

Webinar

Art in Place: Connecting Art + Real Estate

Date: June 23, 2023

00:00:16> 00:00:22:	Welcome, everybody. I'm Rachel Mccleary with you Alive. Delighted to
00:00:22> 00:00:28:	welcome everybody to this Friday afternoon and on the East
00:00:28> 00:00:34:	Coast webinar. Katie. Hey, Samantha. Hi, Tasa. Nice to see
00:00:34> 00:00:40:	you. Hi, Britta. Wow. We've got folks from Cleveland and
00:00:40> 00:00:44:	California, Minnesota, Arizona. That's great.
00:00:46> 00:00:49:	Nice to see everybody. All right, I think I'm going
00:00:49> 00:00:52:	to go ahead and get started because we have a
00:00:52> 00:00:56:	totally packed agenda today. So hello, everyone. Welcome to this
00:00:56> 00:00:59:	webinar, Art in Place, Connecting Arts in Real Estate. We're
00:01:00> 00:01:03:	thrilled to see such a great turnout. Please introduce yourself
00:01:03> 00:01:06:	in the chat and let us know where you're joining
00:01:06> 00:01:07:	from.
00:01:07> 00:01:12:	Next slide. I'm Rachel Mccleary, Coexecutive Director of the ULI
00:01:12> 00:01:16:	Randall Lewis Center for Sustainability and Real Estate. With Will
00:01:16> 00:01:19:	Herbig and Juanita Hardy, I'm leading up the Art in
00:01:19> 00:01:23:	Place program. We love this program because art has the
00:01:23> 00:01:28:	power to transform and enrich our surroundings, bring communities together
00:01:28> 00:01:31:	and inspire creativity. We have an exciting session ahead.
00:01:33> 00:01:38:	First, we'll preview new research from Toronto Metropolitan University demonstrating
00:01:38> 00:01:42:	the positive return of on investment of creative placemaking. Next,
00:01:42> 00:01:46:	we'll hear from leaders behind three remarkable projects that exemplify
00:01:47> 00:01:50:	the transformative power of art and real estate to better
00:01:50> 00:01:54:	communities. Following that, we'll have a moderated

	discussion led by
00:01:54> 00:01:56:	Olivia Dalquist from 9 dot Arts.
00:01:57> 00:02:01:	And lastly, Juanita Hardy, our Senior Advisor for Creative Placemaking,
00:02:01> 00:02:04:	will leave us with thought provoking ideas and her closing
00:02:04> 00:02:07:	remarks to make the most of your time. We're skipping
00:02:07> 00:02:10:	BIOS today, but we'll post a bio sheet in the
00:02:10> 00:02:13:	chat with background on all the speakers and how you
00:02:13> 00:02:17:	can connect with them. Before hearing from today's placemakers, I'd
00:02:17> 00:02:20:	like to offer special thanks to Juanita Hardy and Will
00:02:20> 00:02:24:	Herbig for organizing today's session and to You Alive member
00:02:24> 00:02:26:	Michael Speeds for his generous support.
00:02:26> 00:02:29:	Art and Place is a global cohort of seven. You
00:02:29> 00:02:32:	will lie next slide. Yeah, Art and Place is a
00:02:32> 00:02:36:	global cohort of seven. You will lie district and national
00:02:36> 00:02:41:	councils working independently and together to connect artists, developers, community
00:02:41> 00:02:46:	voices to drive more inclusive and participatory real estate outcomes.
00:02:46> 00:02:49:	And I would like to acknowledge members of the global
00:02:49> 00:02:53:	Art and Place cohort in Austin, Cleveland, France, Germany, Hong
00:02:53> 00:02:54:	Kong, Louisiana.
00:02:55> 00:02:59:	In Northwest Arkansas, who are in attendance today, Next Slide
00:02:59> 00:03:02:	Art in Place is utilized next step in its ongoing
00:03:02> 00:03:06:	commitment to creative placemaking. You can learn more about our
00:03:06> 00:03:10:	programs and our research and download our milestone reports which
00:03:10> 00:03:14:	features some of the projects that you'll hear about today
00:03:14> 00:03:19:	at uli.org/creative Placemaking and directly from Utilize Knowledge Finder.
00:03:19> 00:03:19:	Platform.
00:03:20> 00:03:25:	Throughout this webinar, we encourage you to actively engage in
00:03:25> 00:03:29:	the conversation. Please feel free to provide your comments and
00:03:30> 00:03:33:	feedbacks in the chat and do use the Q&A function
00:03:33> 00:03:36:	at the bottom of the webinar bar to to ask
00:03:36> 00:03:41:	questions of the the panelists. Also, this webinar is being
00:03:41> 00:03:44:	recorded and we will share a link to the webinar
00:03:45> 00:03:49:	and to the PowerPoint with with registrants after the webinar.

00:03:50> 00:03:53:	So let's make the most of this opportunity to learn
00:03:53> 00:03:56:	from one another. Without further ado, I'm going to hand
00:03:56> 00:04:00:	things over to Andrew Nakasawa, Director of Strategic Planning at
00:04:00> 00:04:04:	Massive Art. He will share groundbreaking research on positive returns
00:04:04> 00:04:06:	of creative placemaking. Andrew, over to you.
00:04:07> 00:04:11:	Perfect. Thank you, Rachel. Appreciate that. Hi, everybody. Yeah, my
00:04:11> 00:04:14:	name is Andrew Nakasawa, director of strategic planning with massive
00:04:14> 00:04:17:	Art here in Toronto. We're a public art and placemaking
00:04:17> 00:04:18:	and creative consultancy.
00:04:19> 00:04:22:	Started in Montreal with offices now in Toronto as well
00:04:22> 00:04:26:	as Mexico City. So I lead our strategic projects at
00:04:26> 00:04:30:	Massive Art and work mainly with municipalities, real estate developers,
00:04:30> 00:04:36:	place management organizations to develop creative strategies for placemaking, public
00:04:36> 00:04:41:	art integration, place branding and generally public space enhancement projects.
00:04:43> 00:04:45:	You can go to the next slide. Yeah. So I'll
00:04:45> 00:04:49:	be speaking about some really interesting research study that we
00:04:49> 00:04:53:	collaborated on last year with Toronto Metropolitan University that looked
00:04:53> 00:04:56:	into the impact of a creative place making on people's
00:04:56> 00:05:00:	perceptions of different spaces and urban environments and how it
00:05:00> 00:05:03:	can really lead to value creation for retail, real estate
00:05:03> 00:05:06:	and public spaces in general. And go to the next
00:05:06> 00:05:07:	slide.
00:05:09> 00:05:11:	So massive art again as I said is a public
00:05:11> 00:05:16:	art placemaking consultancy and we help our clients find your
00:05:16> 00:05:21:	creative ways to animate, enhance, reposition their spaces with creative
00:05:21> 00:05:26:	placemaking interventions and or public art integration. So whether that's
00:05:26> 00:05:31:	a temporary pilot activation is it a permanent destination installation,
00:05:31> 00:05:34:	a landmark piece is it a building facade and art
00:05:34> 00:05:36:	integration or space design and.
00:05:37> 00:05:41:	Really, the term placemaking, you know, it's really

	ubiquitous. It's
00:05:41> 00:05:45:	it's hurt everywhere, but everyone talks about it, but it's
00:05:45> 00:05:49:	understood differently by different groups. And most people are often
00:05:49> 00:05:52:	unsure of, you know, how to understand its value, how
00:05:52> 00:05:56:	to understand its impact. But really, you know, placemaking goes
00:05:56> 00:06:00:	well beyond just aesthetic improvements. You can go to the
00:06:00> 00:06:03:	next slide. So even though all of our clients and
00:06:03> 00:06:05:	our projects are very different.
00:06:05> 00:06:09:	We come across the same question and I'm sure many
00:06:09> 00:06:11:	of you on the on on the call do as
00:06:11> 00:06:14:	well and that is creative place making, what is the
00:06:14> 00:06:17:	value, how does it impact people and go to the
00:06:17> 00:06:20:	next slide. So again with the growth and the momentum
00:06:20> 00:06:23:	with place making and this question of you know what
00:06:23> 00:06:26:	is the impact of place making and how is it
00:06:26> 00:06:30:	affecting people's perception of spaces. We really wanted to initiate
00:06:30> 00:06:33:	and help with some research into this topic.
00:06:34> 00:06:36:	Which was where it comes into play here. And so
00:06:36> 00:06:40:	the official title is Augmenting places, the impact of place
00:06:40> 00:06:44:	making on behavioral intentions. You can find it on Google.
00:06:44> 00:06:48:	So the study's now published through the journal City, Culture
00:06:48> 00:06:51:	and Society. It was conducted again, as I said, Toronto
00:06:51> 00:06:56:	Metropolitan University by Doctor Louis Etienne Dubois, in partnership with
00:06:56> 00:06:59:	our team at Massive Art as well as some other
00:06:59> 00:07:00:	project partners.
00:07:00> 00:07:04:	The Daniel Daniels Corporation, a prominent real estate developer and
00:07:04> 00:07:08:	builder here in the Greater Toronto Area, Lemay, a local
00:07:08> 00:07:11:	architecture and design firm, and Entro, a Place branding and
00:07:11> 00:07:15:	environmental design company. So the study, just to quickly overview
00:07:15> 00:07:19:	it, involved almost 600 participants and presented them with five
00:07:19> 00:07:23:	different virtual environments, which I'll show in a couple slides
00:07:23> 00:07:27:	to measure the difference in responsiveness to locations with and
00:07:27> 00:07:29:	without placemaking interventions.
00:07:30> 00:07:32:	So if we go to the next slide, it'll play

00:07:32> 00:07:33:	a short little video and then I'll talk what?
00:07:33> 00:07:37:	Happened. If people spend 50% more time in your city
00:07:37> 00:07:40:	square, your office tower, a transit hub, or in your
00:07:40> 00:07:44:	boutique, a restaurant with place making and thoughtful design, this
00:07:44> 00:07:49:	is possible. A study from Toronto Metropolitan University, Lemay, the
00:07:49> 00:07:53:	Daniels Corporation Intro, and Massive art shows that not only
00:07:53> 00:07:56:	does place making make for more time spent in a
00:07:56> 00:07:59:	space, but with thoughtful design you'll get noticed.
00:08:00> 00:08:05:	Placemaking initiatives increase the positive perception of the environment by
00:08:05> 00:08:08:	53%. Not only that, the study saw a 63% increase
00:08:08> 00:08:12:	in positive feelings towards the locations. Your visitors will notice
00:08:12> 00:08:16:	how inviting, comfortable, and save your destination is. Get in
00:08:16> 00:08:20:	on the conversation. 74% of participants wanted to share pivotal
00:08:20> 00:08:24:	information about spaces with Placemaking, and there's a 77% increase
00:08:24> 00:08:28:	for them to recommend the site to friends, family and
00:08:28> 00:08:29:	acquaintances.
00:08:29> 00:08:34:	Organic conversations can boost your exposure and drive traffic to
00:08:34> 00:08:38:	your site. Create a dedicated community. Placemaking results in a
00:08:38> 00:08:42:	53% increase in connection between the person and the place,
00:08:42> 00:08:48:	leading to meaningful connections. Placemaking helps individuals relate, participate, and
00:08:48> 00:08:50:	establish A profound connection.
00:08:51> 00:08:54:	Wouldn't it be nice to see increased traffic and sales
00:08:54> 00:08:57:	at your location, a stronger connection with your clients and
00:08:57> 00:09:01:	customers, and improve community engagement and awareness with place making
00:09:01> 00:09:03:	it's proven possible?
00:09:10> 00:09:11:	Perfect. Thank you. So, yeah.
00:09:12> 00:09:16:	Looking at the five different virtual environments that I mentioned
00:09:16> 00:09:18:	that the study participants were exposed to, So one of
00:09:19> 00:09:21:	the five is an outdoor public Plaza. And so you'll
00:09:21> 00:09:24:	see on the next few slides here that there's a
00:09:24> 00:09:26:	baseline version on the left that was the just as

