00:	a defense to the payment of rent,
00:36:00> 00:36:04:	either through force measure or some impracticability of defense,
00:36:04> 00:36:08:	which I think is a little likelihood.
00:36:08> 00:36:11:	And then the third option,
00:36:11> 00:36:15:	which is where I'm seeing most of the.
00:36:15> 00:36:17:	The landlords.
00:36:17> 00:36:20:	Tent ords is make a deal and the question becomes
00:36:20> 00:36:22:	what does that deal look like?
00:36:22> 00:36:25:	But that being said, I want to note that I've
00:36:25> 00:36:29:	seen some landlord clients see this as an opportunity.
00:36:29> 00:36:33:	Whether it should be taken as an opportunity you know
00:36:33> 00:36:36:	is a question for every landlord,
00:36:36> 00:36:39:	but if you have a tenant at a shopping center
00:36:39> 00:36:41:	that is paying below market rents,
00:36:41> 00:36:45:	or that you could re tenant with a better user.
00:36:45> 00:36:49:	So you want to replace an OfficeMax with a.
00:36:49> 00:36:52:	You know, national or regional grocer and they fail to
00:36:52> 00:36:52:	pay rent.
00:36:52> 00:36:55:	Is that something that you want to take advantage of?
00:36:55> 00:36:58:	A lot of landlords are grappling with that question,
00:36:58> 00:37:00:	whether they will be able to is a is a
00:37:00> 00:37:01:	good question,

00:37:01> 00:37:03:	but you know, just because tenants are going to pay
00:37:03> 00:37:06:	rent doesn't mean that there aren't opportunities out there.
00:37:06> 00:37:10:	For aggressive landlords that want to take advantage of it.
00:37:10> 00:37:12:	And I saw a question pop up.
00:37:12> 00:37:16:	You know, is industrial in better shape than office and
00:37:16> 00:37:17:	retail?
00:37:17> 00:37:20:	This is anecdotal, but I think industrial isn't is in
00:37:20> 00:37:21:	better shape right now,
00:37:21> 00:37:25:	especially if you're leasing space too.
00:37:25> 00:37:29:	You know warehouses, warehouses that are supplying goods to Amazon
00:37:29> 00:37:32:	and similar operators in the industrial space.
00:37:32> 00:37:35:	I think you also have users that are supporting construction
00:37:35> 00:37:37:	efforts that are ongoing.
00:37:37> 00:37:40:	That being said, you might have some industrial users that
00:37:40> 00:37:43:	are supplying some of the retailers that are struggling right
00:37:44> 00:37:44:	now,
00:37:44> 00:37:46:	so orders may stop, so I haven't seen as much
00:37:46> 00:37:49:	activity on the office or industrial site as I have
00:37:49> 00:37:51:	seen in the retail side,
00:37:51> 00:37:54:	but I think within the next 30 days will be
00:37:54> 00:37:56:	able to answer that question.
00:37:56> 00:38:00:	More clearly, so assuming that landlords want to pursue making
00:38:00> 00:38:04:	a deal with their tenants to ensure that their tenants
00:38:04> 00:38:06:	make it through this.
00:38:06> 00:38:09:	This downturn and quarantine period.
00:38:09> 00:38:11:	What does that deal look like?
00:38:11> 00:38:15:	So the next slide kind of details the key issues
00:38:15> 00:38:17:	for landlords to think about.
00:38:17> 00:38:19:	So.
00:38:19> 00:38:22:	Water issues for dealmakers and rafters.
00:38:22> 00:38:24:	When making a deal with tenants right now,
00:38:24> 00:38:27:	you know the things to think about.
00:38:27> 00:38:30:	First and foremost is how you're going to deal with
00:38:30> 00:38:33:	the rent payments that are coming due.
00:38:33> 00:38:34:	And so ways to structure it.
00:38:34> 00:38:38:	And it's key to understand the difference between forbearance and
00:38:38> 00:38:39:	forgiveness.
