

## Webinar

## Confronting COVID-19: Everything You Need To Know About Healthy Buildings

Date: April 21, 2020

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00:00:00 --> 00:00:03: Hi everyone, I'd like to welcome you to this web 00:00:03 --> 00:00:04: and R. 00:00:04 --> 00:00:06: I've got 102 so I think we'll go ahead and 00:00:07 --> 00:00:07: get started. 00:00:07 --> 00:00:09: Thank you for being here. 00:00:09 --> 00:00:13: I'm Rachel Mccleary and I'm senior vice president at the 00:00:13 --> 00:00:15: Urban Land is to Chudan. 00:00:15 --> 00:00:18: On behalf of you'll, I'd like to welcome you to 00:00:18 --> 00:00:21: this global webinar on the coronavirus. 00:00:21 --> 00:00:23: Human beings spend up to 90% 00:00:23 --> 00:00:26: of our lives indoors, so it's no surprise that the 00:00:26 --> 00:00:27: buildings where we live, 00:00:27 --> 00:00:30: work, and play have a major impact on our health, 00:00:30 --> 00:00:33: productivity, and overall well being. 00:00:33 --> 00:00:35: And in the era of the coronavirus, 00:00:35 --> 00:00:38: healthy buildings are more important than ever. 00:00:38 --> 00:00:42: Evidence is emerging that building strategies play an important role 00:00:42 --> 00:00:45: in reducing the pace of the spread of the virus 00:00:45 --> 00:00:48: and healthy buildings will continue to be important as people 00:00:48 --> 00:00:51: contemplate a return to office is an shop San. 00:00:51 --> 00:00:55: Other buildings, so today we'll hear from 2 leading experts 00:00:55 --> 00:00:59: on healthy buildings and will spend a lot of time 00:00:59 --> 00:01:00: answering your questions. 00:01:00 --> 00:01:04: The Urban Land Institute is a research and education nonprofit

If you're new to you'll I welcome you.

worldwide.

whose mission is to provide leadership in the responsible use

of land and in creating and sustaining thriving communities

00:01:16> 00:01:20:	Will I launch the building Healthy Places Initiative in 2013
00:01:20> 00:01:22:	out of a recognition that place?
00:01:22> 00:01:25:	Shapes health and through the years we've worked to leverage
00:01:25> 00:01:29:	the power of utilized global networks to shape projects in
00:01:29> 00:01:31:	places in ways that improve the health of people and
00:01:31> 00:01:35:	communities. And it worked with thousands of you line members
00:01:35> 00:01:38:	and their partners to explore the intersections of health,
00:01:38> 00:01:39:	social equity and real estate.
00:01:39> 00:01:42:	It is become clear in the past two months at
00:01:42> 00:01:45:	the world and the real estate industry are being forever
00:01:45> 00:01:46:	changed by this pandemic.
00:01:46> 00:01:48:	And as we emerge from this crisis,
00:01:48> 00:01:52:	many things will be different and expectations and perspectives will
00:01:52> 00:01:53:	shift.
00:01:53> 00:01:55:	How will potential tenants evaluate buildings?
00:01:55> 00:01:58:	What will investors look for in the buildings that they
00:01:58> 00:02:01:	are investing in and what role will buildings and real
00:02:01> 00:02:05:	estate companies guided by leaders annualy members like all of
00:02:05> 00:02:08:	you, play in forging a brighter and healthier future for
00:02:08> 00:02:11:	the United States in the world.
00:02:11> 00:02:13:	We know that this is a very challenging time for
00:02:13> 00:02:14:	you.
00:02:14> 00:02:17:	My members are partners and their colleagues and families.
00:02:17> 00:02:19:	You lie is committed to doing all we can to
00:02:19> 00:02:21:	support our members and partners.
00:02:21> 00:02:25:	As you navigate this difficult and ever changing New world,
00:02:25> 00:02:28:	we at you lie and building healthy places have been
00:02:28> 00:02:31:	so grateful for your engagement and your insights and we
00:02:31> 00:02:33:	have looked to all of the work that you are
00:02:33> 00:02:35:	doing to help your tenants,
00:02:35> 00:02:38:	colleagues and communities with an appreciation.
00:02:38> 00:02:42:	History and our current experience has shown that in the
00:02:42> 00:02:43:	midst of disaster,
00:02:43> 00:02:47:	people become altruistic, resourceful and brave and in disaster people
00:02:47> 00:02:50:	can find community and purpose and it is the profound
00:02:50> 00:02:54:	hope of building healthy places that out of this Crucible
00:02:54> 00:02:57:	this country can forge a future that is more fair,
00:02:57> 00:03:02:	more just, and more filled with opportunity for all.

