

Event Session

High Growth Suburbs: Best Ideas in Policy, Planning, and Practices for

Embracing Growth

00:00:59 --> 00:01:00:

00:01:01 --> 00:01:03:

Date: February 25???26, 2025

00:00:00 --> 00:00:01: All right, let's get started. 00:00:02 --> 00:00:02: Good morning. 00:00:04 --> 00:00:04: Try that again. 00:00:04 --> 00:00:05: Good morning. 00:00:05 --> 00:00:06: Good morning. 00:00:06 --> 00:00:07: Thanks, appreciate that. 00:00:07 --> 00:00:10: My name is Richard Gollas with the Concord Group and 00:00:10 --> 00:00:12: I'll be moderating today with our panelists. 00:00:12 --> 00:00:16: And the genesis for this panel on high growth suburbs 00:00:16 --> 00:00:20: came from a couple of different directions. 00:00:21 --> 00:00:25: About seven years ago, I think it was Walter, about 00:00:25 --> 00:00:31: seven years ago, ULI expanded the product council network and 00:00:31 --> 00:00:33: added 10 product councils. 00:00:33 --> 00:00:37: One of them was called the sharing economy, that one's 00:00:37 --> 00:00:38: not around anymore. 00:00:38 --> 00:00:40: One of them was technology and real estate, which is 00:00:41 --> 00:00:41: still around. 00:00:41 --> 00:00:45: 1 was placemaking and another one that was started was 00:00:45 --> 00:00:48: called Suburban Development and Redevelopment SDRC. 00:00:48 --> 00:00:51: How many folks in the room are ULI members? 00:00:52 --> 00:00:53: Most of you? 00:00:53 --> 00:00:54: How many keep your hand up? 00:00:54 --> 00:00:55: How many are full members? 00:00:56 --> 00:00:58: How many are product council members? 00:00:59 --> 00:00:59: OK, good.

So that means all of you who are either non

So not too many of you.

00:01:03> 00:01:07:	members, associate members or full members not on a product
00:01:07> 00:01:10:	council, What you're going to see today is in in
00:01:10> 00:01:13:	essence a result of product council work that we've been
00:01:14> 00:01:16:	doing over a period of time in terms of the
00:01:16> 00:01:20:	way we've been thinking about how suburbs are changing and
00:01:20> 00:01:25:	how land use professionals, developers, public agencies, designers and others
00:01:25> 00:01:29:	can take advantage of those major demographic shifts that really
00:01:29> 00:01:32:	have been going on for quite a long time, right?
00:01:32> 00:01:35:	There was a period in the early 1990s, mid 1990s,
00:01:35> 00:01:39:	when ULI was a big advocate for what was called
00:01:39> 00:01:40:	smart growth, right?
00:01:40> 00:01:44:	That terminology maybe isn't as state-of-the-art as it used to
00:01:44> 00:01:44:	be.
00:01:44> 00:01:48:	But really when you think about what smart growth is
00:01:48> 00:01:51:	or was, it was defined by ULI in a very
00:01:51> 00:01:58:	appropriate way, economically viable, very important community engagement and environmental
00:01:59> 00:02:01:	sensitivity or sustainability.
00:02:01> 00:02:03:	Those were the kind of the three pillars.
00:02:03> 00:02:06:	And as we were looking at that in the mid
00:02:06> 00:02:10:	90s into the early 2000's, the emphasis was on redevelopment
00:02:10> 00:02:14:	in urban cores and the movement back into the cities.
00:02:14> 00:02:17:	And one could argue the decade of the 2000s, we
00:02:17> 00:02:19:	really threw up until COVID was kind of that.
00:02:19> 00:02:22:	10 or 15 years where urban cores were being revitalized
00:02:22> 00:02:23:	at tremendous rates.
00:02:24> 00:02:27:	But at the same time, 90% of the development activity
00:02:27> 00:02:31:	were still happening outside of the urban core, 90%, yet
00:02:31> 00:02:33:	a lot of our emphasis was being placed on the
00:02:33> 00:02:36:	core even though it was not going to be able
00:02:36> 00:02:39:	to accommodate the growth that was coming.
00:02:40> 00:02:43:	A couple of key stats that's super interesting to me
00:02:43> 00:02:46:	as we were looking at this is that, and these
00:02:46> 00:02:50:	are sort of new definitions, about 70% of US population
00:02:50> 00:02:52:	lives in what's defined now as suburbs, OK?
00:02:53> 00:02:57:	About 12% live in what's considered urban core areas.
00:02:59> 00:03:05:	Population growth, OK in the suburbs, though, outpaces urban growth
00:03:05> 00:03:09:	in the last decade up until and actually through COVID

00:03:09> 00:03:11:	by about 50%, OK.
00:03:11> 00:03:14:	So this trend is something that's I would say it's
00:03:14> 00:03:16:	not even a trend, it's kind of a fact, right?
00:03:17> 00:03:20:	So as we're looking at our product council trying to
00:03:20> 00:03:23:	study how things are happening, it's really emerged to be
00:03:24> 00:03:27:	a group that's discussing policy, planning and practice.
00:03:27> 00:03:30:	So what we're going to do with our team members
00:03:30> 00:03:34:	here, I'll have them self introduced before we jump into
00:03:34> 00:03:37:	to what they're going to present our series of case
00:03:37> 00:03:41:	studies and solutions around how to deal with and influence
00:03:41> 00:03:45:	policy in the suburbs from the perspective of developer, public
00:03:45> 00:03:46:	agency and designer.
00:03:46> 00:03:49:	So, Tom, let me just turn over to you.
00:03:49> 00:03:50:	For a quick retro.
00:03:50> 00:03:50:	Sentence or.
00:03:50> 00:03:52:	Two and Kathy and Walter.
00:03:52> 00:03:52:	Thanks, Richard.
00:03:52> 00:03:53:	My name is Tom Walsh.
00:03:54> 00:03:56:	I'm the Managing Director of Pappas Properties.
00:03:57> 00:04:01:	Pappas Properties is based in Charlotte is a mixed-use, multi
00:04:01> 00:04:05:	use development company and our focus is really on innovative
00:04:05> 00:04:07:	mixed-use and Wellness focused projects.
00:04:08> 00:04:12:	And lately we've been really focusing on Wellness focused master
	plans.
00:04:12> 00:04:12:	plane.
00:04:12> 00:04:12: 00:04:12> 00:04:16:	And what that really means is building and designing master
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00:04:12> 00:04:16:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well.
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26: 00:04:26> 00:04:29:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well. And we should say this is Tom's first ULI panel
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26: 00:04:26> 00:04:29: 00:04:29> 00:04:32:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well. And we should say this is Tom's first ULI panel where he's on the DIF, so give him a little
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00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26: 00:04:26> 00:04:29: 00:04:29> 00:04:32: 00:04:32> 00:04:33: 00:04:35> 00:04:36:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well. And we should say this is Tom's first ULI panel where he's on the DIF, so give him a little shout out, OK? Good morning.
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26: 00:04:26> 00:04:29: 00:04:29> 00:04:32: 00:04:32> 00:04:36: 00:04:36> 00:04:38:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well. And we should say this is Tom's first ULI panel where he's on the DIF, so give him a little shout out, OK? Good morning. I'm Kathy Cook and I work for the City of Alpharetta and I'm the Director of Community Development
00:04:12> 00:04:16: 00:04:16> 00:04:20: 00:04:20> 00:04:24: 00:04:24> 00:04:26: 00:04:26> 00:04:29: 00:04:29> 00:04:32: 00:04:32> 00:04:33: 00:04:35> 00:04:36: 00:04:36> 00:04:38: 00:04:39> 00:04:42:	And what that really means is building and designing master plans that promote vitality and well-being amongst those residents that live there as well as the customers and folks that might work at the community as well. And we should say this is Tom's first ULI panel where he's on the DIF, so give him a little shout out, OK? Good morning. I'm Kathy Cook and I work for the City of Alpharetta and I'm the Director of Community Development and our

00:04:49> 00:04:53:	So a population of 67,000 and that double S during
00:04:53> 00:04:54:	the day.
00:04:54> 00:04:57:	So we have a real push to get additional housing
00:04:57> 00:04:59:	and not a lot of land left.
00:04:59> 00:05:01:	So most of it's redevelopment.
00:05:01> 00:05:01:	Glad to be here.
00:05:01> 00:05:02:	That's.
00:05:04> 00:05:04:	Great.
00:05:04> 00:05:04:	Good morning.
00:05:05> 00:05:06:	My name is Walter Plaska and I'm a principal at
00:05:07> 00:05:08:	Knowles Bolton Associates.
00:05:08> 00:05:15:	We're National Architecture, planning, landscape and interior design firm focus
00:05:15> 00:05:22:	primarily on multifamily projects through all aspects of multifamily design.
00:05:22> 00:05:28:	So senior living, student housing, mixed-use, urban infill, suburban development
00:05:28> 00:05:29:	as well.
00:05:32> 00:05:32:	Yeah.
00:05:33> 00:05:35:	Well, and and the fun fact about Walter, he is
00:05:35> 00:05:37:	the chair of the suburban development and redevelopment.
00:05:37> 00:05:38:	Council for I wasn't going to.
00:05:38> 00:05:40:	Mention that yeah, he's, he's the chair of the council.
00:05:40> 00:05:43:	So we're hopeful that part of this process will get
00:05:43> 00:05:45:	a bunch of you interested in in participating as full
00:05:45> 00:05:48:	member product council members if this topic's intriguing to you.
00:05:49> 00:05:50:	So with that, let me turn it over to Tom.
00:05:52> 00:05:52:	Thank you, Matt.
00:05:52> 00:05:55:	You can hit the clicker and kind of chat about
00:05:55> 00:05:57:	what what you folks are doing in Matthews, NC.
00:05:57> 00:05:58:	Yeah, absolutely.
00:05:58> 00:06:01:	So Katie M Matthews is an 82 acre Wellness focused
00:06:01> 00:06:03:	master plan community.
00:06:03> 00:06:05:	And I'm going to take a little bit of time
00:06:05> 00:06:08:	here and just walk through a case study on how
00:06:08> 00:06:11:	we got the site entitled and went through the rezoning
00:06:11> 00:06:13:	process and partnered with the town.
00:06:13> 00:06:17:	So the site is in southeast Charlotte in a town
00:06:17> 00:06:18:	called Matthews.
00:06:19> 00:06:22:	When we initially start our, our site process here, we,
00:06:22> 00:06:24:	we tied up 20 acres of the 82 acres and
00:06:24> 00:06:28:	we developed an initial sketch plan, which we actually do

00:06:28> 00:06:30:	in house with our in house land planner.
00:06:30> 00:06:32:	And you know, we, we do our market research on
00:06:32> 00:06:35:	the front end study the site and then we put
00:06:35> 00:06:36:	together this sketch plan.
00:06:36> 00:06:38:	And then we go and we sit down with the
00:06:38> 00:06:41:	town and we sit down with the town staff and
00:06:41> 00:06:44:	really try to understand what their vision is for this
00:06:44> 00:06:45:	site and this location.
00:06:46> 00:06:49:	And so Acadia Matthews, when we actually did that, the
00:06:49> 00:06:53:	town had expressed interest in doing a small area plan
00:06:53> 00:06:56:	and they told, they asked us if we'd be willing
00:06:56> 00:06:59:	to put our rezoning and development plans on hold while
00:06:59> 00:07:02:	they took it through the small area plan process.
00:07:02> 00:07:04:	So we went back and we, we, we caught up
00:07:05> 00:07:07:	with our Capital Partners as well as the land sellers
00:07:07> 00:07:09:	that we had next slide under contract.
00:07:09> 00:07:12:	And we agreed we extend out the contracts and work
00:07:12> 00:07:15:	with the town through the small area plan process.
00:07:15> 00:07:17:	And so as the town went through the small area
00:07:17> 00:07:20:	plan process, that process took about six to seven months.
00:07:20> 00:07:22:	And they asked us to be on the steering committee.
00:07:22> 00:07:25:	And so we accepted to be on the steering committee
00:07:25> 00:07:28:	where we during the initial meetings really focused on providing
00:07:28> 00:07:31:	feedback on what the market was for this location.
00:07:31> 00:07:34:	So what kind of housing products, how deep was the
00:07:34> 00:07:37:	retail market, how deep was the office market while that
00:07:37> 00:07:40:	process was going on, we started to realize that the
00:07:41> 00:07:44:	vision for that the town was putting out was kind
00:07:44> 00:07:47:	of an innovative mixed-use community, which was similar to what
00:07:48> 00:07:50:	we were, what we what we do as a company.
00:07:51> 00:07:53:	And so we went out actually and assembled the rest
00:07:53> 00:07:56:	of the area that encompassed the small area plan.
00:07:56> 00:07:59:	And that's how we get to Katie and Matthews, which
00:07:59> 00:08:01:	is an 82 acre Wellness focused master plan.
00:08:02> 00:08:05:	On the left you'll see the Matthews Eastern Gateway plan,
00:08:05> 00:08:08:	which was the small area plan that the town actually
00:08:08> 00:08:11:	put out into the marketplace for developers for the vision
00:08:11> 00:08:12:	for this area.
00:08:13> 00:08:16:	From November to August when we actually submitted our
	plan,
00:08:16> 00:08:19:	obviously we spent a lot of time studying the market