00:38:39> 00:38:43:	So forbearance is a concept where the landlord essentially agrees
00:38:43> 00:38:47:	to forebear from exercising their rights and remedies with

	respect
00:38:47> 00:38:50:	to the failure to pay rent for a certain time
00:38:50> 00:38:53:	period. And this is the most common structure that I'm
00:38:53> 00:38:54:	seeing right now,
00:38:54> 00:38:58:	as opposed to forgiveness where you just tell the tenant
00:38:58> 00:39:01:	that they don't need to pay the rent for that.
00:39:01> 00:39:05:	And forbearance can come in a few different forms.
00:39:05> 00:39:08:	So what I've been seeing in the market with a
00:39:08> 00:39:12:	lot of retail landlords is a forbearance period of between
00:39:12> 00:39:13:	60 and 120 days.
00:39:13> 00:39:17:	So beginning in April and last thing somewhere from two
00:39:17> 00:39:18:	to four months,
00:39:18> 00:39:22:	they're telling tenants we will not evict or exercise any
00:39:22> 00:39:24:	remedies under the lease.
00:39:24> 00:39:27:	If you fail to pay either base rent,
00:39:27> 00:39:31:	meaning the rental rate that is the consideration for the
00:39:31> 00:39:32:	space and sometimes also.
00:39:32> 00:39:36:	The triple net operating expenses that are passed through to
00:39:36> 00:39:39:	tenants for the next two to four months,
00:39:39> 00:39:41:	provided that the landlord had,
00:39:41> 00:39:45:	in most circumstances has been calling for those four for
00:39:45> 00:39:48:	the for the rent that would have been paid during
00:39:48> 00:39:52:	that period to be repaid in 12 equal monthly installments
00:39:52> 00:39:56:	in 2021. So the thought process behind this structure is
00:39:56> 00:39:59:	that you'll allow them to not pay rent for the
00:39:59> 00:40:01:	next two to four months,
00:40:01> 00:40:04:	and in return they're going to pay it back to
00:40:04> 00:40:04:	you.
00:40:04> 00:40:06:	In over the 2021 calendar year,
00:40:06> 00:40:10:	this gives them the immediate relief that they need,
00:40:10> 00:40:14:	and hopefully enough buffer before the end of 2020 to
00:40:14> 00:40:17:	get back to full operation so that they can make
00:40:17> 00:40:20:	increased rent payments at in 2021.
00:40:20> 00:40:24:	So essentially it's similar to an interest free loan that
00:40:24> 00:40:28:	the lender that the landlord is granting to their tenants
00:40:28> 00:40:30:	to get them through this tough.
00:40:30> 00:40:34:	Another structure, and I've seen this in industrial is where
00:40:34> 00:40:35:	you just.
00:40:35> 00:40:39:	Abate rent you tell the tenant that we're not going
00:40:39> 00:40:42:	to charge rent it's zero rent for the next two
00:40:42> 00:40:43:	to four months,
00:40:43> 00:40:46:	but in exchange we want you to extend the lease

00:40:47> 00:40:48:	term by the same.
00:40:48> 00:40:49:	At the end of the term,
00:40:49> 00:40:52:	or for a longer period at the end of the
00:40:52> 00:40:53:	term,
00:40:53> 00:40:56:	and the value to the landlord in that situation is
00:40:56> 00:41:00:	that hopefully they can sell the asset later on with
00:41:00> 00:41:04:	better underwriting on NLI after we get out of the
00:41:04> 00:41:08:	pandemic. So shifting the rent payments and from the current
00:41:08> 00:41:13:	pandemic environment to back end payments at the end of
00:41:13> 00:41:14:	the lease term.
00:41:14> 00:41:18:	So things to think about when entering entering into one
00:41:18> 00:41:20:	of these agreements.
00:41:20> 00:41:25:	One concept that we're adding to all of our agreements
00:41:25> 00:41:27:	is that these.
00:41:27> 00:41:31:	He's this forbearance structure is conditioned upon the tenant to
00:41:32> 00:41:33:	the extent they qualify,
00:41:33> 00:41:37:	applying for aid and relief under the CARES Act and
00:41:37> 00:41:41:	specifically the program that we're pointing to is the Paycheck
00:41:41> 00:41:43:	Protection program.