00:03:02> 00:03:04:	Our goal with this web and R series.
00:03:04> 00:03:06:	Another coronavirus information and programming,
00:03:06> 00:03:09:	is to give you insights and information that will help
00:03:09> 00:03:12:	you do all you can to help prevent the spread
00:03:12> 00:03:12:	of the virus.
00:03:12> 00:03:16:	To navigate the business and planning impacts and to help
00:03:16> 00:03:19:	mitigate the impact of this crisis on communities and vulnerable
00:03:19> 00:03:19:	people.
00:03:19> 00:03:22:	We hope that the information in this web and R
00:03:22> 00:03:25:	and other resources from you will I will help you
00:03:25> 00:03:28:	as you lie Members and their partners to assist cities
00:03:28> 00:03:31:	and communities in navigating the pandemic and rebuild it in
00:03:31> 00:03:32:	ways afterwards.
00:03:32> 00:03:36:	That foster social equity and provide opportunity for all so
00:03:36> 00:03:39:	you lie is compiling information relevant to the real estate
00:03:40> 00:03:45:	industry on our issue page at ui.org/COVID-19 and we continue
00:03:45> 00:03:48:	to update the Urban Land Magazine web page.
00:03:48> 00:03:52:	All of our pages are updated regularly and include links
00:03:52> 00:03:54:	to a range of UI resources.
00:03:54> 00:03:56:	So we're sharing this web and R and all related
00:03:56> 00:04:00:	content in the spirit of information sharing and education,
00:04:00> 00:04:03:	please see the statement for further important disclaimers.
00:04:03> 00:04:06:	So today's webinar is focused on healthy buildings.
00:04:06> 00:04:09:	It will feature a robust Q&A session with our speakers.
00:04:09> 00:04:13:	Upcoming webinars in our series on the pandemic include the
00:04:13> 00:04:14:	one next week,
00:04:14> 00:04:16:	resiliency and the new normal,
00:04:16> 00:04:18:	which will features speakers Jonathan Rosemark,
00:04:18> 00:04:21:	Welsman, Broad Oxirane and Anna Lynch,
00:04:21> 00:04:24:	and after that we'll be exploring parks and open spaces.
00:04:24> 00:04:26:	The following week will clean some insights.
00:04:26> 00:04:29:	Formula State leaders in Asia and all webinars are linked
00:04:29> 00:04:34:	to on the ui.org/COVID-19 issue page and archives and can
00:04:34> 00:04:35:	be found on Knowledge Finder.
00:04:35> 00:04:38:	Webinars are being recorded on a recording of this webinar
00:04:38> 00:04:41:	will be shared by email with registrants and will also
00:04:41> 00:04:44:	be posted on the web and content from past few.
00:04:44> 00:04:47:	Live webinars can be found on Knowledge Finder.
00:04:47> 00:04:50:	Next, slide so for today's webinar format is a little
00:04:50> 00:04:51:	different from usual,