00:08:19> 00:08:22:	and talking to potential retail tenants as well as office
00:08:22> 00:08:25:	tenants which which allowed which allowed us then to submit
00:08:25> 00:08:27:	a master plan in August of 2022.
00:08:28> 00:08:32:	You'll see some, some general differences between these and a
00:08:32> 00:08:34:	lot of that had to do with the market feedback
00:08:34> 00:08:38:	and realizing that there was there was interest from from
00:08:38> 00:08:40:	several brochures for this site.
00:08:41> 00:08:44:	So, so once we've submitted it, we started to go
00:08:44> 00:08:49:	through the traditional entitlement process and that starts with going
00:08:49> 00:08:51:	to going to the neighbors.
00:08:51> 00:08:54:	And so in October 22, we went out to the
00:08:54> 00:08:56:	neighborhood community to get feedback.
00:08:57> 00:08:59:	And we had thought on the front end that this
00:08:59> 00:09:02:	process would go a little bit quicker and smoother just
00:09:02> 00:09:05:	because the small area plan process had already taken place.
00:09:06> 00:09:08:	But when we got into the community, we realized that
00:09:08> 00:09:11:	maybe the small area plan wasn't exactly what the community
00:09:11> 00:09:13:	was looking for as it relates to the neighbors.
00:09:14> 00:09:17:	And so working with the staff and the elected officials,
00:09:17> 00:09:20:	we really created partnerships to try to address several of
00:09:20> 00:09:24:	these concerns that the neighbors had, which was transportation.
00:09:24> 00:09:27:	They were very much focused on too many apartments.
00:09:27> 00:09:30:	They wanted to see more for sale, less for rent
00:09:30> 00:09:34:	and really focus on the retail uses, mainly along the
00:09:34> 00:09:38:	Idlewild corridor because they didn't really, we wanted to see
00:09:38> 00:09:39:	more neighborhood retail.
00:09:39> 00:09:41:	They didn't want to see a highway commercial.
00:09:41> 00:09:44:	And this is right at an interchange, a 485 interchange,
00:09:44> 00:09:45:	which is the outer loop of Charlotte.
00:09:46> 00:09:48:	And So what we did is we worked with the
00:09:48> 00:09:51:	town to create a process where we did, we went,
00:09:51> 00:09:53:	we took it from a detailed plan to bubble plants.
00:09:54> 00:09:57:	And that's not typical through their rezoning process.
00:09:57> 00:09:59:	Usually you have to submit iterations.
00:09:59> 00:10:02:	But because we built that relationship and partnership with the
00:10:02> 00:10:05:	town, we were able to kind of work the process
00:10:05> 00:10:06:	with them.

00:10:06> 00:10:08:	And so we started to make changes.
00:10:08> 00:10:09:	We also reached out to NCDOT.
00:10:10> 00:10:14:	This site has a transportation improvement project with
00.10.10	NCDOT on
00:10:14> 00:10:15:	it.
00:10:15> 00:10:16:	So we partnered with NCDOT.
00:10:16> 00:10:20:	And so our first changes in the plan really were
00:10:20> 00:10:23:	focused on working with the NCDOT to get the road
00:10:23> 00:10:27:	alignments right so we could relocate an existing state road
00:10:27> 00:10:28:	here.
00:10:29> 00:10:31:	And then as we went through the process with the
00:10:31> 00:10:34:	neighbors and had several community outreach events, we grew the
00:10:34> 00:10:36:	for sale component here because that's what they wanted to
00:10:36> 00:10:37:	see.
00:10:37> 00:10:41:	We also incorporated attainable housing, both for sale attainable housing
00:10:41> 00:10:45:	where we agreed to a 99 year deed restriction as
00:10:45> 00:10:49:	well as market rate multifamily attainable housing where we have
00:10:49> 00:10:51:	5% of our units as attainable.
00:10:53> 00:10:55:	One, one thing I just wanted to kind of point
00:10:55> 00:10:58:	out here is communication is really key as we go
00:10:58> 00:11:03:	through these large, innovative mixed-use projects in a suburban context.
00:11:04> 00:11:06:	So just, you know, one thing that we did a
00:11:06> 00:11:08:	little bit differently here was we actually created an entire
00:11:08> 00:11:10:	website for the rezoning process.
00:11:10> 00:11:13:	So that, you know, as everyone here probably knows, what
00:11:13> 00:11:16:	you face during a rezoning is a lot of sometimes
00:11:16> 00:11:17:	misinformation.
00:11:17> 00:11:20:	And so making sure you have a forum so that
00:11:20> 00:11:24:	neighbors, elected official staff, all stakeholders can really get the
00:11:24> 00:11:28:	right information and see the vision that the developer is,
00:11:28> 00:11:31:	is, is, is proposing is very helpful through the process.
00:11:33> 00:11:36:	These are some exhibits that we worked on with the
00:11:36> 00:11:36:	town.
00:11:37> 00:11:40:	And during the process, we actually had an open house
00:11:40> 00:11:43:	where our team took a list of 900 residents and
00:11:43> 00:11:46:	split it up and called every single resident on that
00:11:46> 00:11:49:	list to try to get as many people to the
00:11:49> 00:11:50:	open house as possible.

00:11:50> 00:11:53:	We actually did the open house at town hall and
00:11:54> 00:11:56:	the, the town staff actually set up a, a, a
00:11:56> 00:11:59:	station on their own to just re educate folks on
00:11:59> 00:12:03:	the small area plan process that they went through earlier.
00:12:04> 00:12:06:	And So what you can see here is these were
00:12:06> 00:12:08:	exhibits we used to kind of explain the changes to
00:12:08> 00:12:11:	ensure that the neighbors folks that aren't in our business,
00:12:11> 00:12:11:	right?
00:12:11> 00:12:14:	They don't understand setbacks, buffers and all that stuff.
00:12:15> 00:12:17:	So that they could see really the changes we are
00:12:17> 00:12:19:	making so that they could entrust in us that we
00:12:19> 00:12:22:	were actually committing to making changes, right?
00:12:22> 00:12:23:	So we were focused.
00:12:23> 00:12:26:	So like for example, on the right there is just
00:12:26> 00:12:29:	a drill down on the for sale single family community
00:12:29> 00:12:33:	that immediately abuts the existing neighborhood where we had a
00:12:33> 00:12:34:	lot of opposition.
00:12:35> 00:12:38:	As we are working through the land use and moving
00:12:38> 00:12:40:	several things around behind the scenes, we are working with
00:12:40> 00:12:42:	the town on developing a pattern book.
00:12:43> 00:12:45:	It's an 80 page book that really goes into all
00:12:45> 00:12:47:	the products, right?
00:12:47> 00:12:50:	It's a conditional zoning here, so we had to define
00:12:50> 00:12:51:	all the elevations.
00:12:51> 00:12:54:	We also use this pattern book because the UDO is
00:12:54> 00:12:57:	an older UDO and we had to work with the
00:12:57> 00:13:01:	town to modify and ask for variances on several components
00:13:01> 00:13:04:	of the UDO build 2 lines, side setbacks, front setbacks,
00:13:05> 00:13:06:	how we measure height, Rd.
00:13:06> 00:13:07:	cross sections, right?
00:13:07> 00:13:11:	Because our goal here was really to develop kind of
00:13:11> 00:13:14:	an urban community in a suburban context.
00:13:15> 00:13:18:	And so we used this to help kind of bridge
00:13:19> 00:13:23:	the gap between, OK, why do you need that variance?
00:13:25> 00:13:27:	And I think so I think kind of just to
00:13:27> 00:13:31:	sum up here, as you're kind of going through these
00:13:31> 00:13:35:	larger entitlement processes, I think couple of key points.
00:13:35> 00:13:38:	Definitely got to get out there early and make relation,
00:13:38> 00:13:41:	build relationships with the town, the elected officials and
	folks
00:13:41> 00:13:43:	and really build those stakeholder partnerships.

00:13:43> 00:13:45:	The other is a small area plan when done properly
00:13:46> 00:13:47:	can be really beneficial.
00:13:47> 00:13:49:	It puts out into it really puts out into the
00:13:50> 00:13:51:	development community.
00:13:51> 00:13:54:	Hey, the town has this vision and so it helps
00:13:54> 00:13:58:	attract developers that may have a similar vision and therefore
00:13:58> 00:14:02:	it makes a partnership viable versus a developer coming in
00:14:02> 00:14:05:	and trying to put a vision forth and maybe the
00:14:05> 00:14:08:	town may not support infrastructure planning.
00:14:08> 00:14:12:	I would say is another really important one in the
00:14:12> 00:14:15:	in in when you're building urban in a suburban context,
00:14:15> 00:14:18:	sometimes the infrastructure isn't there yet.
00:14:19> 00:14:21:	And so really trying to focus on that and and
00:14:22> 00:14:25:	come up with your engineers in the town and even
00:14:25> 00:14:26:	NCDOT or the dot.
00:14:26> 00:14:29:	Just what is those improvements look like is super helpful
00:14:29> 00:14:32:	not only for the neighbors, but when you're trying to
00:14:32> 00:14:34:	talk to future tenants or residents about is this area
00:14:34> 00:14:35:	going to be congested?
00:14:36> 00:14:38:	And then finally the communication plan.
00:14:39> 00:14:40:	And so, Richard, I'm.
00:14:40> 00:14:40:	Over.
00:14:40> 00:14:41:	No, no, you're not over.
00:14:41> 00:14:43:	I had a couple, just a couple quick questions before
00:14:43> 00:14:46:	we transition to Kathy because I think it kind of
00:14:46> 00:14:48:	speaks to it when you talk about your infrastructure planning
00:14:49> 00:14:50:	or maybe the the zoning initially.
00:14:50> 00:14:50:	Yeah.
00:14:52> 00:14:56:	To what extent were any other communities or components of
00:14:56> 00:15:00:	
00.14.00 > 00.10.00.	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or
00:15:00> 00:15:04:	
	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or
00:15:00> 00:15:04:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail,
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at?
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09: 00:15:09> 00:15:09:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at? I.
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09: 00:15:09> 00:15:09: 00:15:10> 00:15:10:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at? I. Was thinking.
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09: 00:15:09> 00:15:09: 00:15:10> 00:15:10: 00:15:10> 00:15:11:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at? I. Was thinking. The same thing.
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09: 00:15:09> 00:15:09: 00:15:10> 00:15:10: 00:15:11> 00:15:11:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at? I. Was thinking. The same thing. Yes, yes, they were.
00:15:00> 00:15:04: 00:15:04> 00:15:07: 00:15:07> 00:15:09: 00:15:09> 00:15:09: 00:15:10> 00:15:10: 00:15:11> 00:15:11: 00:15:11> 00:15:12:	either the multifamily or the higher density single family or any of these other aspects of the project, the retail, were they present in Matthews or in the county in other places that they could look at? I. Was thinking. The same thing. Yes, yes, they were. And actually one of the things that we did is

00:15:20> 00:15:23:	the neighbors, the elected officials and the town staff to
00:15:23> 00:15:27:	one of the communities that legacy communities of Papa's properties,
00:15:27> 00:15:29:	which is Phillip's place in Charlotte.
00:15:29> 00:15:31:	It's a little bit different of a scale, but it
00:15:31> 00:15:34:	is a vertically and horizontally integrated mixed-use project.
00:15:35> 00:15:37:	And so we actually held a community meeting there.
00:15:37> 00:15:39:	And the main point with that was to try to
00:15:39> 00:15:42:	help educate some of the neighbors as well as, you
00:15:42> 00:15:46:	know, other stakeholders on what we were proposing, right,
	to
00:15:46> 00:15:49:	show them an example and be able to walk them
00:15:49> 00:15:50:	around a community.
00:15:50> 00:15:52:	Well, that's the thing, because when you, when you show
00:15:52> 00:15:54:	them a, a plat map and it's look, you know,
00:15:54> 00:15:56:	it's 20 to the acre, 30 to the acre, they
00:15:56> 00:15:57:	don't have a clue.
00:15:57> 00:15:59:	And then when you show them something they like and
00:15:59> 00:16:01:	then they find out it's 50 to the acre, not
00:16:01> 00:16:03:	30, then there's a big distinction there.
00:16:03> 00:16:06:	And then the only the other question I was going
00:16:06> 00:16:09:	to ask about infrastructure, which Walter and I spent a
00:16:09> 00:16:12:	lot of time talking about is were there any kind
00:16:12> 00:16:15:	of special financing mechanisms you folks are looking at either
00:16:15> 00:16:18:	with NCDOT or with the town that was are supporting
00:16:18> 00:16:21:	bringing new infrastructure into these suburban locations?
00:16:21> 00:16:22:	Yeah.
00:16:22> 00:16:24:	So very early on in the process, we realized that
00:16:24> 00:16:28:	there was already an approved transportation improvement project here.
00:16:29> 00:16:32:	It was underfunded at the time and so and it
00:16:32> 00:16:34:	was kind of pushed out further on the step.
00:16:35> 00:16:38:	So it was really getting planned to be 29 to
00:16:38> 00:16:39:	31, right.
00:16:39> 00:16:41:	So a little bit further out on our project.
00:16:41> 00:16:44:	So what we did is very early on we partnered
00:16:44> 00:16:49:	with NCDOT to develop a public partnership agreement where we
00:16:49> 00:16:54:	as the developer would actually finance the infrastructure improvements and
00:16:54> 00:16:57:	we would build a portion of it.
00:16:57> 00:17:00:	We're pretty much delivering them a pad ready Rd.