00:41:43> 00:41:46:	I'm sure you've seen news articles about this program,
00:41:46> 00:41:49:	oftentimes referred to as PPP or Triple P,
00:41:49> 00:41:53:	and it allows small businesses to apply for low interest
00:41:53> 00:41:57:	loan that can be forgiven and which is federally insured,
00:41:57> 00:42:01:	provided that the. The small business owner retains their employees
00:42:01> 00:42:03:	and continues to pay them.
00:42:03> 00:42:06:	After this pandemic subsides, and so that that provision of
00:42:06> 00:42:10:	the CARES Act specifically states that proceeds from that loan
00:42:10> 00:42:11:	can be used to pay rent.
00:42:11> 00:42:14:	That being said, what I've been reading is is that
00:42:14> 00:42:15:	at least 75%
00:42:15> 00:42:17:	of it is going to have to go to support
00:42:17> 00:42:18:	your payroll,
00:42:18> 00:42:20:	but that leaves 25% that can go to pay rent.
00:42:20> 00:42:24:	So what we're putting in our agreements is provision that
00:42:24> 00:42:27:	one requires them to apply by a certain deadline because
00:42:27> 00:42:28:	there are limited funds.
00:42:28> 00:42:31:	So you want your tenants to be applying.
00:42:31> 00:42:35:	Early. And we're providing them with guidance where to look.
00:42:35> 00:42:38:	There are resources available from the Treasury Department

	as well
00:42:38> 00:42:41:	as from the Small Business Association.
00:42:41> 00:42:44:	There's a website that provides with what we've dubbed an
00:42:44> 00:42:47:	idiot proof guide to applying for these types of loans.
00:42:47> 00:42:49:	And so we want to make sure that they are
00:42:49> 00:42:52:	applying for them and to the extent that they are
00:42:52> 00:42:55:	permitted under the program to use the proceeds to for
00:42:55> 00:42:58:	rent that they immediately pay those over to the landlord.
00:42:58> 00:43:01:	I think it notes Bear note stating that we also
00:43:01> 00:43:04:	need to analyze what types of tenants are offering these
00:43:04> 00:43:05:	concessions to.
00:43:05> 00:43:08:	Most of our clients are are allowing for this sort
00:43:08> 00:43:11:	of forbearance structure for the mom and pop retailers.
00:43:11> 00:43:15:	The small online spaces that are operated by small
	franchisees
00:43:15> 00:43:18:	or independent operators while asking For more information from the
00:43:18> 00:43:22:	national retailers that may have better capital reserves or the
00:43:22> 00:43:26:	ability to draw on lines of credit to make rent
00:43:26> 00:43:27:	payments as they come do.
00:43:27> 00:43:31:	Other items to consider when structuring these forbearance agreements is
00:43:32> 00:43:35:	to specifically state the obligations that the tenant needs to
00:43:35> 00:43:36:	continue to comply with.
00:43:36> 00:43:39:	So it's not just rent that a tenant needs to
00:43:39> 00:43:41:	pay during the term of the lease.
00:43:41> 00:43:44:	I noted this earlier. You need to analyze whether triple
00:43:44> 00:43:46:	net expenses need to be paid,
00:43:46> 00:43:49:	and it bears noting that oftentimes some of those triple
00:43:49> 00:43:50:	net expenses,
00:43:50> 00:43:52:	such as reserves of such as payments for taxes and
00:43:52> 00:43:53:	insurance,
00:43:53> 00:43:56:	oftentimes need to be turned over to a lender to
00:43:56> 00:43:58:	fund reserves under the loan documents.
00:43:58> 00:44:01:	So unless a an owner is not required to make
00:44:01> 00:44:02:	those reserve payments,
00:44:02> 00:44:06:	or their lender is engaging in a similar forbearance on
00:44:06> 00:44:08:	behalf of the ownership.
00:44:08> 00:44:11:	You need to strongly consider whether you should relieve the
00:44:11> 00:44:13:	tenant of those obligations because you yourself,
00:44:13> 00:44:15:	as the owner of the shopping center,
00:44:15> 00:44:18:	might or the similar obligation to your lender.
00:44:18> 00:44:22:	Also, you want to ensure that they extent they're able

00:44:22> 00:44:24:	to operate under applicable laws.