00:04:51> 00:04:54:	so we'll have a brief presentation from our speakers,
00:04:54> 00:04:58:	followed by a good chunk of time answering your questions
00:04:58> 00:04:59:	about healthy buildings,
00:04:59> 00:05:02:	strategies for controlling the spread of the disease,
00:05:02> 00:05:05:	and what we can expect from real estate responses in
00:05:05> 00:05:06:	the future.
00:05:06> 00:05:07:	So here are speakers for today.
00:05:07> 00:05:10:	Joe and John recently coauthored a new book,
00:05:10> 00:05:14:	Healthy buildings, How indoor Spaces drive performance and Productivity,
00:05:14> 00:05:16:	which is being released today.
00:05:16> 00:05:19:	Joseph Allen, as an assistant professor at the Harvard TH.
00:05:19> 00:05:23:	Chan School of Public Health who began his career conducting
00:05:23> 00:05:26:	forensic health investigations and sick buildings at Harvard.
00:05:26> 00:05:30:	He directs the Healthy Buildings Program and his work has
00:05:30> 00:05:33:	been featured widely in the popular press and he has
00:05:33> 00:05:36:	helped shed light on important virus related questions in a
00:05:36> 00:05:38:	number of articles in recent weeks.
00:05:38> 00:05:42:	More information on his research can be found at www.fourhealth.org.
00:05:42> 00:05:44:	John Mccumber is a Co.
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	Author of the Healthy buildings book with Joanne is a
00:05:47> 00:05:51:	senior lecturer in the finance unit at Harvard Business School.
00:05:51> 00:05:55:	His professional background includes leadership of real estate,
00:05:55> 00:06:00:	construction, construction services and information technology businesses at HBS.
00:06:00> 00:06:02:	Mr Mccumber is engaged in the business,
00:06:02> 00:06:06:	an environment initiative and social enterprise initiative,
00:06:06> 00:06:08:	and he is a longtime you'll I member,
00:06:08> 00:06:10:	an leader. So thank you,
00:06:10> 00:06:12:	Joanne John. You can take it away.
00:06:12> 00:06:15:	All great. Welcome everybody an Rachel thank you,
00:06:15> 00:06:19:	terrific introduction and you know I I'm an optimist and
00:06:19> 00:06:22:	so I'm really glad you started with that comment about.
00:06:22> 00:06:24:	Resiliency in the time of crisis.
00:06:24> 00:06:28:	I'm a believer in our the resiliency and human spirit
00:06:28> 00:06:31:	here and our ability to come through this together.
00:06:31> 00:06:33:	John and I are really glad to be part of
00:06:33> 00:06:34:	this.
00:06:34> 00:06:36:	This web and R in the building,

00:06:38 --> 00:06:39: our book came out today. 00:06:39 --> 00:06:42: It's wonderful to see John to be talking with him, 00:06:42 --> 00:06:45: collaborator, colleague and good friends. 00:06:45 --> 00:06:48: So this is a delight to participate today. 00:06:48 --> 00:06:49: So thank you and John. 00:06:49 --> 00:06:52: I share the goal as as of getting through some 00:06:52 --> 00:06:52: content. 00:06:52 --> 00:06:55: Rather quickly, because we really want to get to the 00:06:55 --> 00:06:59: discussion point here to start answering the questions that we've 00:06:59 --> 00:06:59: been. 00:06:59 --> 00:07:00: You know that you have an. 00:07:00 --> 00:07:02: We've been hearing some things too, 00:07:02 --> 00:07:04: so we'll try to shed some insight there. 00:07:04 --> 00:07:06: Get get through this together. 00:07:06 --> 00:07:09: I've been opening my presentation for the past three years 00:07:09 --> 00:07:10: asking this question. 00:07:10 --> 00:07:12: Why are we ignoring the 90% 00:07:12 --> 00:07:13: and Rachel talked about this, 00:07:13 --> 00:07:15: but really, the 90% comes from this idea, 00:07:15 --> 00:07:18: not this idea. This reality that we are an indoor 00:07:18 --> 00:07:19: species. 00:07:19 --> 00:07:21: We spend nearly all of our time indoors, 00:07:21 --> 00:07:23: and maybe I'd say more so than ever. 00:07:23 --> 00:07:26: We're starting to appreciate. Just what that means, 00:07:26 --> 00:07:29: as many of us are isolated and locked down and 00:07:30 --> 00:07:33: stay home to help do our part in this social 00:07:33 --> 00:07:38: distancing and flatten the curve approach with this virus. 00:07:38 --> 00:07:41: I'm often asked audiences to play little game here and 00:07:41 --> 00:07:43: take your age and multiply it by .9, 00:07:43 --> 00:07:45: and you're lucky this is on zoom, 00:07:45 --> 00:07:48: 'cause usually I call somebody out and it's a double 00:07:49 --> 00:07:52: whammy because you have to disclose your age and do 00:07:52 --> 00:07:52: public Maps. 00:07:52 --> 00:07:55: And nobody likes either of those, 00:07:55 --> 00:07:57: so nobody ever volunteers. I just do myself. 00:07:57 --> 00:08:00: So I'm 44. That means my indoor age is 40 00:08:00 --> 00:08:02: and 40 years of my life indoors now. 00:08:02 --> 00:08:05: If I if I ask you all what constitutes healthy 00:08:05 --> 00:08:06: living, 00:08:06 --> 00:08:09: I bet everyone would give the same kind of answers.

