

Webinar

Environmental Justice and Real Estate: Where To From Here?

Date: March 26, 2021

00:00:02> 00:00:04:	Wonderful, well welcome everybody. Good morning,
00:00:04> 00:00:07:	good afternoon and good evening.
00:00:07> 00:00:10:	Depending on where you are in the time zone around
00:00:10> 00:00:12:	the world my name is Tague Mcclory and as a
00:00:12> 00:00:16:	member of the Uli responsible Property Investment Council.
00:00:16> 00:00:19:	I am delighted to welcome you to our second web
00:00:19> 00:00:21:	and R of 2021 before we began.
00:00:21> 00:00:24:	Just wanted to do a few housekeeping items as as
00:00:24> 00:00:27:	people roll into the room will be recording today's session
00:00:27> 00:00:31:	and will share that with all registered participants.
00:00:31> 00:00:33:	At the end, you're all on mute as attendees,
00:00:33> 00:00:36:	but should you have questions along the way,
00:00:36> 00:00:40:	please don't hesitate to type your questions into the Q&A
00:00:40> 00:00:43:	and chat feature will truly opened up and will curate
00:00:43> 00:00:46:	and ask those questions should we have time near the
00:00:46> 00:00:49:	end of the program. Now.
00:00:49> 00:00:52:	While most of you are members in familiar with the
00:00:52> 00:00:55:	Urban Land Institute and its rich history 80 plus year
00:00:55> 00:00:56:	history,
00:00:56> 00:00:59:	I think it's important to reiterate the purpose and vision
00:00:59> 00:01:02:	and mission of you Ally as we start today.
00:01:02> 00:01:04:	Even as you lie seeks to shape the future of
00:01:04> 00:01:09:	the built environment for transformative impact of all communities worldwide,
00:01:09> 00:01:13:	we hope that today's discussion around environmental justice in real
00:01:13> 00:01:16:	estate will really challenge all of our 45,000 ULI members
00:01:16> 00:01:19:	around the world to create positive transformative.
00:01:19> 00:01:25:	Impact in all communities without creating negative impacts

for others.

00:01:25> 00:01:27:	This is our 4th year programming the RPI.
00:01:27> 00:01:31:	, , , ,
	See seminars. Last year we hosted 8 webinars in total
00:01:31> 00:01:33:	and the plan is to do the same this year.
00:01:33> 00:01:37:	So the primary goal of these these workshops and discussions
00:01:37> 00:01:42:	is really to facilitate a conversation around responsible property investment.
00:01:42> 00:01:44:	What it looks like in practice,
00:01:44> 00:01:47:	how to invest in resilience in four resilience,
00:01:47> 00:01:51:	how to generate social impact along with financial return.
00:01:51> 00:01:55:	And most importantly you know education for our UI community
00:01:55> 00:01:57:	and others about emerging trends.
00:01:57> 00:02:01:	Changing standards, practical tools and just simple strategies for tomorrow.
00:02:01> 00:02:03:	Over the last few years,
00:02:03> 00:02:06:	we've covered a number of topics from proptech to emerging
00:02:06> 00:02:08:	client and energy regulations,
00:02:08> 00:02:11:	opportunity zones in intersection of housing and health.
00:02:11> 00:02:14:	Most recently, we held a master class on building for
00:02:14> 00:02:17:	net zero Carbon and similar to those programs.
00:02:17> 00:02:21:	We're thrilled to partner with you allies Urban Resilience
	program,
00:02:21> 00:02:24:	as well as the Greenprint Center for Building Performance.
00:02:24> 00:02:26:	So keep an eye on your inbox.
00:02:26> 00:02:28:	We've got a great lineup of programming.
00:02:28> 00:02:30:	For the balance of this year,
00:02:30> 00:02:32:	one is an example is the circular economy in water,
00:02:32> 00:02:36:	probably one of the more important topics today that few
00:02:36> 00:02:38:	are really paying attention to.
00:02:38> 00:02:41:	So as moderator and as a member of the Responsible
00:02:41> 00:02:42:	Property Investment Council.
00:02:42> 00:02:46:	The topics of social equity social impacts in real estate
00:02:46> 00:02:49:	are deeply important to my work in purpose.
00:02:49> 00:02:52:	I currently serve as a director of social impact and
00:02:52> 00:02:54:	inclusion at MP Boston,
00:02:54> 00:02:57:	and I'm also the founder of a social impact enterprise.
00:02:57> 00:03:00:	TH mclaury LLC. In both of these capacities,
00:03:00> 00:03:04:	my work is really dedicated to designing strategies that seek
00:03:04> 00:03:08:	to embed equity inclusion and diversity throughout the entire
	real
00:03:08> 00:03:09:	estate process.
00:03:09> 00:03:12:	Ultimately, I see the purpose of this work is cultivating

00:03:12> 00:03:13:	harmony.
00:03:13> 00:03:17:	Designing strategies that are uniting diverse ideas and
	people in
00:03:17> 00:03:21:	companies together to build capacity and so with that before
00:03:21> 00:03:22:	we get started today,
00:03:22> 00:03:25:	we'd like to just take a quick pulse of the
00:03:25> 00:03:28:	audience with a few quick questions and this will help
00:03:28> 00:03:31:	us gauge your knowledge of the topic,
00:03:31> 00:03:33:	but also give our speakers a sense of your areas
00:03:34> 00:03:36:	of interest that you'd like us to cover today.
00:03:36> 00:03:40:	The first is what is your level of familiarity with
00:03:40> 00:03:41:	environmental justice.
00:03:41> 00:03:45:	Strong, medium, low. So take a moment answer that that
00:03:45> 00:03:48:	will give us a good sense of who we have
00:03:48> 00:03:50:	attending the session today.
00:03:50> 00:03:52:	We have people from all over the world and the
00:03:52> 00:03:53:	country.
00:03:53> 00:03:55:	The second question is what are you most interested in
00:03:56> 00:03:57:	learning to on today's panel?
00:03:57> 00:04:00:	Is it gaining just overall background about the topic?
00:04:00> 00:04:02:	Learning how land use policies,
00:04:02> 00:04:05:	maybe impact environmental justice or just simply learning
	how to
00:04:05> 00:04:09:	how to collaborate and partner with community based
00:04:12> 00:04:15:	organizations? And so we'll take a minute for those polling questions
00:04:15> 00:04:16:	to come through.
00:04:16> 00:04:19:	And then we'll we'll get right started.
00:04:19> 00:04:21:	So the the topic of environmental justice?
00:04:21> 00:04:25:	That's great. It looks like we've got a good knowledge
00:04:25> 00:04:27:	base of medium familiarity,
00:04:27> 00:04:29:	which is wonderful. And also,
00:04:29> 00:04:31:	you know, some with low familiarity,
00:04:31> 00:04:35:	which is, which is even better.
00:04:35> 00:04:38:	You know, we see this as a learning environment and
00:04:38> 00:04:41:	with respect to areas of interest will look forward to
00:04:41> 00:04:44:	•
00:04:41> 00:04:44:	tackling some questions and hopefully I think will will have some great topics to to cover.
00:04:49> 00:04:46:	
00:04:49> 00:04:52: 00:04:52> 00:04:54:	So I'll just give people a minute to read and
00:04:52> 00:04:54:	answer and we'll go from there.
00:05:01> 00:05:04:	I mean the topic of environmental justice and how it intersects with the real estate industry is certainly complex.
00:05:04> 00:05:07:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
UU.U3.U4/ UU.U3.U/:	You know, it's it's really at the core of this

00:05:07> 00:05:10:	topic is about fair treatment in meaningful involvement of all
00:05:10> 00:05:12:	people in key decisions,
00:05:12> 00:05:15:	meaningful involvement in key decisions that impact
	development,
00:05:15> 00:05:19:	implementation, and enforcement, environmental laws and regulations?
00:05:19> 00:05:22:	In it's an issue that is cross cutting the real
00:05:22> 00:05:26:	estate sector is certainly played a major role in determining
00:05:26> 00:05:28:	count communities experience greater.
00:05:28> 00:05:33:	Environmental climate and health issues and risks.
00:05:33> 00:05:36:	So that's great to see those answers about what people
00:05:36> 00:05:37:	are interested today.
00:05:37> 00:05:39:	I think will will definitely be able to cover those
00:05:39> 00:05:41:	topics to frame today's discussion.
00:05:41> 00:05:44:	What I'd like to do is just give a really
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	32nd thumbnail history of environmental justice and then hand it
00:05:47> 00:05:49:	over to our panelists and experts.
00:05:49> 00:05:52:	This will help us ground the discussion with some historical
00:05:52> 00:05:55:	context of key moments in the early years of the
00:05:55> 00:05:56:	environmental justice movement,
00:05:56> 00:05:59:	and that's certainly a word that is important.
00:05:59> 00:06:02:	This is a movement, a movement that was born out
00:06:02> 00:06:03:	of the civil rights movement.
00:06:03> 00:06:07:	Started by individuals, primarily people of color,
00:06:07> 00:06:11:	seeking to stand up and address the inequities of
	Environmental
00:06:11> 00:06:11:	Protection.
00:06:11> 00:06:15:	The 1968 Memphis Sanitation Strikes is probably one of the
00:06:15> 00:06:20:	first African American mobilized efforts to combat environmental injustice.
00:06:20> 00:06:24:	This photo taken just days before the tragic assassination of
00:06:24> 00:06:28:	Reverend Doctor Martin Luther King Junior in Memphis is definitely
00:06:28> 00:06:32:	bears witness to this to the beginning of environmental justice,
00:06:32> 00:06:34:	he worked alongside and advocated.
00:06:34> 00:06:38:	With those sanitation strike workers but second key point in
00:06:38> 00:06:42:	history in 1982 was an example of a nonviolent mobilization
00:06:42> 00:06:44:	in a sit in in Warren County to protest the
00:06:44> 00:06:46:	PCB landfill in Warren County,
00:06:46> 00:06:50:	North Carolina. This is probably widely understood as one of
00:06:50> 00:06:55:	the catalytic moments of the early decades of environmental
	justice.