00:44:24> 00:44:27:	You may want to have them continue to operate to
00:44:27> 00:44:30:	protect against cotenancy concerns with other tenants,
00:44:30> 00:44:34:	and also that they are continuing to maintain insurance and
00:44:34> 00:44:38:	maintain the premises from damage that may occur during this.
00:44:38> 00:44:41:	So structure the agreement such that they are relieved of
00:44:41> 00:44:44:	their rental obligations for a time period,
00:44:44> 00:44:47:	but none of the other obligations under the lease with
00:44:48> 00:44:48:	specific.
00:44:48> 00:44:51:	Attention paid to operating covenants.
00:44:51> 00:44:53:	Other concepts that we're putting in.
00:44:53> 00:44:56:	We put in a standard estoppel statement in all our
00:44:57> 00:45:00:	agreement stating that the tenant waives all claims for any
00:45:01> 00:45:04:	breaches or defaults up to the date of the amendment
00:45:04> 00:45:08:	is executed. We're also putting in a very specific covid
00:45:08> 00:45:12:	force measure provision that relieves the landlord of certain obligations
00:45:13> 00:45:16:	such as maintenance of the shopping center if they are
00:45:16> 00:45:21:	prevented from doing so during this pandemic.
00:45:21> 00:45:24:	And you know various other protections to benefit landlords that
00:45:24> 00:45:26:	be happy to talk about during the happy hour.
00:45:26> 00:45:29:	If people have questions.
00:45:29> 00:45:31:	So I think with that we can move to the
00:45:31> 00:45:32:	next slide.
00:45:35> 00:45:37:	And this is just to note,
00:45:37> 00:45:41:	for anybody engaging in these types of forbearance arrangements with
00:45:41> 00:45:42:	their tenants,
00:45:42> 00:45:45:	you need to understand who may need to approve these
00:45:45> 00:45:46:	types of arrangements first.
00:45:46> 00:45:50:	Always check your loan documents to ensure that the lender
00:45:50> 00:45:52:	doesn't have an approval right.
00:45:52> 00:45:55:	Most loan documents include a negative covenant on behalf of
00:45:55> 00:45:59:	the borrower to not engage in certain lease modifications without
00:45:59> 00:46:00:	the lenders approval.
00:46:00> 00:46:03:	So check your loan docs and always make sure that
00:46:03> 00:46:07:	you're getting the appropriate approvals that are needed.
00:46:07> 00:46:11:	Capital Partners if there's institutional capital or other investors in

00:46:11> 00:46:13:	the capital stack that have approval rights,
00:46:13> 00:46:17:	make sure you're getting those approvals before you engage in
00:46:17> 00:46:18:	these sorts of agreements.
00:46:18> 00:46:21:	And finally, for all the property managers out there,
00:46:21> 00:46:25:	or folks that are sponsors on projects that are receiving
00:46:25> 00:46:27:	a property management fee.
00:46:27> 00:46:31:	You need to understand that most property management fees are
00:46:31> 00:46:34:	based on gross rents received during a certain time period
00:46:34> 00:46:37:	and this is going to be labor intensive processing numerous
00:46:37> 00:46:42:	forbearance agreements with tenants, reviewing financials to make sure that
00:46:42> 00:46:43:	they qualify.
00:46:43> 00:46:45:	And if you're not receiving rent during this.
00:46:45> 00:46:48:	How are you going to compensate your employees and keep
00:46:48> 00:46:50:	the lights on during this.
00:46:50> 00:46:53:	It's really relatively thin margin for property managers and if
00:46:53> 00:46:55:	you're not receiving rent,
00:46:55> 00:46:56:	how do you get paid?
00:46:56> 00:47:00:	And this is something to raise with the ownership group.
00:47:00> 00:47:02:	And there's various structures you can employ.
00:47:02> 00:47:06:	I've seen many property managers ask their ownership groups for
00:47:06> 00:47:07:	payment.
00:47:07> 00:47:10:	Now with some sort of reconciliation on the back end
00:47:10> 00:47:13:	based on what forbearance payments are actually received.