00:17:00> 00:17:03:	and then they're going to come through with our financing
00:17:03> 00:17:04:	and build the rest of the road.
00:17:04> 00:17:07:	And then when the funds become available on the as
00:17:07> 00:17:10:	part of the stip budget, we will be reimbursed.
00:17:11> 00:17:15:	And there's interest rate mechanisms and all that in the
00:17:15> 00:17:19:	in the documents, but and we're using the town as
00:17:19> 00:17:23:	a conduit because you a developer can't directly fund NCDOT.
00:17:23> 00:17:26:	So we have to practically pass our funds through the
00:17:26> 00:17:29:	town, then to the NCDOT and then it comes back
00:17:29> 00:17:30:	from the town.
00:17:30> 00:17:30:	Right.
00:17:30> 00:17:33:	So really what you're saying, I think the take away
00:17:33> 00:17:35:	in those boxes you had is really about creating the
00:17:36> 00:17:38:	mechanisms for the public sector to be able to deliver
00:17:38> 00:17:42:	the vision that the community wants because those mechanisms may
00:17:42> 00:17:43:	not be in place, right.
00:17:43> 00:17:46:	So, perfect segue to Kathy turns to the discussion in
00:17:46> 00:17:49:	the city of Alpharetta for the community of Brookside.
00:17:49> 00:17:49:	Yes.
00:17:49> 00:17:51:	And I'm going to I'm talk a little bit about
00:17:51> 00:17:52:	Brookside.
00:17:52> 00:17:54:	So we have a lot of office in in the
00:17:54> 00:17:57:	city of Alpharetta, 22,000,000 square feet.
00:17:57> 00:18:01:	So with the pandemic, of course, we had a higher
00:18:01> 00:18:01:	vacancy.
00:18:01> 00:18:05:	So I think what government employees within local jurisdictions do
00:18:05> 00:18:08:	the best is, you know, they know where the trails
00:18:08> 00:18:11:	are, they know where the parks are, they know where
00:18:11> 00:18:12:	you can connect.
00:18:13> 00:18:16:	And so putting a small area plan together is really
00:18:16> 00:18:19:	going to be beneficial to the community.
00:18:19> 00:18:20:	So we're very proactive.
00:18:21> 00:18:24:	We looked at areas immediately that had the highest vacancy
00:18:24> 00:18:26:	to see what we could put on a plan, go
00:18:26> 00:18:30:	to the development community and talk to the developers that
00:18:30> 00:18:32:	we wanted to see within our community and show them
00:18:32> 00:18:34:	the opportunities that we had.
00:18:34> 00:18:37:	So that was very important to us going forward.

00:18:43 --> 00:18:44: acres. 00:18:44 --> 00:18:46: You can do a lot with 155 acres, especially when 00:18:46 --> 00:18:48: you have such a large majority of that. 00:18:48 --> 00:18:50: That's surface parking. And with the city of Alpharetta, we only have a 00:18:50 --> 00:18:53: 00:18:53 --> 00:18:55: little over 200 acres left that are not that isn't 00:18:55 --> 00:18:56: developed. 00:18:56 --> 00:18:59: And most of that land is really bad topography. 00:18:59 --> 00:19:01: It could be floodplain stream. 00:19:01 --> 00:19:03: So it's, it's very hard to develop. 00:19:04 --> 00:19:06: So we're looking at redevelopment. 00:19:06 --> 00:19:09: So this is very close to another mixed-use development in 00:19:09 --> 00:19:10: Alpharetta called Avalon. 00:19:10 --> 00:19:12: It's 86 acres. 00:19:12 --> 00:19:14: So we're looking at this, we have 155 acres. 00:19:15 --> 00:19:18: The largest property owner had 42 acres is Georgia State 00:19:19 --> 00:19:19: University. 00:19:19 --> 00:19:24: So we have a very much right now a commuter 00:19:24 --> 00:19:25: college campus. 00:19:25 --> 00:19:29: But what if we put housing there? 00:19:29 --> 00:19:33: We put other amenities, retail, restaurants, would people stay? 00:19:33 --> 00:19:35: So that was a lot of what drove what we 00:19:35 --> 00:19:36: put together. 00:19:36 --> 00:19:39: We also found that we had a 30 acre park. 00:19:39 --> 00:19:41: You can, let's see if I, oh, here it is 00:19:42 --> 00:19:43: 30 acre park here. 00:19:43 --> 00:19:46: Most of the community when we did the outreach, because 00:19:46 --> 00:19:48: this was built in the 90s, they said, I didn't 00:19:48 --> 00:19:49: even know you had a public park there. 00:19:50 --> 00:19:54: So you didn't see the park from the roadway. 00:19:55 --> 00:19:57: It wasn't maintained as well as it should so that 00:19:57 --> 00:20:00: the, you know, the floodplain had risen. 00:20:00 --> 00:20:02: So some of those trails were actually covered in water 00:20:03 --> 00:20:03: after the rain. 00:20:04 --> 00:20:07: So we put together a small area plan to show 00:20:07 --> 00:20:10: what it could be and as part of that. 00:20:11 --> 00:20:15: We found all the different connections that you could make, 00:20:15 --> 00:20:18: all the different buildings that you could add to these brighter white buildings here are adding additional density. 00:20:18 --> 00:20:21: 00:20:22 --> 00:20:25: We also showed how you could make connections to the

So looking at Brookside today, it's 155 acres and 155

00:18:37 --> 00:18:43:

00:20:25 --> 00:20:29: main roadway as part of redevelopment and really you know 00:20:29 --> 00:20:32: sold the fact that George State is here as as 00:20:32 --> 00:20:34: well as that 30 acre park. 00:20:35 --> 00:20:38: So this is something that we put together and it 00:20:38 --> 00:20:39: was passed in 2022. 00:20:39 --> 00:20:42: As part of that, we did the outreach to the 00:20:42 --> 00:20:45: people that actually worked there and the HO as that 00:20:45 --> 00:20:46: were surrounding. 00:20:47 --> 00:20:49: And by far everybody wanted it to be walkable. 00:20:49 --> 00:20:53: They wanted easier access to go across this major roadway. 00:20:54 --> 00:20:54: How do I go back? 00:20:54 --> 00:20:58: Let's see, there we go. 00:20:58 --> 00:21:00: And they wanted to be able to go across the 00:21:00 --> 00:21:01: roadway here. 00:21:01 --> 00:21:04: So we had a lot of density across the street, 00:21:04 --> 00:21:07: but people didn't feel safe going across the street. 00:21:07 --> 00:21:09: And they said we would use the trail systems more 00:21:09 --> 00:21:10: if they were lit. 00:21:11 --> 00:21:13: They were built, like I said, in the 90s, so 00:21:13 --> 00:21:14: they didn't have lighting. 00:21:14 --> 00:21:17: We didn't do a great job of cutting back the 00:21:17 --> 00:21:19: landscape and, and bushes. 00:21:19 --> 00:21:22: So they wanted to feel safer on those trails and 00:21:22 --> 00:21:24: they want to have a reason to go besides just 00:21:24 --> 00:21:25: the office development. 00:21:25 --> 00:21:28: They wanted to have the retail and the restaurant. 00:21:28 --> 00:21:31: So back in 2022, we passed this. 00:21:31 --> 00:21:34: We we took this to the City Council, they passed 00:21:34 --> 00:21:34: it. 00:21:34 --> 00:21:37: We did not put any future land use. 00:21:37 --> 00:21:39: We wanted to leave that open as we went out 00:21:39 --> 00:21:42: to the market and spoke to the developers to see 00:21:42 --> 00:21:45: what would come, what the interest would be. 00:21:45 --> 00:21:46: So step back. 00:21:46 --> 00:21:48: So just to clarify, what did you, what did City 00:21:49 --> 00:21:50: Council pass specifically? 00:21:50 --> 00:21:53: They've passed a small area plan, a small area plan 00:21:53 --> 00:21:58: that included trail connections showing future density could be added 00:21:58 --> 00:21:59: to the area. 00:21:59 --> 00:22:02: So there was that buy in by having the City 00:22:02 --> 00:22:05: Council pass that small area planned, there was a buy

00:22:05> 00:22:09: 00:22:09> 00:22:13:	in that showed additional density could be there and it
00:22:13> 00:22:13:	had written residential or office and it was very generic. Overlay.
00:22:13> 00:22:17:	Essentially an overlay zone as opposed to site specific.
00:22:17> 00:22:17:	Right.
00:22:17> 00:22:17:	But what was also important about that was it had
00:22:20> 00:22:24:	several different projects that it said the city should complete
00:22:24> 00:22:27:	within 100 days, several other projects that we should
	complete
00:22:27> 00:22:28:	within a year.
00:22:29> 00:22:31:	And that shows that you have skin in the game
00:22:31> 00:22:34:	as as a municipality that you're moving forward with different
00:22:34> 00:22:35:	projects.
00:22:35> 00:22:39:	And some of the projects that we moved forward with,
00:22:39> 00:22:43:	we're designing gateway features to have, you know, really vibrant
00:22:43> 00:22:45:	artistic gateways into the park.
00:22:45> 00:22:49:	So people really recognize that there's something, there's something here.
00:22:49> 00:22:50:	We want to go see what this is.
00:22:51> 00:22:54:	Other projects that we put in place that that are
00:22:54> 00:22:58:	happening this year is raising the boardwalk within the the
00:22:58> 00:22:59:	public park.
00:22:59> 00:23:01:	We are also looking at a lane diet.
00:23:01> 00:23:05:	This is 4 lanes through the mixed-use development with the
00:23:05> 00:23:06:	lane diet.
00:23:06> 00:23:08:	We'll put in bike lanes, wider sidewalks.
00:23:08> 00:23:12:	The city's moving forward with paying for that study for
00:23:12> 00:23:16:	the lane diet and other projects that that are in
00:23:16> 00:23:19:	place are improvements to the existing trail.
00:23:22> 00:23:25:	So Fast forward, went out to the market, talked to
00:23:25> 00:23:30:	several different developers and since that time, just this just
00:23:30> 00:23:34:	this past year, we've had one project that's been approved,
00:23:34> 00:23:37:	which is the removal of 100,000 square feet in order
00:23:37> 00:23:39:	to add 160 flats.
00:23:39> 00:23:41:	So these will be for sale flats.
00:23:42> 00:23:44:	And as part of that, because we had the, the
00:23:44> 00:23:48:	small area plan in place, they will build the access
00:23:48> 00:23:51:	easement, public access easement with a park and this will
00:23:51> 00:23:53:	have string lighting it.
00:23:53> 00:23:56:	It'll have great place making to bring people over from
00:23:57> 00:24:00:	the other side of of Old Mountain Parkway over to
00:24:00> 00:24:03:	this development in Georgia State as well as to the