00:09:26> 00:09:29:	is. And then the enhanced version with some type of
00:09:29> 00:09:33:	placemaking or enhanced features and design that they were exposed
00:09:33> 00:09:36:	to. And the participants weren't shown them in the same
00:09:36> 00:09:39:	order, so they weren't seeing them next to each other
00:09:39> 00:09:39:	that way.
00:09:40> 00:09:43:	So you can go to the next slide showing a
00:09:43> 00:09:48:	retail space again baseline on the left, enhanced design and
00:09:48> 00:09:52:	place making interventions on the right. You can go to
00:09:52> 00:09:57:	the next slide again another private space, so a condo
00:09:57> 00:10:01:	lobby baseline on the left, enhanced on the right, Next
00:10:01> 00:10:04:	slide office space baseline.
00:10:04> 00:10:07:	On the left enhanced, on the right with place making
00:10:07> 00:10:11:	and or space design and spatial rearrangements and then the
00:10:11> 00:10:14:	last slide I looked at a transit station. So again
00:10:14> 00:10:17:	baseline versus enhanced and so we can stay on the
00:10:17> 00:10:20:	slide for a bit. So again the baseline version was
00:10:20> 00:10:22:	a direct model of a site as it appears and
00:10:22> 00:10:26:	the enhanced version had improved, was improved through place making
00:10:27> 00:10:31:	interventions designed by the industry partners that were mentioned in
00:10:31> 00:10:32:	the the little video.
00:10:33> 00:10:37:	Including enhanced signage and wayfinding, public art installations or spatial
00:10:37> 00:10:41:	rearrangements. So all of the participants viewed each of these
00:10:41> 00:10:44:	virtual environments and we're asked to rate them based on
00:10:44> 00:10:47:	four different scales, how they how the space makes them
00:10:47> 00:10:50:	feel and what they think about the space, the degree
00:10:50> 00:10:53:	to which people identify with the space and align with
00:10:53> 00:10:56:	it and resonate with it, and how likely they are
00:10:56> 00:10:58:	to spend time in it and engage with the space.
00:10:59> 00:11:02:	And then each of these, all of those results and
00:11:02> 00:11:06:	categories were then compared between the baseline and the enhanced
00:11:06> 00:11:10:	environments. We can go to the next slide recaps the
00:11:10> 00:11:13:	findings that were mentioned in the video. So this really
00:11:14> 00:11:18:	highlights the effect and the profound impact that Placemaking has
00:11:18> 00:11:21:	on how people are interactive spaces and engage with with
00:11:22> 00:11:25:	Placemaking involved. So just started from the top of going
00:11:25> 00:11:26:	down.

00:11:27> 00:11:30:	50% more likely to spend time there, that's the dwell
00:11:30> 00:11:34:	time outcome. So with placemaking participants expressed an increase of
00:11:34> 00:11:37:	wanting to stay in a space longer. So that sort
00:11:37> 00:11:40:	of term we talk about sticky spaces, people wanting to
00:11:40> 00:11:43:	spend more time there, which can result again sort of
00:11:44> 00:11:48:	down the line higher sales, higher productivity, higher productive use
00:11:48> 00:11:51:	of the site or space and potential social and community
00:11:51> 00:11:52:	benefits.
00:11:53> 00:11:56:	And then the one right below at 53% increase in
00:11:56> 00:12:00:	self congruity. And what that really means is it pertains
00:12:00> 00:12:03:	to the degree of similarity or alignment between a brand
00:12:03> 00:12:08:	image for identity and one's own self-image. So people resonate
00:12:08> 00:12:11:	more with spaces that had place making. You know, I
00:12:11> 00:12:15:	can help strengthen brand awareness and attachment. So this really
00:12:16> 00:12:20:	this study helped really demonstrate that creative place making.
00:12:20> 00:12:25:	Stimulates the target targeted communities or the target audience of
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	a space replace and that they can have that they
00:12:28> 00:12:33:	can relate and participate and establish A deeper connection with
00:12:33> 00:12:36:	the space the next two. So 53% increase in positive
00:12:36> 00:12:40:	perceptions and a 63% increase in positive feelings. So this
00:12:40> 00:12:43:	is all to do with in terms of place making,
00:12:43> 00:12:47:	having a result on people in environments that they saw
00:12:47> 00:12:49:	more culturally vibrant, safer.
00:12:50> 00:12:53:	Friendlier and seen the supporting the more improved quality of
00:12:53> 00:12:57:	life when placemaking and creative elements were involved. Same thing
00:12:57> 00:13:00:	with the positive feelings. People felt more and it was
00:13:00> 00:13:05:	more inviting. Spaces were beautiful or more beautiful, more stimulating,
00:13:05> 00:13:08:	more comfortable, those kind of things. So those were the
00:13:08> 00:13:11:	results from those and the last to a 74% increase
00:13:11> 00:13:15:	in the likelihood for visitors to share more information about
00:13:15> 00:13:15:	a site.
00:13:16> 00:13:19:	77% more likelihood for individuals to recommend the site. So
00:13:19> 00:13:22:	this really gets to an increase or can translate to

00:13:22> 00:13:25:	an increase in traffic to a place or a space
00:13:25> 00:13:28:	or more exposure through word of mouth people wanted to
00:13:28> 00:13:32:	share. You know people feel comfortable, they like space that
00:13:32> 00:13:35:	they're in it it's it's a memory to them. They
00:13:35> 00:13:38:	remember it. They want to share it with their friends
00:13:38> 00:13:41:	or their colleagues saying hey you should check this out
00:13:41> 00:13:44:	or I enjoyed this and so it it that trickle
00:13:44> 00:13:45:	down effect and passing on.
00:13:46> 00:13:49:	To share more about the space that they liked. So
00:13:49> 00:13:52:	with that quick recap, I'll leave it there, but hopefully
00:13:52> 00:13:56:	you know, I've helped summarize this research study, which again
00:13:56> 00:13:59:	you can find online. I encourage you to go read
00:13:59> 00:14:02:	it and emphasize the power of creative placemaking and its
00:14:02> 00:14:06:	impact on how people perceive and interact with spaces with
00:14:06> 00:14:09:	benefits for on the community side as well as businesses.
00:14:09> 00:14:12:	So I'll now pass it over to Olivia who is
00:14:12> 00:14:15:	the moderator for the webinar and will be facilitating.
00:14:15> 00:14:17:	For the rest of this session.
00:14:18> 00:14:22:	Great. Thank you, Andrew. Thank you so much for sharing
00:14:22> 00:14:24:	your research. I'm excited to dig into that in our
00:14:24> 00:14:28:	discussion later. And thanks to everyone for being here. I'm
00:14:28> 00:14:31:	Olivia Dahlquist with 9 dot Arts. We are a national
00:14:31> 00:14:35:	art consulting and creative placemaking firm that leverages the power
00:14:35> 00:14:38:	of art and culture to produce positive social and economic
00:14:38> 00:14:42:	outcomes for our public and private sector clients, as well
00:14:42> 00:14:45:	As for the artists and communities that we work with
00:14:45> 00:14:45:	nationwide.
00:14:46> 00:14:49:	And we do this by curating custom art collections from
00:14:49> 00:14:54:	local emerging and underrepresented artists for a variety of spaces,
00:14:54> 00:14:57:	as well as by developing art master plans for large
00:14:57> 00:15:02:	scale developments, municipalities and cities. And since our inception in
00:15:02> 00:15:05:	2009, we've been really proud to have generated more than
00:15:05> 00:15:09:	\$50 million in revenue for the creative economy. And we
00:15:09> 00:15:13:	do this by collaborating with artists on nearly 1000 real
00:15:13> 00:15:15:	estate projects across the US and beyond.
00:15:16> 00:15:18:	So if you go to the next slide, I want
00:15:18> 00:15:21:	to share with you one of our flagship projects called
00:15:21> 00:15:25:	the Dairy Block here in Denver, Co which actually received

00:15:25> 00:15:28:	an America's Award for Excellence from ULI particularly for its
00:15:29> 00:15:32:	place making and design efforts. And of course we're proud
00:15:32> 00:15:35:	to say that art certainly played a role. So this
00:15:35> 00:15:38:	project was a collaboration between our team at 9 dot
00:15:38> 00:15:42:	Arts, the developers Mcquiney, Grand American and Sage Hospitality Group
00:15:42> 00:15:45:	designers from the project several community.
00:15:45> 00:15:50:	Partners, including a mural festival and a poetry program and
00:15:50> 00:15:54:	then of course, many, many local and regional artists. And
00:15:54> 00:15:58:	So what resulted from this collaboration is this incredible art
00:15:58> 00:16:03:	program that influences nearly every moment of the visitor experience.
00:16:03> 00:16:07:	When you're at the dairy block, the collection spans the
00:16:07> 00:16:11:	hotel, the restaurant, offices, retail space and Denver's first ever
00:16:11> 00:16:15:	activated pedestrian alleyway. So throughout these spaces.
00:16:15> 00:16:19:	There's over 700 original art pieces, including this 500 pound
00:16:19> 00:16:23:	hand sculpture that actually hangs from the ceiling of the
00:16:23> 00:16:26:	hotel. And that hand, as you can imagine, has just
00:16:26> 00:16:29:	become a staple of the Denver art scene. But also
00:16:29> 00:16:33:	this major attraction point and a place where people want
00:16:33> 00:16:36:	to meet, right? So kind of reinforcing some of what
00:16:36> 00:16:40:	Andrew just shared about that word of mouth, mouth marketing,
00:16:40> 00:16:42:	and hey, this is a place that is really me
00:16:42> 00:16:44:	and I want to return to.
00:16:45> 00:16:48:	In the alley at the dairy block, you've got 10
00:16:48> 00:16:51:	public art commissions in the length of 1 city block.
00:16:51> 00:16:54:	And what's so neat about these is that despite the
00:16:54> 00:16:57:	alleyway being kind of a smaller, concentrated space.
00:16:57> 00:17:01:	The artwork is placed so strategically to sort of entice
00:17:01> 00:17:04:	people in and then slow them down. And when people
00:17:04> 00:17:08:	are moving more slowly, you can actually have more density,
00:17:08> 00:17:12:	which allows the developer to charge higher rates to the
00:17:12> 00:17:15:	retail tenants even though it's a smaller space so.
00:17:16> 00:17:18:	Not only does it have this kind of ROI outcome,
00:17:18> 00:17:21:	but it honors the site's history as the former Windsor
00:17:21> 00:17:24:	Dairy Farm. It kind of beckons people to the area
00:17:24> 00:17:27:	and creates that community gathering and connection. And then of
00:17:28> 00:17:32:	course, it increases the economic activity for the surrounding businesses,
00:17:32> 00:17:35:	especially those retail shops facing the alleyway so.

00:17:35> 00:17:38:	Again, I think a powerful example of the ROI of
00:17:38> 00:17:41:	creative placemaking and I will drop some more information about
00:17:41> 00:17:44:	the Dairy Block in the chat, as well as a
00:17:44> 00:17:46:	link to our ebook from 9 dot Arts, The Art
00:17:46> 00:17:49:	of Placemaking, which features more on the Dairy block and
00:17:49> 00:17:53:	several other projects demonstrating how art and culture can support
00:17:53> 00:17:57:	stronger social and economic outcomes for real estate development projects.
00:17:57> 00:18:00:	So if you're a developer listening in today, no matter
00:18:00> 00:18:03:	where you're from, I see lots of different locations in
00:18:03> 00:18:05:	the chat, which is great.
00:18:05> 00:18:08:	Be sure to check out that resource. And with that,
00:18:08> 00:18:11:	I want to transition into the case studies we'll be
00:18:11> 00:18:16:	hearing about today, which similarly involve connecting artists, communities and
00:18:16> 00:18:21:	real estate professionals to, yes, produce a profitable, profitable project,
00:18:21> 00:18:25:	but also a project that has more inclusive and equitable
00:18:25> 00:18:28:	outcomes for the communities in which they're located, so.
00:18:29> 00:18:32:	We are going to hear from Kia Johnson, the equitable
00:18:32> 00:18:36:	Development manager of Washington, DC's 11th St. Bridge Park, Todd
00:18:36> 00:18:40:	Richardson, cofounder of Crosstown Arts and President and CEO of
00:18:40> 00:18:45:	Crosstown Concourse in Memphis, TN. And lastly, Andrew Cudlis, principal
00:18:45> 00:18:48:	of the design studio Maxis and one of the artists
00:18:48> 00:18:52:	and designers behind Confluence Park in San Antonio, TX.
00:18:52> 00:18:56:	And as we hear from these leaders, again, please feel
00:18:56> 00:18:59:	free to drop some questions in the Q&A because we'll
00:18:59> 00:19:02:	have lots of time for discussion afterwards. So with that,
00:19:02> 00:19:05:	I will turn it over to Kia Johnson to tell
00:19:05> 00:19:08:	us more about 11th St. Bridge Park and how she's
00:19:08> 00:19:13:	implementing the equitable development plan to cultivate continuous positive outcomes
00:19:13> 00:19:15:	for residents in the area.
00:19:16> 00:19:20:	All right. Thank you for the warm introduction. Again, my
00:19:20> 00:19:23:	name is Kia Johnson. I have the pleasure of being
00:19:23> 00:19:27:	the equitable development manager here for 11th St. Bridge Park.
00:19:28> 00:19:31:	And just an overview of our project as a whole.
00:19:31> 00:19:34:	11th St. Bridge Park is doing such a beautiful.