00:47:13> 00:47:17:	So it would look something like continue to pay the
00:47:17> 00:47:20:	property management fee based on historical rental payments,
00:47:20> 00:47:24:	and then when we receive the forbearance payments in 2021,
00:47:24> 00:47:28:	our property management fee will not include those forbearance rent
00:47:28> 00:47:31:	payments because we've already been compensated.
00:47:31> 00:47:33:	For that rent, during the forbearance.
00:47:33> 00:47:36:	Alternatively you could ask for 50%
00:47:36> 00:47:40:	of the management fee that would have been paid during
00:47:40> 00:47:41:	the forbearance.
00:47:41> 00:47:45:	And then do some sort of reconciliation once the forbearance
00:47:45> 00:47:46:	payments come in.
00:47:46> 00:47:50:	Because inevitably some of these retailers will not make it
00:47:51> 00:47:54:	and will not be able to make those forbearance payments

00:47:55> 00:47:56:	on the back end so.
00:47:56> 00:48:00:	With that, I think I'll turn it back over.
00:48:00> 00:48:03:	Great, thanks so much, Rick.
00:48:03> 00:48:06:	So there was a lot of information on on two
00:48:06> 00:48:08:	very specific topics in a short amount of time,
00:48:08> 00:48:10:	and I see here and I think you sort of
00:48:10> 00:48:12:	answered this record little bit,
00:48:12> 00:48:14:	but we did have one question that came in,
00:48:14> 00:48:16:	and I'd encourage others if you have questions to ask.
00:48:16> 00:48:18:	Now is the time to put them in chat box.
00:48:18> 00:48:22:	We've got the question in negotiating commercial leases during this
00:48:22> 00:48:22:	time.
00:48:22> 00:48:26:	What types of specific mitigation requirements would you recommend as
00:48:26> 00:48:28:	a response to COVID-19 force measure events?
00:48:28> 00:48:30:	You talked about this a little bit.
00:48:30> 00:48:33:	I know if you want to go into anymore detail.
00:48:33> 00:48:36:	Yeah, sure. So the good news is that there is
00:48:36> 00:48:38:	commercial leasing going on.
00:48:38> 00:48:41:	I have received five or six term sheets in the
00:48:41> 00:48:42:	last two weeks.
00:48:42> 00:48:46:	For new leases, and it depends on what side of
00:48:46> 00:48:48:	the fence you sit on.
00:48:48> 00:48:52:	If you are building out new space for a tenant.
00:48:52> 00:48:55:	Then you want a very robust force measure.
00:48:55> 00:49:00:	Provision that specifically includes COVID-19 force majeure events clearly on
00:49:00> 00:49:03:	the front end you have the obligation to deliver the
00:49:03> 00:49:05:	space within a certain time period.
00:49:05> 00:49:09:	At least you will for sophisticated national retailers,
00:49:09> 00:49:11:	and so you want to make sure that if there
00:49:11> 00:49:15:	are any penalties or termination rights afforded to a tenant
00:49:15> 00:49:18:	if you fail to deliver by a certain time period,
00:49:18> 00:49:22:	then you need to include force measure language for the
00:49:22> 00:49:23:	benefit of the landlord.
00:49:23> 00:49:27:	That applies in office industrial retail across the board,
00:49:27> 00:49:31:	but again, you have to analyze what obligations the landlord
00:49:31> 00:49:34:	has as compared to the obligations that the tenant has
00:49:35> 00:49:38:	in representing a landlord on an as is deal where
00:49:38> 00:49:41:	you're delivering space without any build out,
00:49:41> 00:49:44:	it becomes less important and you may want to exclude
00:49:44> 00:49:49:	specific COVID-19 force majeure events from the Force

	measure language
00:49:49> 00:49:53:	and specifically call out COVID-19 as being excluded because you're
00:49:53> 00:49:56:	entering. Into the lease in a time period in which
00:49:56> 00:49:59:	everyone is aware of the delays that are being caused
00:49:59> 00:50:02:	by COVID-19 and you should enter into the transaction with
00:50:02> 00:50:05:	your eyes wide open. So I hope that answers the
00:50:05> 00:50:06:	question,
00:50:06> 00:50:08:	but happy to answer any follow UPS based on that.