00:06:55> 00:06:59:	And then 1991 was probably the next stage of the
00:06:59> 00:07:04:	movement when the first national people of color
	Environmental Leadership
00:07:04> 00:07:06:	Summit was held in DC.
00:07:06> 00:07:10:	This summit convened hundreds of attendees from Native
00.07.40	American,
00:07:10> 00:07:13:	African American, Latino, and Asian Pacific descent,
00:07:13> 00:07:17:	all coming together to develop and adopt 17 principles of
00:07:17> 00:07:19:	environmental justice.
00:07:19> 00:07:23:	A comprehensive plan in platform for both national and international
00:07:23> 00:07:25:	movement of all people,
00:07:25> 00:07:27:	and so it's at that Community level.
00:07:27> 00:07:30:	Community organizations that are dedicated,
00:07:30> 00:07:34:	like our panelists today dedicated to those those efforts they
00:07:34> 00:07:36:	have deep experience.
00:07:36> 00:07:39:	Shaping the future of our neighborhoods and built environment.
00:07:39> 00:07:42:	And we're excited to hear the wealth of knowledge and
00:07:42> 00:07:45:	experience that they're going to share with us today.
00:07:45> 00:07:49:	We've got three organizations today on the front lines of
00:07:49> 00:07:51:	the Environmental Justice movement,
00:07:51> 00:07:54:	and as they share how they work with stakeholders and
00:07:54> 00:07:58:	how they really ultimately create harmony to create positive
	change
00:07:58> 00:08:00:	in forming a more equitable path forward.
00:08:00> 00:08:03:	I'm excited to introduce today's speakers first up is the
00:08:03> 00:08:06:	Alamo Defra's Vice president in policy and advocacy.
00:08:06> 00:08:10:	At Catalyst Miami, so Allen joined Catalyst Miami in 2016
00:08:10> 00:08:15:	and currently leads their efforts on policy and Engagement Department.
00:08:15> 00:08:19:	She holds a Masters in Global Environmental Health from Emory
00:08:19> 00:08:22:	University and a bachelor's degree in Community health from Brown
00:08:22> 00:08:23:	University.
00:08:23> 00:08:28:	Our second speaker is Sunraycer Cooper transformative communities program manager
00:08:28> 00:08:29:	at the Green Lining Institute.
00:08:29> 00:08:33:	Sonrisas, a city planner and advocate for affordable housing,
00:08:33> 00:08:36:	and she leads Green linings effort on economic,
00:08:36> 00:08:38:	systemic change and community investment.
00:08:38> 00:08:41:	A graduate of grain Linings Leadership Academy,
00:08:41> 00:08:44:	she holds a BA in Environmental studies from Wellesley

College 00:08:45 --> 00:08:46: and a Masters in City planning. 00:08:46 --> 00:08:51: From UC Berkeley. And our final panelist is Michelle Delaluz, 00:08:51 --> 00:08:53: executive director of 5th Ave committee. 00:08:53 --> 00:08:57: Michelle has LED that organization for nearly 17 years, 00:08:57 --> 00:09:00: which supports a mission dedicated to over 5000 low and 00:09:00 --> 00:09:04: moderate income people managing a portfolio of real estate assets 00:09:04 --> 00:09:08: that total \$120 million in a development pipeline of a 00:09:08 --> 00:09:10: 1900 units totaling about \$850 million. 00:09:10 --> 00:09:13: She's an alumna of Connecticut College, 00:09:13 --> 00:09:18: Columbia University and Harvard Kennedy School Executive extension program. 00:09:18 --> 00:09:20: So to start off today's conversation, 00:09:20 --> 00:09:23: I'd like to ask each of our panelists just to 00:09:23 --> 00:09:26: give a quick two minute overview of your organizations and 00:09:26 --> 00:09:28: will start with Zelalem at Catalyst Miami. 00:09:28 --> 00:09:32: Thank you. Hi everyone, I'm long. 00:09:32 --> 00:09:35: Thank you so much for having me on this panel 00:09:36 --> 00:09:38: and for this opportunity. 00:09:38 --> 00:09:42: I work in an organization called Catalyst Miami. 00:09:42 --> 00:09:47: We are in economic justice organization based in Miami Dade 00:09:47 --> 00:09:51: County and we've been around after past 25 years. 00:09:51 --> 00:09:55: I have a photo of some of the community members 00:09:55 --> 00:09:59: we work with and I love to open with this 00:09:59 --> 00:10:00: photo because. 00:10:00 --> 00:10:03: They are what our work is is truly about. 00:10:03 --> 00:10:07: So maybe can we go to the next slide. 00:10:07 --> 00:10:10: So just a little bit more about our organization, 00:10:10 --> 00:10:12: we do a combination of things. 00:10:12 --> 00:10:16: We do direct services like financial code chain, 00:10:16 --> 00:10:18: free tax preparation, health insurance, 00:10:18 --> 00:10:21: enrollment, and then we do advocacy work, 00:10:21 --> 00:10:25: which is the work I oversee advocacy in Community organizing 00:10:25 --> 00:10:28: on Community identified priorities,

00:10:10 --> 00:10:12: we do a combination of things.
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00:10:16 --> 00:10:18: free tax preparation, health insurance,
00:10:18 --> 00:10:21: enrollment, and then we do advocacy work,
00:10:21 --> 00:10:25: which is the work I oversee advocacy in Community organizing
00:10:25 --> 00:10:28: on Community identified priorities,
00:10:28 --> 00:10:31: and then we do network network of building as well
00:10:31 --> 00:10:35: and just working in partnership with with the folks throughout
00:10:35 --> 00:10:38: the throughout the County and the region.
00:10:41 --> 00:10:43: Next slide.
00:10:43 --> 00:10:47: Alright, so just a little bit more deeply into the

00:10:47> 00:10:48:	work we lead or lead.
00:10:48> 00:10:54:	In particular, we do leadership grassroots leadership training
	programs as
00:10:54> 00:10:58:	a way to onboard community members into issues such as
00:10:58> 00:10:59:	climate change,
00:10:59> 00:11:01:	which is the one featured here,
00:11:01> 00:11:07:	or housing housing advocacy. We integrate those community members into
00:11:07> 00:11:11:	coalition spaces like the Miami Climate Alliance or the Florida
00:11:11> 00:11:13:	Housing Justice Alliance.
00:11:13> 00:11:17:	And to flex their advocacy skills that which which they
00:11:17> 00:11:19:	learn in those programs.
00:11:19> 00:11:23:	And then we advocate. Whether it's in our programming at
00:11:23> 00:11:25:	the Capitol in Tallahassee.
00:11:25> 00:11:27:	Or, you know, in our County,
00:11:27> 00:11:32:	in our cities, and really think impacted communities need to
00:11:32> 00:11:34:	be at the helm of policy,
00:11:34> 00:11:38:	design and decision making. And through every step of the
00:11:38> 00:11:40:	process and the next slide,
00:11:40> 00:11:42:	if I have another side,
00:11:42> 00:11:45:	because that's how we. That's how we win.
00:11:45> 00:11:48:	We proven to do better and to make more significant
00:11:48> 00:11:52:	wins for our community and to better hold elected officials
00:11:52> 00:11:53:	accountable.
00:11:53> 00:11:57:	The more we have community members designing the
	policies from
00:11:57> 00:11:58:	the outset.
00:11:58> 00:12:01:	This is a slide deck from some energy work we
00:12:01> 00:12:01:	do.
00:12:01> 00:12:05:	But I could easily swap out these these policies for
00:12:05> 00:12:05:	anything,
00:12:05> 00:12:07:	anything this year in any topic.
00:12:07> 00:12:09:	And so with that all,
00:12:09> 00:12:11:	keep it brief and pass it to the next.
00:12:11> 00:12:15:	The next panelist. Wonderful thank you so much.
00:12:15> 00:12:15:	Michelle.
00:12:19> 00:12:22:	Everybody thanks so much to you.
00:12:22> 00:12:26:	Apply for the invitation to present.
00:12:26> 00:12:30:	So so 5th Ave committee for Famine Committee is based
00:12:30> 00:12:30:	in Brooklyn,
00:12:30> 00:12:35:	NY. We're a 43 year old comprehensive Community Development Corporation
00:12:35> 00:12:39:	whose mission is to advance economic and social justice.

00:12:39> 00:12:43:	I think it's important to to say that.
00:12:43> 00:12:48:	While Fifth Ave Committee I think has tremendous alignment
	with
00:12:49> 00:12:54:	the values and the goals of the environmental justice movement
00:12:54> 00:12:58:	I I I purposely do not call 5th Ave Committee
00:12:58> 00:13:05:	Environmental Justice Organization because I have deep deep respect for
00:13:05> 00:13:11:	the organizations that have been the leaders behind the environmental
00:13:11> 00:13:13:	justice movement.
00:13:13> 00:13:15:	And now that. There's.
00:13:19> 00:13:22:	That we need to be thoughtful about what we name
00:13:22> 00:13:26:	ourselves and not to coopt other names that that folks
00:13:26> 00:13:27:	have for themselves.
00:13:27> 00:13:30:	And, you know, I just want to build a bit
00:13:30> 00:13:30:	on,
00:13:30> 00:13:33:	you know, some of the principles and values of the
00:13:33> 00:13:34:	EJ movement,
00:13:34> 00:13:37:	the hemas principles for Democratic organizing,
00:13:37> 00:13:41:	which is something that was adopted in in New Mexico
00:13:41> 00:13:42:	in December 1996.
00:13:42> 00:13:45:	It lays out a number of things in terms of
00:13:45> 00:13:47:	principles which.
00:13:47> 00:13:51:	Are important. The inclusive emphasized bottom up organizing let people
00:13:51> 00:13:53:	speak for themselves,
00:13:53> 00:13:56:	work together in solidarity and mutuality.
00:13:56> 00:14:00:	Build just relationships and commitment to self transformation.
00:14:00> 00:14:02:	I think a lot of us share those values and
00:14:02> 00:14:06:	certainly at 5th Ave Committee in the work that we
00:14:06> 00:14:06:	do.
00:14:06> 00:14:10:	Helping over 5500 low and moderate income New Yorkers through
00:14:10> 00:14:14:	a comprehensive set of programs that really focus on changing
00:14:14> 00:14:17:	change at three levels and individual level community.
00:14:17> 00:14:19:	The level in our systems level.
00:14:19> 00:14:22:	We definitely do that, so I will pass it on
00:14:22> 00:14:25:	from there and look forward to the rest of the
00:14:25> 00:14:26:	conversation.
00:14:29> 00:14:31:	Wonderful thank you so Teresa.
00:14:33> 00:14:36:	Hi everyone, my name is some recent Cooper.