00:19:34> 00:19:38:	Saying as bridging 2 communities physically will metaphorically and also
00:19:38> 00:19:42:	physically just some history about Washington DC each other river
00:19:43> 00:19:48:	has been systematically, economically and structurally separated from other parts
00:19:48> 00:19:51:	of Washington DC very underserved community. And here at 11
00:19:51> 00:19:56:	St. Bridge Park, we're working through collaboration and through building
00:19:56> 00:19:57:	this bridge to.
00:19:57> 00:20:02:	Allow these communities to come together through a beautification project
00:20:02> 00:20:05:	of the park where we'll celebrate arts and culture, the
00:20:05> 00:20:09:	history of Anacostia, and also just allowing for community members
00:20:10> 00:20:13:	to have somewhere to gather and to celebrate their history
00:20:13> 00:20:17:	to celebrate who we are within Washington DC and specifically
00:20:17> 00:20:20:	Ward 8. When we're doing equity work, the goal is
00:20:20> 00:20:23:	to pour back into those communities and our focus is
00:20:23> 00:20:27:	development without displacement. Next slide, please.
00:20:30> 00:20:33:	We have created an equitable development plan which has strategies
00:20:33> 00:20:36:	specifically focusing on east of the river and pouring back
00:20:36> 00:20:38:	into those communities.
00:20:38> 00:20:42:	Through small business, workforce training, arts and culture and social
00:20:42> 00:20:45:	equity. So with that, that means that what does the
00:20:45> 00:20:48:	community need in order for us to in order to
00:20:48> 00:20:50:	thrive, in order for them to remain As we all
00:20:50> 00:20:54:	know that gentrification usually when development happens that means the
00:20:54> 00:20:58:	community is weaved out and they don't have an opportunity
00:20:58> 00:21:01:	to remain where the where their history is, their sailing
00:21:01> 00:21:02:	identities are located.
00:21:03> 00:21:06:	And we knew that was developing the park. We had
00:21:06> 00:21:09:	to be extremely strategic with making sure that we were
00:21:09> 00:21:12:	doing the work. And we also, excuse me, have housing
00:21:12> 00:21:14:	strategies as well. And I'm going to show a video
00:21:14> 00:21:17:	that will help narrate and tell the story even better.
00:21:17> 00:21:18:	Next slide, please.
00:21:21> 00:21:24:	And this just gives you an overview of what the
00:21:24> 00:21:26:	park will offer. As you can see, on the left

00:21:26> 00:21:29:	side, that's going to be the ward 5:00 and 6:00,
00:21:29> 00:21:32:	which is by Navy Yard, and then the opposite side
00:21:32> 00:21:34:	is an entrance from Ward 8 or east of the
00:21:34> 00:21:38:	river we have Rain Gardens and Hammett Grove Community Roman
00:21:38> 00:21:41:	Cafe, a community porch kayaking. So we wanted the park
00:21:41> 00:21:45:	again, which was developed by the community. The community was
00:21:45> 00:21:48:	a major part of development, which should be how we
00:21:48> 00:21:51:	develop within the communities, what does the community.
00:21:51> 00:21:54:	What would they like to see? How do they want
00:21:54> 00:21:57:	to be engaged? So throughout the entire process we have
00:21:57> 00:21:59:	had the community every step of the way. We have
00:21:59> 00:22:03:	orchestrated over 1000 community meetings. So before we even break
00:22:03> 00:22:06:	ground this coming year, we wanted to make sure that
00:22:06> 00:22:09:	the community was happy with what we were delivering and
00:22:09> 00:22:11:	that this was going to be a useful tool for
00:22:11> 00:22:14:	them. One of the coolest things that I will also
00:22:14> 00:22:17:	say with bringing arts and culture into the space is
00:22:17> 00:22:20:	that we're celebrating people who have been here for years.
00:22:20> 00:22:23:	One of my colleagues, JJ, he's the Ark Farm director
00:22:23> 00:22:26:	and he's actually going to have a statue on the
00:22:26> 00:22:28:	park, which was they gave a bit of people they
00:22:28> 00:22:31:	wanted to celebrate. So to have somebody who is the
00:22:31> 00:22:34:	east of the river resident be celebrated and make history
00:22:34> 00:22:35:	on a park.
00:22:35> 00:22:39:	And be brought to light about the great work he's
00:22:39> 00:22:43:	done through farming within the community and providing food resources
00:22:43> 00:22:47:	is amazing. So we're creating arts and culture to not
00:22:47> 00:22:51:	only celebrate Anacostia, but to celebrate the people and activists
00:22:51> 00:22:55:	who've been present as well. Next slide and now this
00:22:55> 00:22:58:	video will really give you an overview of our part,
00:22:58> 00:23:01:	our goal, strategy and what equity is to us.
00:23:05> 00:23:09:	The city, you know has been socially and economically divided
00:23:09> 00:23:13:	for generations, and the 11th St. Bridge Park is very
00:23:13> 00:23:18:	symbolic to building a connection with people who normally would
00:23:18> 00:23:22:	not engage. The 11th St. Bridge Park will transform some
00:23:22> 00:23:28:	decommissioned bridge Piers into Washington, DC's first elevated public park.

00:23:28> 00:23:31:	It's just really an important opportunity here to.
00:23:32> 00:23:36:	Take infrastructure and build something extraordinary and
	unprecedented.
00:23:37> 00:23:41:	Spanning the Anacostia River, the Bridge Park will connect Ward
00:23:41> 00:23:45:	8 and Ward 6 neighborhoods with an exciting new gathering
00:23:45> 00:23:47:	space suspended 30 feet above the river.
00:23:48> 00:23:51:	It's going to bring opportunities for more amenities for residents
00:23:51> 00:23:54:	who live on the east side of the river. It's
00:23:54> 00:23:57:	going to be a great opportunity for education programming.
00:23:57> 00:24:00:	Especially education about the river itself.
00:24:00> 00:24:04:	With more than 1000 public meetings, the Bridge Park team
00:24:04> 00:24:08:	has nurtured a community led process to imagine both the
00:24:08> 00:24:12:	park itself and to spur inclusive development. So often a
00:24:12> 00:24:16:	lot of times development comes in and they're telling the
00:24:16> 00:24:17:	community what they want.
00:24:18> 00:24:22:	But this was different because it was actually getting their
00:24:22> 00:24:26:	input at the forefront and actually using that input to
00:24:26> 00:24:29:	help to shape and model what was going to come
00:24:29> 00:24:32:	from the project. Much more than a bridge, the park
00:24:32> 00:24:37:	will create a new venue for healthy recreation, environmental
	education
00:24:37> 00:24:38:	and the arts.
00:24:39> 00:24:42:	So there's so many different aspects of the project that
00:24:42> 00:24:46:	touched on sustainability, whether it's Access, whether it's economics and
00:24:46> 00:24:47:	workforce.
00:24:48> 00:24:50:	It's it's all just there in the Bridge Park.
00:24:51> 00:24:56:	The resulting Equitable development plan has led to the creation
00:24:56> 00:25:00:	of first time Home Buyers Clubs, a community Land Trust
00:25:00> 00:25:05:	to preserve affordable housing, and commitments for millions of dollars
00:25:05> 00:25:09:	in community investment around the park. I believe this can
00:25:09> 00:25:13:	be a model for how the development can take place
00:25:13> 00:25:14:	in communities.
00:25:17> 00:25:20:	In my mind, the Anacostia River is going to be
00:25:20> 00:25:24:	a destination. This is an incredible opportunity to really create
00:25:24> 00:25:27:	an Arctic triumph for the Anacostia restoration.
00:25:35> 00:25:38:	Okay. So that just gives you just a basic overview
00:25:38> 00:25:41:	of how we feel about the work, what we think
00:25:41> 00:25:45:	equity looks like and how development should happen within
	any

00:25:45> 00:25:49:	community throughout the project. Our project goes our environmental reengage
00:25:50> 00:25:51:	the community with the river.
00:25:52> 00:25:56:	Help improve public health disparities social reconnect the neighborhoods on
00:25:56> 00:25:59:	both sides of the river and economic serve as an
00:25:59> 00:26:02:	anchor for inclusive economic opportunity. So you're probably trying to
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	understand like next slide, what does this look like and
00:26:05> 00:26:07:	how are we doing this?
00:26:07> 00:26:11:	And through our strategies, again, we just currently had EDEDP
00:26:11> 00:26:15:	3.0, which is the equitable development strategy. We're looking to
00:26:15> 00:26:18:	roll out some more strategies based on what the community
00:26:18> 00:26:21:	has discussed with us. We recently just had our open
00:26:21> 00:26:24:	house for the community were able to dive into the
00:26:24> 00:26:28:	strategies we have, be able to engage in that conversation
00:26:28> 00:26:31:	and be able to really give us feedback about what's
00:26:31> 00:26:34:	working and what's not. So again, that sense of community
00:26:34> 00:26:37:	engagement and this helps us measure our impact.
00:26:38> 00:26:42:	So as you can see workforce development, affordable housing, small
00:26:42> 00:26:45:	enterprises, so we have all of these programs that are
00:26:46> 00:26:49:	created to help that with our small business pilot preservation
00:26:50> 00:26:53:	with Booze Island Corner back into those war a businesses.
00:26:54> 00:26:57:	Because when people come visit this park, our goal is
00:26:57> 00:27:00:	for them to experience the richness of Anacostia. So this
00:27:00> 00:27:03:	is how we measure our impact based on our strategies.
00:27:03> 00:27:06:	And I'm happy to provide more insight and answer more
00:27:06> 00:27:09:	questions once we conclude the presentation. So thank you so
00:27:10> 00:27:10:	much.
00:27:12> 00:27:14:	Thank you, Kia, and you'll definitely have to check out
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	the chat because you're getting applauded and especially, you know,
00:27:17> 00:27:20:	complimented about all the community engagement and clearly so much
00:27:20> 00:27:22:	work that's gone into that. So thank you.
00:27:24> 00:27:28:	So now we're going to transition to Todd Richardson and
00:27:28> 00:27:32:	hear about Crosstown Concourse which transformed the 1.5 million square
00:27:32> 00:27:36:	foot Sears building into a vertical village for arts, education
00:27:36> 00:27:40:	and healthcare. And with 3000 daily visitors, it has won