00:24:03> 00:24:04:	park.
00:24:04> 00:24:07:	So having that plan in place enabled us to make
00:24:07> 00:24:10:	sure that the developers would include that as part of
00:24:10> 00:24:12:	their redevelopment plan.
00:24:12> 00:24:13:	We also give impact fees.
00:24:13> 00:24:17:	Impact fees are the, the, the greatest thing because developers
00:24:17> 00:24:20:	can build those so much cheaper than we can public
00:24:20> 00:24:23:	easements and trails and we can give them the impact
00:24:23> 00:24:24:	fee credits.
00:24:24> 00:24:27:	And what I have found, because they can build those
00:24:27> 00:24:29:	cheaper, what they'll end up doing is they'll put a
00:24:29> 00:24:33:	small dog park besides, you know, the public easement, they'll
00:24:33> 00:24:36:	put more landscaping because they're not giving you the check
00:24:36> 00:24:39:	and you don't know where it goes within the city.
00:24:39> 00:24:42:	They're able to build to use that with on their
00:24:42> 00:24:42:	property.
00:24:43> 00:24:45:	Is there a requirement for them to spend it on
00:24:45> 00:24:45:	site?
00:24:46> 00:24:47:	The credit or no?
00:24:47> 00:24:48:	No.
00:24:48> 00:24:50:	So if the city receives the impact fees, we have
00:24:50> 00:24:53:	to spend it in the area, but not specifically on
00:24:53> 00:24:53:	the site.
00:24:53> 00:24:57:	So when we talk to developers and say, you know,
00:24:57> 00:25:01:	160 flats, you're going to pay almost \$1,000,000 in impact
00:25:01> 00:25:05:	fees when you could actually build that on your site,
00:25:05> 00:25:09:	build a public park and an easement and we'll give
00:25:09> 00:25:10:	you credits.
00:25:10> 00:25:13:	It only adds value to their development because they're going
00:25:13> 00:25:16:	to be able to sell on a public park, public
00:25:16> 00:25:16:	trail.
00:25:18> 00:25:22:	We've also had submitted in this past December, Portman Holdings
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	has put this property under developments about 30 acres.
00:25:25> 00:25:29:	They're going to keep one of the office buildings that's
00:25:29> 00:25:30:	130,000 square feet.
00:25:30> 00:25:35:	They're adding 350 apartments as well as 80 townhomes.
00:25:35> 00:25:39:	With this development, there'll be about \$3,000,000 in impact fees.
00:25:39> 00:25:42:	So one of the projects that we will request that

00:25:42> 00:25:46:	they build for credits is a pedestrian connection over to
00:25:46> 00:25:49:	our 20 mile Big Creek Greenway.
00:25:49> 00:25:52:	So there's no connection now and we would give those
00:25:52> 00:25:55:	impact fees in order to have that that connection.
00:25:55> 00:26:00:	Quick, quick question, was Portman Holdings, were they the owner
00:26:00> 00:26:03:	of the entire office complex there at the time?
00:26:03> 00:26:05:	So, so can you maybe talk about?
00:26:05> 00:26:07:	Yeah, so I'll talk about, we actually went to visit
00:26:07> 00:26:11:	Portman Holdings, went to their building that's that's on the
00:26:11> 00:26:15:	Beltline and having those conversations with Portman and just seeing,
00:26:15> 00:26:17:	you know, what a fantastic developer they are.
00:26:18> 00:26:20:	We talked to them about would you like to come,
00:26:20> 00:26:23:	you know, find something in Alpharetta that would be interesting
00:26:23> 00:26:24:	to you.
00:26:24> 00:26:26:	And at that time they said, well, what would you
00:26:26> 00:26:27:	suggest?
00:26:27> 00:26:29:	And that's when we showed them the small area plan.
00:26:30> 00:26:32:	And we've done that on several different occasions where we
00:26:32> 00:26:34:	actually go to the development community.
00:26:34> 00:26:37:	And I know as part of that, you have to
00:26:37> 00:26:40:	actually, you know, you have to have elected official support
00:26:40> 00:26:41:	for that.
00:26:41> 00:26:44:	So, you know, once we have a small area plan
00:26:44> 00:26:48:	that is passed by the council, you know, they're they're
00:26:48> 00:26:52:	in favor of us trying to seek development partners.
00:26:52> 00:26:54:	For then they made a they made a private deal
00:26:54> 00:26:56:	with whoever owned those assets at the time.
00:26:56> 00:26:56:	Yes.
00:26:56> 00:27:00:	So that absolutely they have it under contract, of course
00:27:00> 00:27:03:	subject to rezoning and entitlements.
00:27:06> 00:27:08:	Back up one, one more question.
00:27:08> 00:27:08:	Yep.
00:27:08> 00:27:12:	And on the approved residential, the 167 units, was that
00:27:12> 00:27:16:	a similar type transaction where you identified a panel of
00:27:16> 00:27:19:	of potential developers and did they then come in and
00:27:19> 00:27:23:	work with the existing office owner to buy that or
00:27:23> 00:27:26:	do the existing ownership of the office venture to build
00:27:26> 00:27:27:	it?
00:27:27> 00:27:30:	We have developers that come in all the time and
00:27:30> 00:27:33:	say, you know, we're, we're trying to bring a product

00:27:33 --> 00:27:35: that's X like the stacked flats. 00:27:36 --> 00:27:39: Where would you suggest that we try, you know, to 00:27:39 --> 00:27:41: put a piece of property under contract? 00:27:41 --> 00:27:44: Because this was all done privately where they went to 00:27:45 --> 00:27:45: the the. 00:27:45 --> 00:27:48: Property, one of the challenges and and I don't know 00:27:48 --> 00:27:51: Tom, if you touch on that, I know Walter will 00:27:51 --> 00:27:53: talk about it in the next set of slides is, 00:27:53 --> 00:27:56: you know, the public agency can request and do overlays 00:27:56 --> 00:27:57: and small area plans. 00:27:58 --> 00:28:01: But as Edward Perry said in the opening session, a 00:28:01 --> 00:28:04: lot of these assets are owned by institutional investors who 00:28:04 --> 00:28:08: are just looking to make sure that they return capital. 00:28:08 --> 00:28:10: And, you know, we're not focused on community building. 00:28:11 --> 00:28:11: Right. 00:28:11 --> 00:28:13: And you can't put the plan together and then just 00:28:13 --> 00:28:14: put it on the shelf exactly. 00:28:14 --> 00:28:15: So you have to go out to. 00:28:15 --> 00:28:15: The evening. 00:28:15 --> 00:28:18: So I think one of the real interesting challenges, I 00:28:18 --> 00:28:21: don't know if you face it in other deals, Tom, 00:28:21 --> 00:28:24: is getting some of those institutional owners to get off 00:28:24 --> 00:28:24: the block. 00:28:25 --> 00:28:28: And I don't want to be specific about North Point 00:28:28 --> 00:28:31: Mall, which is also in Alpharetta, but there's a situation 00:28:31 --> 00:28:34: in North Point where the institutional owner is not getting 00:28:34 --> 00:28:34: off the block. 00:28:35 --> 00:28:37: Well, that's changed, but that'll be for the next panel. 00:28:38 --> 00:28:38: Right, the next panel. 00:28:39 --> 00:28:41: But but, but it's taken how many years to get? 00:28:41 --> 00:28:41: Them out 18 months. 00:28:41 --> 00:28:44: It's taken 18 months to get 18 block months. 00:28:45 --> 00:28:47: And, you know, just as an aside, I told Kathy, 00:28:48 --> 00:28:50: you know, 35 years ago, almost 40 years ago, one 00:28:50 --> 00:28:53: of the first projects I worked on was up in 00:28:53 --> 00:28:53: Windward. And there was a decision with Mobile Land to sell 00:28:54 --> 00:28:56: 00:28:56 --> 00:28:59: the dirt to AT&T for the data center and the 00:28:59 --> 00:29:02: headquarters and not to do a regional mall at Windward 00:29:02 --> 00:29:03: Parkway. 00:29:04 --> 00:29:05: The mall went to North Point. 00:29:05 --> 00:29:06: And boy, 40 years later, are we happy?

00:29:06> 00:29:07:	Yeah.
00:29:07> 00:29:09:	So anyway, and I'll just close with this too.
00:29:09> 00:29:10:	We're not finished with this.
00:29:10> 00:29:12:	This is just the start of this.
00:29:13> 00:29:17:	We also have other properties that are under contract within
00:29:17> 00:29:18:	that 155 acres.
00:29:18> 00:29:19:	But it's a great start.
00:29:20> 00:29:22:	And I think that, you know, if the local municipality
00:29:22> 00:29:25:	can put money into other projects, you're showing the development
00:29:26> 00:29:28:	community that you have skin in the game and you
00:29:28> 00:29:30:	think it's a great place to invest and for people
00:29:30> 00:29:31:	to to live.
00:29:32> 00:29:35:	One other question, how active was Georgia State in the
00:29:35> 00:29:38:	at the state level in the process of either helping
00:29:39> 00:29:42:	to recruit the developers or being supportive with the city?
00:29:42> 00:29:43:	What?
00:29:43> 00:29:45:	Because you've got local, then you've got state and different
00:29:45> 00:29:46:	governmental organization.
00:29:46> 00:29:47:	Right.
00:29:47> 00:29:50:	Everything that we put together for the small area plan,
00:29:50> 00:29:53:	every developer that we spoke to, they were always involved
00:29:53> 00:29:55:	to make sure that we're bringing to that area what
00:29:55> 00:29:56:	they want to see.
00:29:58> 00:29:58:	Got it.
00:30:03> 00:30:07:	As I mentioned before, we're we practice nationally and I
00:30:07> 00:30:10:	think one of the things that that does for our
00:30:10> 00:30:14:	firm is that it brings all of that experience from
00:30:14> 00:30:17:	complex markets into a lot of the high growth suburb
00:30:17> 00:30:21:	suburban markets that that we're being asked to design up
00:30:21> 00:30:22:	for our clients for.
00:30:24> 00:30:27:	You'd see here is just a quick couple slides about
00:30:28> 00:30:31:	the diversity of, of design that, that we use to
00:30:31> 00:30:36:	kind of promote quality communities and that includes some walkability
00:30:36> 00:30:40:	in the top upper images as well as amenitized communities
00:30:40> 00:30:42:	in in the bottom images.
00:30:42> 00:30:44:	And what I'm, what I'm going to do for the
00:30:44> 00:30:47:	next couple of minutes is just kind of talk through
00:30:47> 00:30:49:	a handful of projects and how we got involved in
00:30:49> 00:30:49:	them.
00:30:50> 00:30:55:	Not specifically to talk about any, any design element
	particularly,

00:30:55> 00:30:59:	but how we helped the local jurisdiction and our clients
00:30:59> 00:31:03:	sort of meet in the middle and add value to
00:31:03> 00:31:07:	everybody's goals as part of the, the, the zoning process.
00:31:07> 00:31:10:	And it's hard to be in a conversation like this
00:31:10> 00:31:13:	and not talk about zoning and, and policy and how,
00:31:13> 00:31:17:	especially in high growth suburban markets that it's a lacking
00:31:17> 00:31:21:	or a lagging factor in getting good quality communities
	designed
00:31:21> 00:31:22:	and developed.
00:31:23> 00:31:25:	So what we always try to do is get engaged
00:31:25> 00:31:26:	early.
00:31:26> 00:31:29:	We want to, for every opportunity that we have, we
00:31:29> 00:31:33:	reach out directly to the local jurisdiction and ask them
00:31:33> 00:31:35:	what's behind their zoning.
00:31:35> 00:31:40:	Zoning often restricts development, sometimes from just pure Nimbyism, but
00:31:40> 00:31:43:	a lot of times to restrict impact on infrastructure.
00:31:44> 00:31:49:	So understanding their underlying reasons for the zoning regulations really
00:31:49> 00:31:51:	helps us go back to the client, go back to
00:31:51> 00:31:55:	the to the community to understand how can we all
00:31:55> 00:31:57:	achieve the greatest outcome from this.
00:31:58> 00:32:01:	This particular project in Riverhead, NY, which is on the
00:32:01> 00:32:05:	eastern end of Long Island, not not accustomed to
	development
00:32:05> 00:32:08:	at all, but it's a large parcel over 200 acres.
00:32:08> 00:32:12:	What you don't see left of the image on the
00:32:12> 00:32:17:	screen is about 170 acres that's currently zoned for single
00:32:17> 00:32:23:	family development, roughly little, little less than one Ute one
00:32:23> 00:32:25:	house per acre.
00:32:26> 00:32:28:	So what we did is we, we looked at the
00:32:28> 00:32:31:	existing zoning on it and, and realized that, you know,
00:32:31> 00:32:34:	if we, if we followed the current zoning, we would
00:32:34> 00:32:37:	have ended up with over 2,000,000 square feet of impervious
00:32:37> 00:32:37:	surface.
00:32:37> 00:32:39:	So we went back to the town and asked, you
00:32:39> 00:32:41:	know, is this really what you want?
00:32:41> 00:32:44:	I mean, you're, you've, you've asked the, the developer to
00:32:44> 00:32:47:	come in and, and over develop all this land.
00:32:48> 00:32:50:	So we learned from them that that's, that's not really
00:32:50> 00:32:51:	what they wanted to do.
00:32:51> 00:32:53:	They were just trying to limit the, the overall impact.
00:32:53> 00:32:56:	So we've worked with them to move the zoning line