00:14:36> 00:14:39:	I work at the Mining Institute in Oakland,
00:14:39> 00:14:42:	CA and thank you to you all.
00:14:42> 00:14:45:	I for inviting us to share the stage with these
00:14:45> 00:14:47:	other great panelists.
00:14:47> 00:14:50:	So Green line is a nearly 30 year old racial
00:14:51> 00:14:53:	equity organization that.
00:14:53> 00:14:57:	Brings opportunity to low income communities of color in California
00:14:57> 00:14:58:	through policy,
00:14:58> 00:15:01:	advocacy, research and leadership development.
00:15:01> 00:15:05:	And our mission is to build a feature where communities
00:15:05> 00:15:08:	of color and build wealth where they can live in
00:15:08> 00:15:12:	healthy places that are filled with economic opportunity and importantly
00:15:12> 00:15:16:	were there ready to meet the challenges posed by climate
00:15:16> 00:15:16:	change.
00:15:16> 00:15:20:	So we really kind of working the wrap around away
00:15:20> 00:15:24:	with an understanding of the overlapping impacts of those.
00:15:24> 00:15:27:	Of different factors that affecting the color.
00:15:31> 00:15:34:	So green linings work is really rooted in ending the
00:15:34> 00:15:36:	racist legacy of redlining,
00:15:36> 00:15:40:	which, if you're not familiar with redlining this was the
00:15:40> 00:15:44:	systematic practice of denying home loans to people of color
00:15:44> 00:15:45:	for decades.
00:15:45> 00:15:47:	In the middle of the 20th century.
00:15:47> 00:15:50:	And this practice was officially outlawed in 1973.
00:15:50> 00:15:52:	But this was one of the biggest,
00:15:52> 00:15:56:	if not the biggest, contributor to the racial wealth gap
00:15:56> 00:15:59:	that still continues to exist today.
00:15:59> 00:16:01:	And so we use the word redlining.
00:16:01> 00:16:05:	Pretty broadly to refer to all forms of systemic discrimination,
00:16:05> 00:16:07:	so not just in home ownership,
00:16:07> 00:16:11:	but also equal access to things like health care,
00:16:11> 00:16:13:	broadband Internet, energy, clean air,
00:16:13> 00:16:17:	and other critical services as it.
00:16:17> 00:16:23:	Systemically and structurally kept from communities of color.
00:16:23> 00:16:25:	Insight.
00:16:25> 00:16:29:	So that's redlining. Green lining is the opposite of that,
00:16:29> 00:16:32:	and we see it as the solution to redlining.
00:16:32> 00:16:35:	So the way that we remind places and relying on
00:16:35> 00:16:38:	economy is that we make sure that those who have
00:16:38> 00:16:39:	power,
00:16:39> 00:16:44:	investing, army movements so that could be a local

	government
00:16:44> 00:16:45:	bank.
00:16:45> 00:16:50:	Tillite companies are a lot of different power players that
00:16:50> 00:16:50:	we.
00:16:50> 00:16:53:	We try to make sure that they are investing in
00:16:53> 00:16:56:	our neighborhoods and so the way we do that is
00:16:56> 00:16:59:	that we negotiate with corporations and we also pass policies
00:16:59> 00:17:02:	that direct as much funding as possible to low income
00:17:02> 00:17:04:	communities of color and so later on.
00:17:04> 00:17:07:	In this webinar, I'm going to talk about a specific
00:17:07> 00:17:11:	program that we worked on called transformative climate communities that
00:17:11> 00:17:15:	funds projects in these neighborhoods and also improves air quality,
00:17:15> 00:17:19:	reduces climate risk, builds capacity and leadership from residents,
00:17:19> 00:17:22:	and prevents displacement. It's a really good example of what
00:17:22> 00:17:24:	it actually means to remind please.
00:17:28> 00:17:31:	So one thing that is really core to wave reminding
00:17:31> 00:17:35:	works is an understanding that communities of color don't face
00:17:35> 00:17:36:	individual risks.
00:17:36> 00:17:40:	They faced com pounding threats that have multiplier effects with
00:17:40> 00:17:40:	each other.
00:17:40> 00:17:43:	So this map all the way to the left is
00:17:43> 00:17:45:	the original redlining map of Oakland.
00:17:45> 00:17:49:	The red and yellow neighborhoods are where people of color
00:17:49> 00:17:51:	live and the moon green neighborhoods are white.
00:17:51> 00:17:55:	People live and in the red nail areas people can
00:17:55> 00:17:56:	get home loans for.
00:17:56> 00:17:58:	Almost 50 years.
00:17:58> 00:18:01:	The map in the Middle mouse air pollution in Oakland
00:18:01> 00:18:04:	in the same area and then the one to the
00:18:04> 00:18:07:	right Maps recovery keys that were happening.
00:18:07> 00:18:10:	And so I just I think that this sort of
00:18:10> 00:18:14:	comparison is really really telling and it was created because
00:18:14> 00:18:17:	the red is always in the same place and it
00:18:17> 00:18:22:	tells us that these issues aren't stemming from individual
00.40.00 > 00.40.00	policy
00:18:22> 00:18:22:	decisions.
00:18:22> 00:18:26:	They all stem from the exact same root cause,
00:18:26> 00:18:30:	which is structural racism. So this is really a systemic

00:18:30> 00:18:31:	issue,
00:18:31> 00:18:35:	and so the way that we approach systems changes in
00:18:35> 00:18:37:	building community power.
00:18:37> 00:18:41:	Lifting up community based ideas and building community capacity.
00:18:41> 00:18:44:	So that's what I'm really excited to talk about here
00:18:44> 00:18:49:	today and how we address structural inequality with community based
00:18:49> 00:18:49:	solutions.
00:18:52> 00:18:54:	Fantastic thank you so much,
00:18:54> 00:18:57:	son Risa and thank you everybody for giving that brief
00:18:57> 00:18:59:	thumbnail of your organizations.
00:18:59> 00:19:02:	I love the infographic in comparison.
00:19:02> 00:19:05:	You just use 'cause I think it's appropriate as we
00:19:05> 00:19:09:	transition to this first topic around climate impacts on communities.
00:19:09> 00:19:12:	And really, I'd like to allow this first question to
00:19:12> 00:19:15:	Zelalem in relation to how you're seeing in your work
00:19:15> 00:19:19:	sees climate change most impacting the groups that you represent.
00:19:19> 00:19:23:	And really as the prior slide that some researchers shared.
00:19:23> 00:19:27:	You know how do those historic in recent land use
00:19:27> 00:19:31:	decisions really intersect with those impacts?
00:19:31> 00:19:33:	Now, absolutely.
00:19:33> 00:19:38:	So I'll just share that to re emphasize some recess
00:19:38> 00:19:43:	slides that real estate is probably one of the single
00:19:43> 00:19:48:	greatest contributors to racial and equity in this country.
00:19:48> 00:19:54:	We've had centuries of curbing access to land.
00:19:54> 00:19:57:	You know, through that red lining.
00:19:57> 00:20:03:	And through African Americans and immigrant populations in particular,
00:20:03> 00:20:07:	not being eligible for certain government programs,
00:20:07> 00:20:09:	so it is indeed a systemic problem.
00:20:09> 00:20:13:	And South Florida, where I live only only really exists
00:20:14> 00:20:16:	due to very drastic land use changes.
00:20:16> 00:20:19:	We have Everglades National Park.
00:20:19> 00:20:22:	He ran the Everglades used to be a huge area
00:20:22> 00:20:23:	of the state.
00:20:23> 00:20:27:	And in fact, if you've been to Miami and you
00:20:27> 00:20:28:	see our highway.
00:20:28> 00:20:33:	I-95 pretty much everything West of I-95 was the Everglades
00:20:33> 00:20:36:	here in Miami Dade County and I.
00:20:36> 00:20:40:	I counted on the map before sharing this and like

00:20:41> 00:20:42:	near downtown Miami,
00:20:42> 00:20:46:	the I-95 is only like 8 to 10 blocks in
00:20:46> 00:20:49:	so it just goes to show.
00:20:49> 00:20:53:	How much we've done to dredge and fell into drastically
00:20:53> 00:20:54:	change our environment,
00:20:54> 00:20:58:	and so all that really happened because of a gentleman
00:20:58> 00:20:59:	Henry Flagler.
00:20:59> 00:21:01:	He was convinced by Julia Tuttle,
00:21:01> 00:21:06:	who's the first first woman founder of a city.
00:21:06> 00:21:10:	She salmon orange blossom was living up North in Jacksonville,
00:21:10> 00:21:14:	FL and she convinced him to build his railroad down
00:21:14> 00:21:18:	into Miami and the folks that built that railroad which
00:21:18> 00:21:21:	happened to be on the highest ground in Miami.
00:21:21> 00:21:24:	Henry Flagler's very smart smart man.
00:21:24> 00:21:29:	Where were black communities? So they were either mostly Bahamian
00:21:29> 00:21:31:	immigrants or African Americans.
00:21:31> 00:21:36:	And so when they built that railroad they settled.
00:21:36> 00:21:41:	Throughout throughout Miami, Dade and has more white folks from
00:21:41> 00:21:45:	across the country came down on that railroad.
00:21:45> 00:21:49:	That son Jim Crow on a lot of anti discrimination
00:21:49> 00:21:53:	or a lot of discrimina Tori laws and policies came
00:21:53> 00:21:58:	down to Miami and so are African American communities are
00:21:58> 00:22:04:	primarily on the highest land near that railroad due to
00:22:04> 00:22:06:	segregation and also do too.
00:22:06> 00:22:11:	Discrimina Tori lending forever for housing.
00:22:11> 00:22:16:	I have a mouth not not in this slide deck
00:22:16> 00:22:18:	about it shows how.
00:22:18> 00:22:21:	Segregated Miami has continued to become.
00:22:21> 00:22:24:	It gets worse and worse through the 60s,
00:22:24> 00:22:27:	seventies, 80s nineties an in the city.
00:22:27> 00:22:30:	Recent city of Miami. Recently I think 2013 filed a
00:22:30> 00:22:35:	lawsuit for discriminatory lending and then some of the nation's
00:22:35> 00:22:37:	biggest biggest banks.
00:22:37> 00:22:39:	So I would argue that redlining,
00:22:39> 00:22:44:	while illegal, is still somewhat practiced.
00:22:44> 00:22:46:	Throughout the country.
00:22:46> 00:22:49:	Alright, but climate I'll get back to this,
00:22:49> 00:22:53:	but every climate change were also known as you know,
00:22:53> 00:22:55:	I don't really like this phrase,