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00:27:40> 00:27:45:	prestigious accolades including Rudy Bruner Gold Medal, three House National
00:27:45> 00:27:48:	Preservation Award and it was a finalist for the ULI
00:27:48> 00:27:52:	Global Award for Excellence. So Todd, please tell us more.
00:27:53> 00:27:57:	Thanks, Olivia. Hi, everyone. And Kia, you're a hard project
00:27:57> 00:28:02:	to follow. Good gracious, that was awesome. Look forward to
00:28:02> 00:28:05:	learning more. So Sears Crosstown is what it used to
00:28:05> 00:28:10:	be called today. It's called Crosstown Concourse. It had been
00:28:10> 00:28:13:	abandoned for about 20 years before we got started on
00:28:13> 00:28:17:	the project in 2010. When we started, it was the
00:28:17> 00:28:19:	middle of the recession.
00:28:19> 00:28:23:	And Full disclosure upfront, I'm an art history professor, so
00:28:23> 00:28:26:	it's a \$200 million project in the middle of the
00:28:26> 00:28:30:	recession, partly led by an art history professor. So clearly
00:28:30> 00:28:33:	it's not going to happen, but we decided early on
00:28:33> 00:28:36:	that there was a chance and so we wanted to
00:28:36> 00:28:40:	document everything from the beginning. And So what I would
00:28:40> 00:28:42:	love to do is show you just a 6 minute
00:28:42> 00:28:44:	video, because it can.
00:28:45> 00:28:49:	Kind of show the sensibility and the community engagement and
00:28:49> 00:28:52:	the collective of partners that it took coming together to
00:28:49> 00:28:52: 00:28:52> 00:28:55:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow
00:28:52> 00:28:55:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years.
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43: 00:29:43> 00:29:47:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:30: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43: 00:29:43> 00:29:47:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just one person 1 developer or one preconceived vision.
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:30: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43: 00:29:43> 00:29:47: 00:29:52> 00:29:55:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just one person 1 developer or one preconceived vision. And here we are, together as a city nearly five
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:26> 00:29:29: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:43> 00:29:43: 00:29:43> 00:29:51: 00:29:52> 00:29:55: 00:29:55> 00:29:58:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just one person 1 developer or one preconceived vision. And here we are, together as a city nearly five years later, starting construction on the renovation.
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:30: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:39: 00:29:43> 00:29:43: 00:29:52> 00:29:51: 00:29:55> 00:29:58: 00:30:00> 00:30:02:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just one person 1 developer or one preconceived vision. And here we are, together as a city nearly five years later, starting construction on the renovation. Looking back at the process and how it unfolded, it's
00:28:52> 00:28:55: 00:28:55> 00:28:58: 00:29:22> 00:29:26: 00:29:30> 00:29:30: 00:29:32> 00:29:35: 00:29:35> 00:29:39: 00:29:39> 00:29:43: 00:29:43> 00:29:47: 00:29:55> 00:29:55: 00:29:55> 00:29:58: 00:30:00> 00:30:02: 00:30:02> 00:30:05:	to make this project happen, and then I can follow up that with a few more comments afterwards. The Crosstown development project started with a conversation that probably hundreds, even thousands, of Memphians have had over the last 20 years. And that is how amazing would it be if something cool could happen with the historic Sears Building? And it's hugely important that even the very first idea for this project was a shared experience, a collective thought, not just one person 1 developer or one preconceived vision. And here we are, together as a city nearly five years later, starting construction on the renovation. Looking back at the process and how it unfolded, it's the same collective spirit, the coming together of a lot

00:30:14> 00:30:17:	to be a group effort, not just about renovating a
00:30:17> 00:30:21:	building, but also about building community. The project and vision
00:30:22> 00:30:25:	came to be defined by this sense of community effort,
00:30:25> 00:30:27:	the multitude of people involved.
00:30:28> 00:30:30:	Rather than simply the gigantic space to be filled, we
00:30:30> 00:30:33:	knew from the beginning that we wanted the creative community
00:30:33> 00:30:36:	to play a significant role in the development and also
00:30:36> 00:30:38:	have a presence in the building.
00:30:39> 00:30:42:	While the arts was a catalyst and means of community
00:30:42> 00:30:45:	building, the specifics of the project took shape over time
00:30:45> 00:30:49:	based on conversations with leaders of local organizations. It was
00:30:49> 00:30:52:	out of this kind of collaborative process that the vertical
00:30:52> 00:30:54:	urban village concept was born.
00:30:55> 00:30:59:	I think what excited everyone about the vertical urban village
00:30:59> 00:31:02:	vision was the potential for organizations not just to colocate
00:31:02> 00:31:04:	or coexist like a typical mix use project.
00:31:05> 00:31:09:	What inspired our founding tents was a possibility of interweaving,
00:31:09> 00:31:12:	programming and resources, even sharing space.
00:31:14> 00:31:17:	Because let's be honest, even among the believers, there were
00:31:18> 00:31:20:	still a few who thought the idea was a little
00:31:20> 00:31:21:	crazy.
00:31:23> 00:31:29:	Skeptical. Skeptical. There's been so much talk over the years
00:31:29> 00:31:33:	that that I've been in the Memphis area. Plans for
00:31:33> 00:31:34:	this or that.
00:31:35> 00:31:39:	You better believe on a project like this, they're not
00:31:39> 00:31:43:	many green lights. You don't have laws that just push
00:31:43> 00:31:46:	and encourage this. There's a law that says you can't
00:31:46> 00:31:49:	do this, you can't do that. Age of the building.
00:31:49> 00:31:52:	Red light, red light, red light, red light.
00:31:53> 00:31:56:	Other than just the pure size.
00:31:57> 00:32:02:	Of Crosstown. I thought about the complexity, the complexity of
00:32:02> 00:32:07:	the financial mechanisms, how many things you had to get
00:32:07> 00:32:10:	in place to make the whole.
00:32:11> 00:32:15:	From a financial perspective, it's an understatement to say that
00:32:15> 00:32:19:	the project is challenging. No matter how great the concept
00:32:19> 00:32:22:	is, for the project to happen, it has to work

00:32:22> 00:32:26:	financially 30 different sources of funding private.
00:32:26> 00:32:30:	Philanthropic city, county, state, and federal. At the end of
00:32:30> 00:32:33:	the day, one of the reasons this project is happening
00:32:33> 00:32:37:	is because all those financial partners share the same
	Memphis
00:32:37> 00:32:40:	attitude, which is let's find a way to make this
00:32:40> 00:32:42:	happen. Don't take no for an answer.
00:32:45> 00:32:51:	The economic impact of the project is staggering. 1000 construction
00:32:51> 00:32:53:	jobs and \$36 million in wages.
00:32:54> 00:32:58:	800 net new permanent jobs When the renovation is complete
00:32:58> 00:33:02:	with \$50 million in wages, \$200 million project for a
00:33:02> 00:33:06:	building that's been empty for 20 years, it'll have 3000
00:33:06> 00:33:09:	people coming in and out of it every day.
00:33:11> 00:33:13:	But the project is worthy of finding all kind of
00:33:13> 00:33:16:	dollars to make it work. Because think about the impact
00:33:16> 00:33:19:	of that. You know, that's that's the big thing you
00:33:19> 00:33:19:	tell people.
00:33:20> 00:33:22:	No matter how big things are can be done, because
00:33:22> 00:33:25:	if you can tackle this massive project then anything's possible.
00:33:26> 00:33:30:	And to have done it is really a a hugely.
00:33:30> 00:33:31:	Remarkable.
00:33:32> 00:33:38:	Achievement it. I mean, it's being closer than most to
00:33:38> 00:33:42:	it is a privilege to me because I know how
00:33:42> 00:33:44:	damned hard it is.
00:33:47> 00:33:50:	I'd like to think that this will be really a
00:33:50> 00:33:53:	model for us here in Memphis and Shelby County of
00:33:53> 00:33:56:	what we can do internally, but what good strong will
00:33:56> 00:33:59:	and perseverance and collaboration can do.
00:34:00> 00:34:04:	We should not build a city for our eyes. It
00:34:05> 00:34:10:	should be built for the eyes of generations to come.
00:34:11> 00:34:16:	You know that the buildings may be the human.
00:34:17> 00:34:22:	Dut there's consthing over greater then the employs that
	But there's something even greater than the emblem that said,
00:34:22> 00:34:26:	
00:34:22> 00:34:26: 00:34:26> 00:34:31:	said,
	said, and it is the meaningless. It is the love. It
00:34:26> 00:34:31:	said, and it is the meaningless. It is the love. It is a respect that men can hold for the character.
00:34:26> 00:34:31: 00:34:31> 00:34:36:	said, and it is the meaningless. It is the love. It is a respect that men can hold for the character. How about See Crosstown tells that story about any other.
00:34:26> 00:34:31: 00:34:31> 00:34:36: 00:34:37> 00:34:41:	said, and it is the meaningless. It is the love. It is a respect that men can hold for the character. How about See Crosstown tells that story about any other. It's the moment no one thought was possible. That said,

	building
00:34:55> 00:34:58:	is still active and vibrant. We're not going to stop
00:34:58> 00:35:02:	until that's our new reality. There's a lot of work
00:35:02> 00:35:04:	to do as we move forward. We just want to
00:35:04> 00:35:07:	say that we're inspired to be a part of that
00:35:08> 00:35:11:	thing that makes us all omymphians, the belief that we
00:35:11> 00:35:15:	can do great things when we work together, that we're
00:35:15> 00:35:15:	better.
00:35:16> 00:35:17:	Because we're together.
00:35:28> 00:35:31:	Thank you. So just a couple of minutes to describe
00:35:31> 00:35:35:	what's going on today. That video was shot about eight
00:35:35> 00:35:38:	years ago. If you find any of that interesting, you
00:35:38> 00:35:42:	can just Google crosstown documentary that's got a trailer for
00:35:42> 00:35:46:	an hour long feature length documentary on the project that
00:35:46> 00:35:48:	goes into much more depth.
00:35:48> 00:35:51:	Maybe we can post the link to that in the
00:35:51> 00:35:54:	chat. Today. We're 98% leased and it is a vertical
00:35:54> 00:35:57:	city. There's about 50,000 square feet of retail on the
00:35:57> 00:36:00:	bottom floor with restaurants and coffee and ice cream, a
00:36:00> 00:36:03:	bank branch, a pharmacy, Kind of all the things that
00:36:03> 00:36:06:	you would want around at Old Town Square Force 2
00:36:06> 00:36:09:	through 6 is our commercial office space, a little bit
00:36:09> 00:36:12:	of a misnomer part of that space. There's, there's a
00:36:12> 00:36:15:	crosstown high school, 9th through 12th grade. It's a public
00:36:16> 00:36:17:	charter school with 500 students.
00:36:18> 00:36:22:	Church Health is a healthcare facility that cares for patients
00:36:22> 00:36:26:	who are working uninsured that they they treat about 65,000
00:36:26> 00:36:29:	patients there a year. Crosstown Arts is there, which I
00:36:29> 00:36:33:	can talk more about in the Q&A. It's a contemporary
00:36:33> 00:36:37:	Art Center. Saint Jude Children's Research Hospital is there
00:36:37> 00:36:40:	and then four, seven through 10 or 265 apartments.
00:36:41> 00:36:44:	And so I can, I can attest that today the
00:36:44> 00:36:49:	prediction has come right, there's about 3000 people coming
	and
00:36:49> 00:36:53:	going every day. And then lastly I'll just mention that
00:36:53> 00:36:58:	it is the, it's the largest lead platinum certified historic
00:36:58> 00:37:01:	adaptive reuse in the world. Thank you.
00:37:06> 00:37:09:	Wow, Todd, thank you so much for sharing that. And
00:37:09> 00:37:11:	you too need to look at the chat because people
00:37:11> 00:37:13:	are saying they're hiring more art history.
00:37:14> 00:37:14:	Professors.
00:37:14> 00:37:17:	From now on to their project, I love it and