00:32:56> 00:33:00:	on the higher density portion WA little bit, but then
00:33:00> 00:33:03:	aggregate all of the density from the lower density portion
00:33:03> 00:33:06:	onto the higher density portion of it.
00:33:06> 00:33:09:	At the end of the day, we end up with
00:33:09> 00:33:13:	six acres less of impervious surface and increase the density
00:33:13> 00:33:14:	by 200 units.
00:33:15> 00:33:18:	So really, really great success story here.
00:33:20> 00:33:21:	Site diagrams.
00:33:21> 00:33:22:	We saw some site diagrams earlier.
00:33:22> 00:33:25:	You know, we use the existing natural features and unnatural
00:33:25> 00:33:28:	features to kind of describe how the site could be
00:33:28> 00:33:31:	developed, which made the story really easy to kind of
00:33:31> 00:33:32:	hang on to.
00:33:32> 00:33:36:	This is an existing amenity rich location and how do
00:33:36> 00:33:40:	we how do we take the most advantage of it?
00:33:42> 00:33:45:	Talked a little bit about housing typologies from some of
00:33:45> 00:33:48:	the previous case studies here we're promoting the same
	thing.
00:33:48> 00:33:53:	We believe in in in quality communities really rely on
00:33:53> 00:33:55:	mixed income housing typology.
00:33:55> 00:34:00:	So here we've got some cottages, townhouses, stacked flats,
	apartments
00:34:00> 00:34:04:	both for sale and for rent, allowing for lots of
00:34:04> 00:34:09:	opportunity for ownership and rentership in a community that's really
00:34:09> 00:34:11:	not accustomed to you.
00:34:11> 00:34:15:	Know one thing we might add about that market right
00:34:15> 00:34:18:	is and Ron, you know better than anyone being on
00:34:18> 00:34:22:	Long Island that the housing pressure there is so significant
00:34:22> 00:34:26:	because nothing's been built really in the last 20-30 years,
00:34:26> 00:34:27:	can't get the zoning.
00:34:27> 00:34:31:	So when we start thinking about the policies and practice
00:34:31> 00:34:34:	a case study like this, being to deliver 800 units
00:34:34> 00:34:36:	into a market, to be able to overcome that and
00:34:37> 00:34:39:	to deliver, it is not just a win for the
00:34:39> 00:34:42:	developer, but it's just a huge win for the community.
00:34:42> 00:34:43:	Yeah, yeah.
00:34:43> 00:34:45:	Which you can't be overstated in these markets that are
00:34:45> 00:34:46:	supply constrained.
00:34:46> 00:34:46:	No.
00:34:46> 00:34:49:	
	And, and the, the, the best outcome of that is
00:34:49> 00:34:52:	exactly what's happening is the planning department believes in the

00:34:52> 00:34:55: 00:34:55> 00:34:58: 00:34:58> 00:35:00:	story, believes in, in the outcome of this and is working with us to do the outreach directly instead of putting it on the developer to do it.
00:35:00> 00:35:03:	And you know, they, they take on some of the,
00:35:03> 00:35:06:	some of the responsibility of getting it, getting it through
00:35:07> 00:35:08:	the approval process.
00:35:08> 00:35:09:	Great point.
00:35:10> 00:35:14:	Similar story here in in Connecticut suburb of New
00:35:14> 00:35:18:	Haven, it's a large office park that is we're all
00:35:18> 00:35:20:	familiar office isn't doing so well.
00:35:21> 00:35:24:	So it's it's under leased, underutilized.
00:35:25> 00:35:29:	We went and worked directly with the city to allocate,
00:35:29> 00:35:33:	reallocate a bunch of the leases into two of the
00:35:33> 00:35:38:	five existing office buildings and then that freed up 60%
00:35:38> 00:35:41:	of the site for future development.
00:35:42> 00:35:46:	The story is, is that the impact the the original
00:35:46> 00:35:51:	impact from a 500,000 square foot office park was far
00:35:51> 00:35:56:	greater than the impact of putting 500 new apartment units
00:35:56> 00:36:00:	on 60% of the site while maintaining the the office
00:36:00> 00:36:01:	use in it.
00:36:01> 00:36:05:	So this happens really uniquely in Connecticut where you get
00:36:05> 00:36:08:	these mixed office parks, but we're seeing more and more
00:36:08> 00:36:09:	of it throughout.
00:36:10> 00:36:12:	Again, similar to what what I said before on the
00:36:12> 00:36:14:	previous project, we like a mix of housing types.
00:36:14> 00:36:19:	So we've got age targeted higher density housing on this
00:36:19> 00:36:19:	site.
00:36:20> 00:36:26:	We've got enclosed corridor, highly amenitized compact apartment housing on
00:36:26> 00:36:26:	it.
00:36:27> 00:36:29:	And then we also have garden three and four story
00:36:29> 00:36:31:	garden unit apartments on the same site.
00:36:31> 00:36:36:	So again, promoting that diversity of housing typologies in Alpharetta,
00:36:36> 00:36:40:	we've, we've, we've worked on this master plan community and
00:36:40> 00:36:43:	one of the, the signature stories here is, is really
00:36:43> 00:36:48:	just understanding what the city wanted and understanding that it
00:36:48> 00:36:51:	was all about having common public open space as part
00:36:51> 00:36:52:	of the development.
00:36:53> 00:36:55:	So and on this one, we had to sell the
00:36:55> 00:36:58:	was it 15 foot wide townhomes or 14 foot?

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00:36:59 --> 00:36:59:
                          Right.
                          So that's enough.
00:36:59 --> 00:36:59:
00:36:59 --> 00:37:00:
                          Yeah.
00:37:00 --> 00:37:02:
                          I wanted Kathy to comment on that because that's another
00:37:02 --> 00:37:05:
                          example where the product didn't exist right in the local
00:37:05 --> 00:37:05:
                          market.
00:37:05 --> 00:37:07:
                          So how did you go about getting that approved and
00:37:08 --> 00:37:10:
                          how did you deal with your Fire Chief and all
00:37:10 --> 00:37:12:
                          the other guys who kind of control?
00:37:12 --> 00:37:15:
                          I had a lot of the employees that said, do
00:37:15 --> 00:37:18:
                          you know that this is only 1515 feet wide?
00:37:18 --> 00:37:18:
                          Yeah.
00:37:18 --> 00:37:21:
                          And I'm like, yes, we know, but they went off
00:37:21 --> 00:37:23:
                          site, some of the City Council did, to go look
00:37:23 --> 00:37:26:
                          at an actual unit in Atlanta so that they would
00:37:26 --> 00:37:27:
                          know what that looks like.
00:37:27 --> 00:37:30:
                          Because a lot of it is, you know, like you
00:37:30 --> 00:37:33:
                          talked about earlier, if they can see an example, they're
00:37:33 --> 00:37:33:
                          OK.
00:37:33 --> 00:37:36:
                          You know, you show them a mixed-use with even Avalon
00:37:37 --> 00:37:39:
                          and you know, it's 100 units per acre.
00:37:39 --> 00:37:42:
                          Then when you look at it, people love it, you
00:37:42 --> 00:37:44:
                          know, But I think examples are really big.
00:37:47 --> 00:37:51:
                          And so this is under construction now and the commercial
00:37:51 --> 00:37:55:
                          part of the the horizontal mixed-use is on deck to
00:37:55 --> 00:38:00:
                          be completed in the next phase station yards from Kokomo.
00:38:00 --> 00:38:02:
                          This is a really interesting, interesting story.
00:38:02 --> 00:38:06:
                          So instead of working directly for the developer with the
00:38:06 --> 00:38:11:
                          local agency in order to navigate the zoning pitfalls, this
00:38:11 --> 00:38:15:
                          project goes back over 15 years where we worked directly
00:38:15 --> 00:38:19:
                          with the town of Brookhaven to write a form based
00:38:19 --> 00:38:23:
                          code as an overlay to what is largely an industrial
00:38:23 --> 00:38:25:
                          mixed-use area.
00:38:25 --> 00:38:26:
                          No, no, it's not really mixed-use.
00:38:26 --> 00:38:30:
                          An industrial area adjacent to a major rail station on
00:38:30 --> 00:38:32:
                          the Long Island Railway.
00:38:33 --> 00:38:37:
                          So we, we help them sort of develop this is
00:38:38 --> 00:38:39:
                          over 50 acres.
00:38:39 --> 00:38:42:
                          We help them kind of create a road map to
00:38:42 --> 00:38:47:
                          develop the 50 acres in multiple phases, 10 acres at
00:38:47 --> 00:38:50:
                          a time, entitling it for over 5000 units and a
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Yeah, right.

00:36:58 --> 00:36:58:

00:38:51> 00:38:53:	million square feet of, of retail.
00:38:54> 00:38:57:	And then we work directly for the master developer who
00:38:57> 00:39:00:	got the rights to the project to, to bring it
00:39:00> 00:39:01:	to life.
00:39:01> 00:39:04:	So we just opened up the second phase of this,
00:39:04> 00:39:07:	which includes this town square on a mixed-use sort of
00:39:08> 00:39:13:	concentrated corridor directly adjacent to the Long Island
	railway station.
00:39:13> 00:39:17:	The the first phase opened a couple years ago, but
00:39:17> 00:39:20:	it's largely a single use, multi family deal.
00:39:20> 00:39:23:	But again, it included a a mix of housing types.
00:39:24> 00:39:26:	And you make the note here that you use form
00:39:26> 00:39:27:	based code, yes.
00:39:27> 00:39:30:	So in your view, and this is for any of
00:39:30> 00:39:34:	you here, I'm curious to what extent you think that
00:39:34> 00:39:38:	ultimately is a go forward strategy into where does it
00:39:38> 00:39:41:	work and where does it not work?
00:39:41> 00:39:44:	Because there was a big wave over like, you know,
00:39:44> 00:39:47:	a 15 year old project where everything needs to be
00:39:47> 00:39:50:	FBCFBC, But then the implications of building it were very
00:39:50> 00:39:51:	problematic in some cases.
00:39:52> 00:39:52:	Right.
00:39:52> 00:39:55:	I, I think the form based code at this time
00:39:55> 00:39:58:	satisfied the same goals of like what a small area
00:39:58> 00:40:02:	plan would be or downtown overlay zoning district would be.
00:40:02> 00:40:04:	It was, it was a way for the town of
00:40:04> 00:40:08:	Brookhaven and the community to understand what, what will
	come
00:40:08> 00:40:11:	of this project once it starts to become a reality.
00:40:12> 00:40:15:	It's a little bit more diagrammatic and easier to understand.
00:40:15> 00:40:17:	It's you know, it's going to be a five story
00:40:17> 00:40:17:	building.
00:40:17> 00:40:19:	It's going to have this much ground floor retail.
00:40:20> 00:40:22:	This is what the sidewalks are going to look like.
00:40:22> 00:40:25:	And I think it it, it's just a, it's just
00:40:25> 00:40:28:	another tool in the, in the toolbox in getting large
00:40:28> 00:40:32:	developments approved from the community side.
00:40:36> 00:40:38:	We're also very involved in, in workforce housing.
00:40:39> 00:40:41:	This one particular client, I, I put this up because
00:40:41> 00:40:43:	we're talking about high growth suburbs.
00:40:43> 00:40:46:	Again, one of the, one of the strong parts about
00:40:46> 00:40:50:	high growth suburbs is they're filling a housing need for
	, J