00:22:55> 00:22:58:	'cause I think it it kind of erases the global
00:22:58> 00:23:00:	impacts of climate change.
00:23:00> 00:23:02:	But as far as assets at Risco,
00:23:02> 00:23:05:	Miami is the number one place in the world now
00:23:05> 00:23:08:	with trillions of dollars of assets at risk.
00:23:08> 00:23:12:	An were known as Ground Zero for climate change as
00:23:12> 00:23:12:	well,
00:23:12> 00:23:14:	at least in the United States.
00:23:14> 00:23:17:	So we're impacted by sea level rise.
00:23:17> 00:23:23:	Flooding stronger hurricanes, extreme heats and what we're seeing in
00:23:23> 00:23:29:	particular is those are primarily African American or black immigrant
00:23:29> 00:23:30:	neighborhoods.
00:23:30> 00:23:36:	An increasingly Latin axe, neighborhoods that are on the highest
00:23:36> 00:23:40:	ground in in the County are being seen as ripe
00:23:40> 00:23:46:	for development as our coastal areas experience more title
00:23:46> 00:23:50:	flooding in our. It's more known that they were threatened
00:23:51> 00:23:54:	by sea level rise and so that phenomenon we call
00:23:54> 00:23:56:	climate gentrification here.
00:23:56> 00:24:02:	And it's something that we're working on with community members
00:24:02> 00:24:03:	to address.
00:24:03> 00:24:10:	Through, you know, planning and zoning practices and just through
00:24:10> 00:24:12:	community organizing.
00:24:12> 00:24:14:	So I don't know.
00:24:14> 00:24:15:	Leave it there for now.
00:24:15> 00:24:18:	Yeah no. I appreciate that and I love the the
00:24:18> 00:24:20:	language around climate gentrification.
00:24:20> 00:24:23:	That word really stuck out as I as they learn
00:24:23> 00:24:24:	more about your work.
00:24:24> 00:24:28:	Michelle sonrisa. Any other comments to add to this topic
00:24:28> 00:24:29:	before we move on?
00:24:31> 00:24:33:	I'm happy to to add and I think I have
00:24:33> 00:24:34:	some slides.
00:24:34> 00:24:36:	If we could go to the next slide.
00:24:36> 00:24:40:	So so I think you know folks know that New
00:24:40> 00:24:42:	York City is a coastal city.
00:24:42> 00:24:44:	Dense coastal city with you know,
00:24:44> 00:24:46:	over eight and a half million people,

00:24:46> 00:24:50:	and obviously the buildings in New York City account for
00:24:50> 00:24:50:	over 70%
00:24:50> 00:24:53:	of our greenhouse gas emissions.
00:24:53> 00:24:56:	What people if you're not from New York City,
00:24:56> 00:24:58:	but you may be less familiar with,
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	is that a lot of low income communities of color,
00:25:01> 00:25:05:	a lot of public housing is actually cited along the
00:25:05> 00:25:07:	waterfront in New York City.
00:25:07> 00:25:11:	So for instance, when it could be primarily because that's
00:25:11> 00:25:15:	also where the manufacturing zones have been historically in New
00:25:15> 00:25:15:	York City,
00:25:15> 00:25:19:	and it's only more, and I'm really talking primarily in
00:25:19> 00:25:21:	the outer boroughs here.
00:25:21> 00:25:24:	But you know basically low income housing,
00:25:24> 00:25:30:	public housing was Co located with Knox obnoxious environmental uses
00:25:30> 00:25:31:	over the years,
00:25:31> 00:25:34:	and so you see what you have here is a
00:25:34> 00:25:36:	map of 1 community in Brooklyn,
00:25:36> 00:25:40:	NY Belonis where you know 5th Ave committee's office is
00:25:40> 00:25:42:	literally just off this map.
00:25:42> 00:25:47:	In this one small ISH neighborhood.
00:25:47> 00:25:49:	The little red, you know,
00:25:49> 00:25:54:	rectangles are public housing. The yellow is New York City's
00:25:54> 00:25:56:	first US EPA Superfund site,
00:25:56> 00:25:59:	the Galanes canal. You see,
00:25:59> 00:26:04:	in the light purple, the industrial business zone in the
00:26:05> 00:26:11:	brownish colors there you see three former manufactured gas plants.
00:26:11> 00:26:16:	And then you see some plan future investment in blue.
00:26:16> 00:26:19:	Or two combined sewer overflow tanks.
00:26:19> 00:26:23:	One out of 8,000,000 gallon tank and another 4,000,000 gallon
00:26:23> 00:26:23:	tank.
00:26:23> 00:26:27:	I think it's notable as well that the only public
00:26:27> 00:26:31:	park here is that you know that one block park
00:26:31> 00:26:33:	called Thomas Green Park.
00:26:33> 00:26:36:	And so you know, and you can see the proximity
00:26:36> 00:26:38:	of those red rectangles,
00:26:38> 00:26:42:	the public housing to the US EPA Superfund site and
00:26:42> 00:26:45:	former manufactured gas plant sites.
00:26:45> 00:26:48:	And you know, that's those that's not a mistake,

00:26:51 --> 00:26:52: Going to the next slide, 00:26:52 --> 00:26:54: please. 00:26:54 --> 00:26:57: You see here a little bit of that. 00:26:57 --> 00:26:59: so that's that's the Guanes canal, 00:26:59 --> 00:27:02: and those tall white buildings on the right hand side. 00:27:02 --> 00:27:06: That's public housing, so you see that how close that 00:27:06 --> 00:27:06: is, 00:27:06 --> 00:27:10: and I'll just say that what you can't see in 00:27:10 --> 00:27:11: this photo is. 00:27:11 --> 00:27:13: Going back one more time. 00:27:13 --> 00:27:18: You know 5th Ave Committee on Affordable Housing literally immediately 00:27:18 --> 00:27:19: adjacent to this canal, 00:27:19 --> 00:27:23: and I can't tell you about the smell and everything 00:27:23 --> 00:27:23: else, 00:27:23 --> 00:27:26: but there's you know what all of this means is 00:27:26 --> 00:27:27: that you know, 00:27:27 --> 00:27:30: with New York City weather in sea level rise, 00:27:30 --> 00:27:33: whether it's you know more intense weather events. 00:27:33 --> 00:27:36: whether it's intense heat and urban heat, 00:27:36 --> 00:27:39: island effect, all of these things are, 00:27:39 --> 00:27:43: you know, impact. The people and communities that that that 00:27:43 --> 00:27:44: new committee. 00:27:44 --> 00:27:47: Works with. Fantastic. 00:27:47 --> 00:27:50: Was there anything else Michelle before? 00:27:50 --> 00:27:53: No, I'll leave it for next the next case. 00:27:53 --> 00:27:56: Fantastic, thank you. Sorry, so before we move off any 00:27:56 --> 00:27:57: you know, 00:27:57 --> 00:27:59: just a quick climate, gentrification. 00:27:59 --> 00:28:02: These topics of environmental gentrification. 00:28:02 --> 00:28:06: How are you seeing that you know quickly in California? 00:28:06 --> 00:28:10: Yeah, thanks for asking. 00:28:10 --> 00:28:13: The impacts of climate change are like, 00:28:13 --> 00:28:17: really, really starting to hit California pretty badly. 00:28:17 --> 00:28:20: I think everyone's on these the full month of smoke 00:28:20 --> 00:28:23: that we have in there last year on the day 00:28:23 --> 00:28:25: that the sun didn't come out, 00:28:25 --> 00:28:29: it's being horrible wildfire season and a lot of pretty 00:28:29 --> 00:28:31: bad flooding as well. 00:28:31 --> 00:28:32: In the last few years. 00:28:32 --> 00:28:36: And that combined with California's housing,

right? That's that's part of how it works.

00:26:48 --> 00:26:51:

00:28:40 --> 00:28:43: This crisis has really kind of elevated the way that 00:28:43 --> 00:28:45: we talk about climate change, 00:28:45 --> 00:28:48: climate resilience and climate adaptation. 00:28:48 --> 00:28:52: And so one of the ways that it started to 00:28:52 --> 00:28:54: manifest here is that. 00:28:54 --> 00:28:59: We have several towns and also love the areas that 00:28:59 --> 00:29:02: a lot of rural towns burned down and. 00:29:02 --> 00:29:05: In thinking about how we rebuild in those places, 00:29:05 --> 00:29:08: there's been. 00:29:08 --> 00:29:09: Big push, I would say, 00:29:09 --> 00:29:13: or at least a vigorous discussion about how to make 00:29:13 --> 00:29:16: sure that when we build in those places and do 00:29:16 --> 00:29:17: it with affordability. 00:29:17 --> 00:29:20: I'm having audio problems. I'm very sorry I'm not sure 00:29:20 --> 00:29:21: what's going on. 00:29:21 --> 00:29:23: I try to fix that for me answer, 00:29:23 --> 00:29:24: but. 00:29:24 --> 00:29:27: Yeah, I think the way that we've been trying to 00:29:27 --> 00:29:31: address it here is making sure that when these disasters 00:29:31 --> 00:29:31: happen, 00:29:31 --> 00:29:33: but the people who are most vulnerable, 00:29:33 --> 00:29:35: so farm workers on House people, 00:29:35 --> 00:29:40: communities of color that are living in coastal areas and 00:29:40 --> 00:29:44: low income rural communities are really protected when. 00:29:44 --> 00:29:46: Build any resilience or adaptation. 00:29:46 --> 00:29:50: New infrastructure and also rebuild those communities that are perfect 00:29:50 --> 00:29:50: disasters. 00:29:50 --> 00:29:53: Great, wonderful. Thank you so much for sharing and thank 00:29:54 --> 00:29:55: you everybody for your answers. 00:29:55 --> 00:29:59: I mean obviously climate change climate impacts is just really 00:29:59 --> 00:30:00: one of the elements, 00:30:00 --> 00:30:05: right? That that is at the heart of environmental justice. 00:30:05 --> 00:30:07: So that we could talk at length about other things, 00:30:07 --> 00:30:10: but I'd like to shift the conversation a little bit 00:30:10 --> 00:30:10: 00:30:10 --> 00:30:13: you know, one solution that is intersected with real estate 00:30:13 --> 00:30:16: and that's equitable development as a concept. 00:30:16 --> 00:30:20: And so Michelle from your perspective is Community development organization, 00:30:20 --> 00:30:22: you know, talk to us about some of the possible

affordability, crisis and homelessness.