00:37:17> 00:37:20:	thanks to all the questions that are coming in. I'm
00:37:20> 00:37:24:	excited to get into those shortly. But lastly, we need
00:37:24> 00:37:27:	to hear from designer and professor at the University of
00:37:27> 00:37:32:	Houston, High Ends College of Architecture and Design, Andrew Cudlis.
00:37:32> 00:37:35:	Who is here to tell us about Confluence Park and
00:37:35> 00:37:39:	how this incredible pavilion at the San Antonio Riverfront works
00:37:39> 00:37:43:	to not only collect and reuse rainwater, but provide people
00:37:43> 00:37:46:	this gathering space for shade and really serve as an
00:37:46> 00:37:50:	important educational tool about the role that water plays in
00:37:50> 00:37:53:	our ecosystem. So Andrew, please take it away.
00:37:54> 00:37:57:	Great. Thank you so much, Olivia and everyone for the
00:37:57> 00:38:00:	invitation to be here. So next slide please.
00:38:03> 00:38:06:	So this project is much smaller than the last two
00:38:06> 00:38:10:	projects that you saw. But even with a small project,
00:38:10> 00:38:13:	I say that you need a great team and that
00:38:13> 00:38:16:	starts with a great client. And the San Antonio River
00:38:17> 00:38:20:	Foundation worked on this project for I think a total
00:38:20> 00:38:21:	of eight years.
00:38:22> 00:38:26:	And we were brought on. I was the artist on
00:38:26> 00:38:31:	the project and San Antonio River Foundation asked that an
00:38:32> 00:38:36:	artist and architect partner on the project to see the
00:38:36> 00:38:42:	project through and and we also partnered with great structural
00:38:42> 00:38:48:	engineer and Rialto Studio for the landscape. Next slide please.
00:38:48> 00:38:49:	So the the.
00:38:49> 00:38:53:	Confluence Park is located on the South side of San
00:38:53> 00:38:57:	Antonio along what's now called the Mission Reach. It is
00:38:57> 00:39:01:	adjacent to World Heritage Site. Some of the the historic
00:39:01> 00:39:05:	Spanish missions are very close by and previously to becoming
00:39:05> 00:39:10:	Confluence Park, it was actually a utility parking yard for
00:39:10> 00:39:13:	like power company trucks we parked there at night.
00:39:15> 00:39:18:	So the first kind of goal or the objective that
00:39:18> 00:39:21:	the client had for us was to create a unique,
00:39:21> 00:39:26:	inspiring pavilion in a historically disinvested community on the South
00:39:26> 00:39:29:	side of Houston that this, this site, this part of
00:39:29> 00:39:33:	Houston or sorry, Houston, San Antonio hadn't had a lot
00:39:33> 00:39:37:	of investment, most of the investment that happened downtown or

00:39:37> 00:39:41:	north of downtown in San Antonio. Next slide please.
00:39:42> 00:39:47:	The second objective was to create a educational space focused
00:39:47> 00:39:51:	on the critical role of water in the ecosystem in
00:39:51> 00:39:55:	San Antonio. So this was part of the revitalization of
00:39:55> 00:40:00:	the San Antonio River and it's called Confluence Parks. It's
00:40:00> 00:40:04:	at the confluence of the river and San Pedro Creek.
00:40:04> 00:40:08:	The third objective that we had was to use innovative
00:40:08> 00:40:10:	fabrications technologies to.
00:40:11> 00:40:15:	To keep the project within budget while still meeting the
00:40:15> 00:40:21:	clients. Very ambitious educational and aesthetic vision. Next
	please. So
00:40:21> 00:40:24:	in one of the very first meetings that we had
00:40:24> 00:40:28:	with the client, the client said something that was really
00:40:29> 00:40:32:	surprising to me and it started it. It was basically
00:40:33> 00:40:36:	the seed for the entire concept for the project.
00:40:37> 00:40:39:	Where? He said, I know this is going to sound
00:40:39> 00:40:42:	crazy, but when it's raining outside and I look out
00:40:42> 00:40:44:	the window, I see it's raining. I want to say,
00:40:44> 00:40:47:	honey, get the kids, it's raining, let's go to the
00:40:47> 00:40:50:	park. He's like, I know that's crazy, why would you
00:40:50> 00:40:52:	ever go to a park when it's raining? But that's
00:40:52> 00:40:55:	how important water is to this community. So that that
00:40:55> 00:40:58:	started the, the project of how do you celebrate water?
00:40:58> 00:41:01:	How do you make this a place that you'd want
00:41:01> 00:41:03:	to go to, not just on the sunny days, but
00:41:03> 00:41:06:	even or maybe even especially on the rainy days. Next,
00:41:06> 00:41:06:	please.
00:41:08> 00:41:12:	So the initial concept kind of starting from that idea,
00:41:12> 00:41:16:	I look towards a lot of native species, plant species
00:41:16> 00:41:19:	and how they kind of branch out or or cantilever
00:41:19> 00:41:22:	out to collect rainwater and do so they have this
00:41:22> 00:41:26:	kind of double curvature that allows them to cantilever out
00:41:26> 00:41:28:	quite far in. Next slide please.
00:41:31> 00:41:36:	So most projects, most architectural projects, pavilions, our own houses,
00:41:36> 00:41:39:	we try to get the water away from our house
00:41:39> 00:41:42:	or away from the the structure as quickly as possible.
00:41:42> 00:41:46:	So essentially a lot of architecture and pavilions act as
00:41:46> 00:41:49:	like giant umbrellas to push the water away. So for
00:41:49> 00:41:52:	our concept it was about pulling the water in and
00:41:52> 00:41:55:	revealing the the flow of water and celebrating it. So
00:41:55> 00:41:58:	instead of this kind of Dome like structure the idea

00:41:59> 00:42:01:	was to invert that and make it into a funnel.
00:42:01> 00:42:05:	That would elect the water and bring it into a
00:42:05> 00:42:10:	cistern below the pavilion. Next slide please. So this was
00:42:10> 00:42:14:	one of the initial renderings that I did where you
00:42:14> 00:42:17:	can see I very explicitly.
00:42:18> 00:42:21:	Wanted to present the project in the rain, just something
00:42:22> 00:42:25:	you don't normally, you know, see in renderings. But I
00:42:25> 00:42:29:	wanted to show how you could celebrate the rain here.
00:42:29> 00:42:31:	And the idea is you can see at the very
00:42:31> 00:42:35:	center there is that there were a series of these
00:42:35> 00:42:38:	funnels that would bring the water down and you could
00:42:38> 00:42:42:	go into that funnel and experience that, but also they.
00:42:43> 00:42:47:	That they they serve as these kind of concealed spaces
00:42:47> 00:42:50:	that kids can play, hide and seek in and they
00:42:50> 00:42:54:	offer kind of this strange experience of it feels like
00:42:54> 00:42:57:	you're going into a room but then you look up
00:42:57> 00:43:00:	and you're actually in this kind of sky space. Next
00:43:00> 00:43:03:	slide please. So I'm going to just talk very quickly
00:43:04> 00:43:07:	about some of the fabrication that one of the problems
00:43:07> 00:43:10:	all projects have is this dealing with.
00:43:11> 00:43:14:	With the cost and how to control cost and usually
00:43:14> 00:43:18:	that's you do that in relation to modularization, like how
00:43:18> 00:43:20:	do we make a lot of things that are the
00:43:20> 00:43:24:	same. And that's always hard for an artist, often artists
00:43:24> 00:43:26:	we we we want to create a lot of unique
00:43:26> 00:43:29:	things and that are all different. So one of the
00:43:29> 00:43:32:	the steps that we took was to create a series
00:43:32> 00:43:34:	of very limited modules. There's a 28.
00:43:35> 00:43:38:	What we call petals, these half arches and there are
00:43:38> 00:43:41:	only three unique molds for those, the A/B and C
00:43:42> 00:43:45:	And then there are series of smaller kind of satellite
00:43:45> 00:43:49:	pavilions around the site, Three of them that we can
00:43:49> 00:43:52:	just use the same formwork for Pedal C, but just
00:43:52> 00:43:55:	put a block in to create a 10 foot shorter
00:43:55> 00:43:57:	pavilion. Next slide please.
00:44:00> 00:44:02:	So you can see from the plan, the park has
00:44:02> 00:44:06:	several structures in addition to those three kind of mini
00:44:06> 00:44:10:	pavilions that I mentioned earlier. There's the main pavilion
	that
00:44:10> 00:44:12:	you're seeing in blue and and red here, as well
00:44:13> 00:44:16:	as the support building that has a multipurpose space that
00:44:16> 00:44:19:	acts as a classroom, kind of conference room for the

00-44-40 > 00-44-00-	
00:44:19> 00:44:22: 00:44:22> 00:44:25:	community as well as the restrooms and a storage space
00:44:22> 00:44:23:	for chairs for events and things like that. You can also see here towards the middle there where
00:44:29> 00:44:29: 00:44:29> 00:44:33:	
	you see kind of five of these pieces coming together,
00:44:33> 00:44:37:	five of these petals coming together. That's the only place
00:44:37> 00:44:41:	where there's a complete funnel where and then the rest
00:44:41> 00:44:45:	of them are made-up of, you know, three or four
00:44:45> 00:44:48:	or two kind of petals coming down. So I wanted
00:44:48> 00:44:51:	to make sure that there was one pedal or one
00:44:51> 00:44:55:	funnel that was enclosed completely and that the gap.
00:44:55> 00:44:59:	Between those pedals is 16 inches which is less than
00:44:59> 00:45:03:	the the shoulder width of an adult and that was
00:45:03> 00:45:06:	very purposeful so that like little kids could kind of
00:45:07> 00:45:10:	run in and you know play hide and seek within
00:45:10> 00:45:13:	that space. But that we also offer a very similar
00:45:13> 00:45:18:	experience within the more open falls. Next slide please. So
00:45:18> 00:45:22:	just very quickly on the fabrication, I mentioned the innovative
00:45:22> 00:45:24:	fabrication technologies.
00:45:25> 00:45:30:	We used robotic milling to create the formwork in California.
00:45:30> 00:45:34:	Those molds were then covered in fiberglass and to and
00:45:34> 00:45:39:	then the fiberglass next slide please actually and see the
00:45:39> 00:45:43:	molds in the next slide. So yeah, they were fabricated
00:45:43> 00:45:48:	in California, shipped on a truck to Texas, reassembled and
00:45:48> 00:45:51:	then the pieces were cast. Next slide.
00:45:55> 00:45:59:	You can see here that the process next slide, so
00:45:59> 00:46:03:	you can see a video here casting one of the
00:46:03> 00:46:08:	pieces so they were all cast on site but not
00:46:08> 00:46:12:	in place so each of the 28 pedals was after
00:46:12> 00:46:16:	cast. If you go to the next slide you can
00:46:16> 00:46:19:	see it was picked up and next slide.
00:46:21> 00:46:26:	The two cranes each crane would pick up one pedal.
00:46:26> 00:46:31:	The two pedals were then attached at their base foundation
00:46:32> 00:46:35:	as well as at the top with a hinge joint
00:46:35> 00:46:37:	and next slide so.
00:46:38> 00:46:41:	You can see a couple of views of the finished
00:46:41> 00:46:45:	project here of the pavilion and of the multipurpose room.
00:46:45> 00:46:49:	So it's used throughout the year for camps, hundreds of
00:46:49> 00:46:53:	school groups, field trips. Come and learn about the role
00:46:53> 00:46:57:	of water and the ecosystem of the San Antonio region.
00:46:57> 00:47:01:	Next slide please. You can see the the finished pavilion
00:47:01> 00:47:05:	here with the complements of the Creek and the river
VV.47.V1 VV.47.VJ.	

00:47:05> 00:47:07:	in the background. Next slide.
00:47:10> 00:47:13:	And finally for me, I think the most exciting thing
00:47:13> 00:47:16:	is just being able to experience, you know, seeing, you
00:47:16> 00:47:18:	know, we had an idea about how it would be
00:47:18> 00:47:21:	used that we are. Our mission was to create an
00:47:21> 00:47:24:	educational space for the community. But then you just, you
00:47:24> 00:47:26:	visit it or you see it on Instagram, you just
00:47:26> 00:47:29:	see so many different ways people are using it for
00:47:29> 00:47:33:	weddings, yoga, Michael Jackson in person, years at, you know,
00:47:33> 00:47:36:	art classes. It's it's been really amazing as an artist
00:47:36> 00:47:37:	to see how the work.
00:47:37> 00:47:39:	Has been used by the public, so thank you.
00:47:42> 00:47:45:	Thank you so, so much, Andrew. That was awesome and
00:47:45> 00:47:47:	really cool to see the the process behind all of
00:47:47> 00:47:49:	it, right? Like you, you walk in and you see
00:47:49> 00:47:52:	these things and you know they don't just suddenly come
00:47:52> 00:47:55:	to life. There's years and years of execution behind it
00:47:55> 00:47:58:	and planning. So thank you so much. Yes, someone commented
00:47:58> 00:47:59:	living art, we love that.
00:48:01> 00:48:04:	All right. Well, I know we've got several questions coming
00:48:04> 00:48:07:	in through the Q&A. I'm excited to dig deeper into
00:48:08> 00:48:10:	these. I will say that Rachel is going to be
00:48:10> 00:48:13:	dropping a link to a survey in the chat, a
00:48:13> 00:48:16:	few short questions about what you heard today. And we'd
00:48:16> 00:48:19:	love to to hear your thoughts and hear about how
00:48:19> 00:48:23:	some of this information can impact your own work. So
00:48:23> 00:48:24:	please do check that out.
00:48:25> 00:48:27:	But since we are kind of running short on time
00:48:27> 00:48:30:	here and I know there's so many questions, I do
00:48:30> 00:48:32:	just want to dig in and ask the panelists to
00:48:32> 00:48:35:	to turn on your cameras and we'll have a brief
00:48:35> 00:48:38:	discussion about some of your projects. There's so many questions
00:48:38> 00:48:41:	coming in the chat, it's hard to know where to
00:48:41> 00:48:43:	start. But I do just want to say, you know,
00:48:43> 00:48:46:	kind of going back to some of the research that
00:48:46> 00:48:49:	Andrew shared at the beginning around the ROI of
	placemaking,
00:48:49> 00:48:51:	right? I mean, we get at 9 dot R from
00:48:51> 00:48:52:	our clients.
00:48:52> 00:48:56:	The question of like, what is the value behind doing