00:40:50> 00:40:52:	a lot of people that need it.
00:40:52> 00:40:56:	That middle, middle market housing typology that we've all
	been
00:40:56> 00:40:58:	talking about for over 20 years.
00:40:59> 00:41:01:	One of the things that we do with our, our
00:41:01> 00:41:03:	clients that are doing workforce housing is we, we look
00:41:03> 00:41:04:	at a kit of parts.
00:41:04> 00:41:07:	So for all of our projects, we, we try to
00:41:07> 00:41:11:	make them as scalable and quick to market as you
00:41:11> 00:41:12:	could possibly get.
00:41:13> 00:41:16:	So when you find a good site, the demand is
00:41:16> 00:41:17:	already there.
00:41:17> 00:41:19:	So it's kind of like student housing.
00:41:19> 00:41:21:	You want to execute it as quickly as you can
00:41:21> 00:41:23:	to satisfy that that demand.
00:41:23> 00:41:27:	So having scalable kit apart, easy to execute and bring
00:41:28> 00:41:31:	it to the market is, is really part of our
00:41:31> 00:41:33:	mindset on workforce housing.
00:41:34> 00:41:35:	And then I'll end with this one.
00:41:37> 00:41:38:	This is an interesting story.
00:41:38> 00:41:40:	So this is a this is the end result of
00:41:41> 00:41:44:	what the what a city, a suburban city took upon
00:41:44> 00:41:48:	themselves as they they actually took on the role of
00:41:48> 00:41:49:	the developer.
00:41:49> 00:41:51:	They had a Co sponsored developer.
00:41:51> 00:41:54:	But the city of New Rochelle, which is a suburb
00:41:54> 00:41:56:	about 1/2 hour north of New York City, largely A2
00:41:57> 00:42:00:	and three Storey downtown Main Street kind of community that
00:42:00> 00:42:03:	was also on a rail line directly connected to New
00:42:03> 00:42:06:	York City, realized that they had a growing demand for
00:42:06> 00:42:08:	housing, especially affordable housing.
00:42:09> 00:42:13:	And they took it upon themselves to go directly to
00:42:13> 00:42:17:	the county and to the state for full entitlement for
00:42:17> 00:42:19:	a downtown overlay district.
00:42:20> 00:42:25:	And that included going through the full impact study of,
00:42:25> 00:42:31:	you know, traffic and schools and environment and basically creating
00:42:31> 00:42:36:	a, a, an allocation program for developers to then come
00:42:36> 00:42:40:	in, assemble their own lots and then draw off of
00:42:40> 00:42:43:	that pre pre approved allocation.
00:42:44> 00:42:48:	Our particular role in this project, our client had two
00:42:48> 00:42:52:	lots that included a corner and they wanted a certain

00:42:52> 00:42:56:	number of affordable housing units, 160 a 170 units roughly.
00:42:57> 00:43:01:	We helped them evaluate the value of adding adjacent lots
00:43:01> 00:43:05:	in order to increase the density to hit their affordable
00:43:05> 00:43:09:	housing target which resulted in a 30 story 477 unit
00:43:09> 00:43:13:	high rise building using what the city took upon themselves
00:43:13> 00:43:18:	of doing the hard work of getting development pre approved.
00:43:18> 00:43:18:	Right.
00:43:18> 00:43:21:	So what's interesting is and we as part of our
00:43:21> 00:43:25:	our suburban development redevelopment Council last year, we all went
00:43:25> 00:43:28:	up there in rainy day hard hat tour taking a
00:43:28> 00:43:30:	look at what was happening.
00:43:30> 00:43:32:	And I was that happened to be in New Rochelle
00:43:32> 00:43:34:	about two weeks ago for something else and went by
00:43:34> 00:43:35:	and it's coming on tremendously.
00:43:35> 00:43:38:	The rest of the downtown, I would argue is not
00:43:38> 00:43:41:	no, but however, but you can start to see some
00:43:41> 00:43:43:	more signs up yes.
00:43:43> 00:43:46:	So so this is a has been a catalyst.
00:43:46> 00:43:49:	It has and it's so successful that the city went
00:43:49> 00:43:53:	back and went through the process again with a lot
00:43:53> 00:43:57:	less friction to get more density pre pre approved.
00:43:57> 00:44:00:	So they they're, they're rolling out the the development process
00:44:00> 00:44:01:	to make it easier for a.
00:44:01> 00:44:03:	Lot of So what we've talked about and by the
00:44:03> 00:44:05:	way for questions, there's a microphone here and there.
00:44:05> 00:44:06:	We want to kind of open this up.
00:44:06> 00:44:09:	We're going to have a little dialogue now I should
00:44:09> 00:44:11:	also mention the slides I think are going to be
00:44:11> 00:44:12:	available on the website.
00:44:12> 00:44:15:	So you'll have all that to to go as well.
00:44:15> 00:44:18:	The what what struck me as we were organizing
00:44:18> 00:44:20:	this and then listening to the comments is there is
00:44:20> 00:44:23:	a continuum and, and sort of like an overlapping continuum
00:44:23> 00:44:24:	or Venn diagram.
00:44:24> 00:44:25:	We don't talk about it.
00:44:25> 00:44:28:	The role of the developer and the role of the
00:44:28> 00:44:32:	public agency in which one takes the lead at what
00:44:32> 00:44:34:	point in the process?
00:44:34> 00:44:37:	And and I was going to ask Tom with the
00:44:37> 00:44:41:	project Acadia, where were the biggest obstacles in that process?

00:44:41> 00:44:44:	You talked about partnership with different groups, but there there
00:44:44> 00:44:45:	were definitely pitfalls.
00:44:45> 00:44:47:	So where might those?
00:44:48> 00:44:49:	What were the lessons learned there?
00:44:49> 00:44:52:	Yeah, I think, I think there was 2 lessons learned
00:44:52> 00:44:53:	there that kind of come to mind.
00:44:54> 00:44:57:	One was the small area plan process.
00:44:58> 00:45:01:	I think I mentioned when done right, it's really helpful
00:45:01> 00:45:02:	to develop development community.
00:45:03> 00:45:05:	But I do think that, you know, the public, you
00:45:05> 00:45:08:	know, the town is the one leading that process.
00:45:09> 00:45:12:	And that process is, is similar to rezoning outside of
00:45:12> 00:45:14:	the fact that they're not going to actually change the,
00:45:14> 00:45:17:	the, the land use and the zoning underlying districts.
00:45:18> 00:45:19:	But they go out into the neighborhood.
00:45:19> 00:45:22:	And sometimes I think when it's the town leading the
00:45:23> 00:45:27:	process and there's no developer there with them, sometimes the
00:45:27> 00:45:29:	neighbors maybe don't think it's as real.
00:45:30> 00:45:33:	And so they might provide feedback, but maybe not as
00:45:33> 00:45:36:	many people show up to the community meeting.
00:45:37> 00:45:40:	And so on that front end, really expressing that what
00:45:40> 00:45:43:	a small area plan is and the fact that once
00:45:43> 00:45:46:	we put this out into the community, developers are going
00:45:46> 00:45:49:	to show up that have an aligned vision here and
00:45:49> 00:45:52:	really try to implement that, which is I think the
00:45:52> 00:45:55:	overall goal, especially if you're trying to revitalize an area
00:45:55> 00:45:58:	or, or put out a vision to develop a large
00:45:58> 00:46:00:	piece of of land within a town.
00:46:00> 00:46:03:	I think is, is, is very important because the biggest
00:46:03> 00:46:06:	channel, one of the biggest hurdles we found is we
00:46:06> 00:46:10:	were actually very aligned from the front with the town's
00:46:10> 00:46:13:	vision that they put out, right, an innovative mixed-use community
00:46:13> 00:46:16:	that was that was going to leave a positive impact
00:46:16> 00:46:18:	on the surrounding neighborhood.
00:46:18> 00:46:21:	But what we didn't have alignment with was the neighbors.
00:46:21> 00:46:24:	And I mentioned it a little bit, but in today's
00:46:24> 00:46:28:	day and age, like disinformation, misinformation or opposition can spread
00:46:28> 00:46:32:	so quickly because of social media, whether it's Facebook next

00:46:32 --> 00:46:36: door and really having that communication plan, which I'll say 00:46:36 --> 00:46:37: lessons learned from us. 00:46:37 --> 00:46:39: We didn't have that website set up on the front 00:46:39 --> 00:46:40: end. 00:46:40 --> 00:46:42: So we had to backpedal a little bit and get 00:46:42 --> 00:46:43: that set up pretty quickly. 00:46:43 --> 00:46:46: On a rezoning that we just did here recently this 00:46:46 --> 00:46:48: and got approved here in December. 00:46:48 --> 00:46:50: We actually set up all that framework now on the 00:46:50 --> 00:46:53: front end where we we built a website, we put 00:46:53 --> 00:46:56: frequently asked questions, we talk about the vision, we get 00:46:56 --> 00:46:59: the plans and the elevations so that folks can see 00:46:59 --> 00:47:02: that we're actually developing a quality development in combination with 00:47:03 --> 00:47:03: the town. 00:47:03 --> 00:47:05: Yeah, how about for you, Kathy? 00:47:05 --> 00:47:08: Pitfalls or obstacles that you didn't expect along the way. 00:47:09 --> 00:47:12: We haven't had any obstacles yet, but I have found 00:47:12 --> 00:47:16: that I think somebody mentioned it earlier, you know, if 00:47:16 --> 00:47:19: you have examples then people are OK with it. 00:47:19 --> 00:47:22: And we already have several mixed-use developments in Alpharetta. 00:47:22 --> 00:47:24: So I think that that has something that has helped 00:47:24 --> 00:47:24: 00:47:24 --> 00:47:27: And I also know we can't have too many projects 00:47:27 --> 00:47:29: going on at the same time or we lose, you 00:47:29 --> 00:47:31: know, the support of the public. 00:47:31 --> 00:47:35: So it's something it's slower than we would like, but 00:47:35 --> 00:47:38: it but it is something that we've been able to 00:47:38 --> 00:47:40: get the public on board. 00:47:40 --> 00:47:42: It was funny, at one of the citizen zoning meetings, 00:47:42 --> 00:47:45: I had one of the somebody from the public just 00:47:45 --> 00:47:45: walk up casually. 00:47:45 --> 00:47:47: I only had like one person there. 00:47:47 --> 00:47:49: Nobody wants to comment on it, you know, And he, 00:47:50 --> 00:47:52: he said, well, I think we have too many apartments 00:47:52 --> 00:47:54: that they're requesting. 00:47:54 --> 00:47:55: And I said, well, why? 00:47:55 --> 00:47:56: What's wrong with that? 00:47:56 --> 00:47:58: And he said, well, maybe there's nothing wrong with that. And that was it. 00:47:58 --> 00:47:59: 00:47:59 --> 00:48:00: And it was like, I never heard it.

00:48:00> 00:48:02:	And but I'm just like, why, you know.
00:48:03> 00:48:05:	And so it it, we haven't had a lot of
00:48:05> 00:48:07:	pushback, but I think it's because we've had success at
00:48:07> 00:48:10:	other mixed-use developments in Alpharetta.
00:48:10> 00:48:13:	So another thing to Throtten is that in a lot
00:48:13> 00:48:17:	of the big urban projects that we all work on
00:48:17> 00:48:22:	the public finance side, the tax increment funding, leverage of
00:48:22> 00:48:27:	private to public dollars, etcetera, is a big, big impact
00:48:27> 00:48:31:	on getting the project done, getting it started.
00:48:32> 00:48:36:	And I'm wondering, Kathy, was there a conversation around the
00:48:36> 00:48:41:	changing tax base that resonated with any of your constituents?
00:48:41> 00:48:44:	Was it on the mind of the City Council or
00:48:44> 00:48:47:	your colleagues at the city, given the fact that office
00:48:47> 00:48:51:	was not performing and valuations might be dropping and replacing
00:48:51> 00:48:52:	it?
00:48:52> 00:48:56:	Was there a fiscal story that was part of the
00:48:56> 00:48:56:	plan?
00:48:57> 00:49:00:	Well, we looked at Brookside because it had a high
00:49:00> 00:49:00:	vacancy.
00:49:00> 00:49:03:	I mean, we have vacancy around 22% within the city
00:49:03> 00:49:05:	of Alpharetta and this had the highest.
00:49:06> 00:49:08:	But as much as I try to talk to our
00:49:08> 00:49:11:	finance director about you need to start looking at this,
00:49:11> 00:49:12:	what this is going to do to valuations.
00:49:13> 00:49:15:	You know, there's no panic about it.
00:49:15> 00:49:17:	They're waiting to see if that comes back.
00:49:17> 00:49:20:	But we're very proactive with redevelopment.
00:49:20> 00:49:22:	We proved I was looking at, we had 500 houses
00:49:22> 00:49:26:	last year that were approved through zoning and all of
00:49:26> 00:49:28:	those were on commercial property.
00:49:28> 00:49:32:	They weren't typical, you know, residentially zoned nor did the
00:49:32> 00:49:34:	future land use show residential.
00:49:34> 00:49:37:	So we're shifting that, you know, and and we were
00:49:37> 00:49:39:	actually looking at that before 2020.
00:49:39> 00:49:41:	We knew that we were going to have to start
00:49:41> 00:49:44:	amenitizing and changing what our office parks look like.
00:49:44> 00:49:45:	So we'll, we'll continue.
00:49:45> 00:49:46:	But it wasn't.
00:49:46> 00:49:48:	And how about for you Tom in in your work?