00:28:36 --> 00:28:40:

00:30:22> 00:30:25:	strategies and solutions that can help us advance more resilient
00:30:25> 00:30:28:	and equitable development and what we what you see from
00:30:28> 00:30:30:	the real estate sector. Sure,
00:30:30> 00:30:33:	so first I think it's important to let's have a
00:30:33> 00:30:35:	common definition of what you know.
00:30:35> 00:30:38:	Equitable development can look like.
00:30:38> 00:30:41:	If you gotta go to the first slide.
00:30:41> 00:30:44:	I have here so you know terms like equality and
00:30:44> 00:30:47:	equity get thrown around a lot,
00:30:47> 00:30:50:	and yet they mean very very different things and you
00:30:50> 00:30:53:	know the cartoon on the left hand side.
00:30:53> 00:30:56:	I think really points that out.
00:30:56> 00:31:00:	A lot of our policies in the country have focused
00:31:00> 00:31:05:	on equality versus equity and because we haven't been willing
00:31:05> 00:31:05:	to.
00:31:05> 00:31:08:	Really invest in communities and people on the way we
00:31:08> 00:31:12:	need to in order to actually advance equity and what
00:31:12> 00:31:13:	that is led to,
00:31:13> 00:31:16:	of course, and what we have often is that people
00:31:16> 00:31:20:	who have advantages communities that have advantages continue to get
00:31:20> 00:31:22:	those advantages.
00:31:22> 00:31:26:	An communities and people who have disadvantages aren't really given
00:31:26> 00:31:28:	the help that they need.
00:31:28> 00:31:31:	And then on the infographic on the right you know,
00:31:31> 00:31:34:	I think it's interesting.
00:31:34> 00:31:38:	The work that we're talking about here is so intersectional,
00:31:38> 00:31:42:	and it's really important that we balance the needs of
00:31:42> 00:31:44:	communities and social needs.
00:31:44> 00:31:46:	The economic needs of people.
00:31:46> 00:31:50:	And of course, the environmental needs that we have locally
00:31:50> 00:31:51:	and more broadly.
00:31:51> 00:31:54:	And so you know whether you use the term equitable
00:31:54> 00:31:57:	development or sustainable development.
00:31:57> 00:32:01:	I think it's important that we're always trying to balance
00:32:01> 00:32:03:	all of these and do so in a way that
00:32:03> 00:32:05:	that has integrity.
00:32:05> 00:32:06:	So moving on to the next slide,
00:32:06> 00:32:09:	I think one of the definitions that I like about
00:32:09> 00:32:12:	equitable development and this is one that's you know.

00:32:12> 00:32:14:	Interestingly on the EPA website,
00:32:14> 00:32:18:	it's an approach for meeting the needs of underserved
	communities
00:32:18> 00:32:22:	through policies and programs that reduce disparities while fostering places
00:32:22> 00:32:24:	that are healthy and vibrant.
00:32:24> 00:32:26:	I, I think that's that's critical,
00:32:26> 00:32:29:	and one of the things that.
00:32:29> 00:32:33:	5th Ave committee does. As part of our equitable
	development
00:32:33> 00:32:36:	work and we do this through a couple of different
00:32:36> 00:32:36:	ways.
00:32:36> 00:32:39:	I mean, we we have something called our South Brooklyn
00:32:39> 00:32:42:	Accountable Development Initiative,
00:32:42> 00:32:46:	which has equitable development and accountable development as a key
00:32:46> 00:32:46:	aspect.
00:32:46> 00:32:49:	We also have work through are turning the tide,
00:32:49> 00:32:53:	climate, justice, effort and then right now because the one
00:32:53> 00:32:56:	this is one of the neighborhoods that is anticipated to
00:32:56> 00:32:59:	be rezoned in New York City and it is now
00:32:59> 00:33:02:	a. Majority white neighborhood. It didn't used to be.
00:33:02> 00:33:05:	We have a whole coalition we pulled together called the
00:33:05> 00:33:08:	Honest Neighborhood Coalition for Justice.
00:33:08> 00:33:11:	But when we think about equitable development,
00:33:11> 00:33:14:	we we really think about ensuring that those who are
00:33:14> 00:33:18:	most directly impacted by a proposed public policy change lead
00:33:18> 00:33:19:	the conversation.
00:33:19> 00:33:22:	And so for us, for instance.
00:33:22> 00:33:24:	And we also are, you know,
00:33:24> 00:33:27:	think about who will be partnering with to help advance
00:33:27> 00:33:28:	that.
00:33:28> 00:33:31:	And who are allies? And for our collaborators?
00:33:31> 00:33:33:	With that, and certainly you lie.
00:33:33> 00:33:37:	And also the urban climate change research network have
00.00.07 > 00.00.00	been
00:33:37> 00:33:38:	allies and collaborators.
00:33:38> 00:33:41:	And you know, as you can see on the left
00:33:41> 00:33:42:	hand side,
00:33:42> 00:33:43:	the report that you will.
00:33:43> 00:33:47:	I did come through the Technical Assistance Panel,
00:33:47> 00:33:50:	the vision for a greener cooler balanis around urban heat

00:33:50> 00:33:51:	island.
00:33:51> 00:33:53:	You know that that multiday tap.
00:33:53> 00:33:57:	Relied on tours and interviews with local residents.
00:33:57> 00:34:02:	You don't necessarily have those pictures here.
00:34:02> 00:34:05:	And then the other photos that you see are the
00:34:05> 00:34:09:	pictures from the urban climate Change Research Network where they,
00:34:09> 00:34:12:	you know, built out a full model scale model of
00:34:12> 00:34:14:	what it might look like to as part of the
00:34:14> 00:34:16:	rezoning for the neighborhood.
00:34:16> 00:34:20:	In that model was then brought to the community for
00:34:20> 00:34:23:	all you know for residents to see an really help
00:34:23> 00:34:27:	understand what the proposed rezoning would mean and who would
00:34:27> 00:34:30:	who would benefit. And talking through all of that.
00:34:30> 00:34:33:	Come on to the on to the next slide.
00:34:33> 00:34:37:	I want to give an example of.
00:34:37> 00:34:40:	And this this kind of highlights a bit more on
00:34:40> 00:34:41:	the urban heat island,
00:34:41> 00:34:44:	so you know you see the lack of tree cover
00:34:44> 00:34:45:	in Gowanus,
00:34:45> 00:34:48:	which is basically the area without green,
00:34:48> 00:34:51:	where you see that water body on the right hand
00:34:51> 00:34:52:	side.
00:34:52> 00:34:55:	And then of course the part of Brooklyn that we're
00:34:55> 00:34:57:	in is literally surrounded by,
00:34:57> 00:35:01:	you know, a tangle of highways above grade highways thing
00:35:01> 00:35:04:	to thanks to Robert Moses that really cuts off,
00:35:04> 00:35:09:	you know, low income, predominantly community of color of Red
00:35:09> 00:35:09:	Hook.
00:35:09> 00:35:12:	From other other parts of Brooklyn,
00:35:12> 00:35:15:	moving on to the next slide,
00:35:15> 00:35:16:	you know.
00:35:16> 00:35:21:	2000 equity is very fortunate that we are actually part
00:35:21> 00:35:24:	of a redevelopment team to take.
00:35:24> 00:35:27:	My former manufactured gas plant site,
00:35:27> 00:35:30:	which is in the process of first phase of cleanup,
00:35:30> 00:35:33:	is happening by National Grid,
00:35:33> 00:35:36:	the the responsible party, and then our team.
00:35:36> 00:35:39:	This this parcel of land of 5.8 acre parcel of
00:35:39> 00:35:42:	land which is owned by the city of New York.
00:35:42> 00:35:45:	The plan is to redevelop it into 950 units of

100% 00:35:45 --> 00:35:46: 00:35:46 --> 00:35:48: affordable housing, a public park, 00:35:48 --> 00:35:50: a public school. 00:35:50 --> 00:35:54: An you know this project very much has been informed 00:35:54 --> 00:35:58: by an equitable development and redevelopment approach. 00:35:58 --> 00:36:01: We don't work. We're taking what has been, 00:36:01 --> 00:36:06: you know, a blight on the neighborhood for decades. 00:36:06 --> 00:36:10: And making it an asset that is going to predominantly 00:36:10 --> 00:36:13: benefit lower income folks of color. 00:36:13 --> 00:36:17: And it will also have obviously amenities that will be 00:36:17 --> 00:36:20: open and available to the entire neighborhood. 00:36:20 --> 00:36:23: Go on to the next slide and the. 00:36:23 --> 00:36:26: Project this kind of gives you a better sense in 00:36:26 --> 00:36:28: terms of the landscape plan. 00:36:28 --> 00:36:31: You know this is an area you saw earlier that 00:36:31 --> 00:36:33: has very limited greenspace, 00:36:33 --> 00:36:37: so we'll be adding a new public park and we 00:36:37 --> 00:36:39: have a number of other. 00:36:39 --> 00:36:43: Amenities like you know having a bio Swale and a 00:36:43 --> 00:36:48: shared street or vernoff approach where you know pedestrians. 00:36:48 --> 00:36:51: bicyclists, and cars all have equal access. 00:36:51 --> 00:36:56: If you will equal priority on the street going to 00:36:56 --> 00:36:57: the next slide. 00:36:57 --> 00:37:01: And because this neighborhood, because no one is is, 00:37:01 --> 00:37:04: you know, part of a coastal neighborhood, 00:37:04 --> 00:37:06: you know, we put in on a number of things 00:37:06 --> 00:37:07: like like this, 00:37:07 --> 00:37:10: well trail that you see and then moving on to 00:37:10 --> 00:37:11: the next slide. 00:37:14 --> 00:37:17: You know, in terms of our resiliency, 00:37:17 --> 00:37:23: we've set the buildings back outside of the 2100 floodplain. 00:37:23 --> 00:37:25: And you know I will be building, 00:37:25 --> 00:37:30: will have no basements. Will be building too. 00:37:30 --> 00:37:35: Our elevation will exceed what is required for current building 00:37:35 --> 00:37:38: code by more than six feet so that we would 00:37:38 --> 00:37:41: be planning for 2100 flood risk and you know, 00:37:41 --> 00:37:45: that's one of the ways that that 5th Ave Committee, 00:37:45 --> 00:37:50: Ann Arbor one, is. Green development team is ensuring that 00:37:50 --> 00:37:54: our project is an example for equitable development. 00:37:54 --> 00:37:57: I think that's the end of my slides for this 00:37:57 --> 00:37:57: section.