00:50:08> 00:50:10:	Yeah and Rick this is Jonathan.
00:50:10> 00:50:13:	I think that's a great answer and I would.
00:50:13> 00:50:15:	I would also just add to that and thinking about
00:50:15> 00:50:17:	all these clauses,
00:50:17> 00:50:20:	force, measure and otherwise. First major in particular is just
00:50:20> 00:50:24:	an allocation of risk and you're deciding how you're allocating
00:50:24> 00:50:25:	your particular.
00:50:25> 00:50:29:	Risk as between landlord and tenant or buyer and seller
00:50:29> 00:50:30:	or whatever.
00:50:30> 00:50:34:	The nature of the transaction is and and here you
00:50:34> 00:50:38:	can and should be allocating the risk of covid related
00:50:38> 00:50:41:	delays between between the parties.
00:50:44> 00:50:47:	Great great point Jonathan. I mean,
00:50:47> 00:50:49:	I just check on to everything that Rick just presented
00:50:49> 00:50:52:	and say that a number of the things that he
00:50:52> 00:50:54:	suggested on sort of how you're negotiating and and the
00:50:54> 00:50:59:	forbearance versus forgiveness is the same Senate kind of conversations
00:50:59> 00:51:02:	that we're seeing occur with real estate lenders.
00:51:02> 00:51:05:	You're seeing certainly the real estate.
00:51:05> 00:51:09:	Loans related to hospitality be the first ones that need
00:51:09> 00:51:11:	some conversation and need workouts,
00:51:11> 00:51:16:	because certainly those properties went to extremely low occupancy faster
00:51:16> 00:51:19:	than anybody else and work the most quickly impacted.
00:51:19> 00:51:23:	But I think you're going to see some other workouts
00:51:23> 00:51:25:	and loans as you go forward,
00:51:25> 00:51:27:	and that similar sort of again.
00:51:27> 00:51:32:	Forbearance versus forgiveness is same kind of conversation that you're
00:51:32> 00:51:35:	seeing occur between a lender and borrower right now,
00:51:35> 00:51:39:	so. Um Sarah? I don't know.
00:51:39> 00:51:41:	I don't see any other questions here.
00:51:41> 00:51:43:	I don't know if the group has any other questions.

00:51:46> 00:51:49:	Sure, yes, thank you, and we're almost at a time,
00:51:49> 00:51:52:	so we are well. Thank you so much Nicole.
00:51:52> 00:51:56:	And thanks to the entire Brownstein team for lending their
00:51:56> 00:51:58:	expertise on today's session.
00:51:58> 00:52:00:	We hope it was valuable for all of you.
00:52:00> 00:52:02:	As we mentioned at the beginning,
00:52:02> 00:52:05:	we recorded today's session and we will share a copy
00:52:06> 00:52:08:	of the recording in PowerPoint to you,
00:52:08> 00:52:12:	like Colorado's website, on our resources page.
00:52:12> 00:52:16:	Our staff, while working virtually continues to be available for
00:52:16> 00:52:20:	your membership and program related questions and as an ongoing
00:52:20> 00:52:22:	resource to you during this time.
00:52:22> 00:52:24:	So who's ready for happy hour?
00:52:24> 00:52:25:	I think I am Michael.
00:52:25> 00:52:27:	If you've got that, we're ready.
00:52:27> 00:52:29:	I think we're ready to go to happy hour and
00:52:29> 00:52:32:	we invite everyone to please remain on this webinar.
00:52:32> 00:52:34:	Grab your favorite beverage from your home.
00:52:34> 00:52:38:	Refrigerators and my colleague Elise Martinez will be getting placing
00:52:38> 00:52:41:	you into your virtual happy hour groups.
00:52:41> 00:52:45:	Each group includes about 20 participants for continued discussion,
00:52:45> 00:52:49:	and it's facilitated by Ulic staff and volunteer young leader
00:52:49> 00:52:49:	members,
00:52:49> 00:52:53:	so we hope everyone enjoys your group conversations and Elise.
00:52:53> 00:52:56:	I think we're ready to start this process please.
00:52:56> 00:52:57:	Thank you.
00:52:57> 00:52:59:	OK, great thank you Sir.

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