00:49:48> 00:49:51:	Yeah, I think Katie and Matthews it, it wasn't really
00:49:51> 00:49:54:	a big part of the story or the public process.
00:49:54> 00:49:57:	I think mainly probably because it was raw land.
00:49:57> 00:50:00:	So, you know, we were paying, you know, 150,000 was
00:50:00> 00:50:01:	the current taxes.
00:50:01> 00:50:03:	And I think when you're done, it's going to be
00:50:03> 00:50:06:	somewhere between 1.5, 5 and 2 million in tax base.
00:50:06> 00:50:09:	And I think everyone understood that the project would create
00:50:09> 00:50:11:	this additional tax base.
00:50:11> 00:50:13:	I think in this community as well as the other
00:50:13> 00:50:15:	community I mentioned that we just finished rezoning in.
00:50:15> 00:50:18:	One of the keys though, is we're going through this
00:50:18> 00:50:21:	public approval process with the electeds is I think if
00:50:21> 00:50:24:	you're, if you're touting that in your public meetings, it
00:50:24> 00:50:27:	almost sometimes gives your neighbors or your opposition the ability
00:50:27> 00:50:30:	to say, hey, you're only approving this because you want
00:50:30> 00:50:31:	additional tax base.
00:50:31> 00:50:33:	And yes, it, it's important, right?
00:50:33> 00:50:36:	It, it's an important aspect of being able to have
00:50:36> 00:50:39:	the funds to make other improvements within the community.
00:50:39> 00:50:41:	But I think you just have to be careful about
00:50:41> 00:50:43:	how you go about talking about it as you go
00:50:43> 00:50:45:	through the entitlement process.
00:50:45> 00:50:46:	Itself totally makes sense.
00:50:46> 00:50:49:	That's what I brought up in the How about job
00:50:49> 00:50:53:	impact, Employment growth and, and jobs for local, because what
00:50:53> 00:50:56:	we again, what we see in urban settings is that
00:50:56> 00:50:59:	the economic benefits story is super, super important in the
00:51:00> 00:51:01:	entitlement process.
00:51:01> 00:51:05:	The job creation story is super, super important and it's
00:51:05> 00:51:06:	out there out front.
00:51:07> 00:51:09:	But we were saying in your suburban quote, UN quote
00:51:09> 00:51:13:	high growth suburban context, those are not as important.
00:51:13> 00:51:13:	But how about jobs?
00:51:14> 00:51:16:	Well, I think it, we're working on both.
00:51:16> 00:51:18:	You know, if we, if people are working from home
00:51:18> 00:51:20:	and they're working hybrid, we want to create a great
00:51:20> 00:51:21:	place where they want to live.
00:51:21> 00:51:23:	So that's important to us to put money into the
00:51:23> 00:51:26:	parks and, and where people are are going to live

00:51:26 --> 00:51:29: and trail systems and make it connected. 00:51:29 --> 00:51:32: It's also OK to right size our office market at 00:51:32 --> 00:51:33: the same time. 00:51:33 --> 00:51:36: So we are trying to get that balance and we 00:51:36 --> 00:51:38: and I do think that eventually you'll have more people 00:51:38 --> 00:51:41: back in the office, but hybrid is going to be 00:51:41 --> 00:51:42: here to stay. 00:51:43 --> 00:51:44: So so we want, we want both. 00:51:45 --> 00:51:46: Great question. 00:51:46 --> 00:51:48: Can you tell us your name, where you're from? 00:51:48 --> 00:51:51: Yes, Lee Cooley, Scottsdale Realtors Association. 00:51:52 --> 00:51:55: We have a great need for workforce housing and a 00:51:55 --> 00:51:58: great pushback from City Council on anything with density at 00:51:58 --> 00:52:01: all really, unless it's a a multi story condos to 00:52:01 --> 00:52:04: the north of town that they're willing to sign off 00:52:05 --> 00:52:07: on so they don't have to look at it. 00:52:08 --> 00:52:12: Are there any 2 story solutions to workforce housing or 00:52:12 --> 00:52:16: are we just wishing for that dream to come true? 00:52:18 --> 00:52:18: Yeah. 00:52:18 --> 00:52:21: I mean I think there's, there certainly are two-story solutions 00:52:21 --> 00:52:22: to that. 00:52:23 --> 00:52:27: We've we're we're doing a a handful of single family 00:52:27 --> 00:52:31: SFR types, large sites ranging from 30 to 80 acres 00:52:31 --> 00:52:35: and they often include a mix of housing types including 00:52:36 --> 00:52:38: like stacked flats two over ones. 00:52:39 --> 00:52:42: So I do think there are examples of being able 00:52:42 --> 00:52:42: to do it. 00:52:43 --> 00:52:46: The the collateral to that is, is just lower density. 00:52:46 --> 00:52:46: ľm. Just going to click the next slide because the last 00:52:48 --> 00:52:51: 00:52:51 --> 00:52:52: one, any other. 00:52:52 --> 00:52:52: Yep. 00:52:52 --> 00:52:53: Yeah, go ahead. 00:52:54 --> 00:52:55: Joe Perry from Kansas City. 00:52:55 --> 00:52:58: I've worked on a number of high growing suburban things 00:52:59 --> 00:52:59: in the past. 00:53:00 --> 00:53:02: Been working in urban Kansas City for the last 15 00:53:02 --> 00:53:03: years. 00:53:03 --> 00:53:07: Question was we always had difficulty getting advocates in both 00:53:07 --> 00:53:11: urban and suburban projects that have the little hair and 00:53:11 --> 00:53:13: controversy on them to show up and talk.

00:53:14> 00:53:16:	I'd love to hear your success stories in more detail
00:53:16> 00:53:19:	in that regard because we could all use that advice.
00:53:19> 00:53:23:	So when you mention advocates, you mean community members or
00:53:23> 00:53:27:	lecture project people that understand what the benefits are.
00:53:27> 00:53:30:	And because my experience is it's a one to 10
00:53:30> 00:53:33:	who shows up when the politicians and the other non
00:53:33> 00:53:37:	elected volunteers have to vote on these things are seeking
00:53:37> 00:53:38:	approval.
00:53:39> 00:53:39:	I can take that.
00:53:40> 00:53:40:	Go ahead.
00:53:40> 00:53:40:	Yeah.
00:53:41> 00:53:41:	Yeah.
00:53:41> 00:53:43:	So I do think I agree with you.
00:53:43> 00:53:46:	It is definitely challenging to find advocates in the community.
00:53:46> 00:53:48:	I think one of the aspects of it is it
00:53:48> 00:53:50:	does take a little bit of time, which when you're
00:53:50> 00:53:52:	a developer and you're under contract and you don't own
00:53:52> 00:53:55:	the land already, you can somewhat put pressure because
	you've
00:53:55> 00:53:57:	got a timeline of which you have to close the
00:53:57> 00:53:57:	land.
00:53:58> 00:54:00:	But a lot of it is about just getting out
00:54:00> 00:54:04:	in the community and continuing to build relationships and show
00:54:04> 00:54:05:	that you're listening.
00:54:05> 00:54:08:	And like, for example, Katie and Matthews, I mean, we
00:54:08> 00:54:11:	probably had, we had 1.350 to 400 people in opposition
00:54:11> 00:54:13:	at the courthouse at one of our public hearings.
00:54:14> 00:54:17:	But instead of kind of trying to figure out how
00:54:17> 00:54:20:	to make changes without them at the table, we tried
00:54:20> 00:54:23:	to figure out a way to get some leaders in
00:54:23> 00:54:26:	that community that we could sit down with and really
00:54:26> 00:54:29:	understand what the root of of the pushback was.
00:54:30> 00:54:33:	And so as we had multiple open houses where our
00:54:33> 00:54:36:	entire team was there, we were able to have one-on-one
00:54:36> 00:54:41:	conversations with neighbors and start to build those relationships.
00:54:41> 00:54:43:	And as we were start hours, we were able to
00:54:43> 00:54:46:	start making changes and those changes we were able to
00:54:46> 00:54:48:	explain to the neighbors.
00:54:48> 00:54:51:	We were able to actually get some folks to come
00:54:51> 00:54:52:	out and speak for us.

00:54:55 --> 00:54:57: a few folks actually get up in front of all 00:54:57 --> 00:55:00: that opposition and actually say they have made the changes 00:55:00 --> 00:55:01: that we've at least requested. 00:55:02 --> 00:55:04: And so we're OK kind of moving forward and, and 00:55:04 --> 00:55:06: maybe not supporting it, right. 00:55:06 --> 00:55:09: But they're, they're saying that they've listened to us and 00:55:09 --> 00:55:10: we're acknowledging that. 00:55:10 --> 00:55:13: I think the other part too is, is looking at 00:55:13 --> 00:55:15: who else in the community you can look for as 00:55:15 --> 00:55:16: strategic partners. 00:55:17 --> 00:55:20: So for example, we we worked with the Matthews Habitat for Humanity as we thought about how we could do 00:55:20 --> 00:55:23: 00:55:23 --> 00:55:25: attainable housing within the community. 00:55:26 --> 00:55:29: And so they were somebody that came to the, the 00:55:29 --> 00:55:31: public hearing and spoke for us. 00:55:31 --> 00:55:33: We also reached out to the Chamber of Commerce and 00:55:34 --> 00:55:36: really tried to get their input on the site plan 00:55:36 --> 00:55:38: and actually make some changes to the site plan based 00:55:38 --> 00:55:39: on what they were seeing. 00:55:40 --> 00:55:43: The needs were in the community from an office standpoint, 00:55:43 --> 00:55:45: right size, tenets, everything. 00:55:45 --> 00:55:46: So how did we change the plan? 00:55:46 --> 00:55:47: And they came and supported it. 00:55:47 --> 00:55:50: So I think you got to look outside of just 00:55:50 --> 00:55:53: the neighbors and figure out who you can see as 00:55:53 --> 00:55:56: see as advocates and how your how your project could 00:55:56 --> 00:55:57: benefit them as well. 00:55:58 --> 00:55:58: Good point. 00:56:00 --> 00:56:01: What? 00:56:01 --> 00:56:01: Go ahead. 00:56:01 --> 00:56:03: Yeah, you're going to use the mic so we can 00:56:03 --> 00:56:03: hear. 00:56:03 --> 00:56:05: One of the things while you're going up there is 00:56:05 --> 00:56:07: that, you know, all great projects have a champion. 00:56:07 --> 00:56:11: And typically in an urban setting, it'll be a strong 00:56:11 --> 00:56:14: mayor or a coalition of a strong elected and a 00:56:14 --> 00:56:16: strong civic leader, right? 00:56:16 --> 00:56:18: Which is, you know, this story of Kansas City, the 00:56:18 --> 00:56:19: mayor, right? 00:56:19 --> 00:56:21: And so how do you apply that to the small 00:56:21 --> 00:56:25: scale projects in the suburbs becomes one of the very

We actually had, you know, in the end, we had

00:54:52 --> 00:54:55:

00:56:25> 00:56:28:	interesting things that we're trying to figure out.
00:56:29> 00:56:30:	This is a brief.
00:56:30> 00:56:33:	Follow up Sheldon Clark with Klein Design out of the
00:56:33> 00:56:38:	Charlotte office, so somewhat familiar with the Matthews project that's
00:56:38> 00:56:41:	mostly running out of the Raleigh office on the planning
00:56:41> 00:56:42:	side there.
00:56:42> 00:56:45:	But in my past life in DC practice and architecture
00:56:46> 00:56:50:	up there, we would see the community engagement and outreach
00:56:50> 00:56:54:	a Everything we do in development is highly political, but
00:56:54> 00:56:57:	just the sense of the need to outsource and engage
00:56:57> 00:57:02:	with like a community outreach and engagement consultant that really
00:57:02> 00:57:04:	builds and stacks the room.
00:57:04> 00:57:07:	I mean we would go all out and have our
00:57:07> 00:57:08:	clients stack the.
00:57:08> 00:57:12:	Room at every meeting and every hearing with supporters.
00:57:14> 00:57:17:	Do you find that there's a need for that, to
00:57:17> 00:57:21:	reach out for outside consultants for that in the?
00:57:21> 00:57:22:	Carolinas or in the Southeast?
00:57:22> 00:57:23:	Great question.
00:57:23> 00:57:23:	Yeah.
00:57:26> 00:57:29:	I, I think what has been the most successful plan
00:57:29> 00:57:32:	actually for us is when we put the housing study
00:57:32> 00:57:35:	together and we put to out to our community that
00:57:35> 00:57:39:	this is the percentage of rental that we're going to
00:57:39> 00:57:40:	approve each year.
00:57:40> 00:57:43:	And I know it's not popular everywhere, but it's been,
00:57:43> 00:57:46:	it's enabled us to get all of that support from
00:57:46> 00:57:46:	the public.
00:57:46> 00:57:49:	And I think that's been the best thing that we've
00:57:49> 00:57:51:	we could have put in place.
00:57:51> 00:57:54:	And that's been since 2014 because they know we're going
00:57:54> 00:57:57:	to only approve a certain number of rental each year.
00:57:57> 00:58:00:	So every time I bring a project forward and I'll
00:58:00> 00:58:03:	say, well, this meets this and you know, it, it,
00:58:03> 00:58:04:	it meets that plan.
00:58:05> 00:58:07:	I think the community in general feels OK, this is
00:58:07> 00:58:10:	OK because they looked at this, it's not Willy nilly
00:58:10> 00:58:13:	and you know, they're just coming up with a number.
00:58:13> 00:58:17:	So I think that that's something that's been really, really
00:58:17> 00:58:18:	good for us.