00:37:59 --> 00:38:02: I really mean that final slide there speaks volumes, 00:38:02 --> 00:38:04: right? Thinking ahead 2020 100, 00:38:04 --> 00:38:05: right? That really speaks to, 00:38:05 --> 00:38:08: you know, this topic is not a finite game. 00:38:08 --> 00:38:09: It's an infinite game, right? 00:38:09 --> 00:38:11: To use Simon Sinek's term of, 00:38:11 --> 00:38:13: you know, we're just trying to kind of stay as 00:38:13 --> 00:38:15: players in this game. 00:38:15 --> 00:38:18: And really, your definition distinction between equality and equity is 00:38:18 --> 00:38:19: spot on. I think that that is something that the real estate 00:38:19 --> 00:38:22: 00:38:22 --> 00:38:24: community is certainly has an area of improvement. 00:38:24 --> 00:38:27: Oftentimes those words. Diversity, equity, and inclusion are lumped together, 00:38:27 --> 00:38:29: 00:38:29 --> 00:38:32: right? And I think it's really important to kind of 00:38:32 --> 00:38:33: decouple those. 00:38:33 --> 00:38:36: So thank you for pointing that out real quick. 00:38:36 --> 00:38:39: Zelalem and son Risa. 00:38:39 --> 00:38:41: Zelalem love it too quickly in terms of you know 00:38:41 --> 00:38:44: how you see equitable development from your perspective. 00:38:44 --> 00:38:47: Potentially, you know, partnering. You know, 00:38:47 --> 00:38:50: in in in cases, in the work that you do. 00:38:50 --> 00:38:52: Yeah, uh, so in Miami, 00:38:52 --> 00:38:56: you know, 'cause the majority of people to be. 00:38:56 --> 00:39:00: Frank are trying to make as much money as possible 00:39:00 --> 00:39:02: as quickly as possible. 00:39:02 --> 00:39:06: Just looking at the the how rapid our development is 00:39:06 --> 00:39:07: an that fact, 00:39:07 --> 00:39:11: that much of it is luxury housing that no one 00:39:11 --> 00:39:15: here can afford but is vacation homes for other folks. 00:39:15 --> 00:39:19: So you know, I do think it is the role 00:39:19 --> 00:39:20: of government. 00:39:20 --> 00:39:25: To legislate to encourage equitable development, 00:39:25 --> 00:39:27: but also to you know, 00:39:27 --> 00:39:32: reward developers and those in real estate that are trying 00:39:32 --> 00:39:37: to do more affordable housing and more of this work, 00:39:37 --> 00:39:40: but are like burdened by. 00:39:40 --> 00:39:46: Different different requirements that government government puts on them. I think there's a lot a lot that can be 00:39:46 --> 00:39:48:

Wonderful, thank you so much Michelle.

00:37:57 --> 00:37:59:

00:39:48> 00:39:52:	done policy wise and just one thing that stuck out
00:39:52> 00:39:55:	to me in the poll was that fewer people said
00:39:55> 00:39:59:	they were interested in learning about like how to work
00:39:59> 00:40:01:	with community organizations,
00:40:01> 00:40:05:	but I do think that is absolutely key to equitable
00:40:05> 00:40:06:	development.
00:40:06> 00:40:09:	You know, to be able to learn.
00:40:09> 00:40:13:	Do you have the the willingness and then the the
00:40:13> 00:40:17:	interest in engaging the community right and then being willing
00:40:17> 00:40:19:	to learn like how?
00:40:19> 00:40:21:	What is the best way to go about that?
00:40:21> 00:40:26:	Because I think for climate change you know it's such
00:40:26> 00:40:30:	a complicated topic and I don't know if it's possible
00:40:30> 00:40:30:	to.
00:40:30> 00:40:35:	Builds not literally, but figuratively build our way out of
00:40:35> 00:40:37:	it without everyone at the table,
00:40:37> 00:40:39:	in a way that's going to.
00:40:39> 00:40:41:	That's going to actually work,
00:40:41> 00:40:44:	and so the more we're able to to collaborate,
00:40:44> 00:40:46:	the better. And you know,
00:40:46> 00:40:49:	there's there's a lot that you know.
00:40:49> 00:40:51:	Putting aside like rapid profits,
00:40:51> 00:40:55:	an in large profits, I think there's there's a lot
00:40:55> 00:40:56:	we can do to,
00:40:56> 00:41:03:	like, encourage development, but also not displace communities in mass.
00:41:03> 00:41:05:	Wonderful wonderful thank you so much.
00:41:05> 00:41:07:	I really appreciate those comments.
00:41:07> 00:41:10:	So Marissa to closeout this question.
00:41:10> 00:41:12:	I know you have an example to show us around
00:41:13> 00:41:15:	how green lining you know sees this topic.
00:41:15> 00:41:18:	Yeah, thanks, and I think the lalam really kind of
00:41:18> 00:41:20:	keep this up for me and again.
00:41:20> 00:41:23:	Also I'm sorry if my audio is bad,
00:41:23> 00:41:25:	I'm doing the best we can.
00:41:25> 00:41:28:	So.
00:41:28> 00:41:31:	Yeah, green line. I want to share this resources in
00:41:31> 00:41:31:	Manning.
00:41:31> 00:41:35:	Recently published which is called the Green Line Economy Guidebook
00:41:35> 00:41:38:	and it basically shows how we apply an acting approach
00:41:38> 00:41:41:	to community development and real estate projects.
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00:41:41> 00:41:44:	And so the way we see it would have been
00:41:44> 00:41:47:	a very intentional equity approach to this kind of work.
00:41:47> 00:41:51:	There is just an enormous risk of exacerbating gentrification,
00:41:51> 00:41:56:	displacement, environmental justice issues, or otherwise harming communities that have
00:41:56> 00:41:56:	trade,
00:41:56> 00:42:00:	diversions of structural racism. For a very long time,
00:42:00> 00:42:03:	so I'm not going to go through these in detail
00:42:03> 00:42:04:	sign or from alone time,
00:42:04> 00:42:08:	but this is basically a set of standards where I
00:42:08> 00:42:08:	would.
00:42:08> 00:42:11:	I would describe them even as norms that we want
00:42:12> 00:42:15:	to create in the Community development industry.
00:42:15> 00:42:18:	So it's like rules or standards that the developer or
00:42:18> 00:42:23:	local government should follow if they want to thoughtfully and
00:42:23> 00:42:27:	meaningfully do equity an improve the conditions and low income
00:42:27> 00:42:31:	communities of color. Or wherever they might be doing a
00:42:31> 00:42:32:	project.
00:42:32> 00:42:34:	And so.
00:42:34> 00:42:38:	Yeah, I guess these are ideally like a project would
00:42:38> 00:42:41:	be able to do all systems you know.
00:42:41> 00:42:45:	Make sure that you're targeting the most impacted communities.
00:42:45> 00:42:49:	Make sure that the benefits of the project are not
00:42:49> 00:42:53:	just limited to you know the inhabitants of the office
00:42:53> 00:42:54:	building,
00:42:54> 00:42:59:	but also improving transportation and health and other services around
00:42:59> 00:43:02:	it that you're actually building capacity,
00:43:02> 00:43:05:	skills and experience for local residents.
00:43:05> 00:43:07:	If you look at the resource,
00:43:07> 00:43:08:	there's a lot more. Yeah,
00:43:08> 00:43:13:	and there's definitely something that really apply very strongly to
00:43:13> 00:43:13:	private.
00:43:13> 00:43:19:	Private developers are public private partnerships and so.
00:43:19> 00:43:23:	These are these are kind of the ways that we
00:43:23> 00:43:25:	have come up with that.
00:43:25> 00:43:29:	Stakeholders can use in order to not just address existing
00:43:29> 00:43:30:	disparities,
00:43:30> 00:43:33:	an not exacerbate them, but also to position towards the

00:43:34 --> 00:43:37: long term teams in which these issues around education, 00:43:37 --> 00:43:41: the displacement stop coming up in the future because he 00:43:41 --> 00:43:42: thought about them. 00:43:42 --> 00:43:44: You know, in 2021 and in 2051, 00:43:44 --> 00:43:47: when that building is 30 years old, 00:43:47 --> 00:43:51: he's the neighborhood is still the same as it was 00:43:51 --> 00:43:52: back then. 00:43:52 --> 00:43:55: So yeah, I just I'll just I'll link to it 00:43:55 --> 00:43:58: in the chat later so that people can people look 00:43:58 --> 00:43:59: at that fantastic. 00:43:59 --> 00:44:00: I mean we love resources. 00:44:00 --> 00:44:02: That's that's a big part of why. 00:44:02 --> 00:44:04: Why we do these these programs? 00:44:04 --> 00:44:06: Michelle, yeah, I saw you nodding your head, 00:44:06 --> 00:44:09: you know, and it looks like there was a comment 00:44:10 --> 00:44:13: percolating in your mind there related to this topic. 00:44:13 --> 00:44:15: No, I mean, I guess the comment. 00:44:15 --> 00:44:18: I mean, I find those to be that list to 00:44:18 --> 00:44:20: be very helpful and very true, 00:44:20 --> 00:44:21: and I think that those are. 00:44:21 --> 00:44:24: Those are like the North Star like for when I 00:44:24 --> 00:44:28: think about 1 5th Ave Committee does its best work. 00:44:28 --> 00:44:32: It's it's when we're taking all of those things into 00:44:32 --> 00:44:33: consideration. 00:44:33 --> 00:44:35: That's key. 00:44:35 --> 00:44:39: Fantastic and we just included the link into the chat 00:44:39 --> 00:44:41: feature for attendees. 00:44:41 --> 00:44:45: Shifting to kind of the final topic around coalition building 00:44:45 --> 00:44:49: and also just collaborative governance models. 00:44:49 --> 00:44:52: I'd like to kind of kick the conversation off with. 00:44:52 --> 00:44:56: With both you know Michelle and some Risa around, 00:44:56 --> 00:45:00: you know as you think about coalition building in the 00:45:00 --> 00:45:05: work that you do involving community members right at the 00:45:05 --> 00:45:06: table. 00:45:06 --> 00:45:08: I'd love to just hear how you go about it 00:45:08 --> 00:45:11: and and what sort of you know insights you'd like 00:45:11 --> 00:45:13: to share with us today on this topic. 00:45:15 --> 00:45:20: So Teresa or Michelle, whoever would like to go first? 00:45:20 --> 00:45:22: Michelle, go ahead. Looks like you're missing something. 00:45:24 --> 00:45:30: Yeah, so this for Domino Committee I think. 00:45:30 --> 00:45:34: We start with the people that are directly impacted. 00:45:34 --> 00:45:39: You know who have the most at stake from whatever