Healthy Places series. And yeah,

00:06:36 --> 00:06:38:

00.00.03> 00.00.11.	Tod know, we know we have to exercise it doesn't
00:08:11> 00:08:12:	tell me what a healthy lunch.
00:08:12> 00:08:14:	Looks like outdoor air pollution is bad for us.
00:08:14> 00:08:16:	I think very few people would be able to tell
00:08:16> 00:08:19:	us or describe where the first thought that would come
00:08:19> 00:08:20:	to their head is this place.
00:08:20> 00:08:22:	We spend all of our time how's the indoor environment
00:08:22> 00:08:24:	influencing our health?
00:08:24> 00:08:26:	The big gap in our knowledge about healthy living.
00:08:26> 00:08:28:	We did a series of studies I would call the
00:08:28> 00:08:31:	Cogat sex studies that looked at the influence of indoor
00:08:31> 00:08:32:	environments on cognitive function.
00:08:32> 00:08:35:	Higher order, decision making performance and I'm only going to
00:08:35> 00:08:38:	talk about it briefly here to rate is to highlight
00:08:38> 00:08:40:	something about the power of the indoor environment and it's
00:08:40> 00:08:43:	something we talked about extensively in our book and other
00:08:43> 00:08:44:	writings with John.
00:08:44> 00:08:45:	So we took knowledge workers.
00:08:45> 00:08:48:	We had them work their normal nine to five routine
00:08:48> 00:08:50:	in that cubicle environment that you see pictured there and
00:08:50> 00:08:53:	what they didn't know with these employees that we were
00:08:53> 00:08:55:	changing the air they were breathing.
00:08:55> 00:08:58:	In subtle ways and all we did was change the
00:08:58> 00:08:59:	amount of carbon dioxide,
00:08:59> 00:09:02:	the amount of fresh air coming in,
00:09:02> 00:09:06:	and the amount of EOC's common chemicals that are all
00:09:06> 00:09:09:	around us off gas off all sorts of materials.
00:09:09> 00:09:11:	Here's what we found at the end of the day
00:09:11> 00:09:15:	we administer this cognitive function test and we find that
00:09:15> 00:09:19:	across 9 cognitive function domains we find greater performance across
00:09:19> 00:09:21:	domains like strategy, crisis response,
00:09:21> 00:09:24:	how they utilized and search for information,
00:09:24> 00:09:26:	and so the key takeaway from this study.
00:09:26> 00:09:28:	It's quite simple. It's a double blinded study.
00:09:28> 00:09:32:	It's quite robust, but the indoor environment it could take
00:09:32> 00:09:35:	away the indoor environment has this big impact on her
00:09:35> 00:09:38:	health just by manipulating a handful of variables to make
00:09:38> 00:09:40:	the air a little bit better.
00:09:40> 00:09:44:	Uh, an reaching conditions that many buildings if not most
00:09:44> 00:09:45:	contained right now.