00.50.40 > 00.50.22.	Diversalationships that we have with the community
00:58:18> 00:58:22:	Plus relationships that we have with the community.
00:58:22> 00:58:25:	So we will have people that come out each time
00:58:25> 00:58:29:	and in support of the projects, but we haven't.
00:58:29> 00:58:29:	Reached out.
00:58:29> 00:58:32:	Yeah, the specific point you said about stacking the room,
00:58:32> 00:58:33:	There's a danger there.
00:58:33> 00:58:34:	There is.
00:58:34> 00:58:34:	There's a big danger.
00:58:34> 00:58:37:	I mean, we work in a lot of projects, you
00:58:37> 00:58:40:	know, in the in some of the Northeastern markets where
00:58:40> 00:58:43:	union activity or union participation is very important.
00:58:43> 00:58:46:	And you'll get, you know, 200 union members showing up
00:58:46> 00:58:49:	with their shirts and it, there's a positive to those
00:58:49> 00:58:51:	labor agreements for sure.
00:58:51> 00:58:53:	But on the other hand, it kind of puts some
00:58:53> 00:58:56:	people off their heel on their heels a little bit.
00:58:56> 00:58:58:	So, so again, it could be the same thing with
00:58:58> 00:59:00:	a doesn't matter what group it is, right?
00:59:00> 00:59:03:	Busloads of people coming don't often enhance it because to
00:59:03> 00:59:06:	the other gentleman's point about who's the champion or who's
00:59:06> 00:59:08:	the leader, it's not so much the volume, but it's
00:59:08> 00:59:09:	really the quality of the input.
00:59:10> 00:59:14:	But however, I would mention that having a quality engagement
00:59:14> 00:59:18:	consultant is I, I would think is critical because it's
00:59:18> 00:59:21:	not the day job of the developer or the architect
00:59:21> 00:59:26:	typically or the city administrator to run those processes, right,
00:59:26> 00:59:28:	and to create those websites.
00:59:28> 00:59:29:	So having that team.
00:59:29> 00:59:32:	But I, and I'll add to what Kathy said, is
00:59:32> 00:59:35:	that we're doing a lot of work for public agencies
00:59:35> 00:59:40:	around the country, housing studies in particular, to demonstrate from
00:59:40> 00:59:45:	a quantitative and objective third party perspective where there's demand
00:59:45> 00:59:48:	and then using that as a tool to create RFPs
00:59:48> 00:59:52:	for the developers and builders to come into the communities.
00:59:53> 00:59:56:	And and so what's interesting there is it's takes away
00:59:56> 00:59:59:	a lot of the passion from or the emotion from
00:59:59> 01:00:00:	it.

01:00:02> 01:00:03:	And then I wanted to close with one other point.
01:00:03> 01:00:03:	Yeah, go ahead.
01:00:05> 01:00:06:	I was just going to say I agree.
01:00:06> 01:00:09:	I've seen when the room is stacked how they just
01:00:09> 01:00:11:	their heels, they sink their heels in them.
01:00:11> 01:00:14:	I just wanted to add, I think where I've seen
01:00:14> 01:00:18:	the greatest success is not when those consultants stack the
01:00:18> 01:00:21:	room, but it's when they work at the community level
01:00:21> 01:00:25:	to convince their the neighbors that what what is being
01:00:25> 01:00:27:	proposed is right for the community.
01:00:27> 01:00:32:	And once you start to breakthrough that obstacle, other community
01:00:32> 01:00:35:	members easily come come on board or more easily come
01:00:35> 01:00:36:	on board.
01:00:36> 01:00:39:	I think when you stack the room, it it, it
01:00:39> 01:00:42:	often feels like a stack, like confrontational.
01:00:42> 01:00:44:	Yeah, exactly right, Tom.
01:00:44> 01:00:46:	One other thing I would just add is you asked
01:00:46> 01:00:48:	about bringing consultants on board, right?
01:00:49> 01:00:52:	I think having consultants help you with communication or press
01:00:52> 01:00:53:	releases or stuff is is good.
01:00:53> 01:00:56:	But I think when we're talking about taking kind of
01:00:56> 01:01:00:	an urban style development and developing in a suburban
	context,
01:01:00> 01:01:03:	it it it's, it's a little different than the urban,
01:01:03> 01:01:03:	right.
01:01:03> 01:01:06:	A lot of the urban processes are, you know, you
01:01:06> 01:01:09:	have land use attorneys and you have these folks that
01:01:09> 01:01:11:	are really doing the process for you here.
01:01:11> 01:01:13:	I mean, some of these larger projects, right?
01:01:13> 01:01:15:	Like ours is probably a 10 year project from first
01:01:15> 01:01:17:	LOI until stabilization.
01:01:17> 01:01:19:	And so you're really in there and you've created a
01:01:20> 01:01:22:	partnership not only with the staff and the electives, but
01:01:22> 01:01:24:	also just a level of trust with the neighbors.
01:01:25> 01:01:27:	So I do think that the developer being the lead
01:01:27> 01:01:31:	on like the public hearings and actually being the ones
01:01:31> 01:01:35:	that give that presentation critical creates that level of trust
01:01:35> 01:01:38:	that by having your land use attorney just do it.
01:01:38> 01:01:41:	It's just, it's just, it feels different, right?
01:01:41> 01:01:42:	Time for one quick question and then we'll do a
01:01:42> 01:01:43:	little wrap up.

01:01:43 --> 01:01:43: Sure. 01:01:43 --> 01:01:46: This one's Matt Keyadini with Oz Architecture. 01:01:47 --> 01:01:49: Where are you based out of Denver, Co? 01:01:50 --> 01:01:53: One of the, one of the things that we've seen 01:01:53 --> 01:01:57: in a lot of our practice is generational living, right, 01:01:57 --> 01:02:00: addressing that need to how as an older parent or 01:02:00 --> 01:02:03: provide daycare for young kids as you go to work, 01:02:03 --> 01:02:07: how are you, Tom, kind of addressing that within your 01:02:07 --> 01:02:08: communities? 01:02:08 --> 01:02:08: Yeah. 01:02:08 --> 01:02:10: So that's a great question. 01:02:11 --> 01:02:13: I can give use Katie and Matthews because that was 01:02:13 --> 01:02:14: the case study. 01:02:14 --> 01:02:16: But what we've done in Katie and Matthews, if we've 01:02:16 --> 01:02:17: tried to think about it comprehensively. 01:02:18 --> 01:02:22: So that community actually has just to throw some numbers 01:02:22 --> 01:02:25: out, 125 for sale single family and townhomes that are 01:02:26 --> 01:02:26: market rate. 01:02:27 --> 01:02:30: You know, we've got some attainable housing as well in 01:02:30 --> 01:02:33: that we have a 55 plus community which is for 01:02:33 --> 01:02:34: rent, active adult. 01:02:34 --> 01:02:36: But we also mix up the product type. 01:02:36 --> 01:02:38: So we have cottages there and we have flats. 01:02:38 --> 01:02:41: And then when you go to the apartments, one of 01:02:41 --> 01:02:43: the things that we committed with the town was not 01:02:43 --> 01:02:45: just to go out and build like the same building 01:02:45 --> 01:02:46: over and over again. 01:02:46 --> 01:02:48: So we have a mix of product in the apartment. 01:02:48 --> 01:02:52: So we have duplexes, we have some of those. 01:02:52 --> 01:02:54: Some folks here might be familiar with the big house 01:02:54 --> 01:02:57: that Humphreys does and we have some three story walk 01:02:57 --> 01:03:00: up and then we also have a mixed-use elevator building. 01:03:00 --> 01:03:03: So one of the thing that we're trying to do 01:03:03 --> 01:03:06: there is really diversify the housing products so that we 01:03:06 --> 01:03:08: can reach a broad range and target market for the 01:03:09 --> 01:03:09: housing. 01:03:10 --> 01:03:13: And then to your point on daycare is really how 01:03:13 --> 01:03:16: do we, since we're going to develop everything vertically outside 01:03:16 --> 01:03:19: of the for sale homes, we can really think through 01:03:19 --> 01:03:21: that tenant mix in the commercial component. 01:03:21 --> 01:03:24: And so do we incorporate a daycare component?

01:03:24> 01:03:28:	Do we incorporate service retail like lifestyle retail, restaurants, right.
01:03:29> 01:03:31:	And how do we curate the overall master plan so
01:03:31> 01:03:32:	it's cohesive.
01:03:32> 01:03:34:	So that's what we've been focused on at.
01:03:34> 01:03:38:	Kate and Matthews, one thing that and we'll, we'll wrap
01:03:38> 01:03:40:	up I think is about our time limit going back
01:03:40> 01:03:43:	to the, to the whole idea of engagement and 3rd
01:03:43> 01:03:43:	party.
01:03:43> 01:03:45:	One more you sort of ULI pitch.
01:03:45> 01:03:48:	So ULI has at the District Council level the TAP
01:03:48> 01:03:52:	program right where you do the technical assistance panels and
01:03:52> 01:03:56:	at the national level, we have the panel advisory service
01:03:56> 01:03:57:	programs.
01:03:57> 01:04:01:	And there are many examples of how the local communities,
01:04:01> 01:04:06:	public agencies in particular, sometimes developers may even joint venture
01:04:06> 01:04:10:	together to bring in ULI experts as third parties to,
01:04:10> 01:04:15:	to provide guidance to these communities that are undergoing change.
01:04:16> 01:04:18:	And so, you know, and APA does the same thing.
01:04:18> 01:04:19:	AIA has Roodat.
01:04:19> 01:04:22:	I mean, there's a number of different tools that are
01:04:22> 01:04:22:	available.
01:04:22> 01:04:25:	And, and just as Walter was showing and, and Kathy
01:04:25> 01:04:28:	and Tom showing their case studies, you can look through
01:04:28> 01:04:32:	UI's case study library and identify probably 10 or 15
01:04:32> 01:04:34:	or if not 100 projects that would match up with
01:04:34> 01:04:36:	what you're trying to do.
01:04:37> 01:04:39:	And, and part of one of the reasons I'm going
01:04:39> 01:04:42:	to come back to our product council, One of the
01:04:42> 01:04:45:	reasons why these product councils in particular in this topic,
01:04:45> 01:04:48:	which is really one that's in flux, where we don't
01:04:48> 01:04:51:	all have the same tool kit, the communities don't all
01:04:51> 01:04:52:	speak the same language.
01:04:53> 01:04:55:	What we're finding is we convene a few times a
01:04:55> 01:04:58:	year, is that we're able to kind of share this
01:04:58> 01:05:01:	information from, you know, what Walter's doing in New Rochelle
01:05:01> 01:05:04:	compared to what somebody else might be doing.
01:05:04> 01:05:06:	You're in Raleigh, right?
01:05:06> 01:05:10:	And you're the project we talked about last time, right?

01:05:10 --> 01:05:12: Yeah, looking at you. 01:05:12 --> 01:05:12: Yeah. 01:05:12 --> 01:05:12: Yeah. 01:05:12 --> 01:05:16: So, so, so anyway, so that that sharing of ideas 01:05:16 --> 01:05:17: is super important. 01:05:17 --> 01:05:20: So with that, I wanted to thank Kathy, Walter and 01:05:20 --> 01:05:22: Tom for their thoughts, their comments. 01:05:22 --> 01:05:25: Hopefully this was something that was valuable for you all 01:05:25 --> 01:05:27: to spend an hour this morning. And again, thank you very much for the opportunity. 01:05:28 --> 01:05:30: 01:05:30 --> 01:05:30: Thank you. 01:05:34 --> 01:05:35: All right, we're done. 01:05:36 --> 01:05:36: Good job.

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