00:45:39 --> 00:45:42: the public policy decision is. 00:45:42 --> 00:45:46: And you know, I'll just give a small example. 00:45:46 --> 00:45:49: When a few years ago when we were started, 00:45:49 --> 00:45:52: you know kind of launched our more formal turning, 00:45:52 --> 00:45:55: the tide, climate, justice, work. 00:45:55 --> 00:46:00: You know, we went and asked local public housing residents 00:46:00 --> 00:46:03: in Gwanas like how did they define resilience? 00:46:03 --> 00:46:07: Anne. People talked about it as economic resilience. 00:46:07 --> 00:46:10: Like they, you know, it wasn't like this was right 00:46:10 --> 00:46:11: after Superstorm Sandy, 00:46:11 --> 00:46:13: and obviously people had, you know, 00:46:13 --> 00:46:16: experienced the impacts of Superstorm Sandy. 00:46:16 --> 00:46:20: There are still. There are literally still public housing developments 00:46:20 --> 00:46:23: in Brooklyn that don't that are out there on. 00:46:23 --> 00:46:28: You know boilers that are external because they still haven't 00:46:28 --> 00:46:31: been rebuilt since Superstorm Sandy, 00:46:31 --> 00:46:35: and so it's starting with where people are at it, 00:46:35 --> 00:46:39: starting with peoples who are most directly impacted or who 00:46:39 --> 00:46:43: have been most marginalized with their priorities, 00:46:43 --> 00:46:46: because without without that buy in, 00:46:46 --> 00:46:50: you're going to miss the mark on the advocacy work 00:46:50 --> 00:46:54: you're going to miss the mark on your project. 00:46:54 --> 00:46:55: And I think I think. 00:46:58 --> 00:47:01: And that that is what's critical and you know you 00:47:01 --> 00:47:04: see here some examples of some of our works, 00:47:04 --> 00:47:08: whether it's a press conference in the upper right hand 00:47:08 --> 00:47:09: corner, 00:47:09 --> 00:47:11: a research report that we wrote, 00:47:11 --> 00:47:15: survive and Thrive, which included not only like looking at, 00:47:15 --> 00:47:19: you, know, source data from ACS and things like that, 00:47:19 --> 00:47:22: but also interviews with local residents. 00:47:22 --> 00:47:25: And then of course, just the bottom right is just 00:47:25 --> 00:47:26: some sense. 00:47:26 --> 00:47:28: and it's in that room. 00:47:28 --> 00:47:31: To survive and thrive report just how much investment is 00:47:31 --> 00:47:32: happening, 00:47:32 --> 00:47:36: whether that's government investment or private investment. 00:47:36 --> 00:47:39: And you know part of part of our whole emphasis 00:47:39 --> 00:47:43: as we think about building coalition and often because of 00:47:43 --> 00:47:46: where we are in Brooklyn were trying to build a 00:47:46 --> 00:47:50: multiracial multiethnic coalitions. Ann Ann is like how much of

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00:47:51> 00:47:51:	that money is,
00:47:51> 00:47:56:	you know, is going to directly benefit folks that have
00:47:56> 00:47:59:	been really carrying the burden for.
00:47:59> 00:48:02:	I think I might have one more coalition slide.
00:48:02> 00:48:04:	Remember anymore. Actually, now that's OK,
00:48:04> 00:48:05:	I'll save it for later.
00:48:05> 00:48:07:	Thanks, great, no, no worries.
00:48:07> 00:48:09:	And we're coming up on a little bit of time,
00:48:09> 00:48:10:	but I think we have.
00:48:10> 00:48:12:	We have some some time to finish.
00:48:12> 00:48:14:	If there are questions in the audience,
00:48:14> 00:48:17:	we'd still do encourage you to ask the questions so
00:48:17> 00:48:18:	we can capture those.
00:48:18> 00:48:21:	Those questions and answer them even after the fact.
00:48:21> 00:48:23:	If time doesn't permit. So we said like to pose
00:48:24> 00:48:27:	this this question towards you and around collaborative
	governance and
00:48:28> 00:48:28:	in.
00:48:28> 00:48:32:	From Green line is perspective kind of best practices around
00:48:32> 00:48:33:	this issue.
00:48:33> 00:48:37:	Yeah, thanks T. So this is really central to how
00:48:37> 00:48:42:	green lining approaches a lot of our underground capacity
	building
00:48:42> 00:48:42:	with,
00:48:42> 00:48:46:	so I wanted to highlight this program that we've been
00:48:46> 00:48:48:	working on for several years,
00:48:48> 00:48:53:	called transformative climate Communities or TCC an this is
00.40.80 . 00.40.80	a
00:48:53> 00:48:58:	program that is funded through climate investment so the funding
00:48:58> 00:49:02:	cost from the cap and trade market revenues in California.
00:49:02> 00:49:05:	An residents of a 5 square mile.
00:49:05> 00:49:09:	Area in a fight for funding to implement investment projects
00:49:09> 00:49:11:	now to qualify for the program,
00:49:11> 00:49:15:	the community has to face the dual burden of pollution
00:49:15> 00:49:16:	and poverty.
00:49:16> 00:49:20:	So these are the most vulnerable communities in our
	scheme.
00:49:20> 00:49:23:	An often informally redlining methods.
00:49:23> 00:49:27:	And I wanted to highlight this because I think there's
00:49:27> 00:49:29:	some really neat elements to it.
00:49:29> 00:49:32:	The first is that this program requires applicants to form
00:49:33> 00:49:35:	a collaborative government structure,

00:49:35> 00:49:38:	so it has to include community based organization has to
00:49:39> 00:49:41:	include local government and residents,
00:49:41> 00:49:44:	and then any other big players like transit agency,
00:49:44> 00:49:48:	utility company. Basically they have their required to form a
00:49:48> 00:49:51:	coalition to make this in this project.
00:49:51> 00:49:53:	The second really unique thing about TC.
00:49:53> 00:49:56:	He is that there are two funding phases.
00:49:56> 00:49:59:	The first phase only funds the planning process,
00:49:59> 00:50:03:	so it basically creates what I would call a container
00:50:03> 00:50:06:	for up to two years where all the stakeholders have
00:50:06> 00:50:10:	time and resources to really develop strong relationships with each
00:50:10> 00:50:12:	other. Learn to work together,
00:50:12> 00:50:16:	come up with a plan together and receive technical assistance
00:50:16> 00:50:17:	for this work.
00:50:17> 00:50:21:	So that's the first phase is just planning and it's
00:50:21> 00:50:24:	all focused on coalition development.
00:50:24> 00:50:28:	The second phase space for the actual construction and the
00:50:28> 00:50:30:	cities risky up to \$28 million,
00:50:30> 00:50:35:	so it's a big chunk of change to do.
00:50:35> 00:50:36:	Whatever they want to build,
00:50:36> 00:50:39:	which we'll talk about in just a minute too.
00:50:39> 00:50:42:	But basically this two pronged approach to the funding makes
00:50:43> 00:50:46:	it so that you're not only paying for further construction
00:50:46> 00:50:47:	of these projects,
00:50:47> 00:50:49:	but they're also paying for training,
00:50:49> 00:50:52:	capacity building and relationship development,
00:50:52> 00:50:57:	and critical capacity, really. In neighborhoods that have been under
00:50:57> 00:51:00:	resourced and disinvesting in for a really long time.
00:51:00> 00:51:03:	And then the third thing that I can get through
00:51:03> 00:51:06:	special about TCC is that all of the projects are
00:51:06> 00:51:07:	self determined,
00:51:07> 00:51:12:	so the program kind of funds whatever the collaborative governance
00:51:12> 00:51:13:	structure comes up with.
00:51:13> 00:51:15:	So yes, it is a climate program,
00:51:15> 00:51:18:	but it also finds affordable housing on water,
00:51:18> 00:51:24:	infrastructure, parks, transportation, projects and whatever the neighborhood residents and
00:51:24> 00:51:29:	the local government together whatever they deem as necessary to

00:51:29 --> 00:51:30: be resilient through. 00:51:30 --> 00:51:34: You eat your climate. Crisis is icy. 00:51:34 --> 00:51:37: And so I just think that it's like such a 00:51:37 --> 00:51:41: fantastic example of how to do collaborative government, 00:51:41 --> 00:51:45: why it's important, and also if you go back to 00:51:45 --> 00:51:50: that slide that I have with commitment standards that reflects 00:51:50 --> 00:51:51: all six of those. 00:51:51 --> 00:51:54: And this is a program that remind us what we 00:51:54 --> 00:51:55: worked out really, 00:51:55 --> 00:52:00: really closely in Stockton. We've been really involved in that, 00:52:00 --> 00:52:03: and then we've also worked on it in several other 00:52:03 --> 00:52:04: cities across the state. 00:52:04 --> 00:52:08: And this is kind of the model that we see 00:52:08 --> 00:52:09: as. 00:52:09 --> 00:52:13: Government structures I would say like it's a government program 00:52:13 --> 00:52:17: that really fosters the Navy leadership and community capacity and 00:52:17 --> 00:52:19: engagement in a way that is. 00:52:19 --> 00:52:22: This becomes kind of the standard or the norm that 00:52:22 --> 00:52:24: we want to create. 00:52:24 --> 00:52:28: I think that it could have come that it will 00:52:28 --> 00:52:30: have continued to have a really. 00:52:30 --> 00:52:34: Just like transformative impact on the way that the most 00:52:34 --> 00:52:38: vulnerable communities in California kind of survive. 00:52:38 --> 00:52:41: Whatever is coming next, that's fantastic. 00:52:41 --> 00:52:44: I mean, transformative impact is spot on with the allies 00:52:45 --> 00:52:45: purpose. 00:52:45 --> 00:52:49: So thank you for sharing that Zelalem didn't want to 00:52:49 --> 00:52:49: 00:52:49 --> 00:52:52: and I have some time to talk about Miami 21 00:52:52 --> 00:52:54: zoning rewrite concepts. 00:52:54 --> 00:52:56: I think that falls into that category. 00:52:56 --> 00:52:59: And then, yeah, absolutely. 00:52:59 --> 00:53:07: So Miami had a zoning rewrite several years ago. 00:53:07 --> 00:53:13: That basically didn't was it was a forward looking plan 00:53:13 --> 00:53:15: for the city, 00:53:15 --> 00:53:22: but didn't necessarily include any sort of preparation for sea 00:53:22 --> 00:53:25: level rise or climate change. 00:53:25 --> 00:53:31: And in addition there was a loophole that allows any anyone that owns believe it's 9 acres of adjacent. 00:53:32 --> 00:53:37: 00:53:37 --> 00:53:42: Property to build whatever they would like and then you