00:48:56> 00:48:59:	this? How can I quantify the value of including art
00:48:59> 00:49:01:	and culture in my in my project or the value
00:49:01> 00:49:05:	of, you know, these kinds of placemaking endeavors? And, you
00:49:05> 00:49:08:	know, I'm curious what your thoughts are on that, especially
00:49:08> 00:49:12:	because I know we have several developers tuning in today
00:49:12> 00:49:15:	and we want them to walk away thinking like, OK,
00:49:15> 00:49:17:	I've got to prioritize placemaking, right, so.
00:49:18> 00:49:21:	Tell us more about, you know, how you see the
00:49:21> 00:49:25:	ROI of of these endeavors with each of your projects.
00:49:26> 00:49:29:	And I'll just open it for anyone to start. Andrew,
00:49:29> 00:49:32:	I see you on muted. Can I pick on you?
00:49:34> 00:49:37:	Oh sure. Yeah. Yeah, absolutely. Yeah, absolutely. The ROI place
00:49:37> 00:49:39:	making the impact on people, the impact that spaces have
00:49:39> 00:49:42:	is so critical to the work that Massive Art does
00:49:42> 00:49:44:	And sure a lot of people around the table as
00:49:44> 00:49:46:	well are on the call, should I say.
00:49:47> 00:49:50:	And so it's really important to think about that early.
00:49:50> 00:49:53:	The value creation that can come from place making has
00:49:53> 00:49:56:	to start early on, whether it's a development project or
00:49:56> 00:49:59:	it's a Plaza intervention or a space enhancement starting early
00:49:59> 00:50:04:	on, understanding the community context, understanding the neighborhood nuances, those
00:50:04> 00:50:07:	kind of things and what that you know, what what
00:50:07> 00:50:09:	it starts at and where it ends up And so
00:50:09> 00:50:13:	understanding that context and really trying to maximize the value
00:50:13> 00:50:14:	out of creative place making.
00:50:15> 00:50:18:	Is so important on any project, again regardless of the
00:50:18> 00:50:18:	context.
00:50:19> 00:50:23:	Absolutely. Yep. That early integration is critical. Kia, did you
00:50:23> 00:50:24:	have anything to add?
00:50:25> 00:50:28:	Yeah, sure. I was like specifically in Washington, DC or
00:50:28> 00:50:29:	east of the river.
00:50:30> 00:50:33:	With all of the issues is such as violence, high
00:50:33> 00:50:36:	crime rates, things and that nature, it's important to have
00:50:36> 00:50:40:	a beautification project in your backyard or for you for
00:50:40> 00:50:42:	you to be able to be exposed to art or
00:50:42> 00:50:45:	things that celebrate who you are and where you come
00:50:46> 00:50:48:	from. So I think the aspects of art is extremely
00:50:49> 00:50:50:	important when we think of.

00:50:51> 00:50:54:	Just again, your assailant identity and how it connects you
00:50:54> 00:50:58:	to how you see your environment, environment being inspiring or
00:50:58> 00:51:01:	actually loving where you live. So that's really important. I
00:51:02> 00:51:04:	think art is also an opportunity to escape what we
00:51:04> 00:51:08:	may consider our traumas or things that we're struggling with.
00:51:08> 00:51:11:	So being able to have something close to home, I
00:51:11> 00:51:14:	think it's extremely important for people within the community.
00:51:15> 00:51:19:	Absolutely. And honestly, what you're what you're saying is to
00:51:19> 00:51:22:	me, bringing up like belonging, right? It's more than just
00:51:22> 00:51:24:	having a great place that makes you feel welcome, a
00:51:24> 00:51:27:	place that makes you feel like you belong and you
00:51:27> 00:51:30:	want to return to and bring your friends because you're
00:51:30> 00:51:32:	proud to call it yours, right. And I think each
00:51:32> 00:51:35:	of these projects has done that. So, so. Well, Todd,
00:51:35> 00:51:36:	did you have anything to add?
00:51:37> 00:51:40:	Yeah, I think. I mean, for me just kind of
00:51:40> 00:51:45:	zeroing in a few specific examples and predevelopment for example.
00:51:46> 00:51:49:	You know where Crosstown is located. The neighborhood. It just
00:51:49> 00:51:52:	kind of fallen off the mental map of most Memphians
00:51:52> 00:51:55:	when Sears closed in 1993. And then this building was
00:51:55> 00:51:58:	empty. I mean, all of the buildings across the street
00:51:58> 00:52:01:	were empty within 10 years. And if you would have
00:52:01> 00:52:04:	asked back then, 1000 Memphians, hey, where's, where's the Crosstown
00:52:04> 00:52:05:	neighborhood?
00:52:05> 00:52:08:	I mean most would have been like what are you
00:52:08> 00:52:11:	talking about? You know the Sears Crosstown building, you know
00:52:11> 00:52:15:	now the the Crosstown neighborhood, most people would actually know
00:52:15> 00:52:19:	what you're what you're talking about. And so Crosstown Arts,
00:52:19> 00:52:22:	which is currently Contemporary Arts Center incubated all of its
00:52:22> 00:52:25:	components across the street starting in 2010. And the the
00:52:26> 00:52:28:	goal was to build community, bring people back to the
00:52:29> 00:52:32:	neighborhood, remind them that this is a great place only
00:52:32> 00:52:35:	less little less than two miles from our downtown.
00:52:35> 00:52:40:	But putting on original high quality programming also over

	time
00:52:40> 00:52:44:	people associated that experience with this place so that
	when
00:52:44> 00:52:48:	we opened in 2017, there were 13,000 people at the
00:52:48> 00:52:52:	opening. Well, that just doesn't happen. That's that is that
00:52:52> 00:52:56:	is 7 years of programming and hundreds of events every,
00:52:56> 00:52:59:	every year to lead to the engagement of that.
00:53:00> 00:53:04:	I think too from a design perspective, just originality being
00:53:04> 00:53:08:	a core value and priority and a filter through which
00:53:08> 00:53:12:	we made decisions was a big thing. And and Andrew,
00:53:12> 00:53:16:	you talked about it too in terms of bringing people
00:53:16> 00:53:20:	back, also just creating curiosity and discovery. You never know
00:53:21> 00:53:24:	what you're going to get when you turn the corner
00:53:24> 00:53:25:	kind of thing.
00:53:27> 00:53:30:	And then lastly, I'll say an ongoing operations, two things
00:53:30> 00:53:32:	across On Arts not only runs its own contemporary Art
00:53:32> 00:53:35:	Center, but it's responsible for the ongoing free public, what
00:53:35> 00:53:38:	we call Better Together programming. So we have events
	every
00:53:38> 00:53:41:	month that brings the community here. You may not live
00:53:41> 00:53:43:	here or go to school here or.
00:53:43> 00:53:46:	Be an employee here, but you can come and enjoy
00:53:46> 00:53:50:	these these neighborhood events. And then lastly I'll say in
00:53:50> 00:53:54:	the the office apocalypse world that we're living in in
00:53:54> 00:53:57:	terms of you know people questioning the occupancy rates of
00:53:57> 00:54:00:	in the future of offices. I can tell you that
00:54:00> 00:54:04:	our experience just over the last three or four months
00:54:04> 00:54:07:	is people are choosing to lease here because they want
00:54:07> 00:54:10:	if they're going to have to be in the office
00:54:10> 00:54:13:	even hybrid, they want to be in a place where.
00:54:13> 00:54:17:	Arts, curiosity, discovery, programming, all of that are going on.
00:54:17> 00:54:21:	So it's an economic sustainability thing overall to weather some
00:54:21> 00:54:24:	of these unexpected storms that we have in real estate.
00:54:26> 00:54:29:	Awesome. Well, I know we need to get to some
00:54:29> 00:54:32:	audience questions, but just to reinforce, I mean even in
00:54:32> 00:54:34:	that video talking about all of the jobs that were
00:54:34> 00:54:37:	created from that project, the increased wages, Kia with the
00:54:37> 00:54:41:	11th St. Bridge Park, there's the the affordable housing options
00:54:41> 00:54:43:	in the first time home buyers program. And I just
00:54:43> 00:54:46:	see all of these ripple effects that happen from these

00:54:46> 00:54:49:	projects. And so I think that's one of the things
00:54:49> 00:54:51:	that we try to reinforce to our clients, especially in
00:54:52> 00:54:54:	the real estate development world of, hey, it's more than
00:54:55> 00:54:55:	just.
00:54:55> 00:54:59:	Aesthetics, right. You're going to see so many benefits down
00:54:59> 00:55:02:	the line from from this kind of place making integration.
00:55:03> 00:55:04:	Go ahead, Andrew.
00:55:04> 00:55:06:	I just wanted to mention I think a really important
00:55:06> 00:55:09:	point following up from that. In addition I think to
00:55:09> 00:55:12:	the economic benefits, I think one thing that you know
00:55:12> 00:55:14:	the others have talked about that return on investment. I
00:55:15> 00:55:17:	think another aspect of return on investment though that I
00:55:17> 00:55:19:	think Confluence Park.
00:55:19> 00:55:22:	Is a good example of is the value of sustainability
00:55:22> 00:55:25:	that you know that thousands of students you know come
00:55:25> 00:55:28:	for field trips and learn about planting a native species
00:55:28> 00:55:32:	or sustainable energy or conservation of water and they're
	going
00:55:32> 00:55:35:	home and they're planting plants in their parents yards. You
00:55:35> 00:55:38:	know, things like that, that the city itself is becoming
00:55:38> 00:55:41:	I think more sustainable. You know that this wasn't a
00:55:41> 00:55:44:	private development, this was a public kind of development for
00:55:41> 00:55:44:	for
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know.
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that.
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:57> 00:55:57:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely.
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:57> 00:55:57: 00:55:59> 00:56:02:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:57> 00:55:57: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:57> 00:55:57: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04: 00:56:04> 00:56:08:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the
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00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:59> 00:55:57: 00:56:02> 00:56:02: 00:56:04> 00:56:04: 00:56:08> 00:56:11: 00:56:11> 00:56:15:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the design and vision. I imagine this is not a perfect process,
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04: 00:56:04> 00:56:08: 00:56:08> 00:56:15: 00:56:11> 00:56:15: 00:56:15> 00:56:18:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the design and vision. I imagine this is not a perfect process, often a messy process. Would you mind sharing what were some of the key learnings about methodology and approach
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:57> 00:55:57: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04: 00:56:04> 00:56:08: 00:56:11> 00:56:11: 00:56:11> 00:56:15: 00:56:15> 00:56:18: 00:56:18> 00:56:22:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the design and vision. I imagine this is not a perfect process, often a messy process. Would you mind sharing what were some of the key learnings about methodology and approach to
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00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04: 00:56:04> 00:56:08: 00:56:11> 00:56:15: 00:56:15> 00:56:15: 00:56:18> 00:56:22: 00:56:22> 00:56:24: 00:56:25> 00:56:29:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the design and vision. I imagine this is not a perfect process, often a messy process. Would you mind sharing what were some of the key learnings about methodology and approach to gauging that engaging that public feedback? And what are some of your best practices and some
00:55:41> 00:55:44: 00:55:44> 00:55:47: 00:55:48> 00:55:51: 00:55:51> 00:55:54: 00:55:54> 00:55:56: 00:55:59> 00:56:02: 00:56:02> 00:56:04: 00:56:04> 00:56:08: 00:56:11> 00:56:15: 00:56:15> 00:56:15: 00:56:18> 00:56:22: 00:56:22> 00:56:24: 00:56:25> 00:56:29: 00:56:29> 00:56:33:	for the city. So the goal wasn't about, you know. Higher rents or or something like that return. It's more it was about making the city more livable and I think it's done a great job of doing that. Absolutely. OK, so let me get to some audience questions. I see a good one here. Ed is asking a lot of speakers spoke about getting public buy in and that the community engagement was an integral part of the design and vision. I imagine this is not a perfect process, often a messy process. Would you mind sharing what were some of the key learnings about methodology and approach to gauging that engaging that public feedback? And what are some of your best practices and some of the pitfalls open to anyone but Kia? Maybe you