00:53:42> 00:53:43:	know,
00:53:43> 00:53:46:	build as high as they would like,
00:53:46> 00:53:51:	and so we're seeing these mega developments in formerly
	low
00:53:51> 00:53:53:	rise communities.
00:53:53> 00:53:58:	You know, in little Haiti and in a neighborhood called
00:53:58> 00:53:59:	Allapattah.
00:53:59> 00:54:01:	And these are.
00:54:01> 00:54:06:	Immigrant of color communities that happened to be on high
00:54:06> 00:54:10:	ground and are experiencing this climate gentrification.
00:54:10> 00:54:15:	We're exploring doing some advocacy with a number of partners
00:54:15> 00:54:18:	to address the rewrite process,
00:54:18> 00:54:20:	which the.
00:54:20> 00:54:23:	You know the the folks that are that are managing
00:54:23> 00:54:27:	the rewrite are some of the biggest developers and architects
00:54:27> 00:54:30:	in the city as well as their lawyers,
00:54:30> 00:54:31:	so we see.
00:54:33> 00:54:36:	Definitely you know a lack of community voice in the
00:54:37> 00:54:40:	process and and are working with several partners,
00:54:40> 00:54:44:	including local universities.
00:54:44> 00:54:49:	Miami Climate Alliance and Housing Advocates an impacted community members
00:54:49> 00:54:50:	as well.
00:54:50> 00:54:53:	To see what we can do to.
00:54:53> 00:54:56:	Both have climate change considered,
00:54:56> 00:54:59:	given the risks that are the city of Miami has
00:54:59> 00:55:02:	as well as close those loopholes so we can have
00:55:03> 00:55:04:	development that doesn't.
00:55:04> 00:55:08:	That doesn't displace wonderful thank you so much.
00:55:08> 00:55:12:	Michelle love for you to just briefly talk about the
00:55:12> 00:55:16:	new the program that 5th Ave has with relation to
00:55:16> 00:55:19:	ULI New York in the urban heat.
00:55:19> 00:55:21:	Great yeah, if you want.
00:55:21> 00:55:23:	Man.
00:55:23> 00:55:25:	I have two things. One is for the for the
00:55:26> 00:55:29:	rezoning that we're looking at in in in guanes.
00:55:29> 00:55:31:	You know it's very complicated,
00:55:31> 00:55:34:	right? As you can see from our drawing here on
00:55:34> 00:55:36:	the right there's existing organizations,
00:55:36> 00:55:40:	but there's not really one organization that currently exists
00:55:41> 00:55:45:	that would really look at the intersection of government
JU.JU. 71 UU.JU. 7J.	would really look at the intersection of government

community, 00:55:45 --> 00:55:48: and you know the developers that are anticipated to develop 00:55:48 --> 00:55:50: in the neighborhood, 00:55:50 --> 00:55:52: and so that's what this government one is. 00:55:52 --> 00:55:56: Governance alliance. Would help to do and and you know, 00:55:56 --> 00:55:59: I think there's and I'm sorry I have construction. 00:55:59 --> 00:56:01: Of course next door to be. 00:56:04 --> 00:56:06: Well, real estate, but you know, 00:56:06 --> 00:56:10: for those folks who may be familiar when the East 00:56:10 --> 00:56:14: Midtown rezoning happened in New York City around. 00:56:14 --> 00:56:18: Grand Central terminal. There was basically a public fund that 00:56:18 --> 00:56:21: was created as a result of that rezoning, 00:56:21 --> 00:56:23: and some of those funds are going to put go 00:56:24 --> 00:56:27: into mass transit and other parts of the fund will 00:56:27 --> 00:56:30: be going into the public realm and there's a there's 00:56:30 --> 00:56:33: a group that was formed that really is, 00:56:33 --> 00:56:38: you know, representative local elected officials or representatives of, 00:56:38 --> 00:56:41: you know, local community community boards. 00:56:41 --> 00:56:45: An citywide civic associations. And government agencies, 00:56:45 --> 00:56:49: right? And it's everyone at the table together talking about? 00:56:49 --> 00:56:51: Like how to have ongoing oversight, 00:56:51 --> 00:56:54: coordination and like what's going? 00:56:54 --> 00:56:57: How is money going to be invested over a long 00:56:57 --> 00:56:57: call? 00:56:57 --> 00:57:00: And you know, it's it's really want everyone on an 00:57:00 --> 00:57:01: equal footing, 00:57:01 --> 00:57:06: and I think the the governance model is important to 00:57:06 --> 00:57:07: the next slide. 00:57:07 --> 00:57:09: We have I think I have one. 00:57:09 --> 00:57:12: Yeah, I mean it, you have to like kind of 00:57:13 --> 00:57:16: way to bridge like grassroots efforts, 00:57:16 --> 00:57:21: grassroots interest in things and more structured involvement 00:57:21 --> 00:57:25: on the left hand side is the Community Advisory group 00:57:25 --> 00:57:29: for the US EPA Guanes Canal Superfund site, 00:57:29 --> 00:57:32: right, which is a very structured thing. But if you are, if you're familiar with that process, 00:57:32 --> 00:57:36:

right? Like there's a value in ensuring that there's neutral

what's fascinating. I mean, in the Kagan bonus is the

The you know there's paid facilitation,

largest in the country.

00:57:36 --> 00:57:40:

00:57:40 --> 00:57:42:

00:57:42 --> 00:57:44:

00:57:44 --> 00:57:48:

00:57:48> 00:57:51:	facilitation of of something and and that that a broad
00:57:51> 00:57:54:	group of stakeholders are coming together.
00:57:54> 00:57:57:	I still think we have some work to do in
00:57:57> 00:58:00:	guanes to make sure that that broad group of stakeholders
00:58:00> 00:58:05:	represented but the facilitation and the neutrality that facilitation and
00:58:05> 00:58:08:	making sure that there's an open invitation and await for
00:58:08> 00:58:11:	a diverse group of stakeholders to participate.
00:58:11> 00:58:15:	That's what's. Really critical in terms of collaborative governance.
00:58:15> 00:58:18:	Fantastic, I mean, that's a great way to end the
00:58:18> 00:58:19:	discussion today,
00:58:19> 00:58:21:	'cause I think it wraps up a lot of the
00:58:21> 00:58:22:	conversation.
00:58:22> 00:58:24:	We did get a question in the wrap up and
00:58:24> 00:58:27:	I'll just ask as a lightning round to the panelists.
00:58:27> 00:58:29:	The question was around metrics,
00:58:29> 00:58:33:	right? Measuring progress around the topics that we discussed today
00:58:33> 00:58:34:	and really just simply,
00:58:34> 00:58:36:	if you were to pick one topic that you would
00:58:36> 00:58:38:	recommend to kind of measure,
00:58:38> 00:58:41:	what would that one one metric be?
00:58:41> 00:58:42:	Some reason?
00:58:46> 00:58:49:	I would implore people to think about how to measure
00:58:49> 00:58:51:	equity outcomes or equity impacts.
00:58:51> 00:58:55:	I can share another resource that green lending has about
00:58:55> 00:58:57:	how we approach that,
00:58:57> 00:59:00:	but really, looking at the impact on people or less
00:59:00> 00:59:00:	SO,
00:59:00> 00:59:04:	an impact on the built environment and non profit margins
00:59:04> 00:59:08:	is is a really critical part of actually making it
00:59:08> 00:59:09:	equitable.
00:59:09> 00:59:14:	Wonderful zella I think some Reeses stole mine for sure.
00:59:14> 00:59:16:	I wanted to say the same,
00:59:16> 00:59:21:	but one thing we've been pushing is actually a focus
00:59:21> 00:59:23:	on greenhouse gas emissions.
00:59:23> 00:59:26:	A lot of talk about adapting to climate change,
00:59:26> 00:59:30:	but less so about mitigating the actual root causes and
00:59:30> 00:59:33:	construction and development have a lot have a lot to
00:59:34> 00:59:34:	do with that,
00:59:34> 00:59:36:	so I'll add that one in great.

00.50.20 > 00.50.20.	In Michelle.
00:59:36> 00:59:38: 00:59:38> 00:59:42:	I would just say you know how exactly it is
00:59:42> 00:59:43:	a project.
00:59:43> 00:59:47:	Does it reflect community needs and priorities as defined by
00:59:47> 00:59:48:	the community?
00:59:48> 00:59:51:	I think that's critical.
00:59:51> 00:59:56:	Only back just recently recently involved in a project to
00:59:57> 00:59:57:	rezone.
00:59:57> 00:59:59:	Site.
00:59:59> 01:00:02:	
01:00:02> 01:00:06:	In majority Latino and Asian neighborhood,
01:00:02> 01:00:08.	moderate income neighborhood and this building.
01.00.06> 01.00.11.	75% market rate. 25% affordable the neighborhood desperately needs and
01:00:11> 01:00:17:	wanted to see deeper affordability of mandatory inclusionary
	housing units
01:00:17> 01:00:20:	and wanted to see local hiring commitments.
01:00:20> 01:00:23:	And we were able to deliver on both of these
01:00:23> 01:00:25:	with our project partners.
01:00:25> 01:00:26:	So so yeah, listen, it's about.
01:00:26> 01:00:29:	It's really attentive listening. Fantastic,
01:00:29> 01:00:31:	I love it. That's a great way to end.
01:00:31> 01:00:33:	And I I just want to say thank you to
01:00:33> 01:00:37:	all of our panelists on behalf of utilized responsible Property
01:00:37> 01:00:38:	Investment Council,
01:00:38> 01:00:42:	the Urban Resilience Program in Greenprint Center for building performance.
01:00:42> 01:00:45:	It's been a true pleasure and I want to thank
01:00:45> 01:00:47:	everybody for joining today's discussion.
01:00:47> 01:00:49:	You know, here's to cultivating harmony,
01:00:49> 01:00:53:	and we hope that today's discussion will challenge us all.
01:00:53> 01:00:57:	Right to create positive, transformative impact for all communities worldwide.
01:00:57> 01:00:59:	So thank you very much and have a great day.
01:00:59> 01:01:02:	Happy Friday.

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