00:56:44> 00:56:48:	space for feedback or consistent dialogue means that you're inviting
00:56:48> 00:56:51:	the community into these spaces.
00:56:51> 00:56:55:	I'll speak specifically to around EDP Equitable development strand 3.0,
00:56:55> 00:56:59:	which has been happening over the past several months. What
00:56:59> 00:57:01:	we did was we reached out to community members from
00:57:01> 00:57:05:	different organizations, people already doing the work, and that's a
00:57:05> 00:57:08:	vital part of working when it comes to equity. We're
00:57:08> 00:57:12:	not saying we're the expert, but we're working with people
00:57:12> 00:57:15:	who've been doing this for years and allowing their voices
00:57:15> 00:57:17:	to be amplified in the process.
00:57:17> 00:57:20:	Because they've been doing the work with the community. So
00:57:20> 00:57:24:	having those staying connected to the community advocates within the
00:57:24> 00:57:28:	community as well, like is extremely important because they have
00:57:28> 00:57:31:	that sense of trust with community members, people who are
00:57:31> 00:57:34:	doing housing advocacy, the War 8 council members like making
00:57:34> 00:57:37:	sure that those people are in the room as well
00:57:37> 00:57:40:	and making sure that if somebody from the neighborhood wants
00:57:40> 00:57:43:	to come and give their voice that they have that
00:57:43> 00:57:45:	space to do it as well. So I would say.
00:57:46> 00:57:49:	Making sure the community is connected in ways where you're
00:57:49> 00:57:52:	making sure the information is being distributed in the way
00:57:52> 00:57:55:	that people can receive it, because that's the major part
00:57:55> 00:57:58:	of it, that everybody has access to a computer. Not
00:57:58> 00:58:01:	everybody has access to certain resources, which we're working to
00:58:01> 00:58:04:	shift within the space, But how do we get out
00:58:04> 00:58:06:	to them? Who do we connect to to make sure
00:58:06> 00:58:08:	they see what's going on? And how do we keep
00:58:09> 00:58:11:	them engaged and keep them up to date with all
00:58:11> 00:58:13:	of our projects so we make sure that we go
00:58:13> 00:58:15:	into the community and go where this is.
00:58:16> 00:58:19:	Is already happening, I would say specifically myself. I make
00:58:19> 00:58:22:	sure I'm visiting the community weekly to make myself visible
00:58:22> 00:58:25:	for small businesses or the projects, but just showing up

00:58:25> 00:58:29:	and knowing that, knowing, letting them know that you're there
00:58:29> 00:58:30:	is really vital for that work.
00:58:32> 00:58:35:	Absolutely. And I love the emphasis on just that strengths
00:58:35> 00:58:38:	based approach, right, like what is already working, who are
00:58:38> 00:58:40:	the people that are doing the work that we can
00:58:40> 00:58:42:	kind of uplift as we start this engagement.
00:58:44> 00:58:48:	All right. A question for Andrew Cudliss, I believe. How
00:58:48> 00:58:53:	much additional costs were added due to the transportation
	of
00:58:53> 00:58:55:	the artwork? That's a big one.
00:58:55> 00:58:59:	Yeah, actually it was less expensive to have it.
00:58:59> 00:59:03:	Fabricated by an expert in fiberglass. So just to be
00:59:03> 00:59:08:	clear, the molds were fabricated in California, but the concrete
00:59:08> 00:59:12:	was then cast in Texas. But it was, yeah, we
00:59:12> 00:59:16:	had three quotes for the farmwork, for the formwork. The
00:59:16> 00:59:20:	first one was actually more than the entire project cost.
00:59:21> 00:59:25:	Which is ridiculous that formwork is thrown away after a
00:59:25> 00:59:28:	project is built. So I thought the project was going
00:59:28> 00:59:31:	to completely fail when we found out that the formwork
00:59:31> 00:59:34:	was going to cost more than our entire budget and
00:59:34> 00:59:38:	but that was because they were using a traditional formwork
00:59:38> 00:59:42:	technique and we reached out to fiberglass formwork company and
00:59:42> 00:59:45:	they quoted us something that was 10 times less than
00:59:45> 00:59:48:	the first bid which almost never happens in construction to
00:59:48> 00:59:50:	get something 10 times less.
00:59:51> 00:59:53:	And then we got another quote in Texas for fiber
00:59:53> 00:59:55:	loss as well and that was twice the one from
00:59:55> 00:59:58:	California. So we decided to go with the one in
00:59:58> 00:59:59:	California. It worked out great.
01:00:00> 01:00:04:	Wow. And along those lines, someone's asking How often does
01:00:04> 01:00:09:	your terrific artwork need maintenance or cleaning, and at what
01:00:09> 01:00:09:	cost?
01:00:11> 01:00:13:	I don't know what the cost would be. I mean,
01:00:13> 01:00:15:	besides I'm sure there's just.
01:00:15> 01:00:18:	You know, normal maintenance that happens by the San Antonio
01:00:19> 01:00:22:	River Authority. But every I think five years there's a
01:00:22> 01:00:25:	sealant on the concrete that has to be reapplied and
01:00:25> 01:00:28:	we're coming up on the five year anniversary of the

01:00:28> 01:00:31:	project being built. So we've just started talking about reapplying
01:00:31> 01:00:35:	that sealant, but otherwise there hasn't been any. I mean
01:00:35> 01:00:38:	that was one of the big advantages of using concrete
01:00:38> 01:00:40:	in this, in this case and then it's very durable
01:00:40> 01:00:42:	and holds up well to the public.
01:00:44> 01:00:46:	And I just want to comment, you know, someone wrote
01:00:46> 01:00:49:	in the chat that your work shows what working with
01:00:49> 01:00:51:	an artist can do to support the vision of a
01:00:51> 01:00:54:	developer. And you know, there was some back and forth
01:00:54> 01:00:56:	about just the the process of bringing in an artist
01:00:56> 01:00:58:	early on and I think.
01:00:58> 01:01:01:	You know, it's amazing to see how a vision like
01:01:01> 01:01:04:	that just grows over time, but it requires that very
01:01:04> 01:01:07:	careful coordination, so much trust in the artist, right? And
01:01:07> 01:01:09:	I think what we've seen at 9 dot Arts is
01:01:09> 01:01:13:	some of these emerging artists who have incredible visions for
01:01:13> 01:01:16:	large scale projects, but they need the resources, right, to
01:01:17> 01:01:20:	have the collaboration, to have the the fabrication. And so
01:01:20> 01:01:22:	if we can get more people in in public and
01:01:22> 01:01:26:	private sector to kind of support that, it's also giving
01:01:26> 01:01:28:	artists incredible opportunities, so.
01:01:28> 01:01:32:	We're behind it all. All right. Let's go to a
01:01:32> 01:01:35:	few more questions here. So this is a good one
01:01:36> 01:01:39:	for all panelists. You can kind of open it up
01:01:39> 01:01:43:	to all what are the specific challenges related to kind
01:01:44> 01:01:48:	of an arts centric development? How do you maintain the
01:01:48> 01:01:51:	buy in with the arts and you know is is
01:01:51> 01:01:52:	the art part of.
01:01:53> 01:01:57:	Clearly in all these projects, artwork has been kind of
01:01:57> 01:02:01:	a product. But how has art and culture contributed to
01:02:01> 01:02:06:	the planning of the projects? Couple questions in one there,
01:02:06> 01:02:07:	l guess. Tell me about.
01:02:08> 01:02:12:	l don't know what you're talking about. We didn't have
01:02:12> 01:02:15:	any challenges. I think the first thing that comes to
01:02:15> 01:02:17:	mind in hearing that question.
01:02:19> 01:02:22:	Is one thing we were blessed with is patient capital
01:02:23> 01:02:26:	somebody who believed in the arts and music already and
01:02:26> 01:02:30:	knew that that that creative process was going to take
01:02:30> 01:02:34:	some time as opposed to simply making decisions for efficiency?
01:02:34> 01:02:39:	More than anything though, it was setting right expectations

	and
01:02:39> 01:02:42:	being very clear on deliverables so that you know when
01:02:42> 01:02:46:	you have more voices involved there. There are also.
01:02:46> 01:02:51:	Guardrails around decision making and scheduling and everything. But for
01:02:51> 01:02:53:	us the the, the challenge to answer that part of
01:02:54> 01:02:56:	the question anyway is you know when you when you
01:02:56> 01:03:00:	prioritize originality so that when people are in this building,
01:03:00> 01:03:03:	they know they're here versus anywhere else in the world.
01:03:04> 01:03:06:	You know when you're in this building you can't be
01:03:07> 01:03:08:	anywhere else but Memphis.
01:03:09> 01:03:12:	That takes a little time to figure figure those things
01:03:12> 01:03:15:	out so that the experience is something that's that's authentic
01:03:15> 01:03:17:	as as opposed to just pasting something on.
01:03:19> 01:03:22:	Absolutely. And it's like it's hard to to describe because
01:03:22> 01:03:25:	it's a feeling, right. You know, you know you're in
01:03:25> 01:03:28:	Memphis when you're there and when you talk about originality,
01:03:28> 01:03:31:	it kind of makes me wonder about these the five
01:03:31> 01:03:34:	environments, Andrew, that you you showed in your research, the
01:03:34> 01:03:36:	sort of standard and then the enhanced.
01:03:37> 01:03:39:	And I just want to know more about, you know,
01:03:39> 01:03:42:	the process behind that research and what do you think
01:03:42> 01:03:45:	would have happened if these were not virtual environments, if
01:03:45> 01:03:47:	people were exposed to the real places? How did you,
01:03:47> 01:03:49:	you know, make that decision?
01:03:50> 01:03:54:	Yeah. So with the study the using virtual environments, it
01:03:54> 01:03:57:	really helped ensure or to the for the most part
01:03:57> 01:04:01:	ensure that the results were attributed just to place making
01:04:01> 01:04:04:	and so trying to limit the other factors that would
01:04:05> 01:04:06:	affect people's.
01:04:06> 01:04:10:	Decision making or behaviors. So that's that's why the virtual
01:04:10> 01:04:15:	environments were used versus real life environments where economic decisions
01:04:15> 01:04:18:	or whether or other social factors would come into play.
01:04:18> 01:04:22:	So that's again when research studies are being done, they
01:04:22> 01:04:25:	have to look into limiting those other parameters and whatnot
01:04:25> 01:04:27:	so it's accurate as possible.
01:04:30> 01:04:32:	Can tell me about sort of the after effects of
01:04:32> 01:04:34:	some of that research? I mean, how have you been
01:04:34> 01:04:36:	using it and how have you seen it kind of

01:04:36> 01:04:37:	being received among others?
01:04:38> 01:04:41:	Yeah, absolutely. So like I said in my presentation is
01:04:41> 01:04:43:	we hear this question a lot, you know whether it's
01:04:43> 01:04:46:	a developer, it's a bid BIA looking to understand the
01:04:46> 01:04:49:	value and impact and it's we can speak to the
01:04:49> 01:04:51:	study in terms of you know again it's it's an
01:04:51> 01:04:54:	effect on people. It's that's who's going to be spending
01:04:54> 01:04:57:	the money, that's who's going to be returning to a
01:04:57> 01:04:59:	place that's who's going to bring other people.
01:05:00> 01:05:03:	To the downtown, to a streetscape and that's where it
01:05:03> 01:05:07:	has to be embedded in that process and demonstrating that
01:05:07> 01:05:10:	value is so important. So we echo these findings in
01:05:10> 01:05:13:	to our clients, to our projects to because I know
01:05:13> 01:05:17:	it's a, again it's a tricky question of like really
01:05:17> 01:05:20:	quantifying the value, the impact into dollars and cents for
01:05:20> 01:05:24:	public art or placemaking. But yeah, so we really find
01:05:24> 01:05:25:	a lot of value in this.
01:05:26> 01:05:29:	In the study that we helped with and working with
01:05:29> 01:05:32:	our clients to show the impact that public art and
01:05:33> 01:05:35:	placemaking can have in different projects.
01:05:36> 01:05:39:	Well, I'm sure I know I'll be using it, and
01:05:39> 01:05:42:	I hope other panelists and attendees today will be using
01:05:42> 01:05:45:	it as well. We've got a couple more minutes left,
01:05:45> 01:05:48:	and I see a good question here. It says the
01:05:48> 01:05:50:	11th St. Bridge project.
01:05:50> 01:05:53:	Appears to be unique in its consideration and inclusion of
01:05:54> 01:05:58:	longterm residents in addressing gentrification and
	displacement. How did the
01:05:58> 01:06:02:	other two projects deal with displacement of local
	populations? And
01:06:02> 01:06:06:	do you know the racial compositions of the displaced
	populations?
01:06:06> 01:06:09:	And Todd, I don't know if maybe you want to
01:06:09> 01:06:11:	address that with Crosstown.
01:06:12> 01:06:15:	Yeah, it was an empty building for 20 years, so
01:06:15> 01:06:19:	nobody was displaced from the building, the.
01:06:20> 01:06:22:	The neighbors around it, I I can say we were
01:06:22> 01:06:26:	concerned about the construction noise and they they called it
01:06:26> 01:06:30:	an orchestra to their ears just because they had been
01:06:30> 01:06:33:	living across this mammoth piece of blight, you know, for
01:06:33> 01:06:36:	for so many years. And I think too, you know,
01:06:36> 01:06:39:	the the engagement went a long way. You know, kind

01:06:39> 01:06:42:	of back to the first question as a specific example,
01:06:42> 01:06:45: 01:06:45> 01:06:48:	one event we did every year is called Mid East
01:06:48> 01:06:49:	and it was a public dinner that invited people into
01:06:50> 01:06:53:	the building.
01:06:53> 01:06:55:	Or or our office across the street or on top
01:06:56> 01:06:59:	of the parking garage. And what happened is we had
01:06:59> 01:07:02:	a theme each year and artists responded to the theme
	with projects that they wanted to make for the neighborhood.
01:07:02> 01:07:06:	And so during dinner they would present their projects. There
01:07:06> 01:07:09:	are 8 presenters. They would present their projects and then
01:07:09> 01:07:12:	at the dinner folks who were there couple 100 people
01:07:12> 01:07:15:	would vote and whoever got the got the most votes
01:07:15> 01:07:18:	got \$5000 to make their work and install it in
01:07:18> 01:07:19:	the neighborhood.
01:07:20> 01:07:22:	And so it really opened up the funding process, you
01:07:22> 01:07:26:	know for artists, it beautified the neighborhood and then about
01:07:26> 01:07:29:	three months later when it was installed, we got to
01:07:29> 01:07:33:	have another party to celebrate the celebrate the installation. So
01:07:33> 01:07:35:	I think that kind of full circle here I guess.
01:07:35> 01:07:38:	So the last question go back to the first question
01:07:38> 01:07:42:	is the the community engagement piece was hugely helpful
	and
01:07:42> 01:07:43:	in that in that process.
01:07:44> 01:07:47:	Absolutely, Okay. I think we have time for one more
01:07:47> 01:07:48:	question.
01:07:50> 01:07:53:	Kia, this one is for you. What challenges did the
01:07:53> 01:07:57:	team encounter when creating the Equitable Development Plan, and how
01:07:57> 01:08:01:	does it keep developers and landowners accountable to delivering actions?
01:08:04> 01:08:06:	OK, that's a big question.
01:08:07> 01:08:08:	A big one to end on, huh?
01:08:08> 01:08:11:	Yeah, I would say just to start, I think the
01:08:11> 01:08:14:	challenges and make is making sure that the right people
01:08:14> 01:08:15:	are in the room.
01:08:16> 01:08:19:	And we're giving enough time and space for the community
01:08:19> 01:08:22:	to provide efficient or feedback we don't. We want to
01:08:22> 01:08:26:	make sure that the strategies are again again exemplifies what
01:08:26> 01:08:29:	is needed in the community because the goal is that,
01:08:29> 01:08:32:	for example, with our small business strategies.

01:08:33> 01:08:35:	That was strategic to saying that we want to make
01:08:35> 01:08:38:	sure that these businesses remain in this area versus it
01:08:38> 01:08:42:	being gentrified and shifted shifts the historic of Anacostia.
	But
01:08:42> 01:08:44:	what is that going to look like? Who can we
01:08:44> 01:08:46:	partner with us already doing that work?
01:08:47> 01:08:50:	How can this be efficient for their time? What do
01:08:50> 01:08:53:	these small businesses need? So I think having so many
01:08:53> 01:08:56:	different pots to feel and so many people, people to
01:08:56> 01:08:59:	connect with to make sure that it's doing the work
01:08:59> 01:09:02:	and beneficial to everyone. I would say that we can't
01:09:02> 01:09:05:	do everything but trying to create a sense of time
01:09:05> 01:09:09:	management and that everyone feels that what they're doing
	is
01:09:09> 01:09:13:	creating a sense of impact. That's the first component I
01:09:13> 01:09:16:	would say when it comes to developers, I think right
01:09:16> 01:09:16:	now.
01:09:17> 01:09:19:	From that aspect, it will be for housing. Again we
01:09:19> 01:09:22:	have the community Land Trust which is which, which is
01:09:22> 01:09:25:	its own 5O1C and they are holding people accountable or
01:09:25> 01:09:29:	challenging people to provide a sense of affordable housing
01:09:29> 01:09:31:	and then we have manner. So I think with working with
01:09:31> 01:09:34:	developers at this time, we're working at that capacity or
01:09:34> 01:09:37:	more so with the real estate component of housing.
01:09:38> 01:09:41:	As far as like our general contractor or choosing those
01:09:41> 01:09:44:	things, that process has been very strategic and I know
01:09:44> 01:09:47:	Scott works directly with that process and making sure that
01:09:48> 01:09:51:	we're going to get delivered exactly what we're looking for
01:09:51> 01:09:54:	and expecting. But we haven't necessarily had any specific
01.03.31> 01.03.34.	one
01:09:54> 01:09:56:	on ones with developers I would say.
01:09:59> 01:10:02:	Okay, I'm getting pinged on time here, so I just
01:10:02> 01:10:05:	want to say thank you to everyone. Thank you for
01:10:05> 01:10:08:	all the the insights that you shared. And I know
01:10:08> 01:10:11:	that most of this information will be shared on ULI's
01:10:11> 01:10:15:	website in the Knowledge Finder archive. Big round of
	applause
01:10:15> 01:10:18:	for all of our panelists today, not only for the
01:10:18> 01:10:22:	presentation, but obviously for all of the work that you've
01:10:22> 01:10:24:	done. And I think now we get to turn it
01:10:24> 01:10:28:	over to Juanita Hardy, who is the ULI Creative Placemaking
01:10:28> 01:10:29:	Consultant.

01:10:29> 01:10:30:	To wrap us up.
01:10:32> 01:10:35:	Thank you, Olivia, and thank you everyone. All of the
01:10:35> 01:10:40:	panelists, you were just outstanding, some compelling messages that remind
01:10:40> 01:10:44:	us of the value of creative placemaking, just a couple
01:10:44> 01:10:48:	of reinforcing points over things that we heard multiple times
01:10:48> 01:10:51:	by different speakers. First of all, for those of you
01:10:51> 01:10:55:	that have repeatedly asked the question that I hear a
01:10:55> 01:10:55:	lot.
01:10:56> 01:11:00:	Does What is the ROI of creative place making? Does
01:11:00> 01:11:03:	creative place making really add value to a project? I
01:11:03> 01:11:07:	hope that many of you are convinced after hearing from
01:11:07> 01:11:10:	the panelists today that there is definitely an ROI.
01:11:10> 01:11:15:	That created placemaking. I think in some words one of
01:11:15> 01:11:19:	the videos economic impact is outstanding and we heard that
01:11:19> 01:11:24:	as a consistent theme across the various case studies that
01:11:24> 01:11:28:	were presented as well as from Olivia and her sharing
01:11:28> 01:11:33:	about Dairy block and certainly the research coming that Andrew
01:11:33> 01:11:36:	shared just again the messages.
01:11:36> 01:11:39:	Yes, there is value. Yes, value is is delivered. And
01:11:39> 01:11:42:	I'd like to think of Michael Spees who made the
01:11:42> 01:11:46:	comment that value creation begins at the start of the
01:11:46> 01:11:49:	project. That's when you want to bring your designers and
01:11:49> 01:11:52:	people and to look at and think about how do
01:11:52> 01:11:55:	you create value. And that's why I believe Michael is
01:11:55> 01:11:59:	is us is funding this project because of the belief
01:11:59> 01:12:02:	that artists engaged in those conversations at the start of
01:12:02> 01:12:05:	the project is what helps to deliver that value.
01:12:06> 01:12:10:	The the moving from that idea, another idea, consistent themes
01:12:10> 01:12:14:	came up about best practices, best practices and there were
01:12:14> 01:12:18:	two that were consistent across the various case studies that
01:12:18> 01:12:22:	were presented. One is the value of the artists and
01:12:22> 01:12:27:	the developer relationship and bringing the artists into those early
01:12:27> 01:12:30:	conversations. As I mentioned earlier, we heard that as a
01:12:30> 01:12:34:	consistent theme across the project said where you optimize.
01:12:35> 01:12:39:	This value and this return and create placemaking is through
01:12:39> 01:12:43:	those early conversations. And the second message a consistently across
01:12:44> 01:12:47:	all of the case studies was the importance of community
01:12:47> 01:12:52:	engagement. Having the community involved in the

	conversations, helping to
01:12:52> 01:12:57:	build trust, helping to think out-of-the-box, thinking about how
	place
01:12:57> 01:13:01:	and ways that applaud the community, that uplift the culture
01:13:01> 01:13:04:	and the history of place. And then the final thought.
01:13:05> 01:13:08:	On this is implied in a lot that was said
01:13:08> 01:13:13:	it was a discussion about development without displacement and I
01:13:13> 01:13:18:	believe that was Kia who talked about that. That being
01:13:18> 01:13:23:	the principal reason for the the equitable development plan. But
01:13:23> 01:13:28:	there is then benefit that all stakeholders can realize from
01:13:28> 01:13:32:	this effort so the developer realizes a gain in growing
01:13:32> 01:13:33:	the value.
01:13:34> 01:13:39:	Economic impact to local businesses and to the government in
01:13:39> 01:13:44:	terms of increased taxes and to the community and bringing
01:13:44> 01:13:48:	more amenities to the community and doing it in a
01:13:48> 01:13:52:	way that everyone benefits and the people that are there
01:13:52> 01:13:57:	when the investment in the the development begins, stay there,
01:13:57> 01:14:00:	get to live there and enjoy those benefits.
01:14:01> 01:14:05:	So when everybody's engaged, when everyone is working toward a
01:14:05> 01:14:10:	positive end, I think the concluding words in the Crosstown
01:14:10> 01:14:16:	Concourse conversation was that every paraphrasing, everyone's engagement is is
01:14:16> 01:14:20:	the ideal outcome and one in which we all benefit.
01:14:20> 01:14:24:	So again, I want to thank everyone for their involvement.
01:14:24> 01:14:28:	This was an exciting conversation and just delighted.
01:14:29> 01:14:31:	To have all of you with us and look forward
01:14:31> 01:14:35:	to continuing the conversation. Back to you, Olivia.
01:14:39> 01:14:41:	I think you wrapped us up, Juanita, so I think
01:14:41> 01:14:44:	with that we get to say goodbye and I hope
01:14:44> 01:14:45:	everyone enjoys their weekend.
01:14:46> 01:14:49:	Bye, everyone. Thanks everybody. See you soon.
01:14:49> 01:14:50:	Bye.

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