**00:08:09 --> 00:08:11:** You know, we know we have to exercise it doesn't

00:09:45> 00:09:48:	Of course, we don't need that study to tell us
00:09:48> 00:09:50:	the importance of indoor air here,
00:09:50> 00:09:53:	I mentioned I bring up Alice Hamilton.
00:09:53> 00:09:55:	She was the first female professor at Harvard.
00:09:55> 00:09:59:	I find myself unbelievably in her lineages in the same
00:09:59> 00:10:01:	Department in the same program.
00:10:01> 00:10:04:	And now I'm the deputy director of that same same
00:10:04> 00:10:05:	field of study.
00:10:05> 00:10:09:	So it's quite humbling, brilliant scientists here and I pulled
00:10:09> 00:10:10:	up the quotes.
00:10:10> 00:10:11:	She says for you know,
00:10:11> 00:10:14:	no one thought it was no one thought airborne contaminants
00:10:14> 00:10:17:	were actually having an influence on people and she put
00:10:17> 00:10:20:	it all together and was really one of the first
00:10:20> 00:10:23:	to start implementing workplace controls.
00:10:23> 00:10:28:	To reduce occupational risks. Using the building and ventilation system,
00:10:28> 00:10:30:	we've also known for a very long time the value
00:10:30> 00:10:33:	that fresh outdoor air has in terms of infectious disease.
00:10:33> 00:10:35:	Here I put up this quote from Florence Nightingale,
00:10:35> 00:10:39:	but if you look at the history of ventilation rate.
00:10:39> 00:10:43:	And the standards that they are that define what's an
00:10:43> 00:10:46:	acceptable amount of outdoor air that comes in.
00:10:46> 00:10:48:	For decades in the early 1900s,
00:10:48> 00:10:53:	these ventilation standards were set based on infectious disease.
00:10:53> 00:10:56:	I'll change the 70 engineer started take over and say,
00:10:56> 00:11:00:	well, let's base these ventilation rates on energy savings.
00:11:00> 00:11:03:	So ventilation rates and actually a lot of our strategies
00:11:03> 00:11:07:	and buildings that were once designed for health and infectious
00:11:07> 00:11:07:	disease.
00:11:07> 00:11:11:	Have been changed over the past several decades and now
00:11:11> 00:11:12:	once we've changed that,
00:11:12> 00:11:15:	we've ushered in this era of sick building syndrome.
00:11:15> 00:11:19:	In that we actually know a lot about how buildings
00:11:19> 00:11:23:	and our built environment can be leveraged to protect us.
00:11:23> 00:11:25:	And of course, if you look at SARS Co.
00:11:25> 00:11:27:	V2, the virus that causes COVID-19,
00:11:27> 00:11:31:	there are many examples already from this virus of how
00:11:31> 00:11:34:	that building and how it's performing can either protect or
00:11:34> 00:11:36:	make conditions worse.
00:11:36> 00:11:39:	We can look at the outbreaks on the cruise ships,
	• •

00:11:42 --> 00:11:43: In fact, all senior homes. 00:11:43 --> 00:11:47: Quite a tragedy. But we have to correct fast. 00:11:47 --> 00:11:51: Uh, we see buildings that are are promoting or certainly 00:11:51 --> 00:11:53: not protecting against disease. 00:11:53 --> 00:11:56: We've known that for a long time with measles, 00:11:56 --> 00:12:00: another in fact. Other recent coronavirus epidemics like SARS, 00:12:00 --> 00:12:04: the first stars and MERS I've done in forensic investigations 00:12:04 --> 00:12:07: for a long time in my career I used to 00:12:07 --> 00:12:10: lead the investigations of Legionnaires' 00:12:10 --> 00:12:14: disease outbreaks in hospitals and I mentioned that because. 00:12:14 --> 00:12:17: There are some. It's a similarity to what we're seeing 00:12:17 --> 00:12:19: now on a global scale, 00:12:19 --> 00:12:20: in that people are dying. 00:12:20 --> 00:12:23: Lives are at risk. Their huge financial stakes. 00:12:23 --> 00:12:25: We have impartial and imperfect data. 00:12:25 --> 00:12:28: Yet we have to make decisions based on the best 00:12:28 --> 00:12:30: available data we have. 00:12:30 --> 00:12:32: The good news is that we can do this. 00:12:32 --> 00:12:34: In fact, we've done it all the time and never 00:12:34 --> 00:12:37: come across a building that couldn't be made better or 00:12:37 --> 00:12:37: safe. 00:12:37 --> 00:12:39: If we apply these basics of exposure, 00:12:39 --> 00:12:42: an risk science. And here's where we've been advancing some of the science that comes from decades of framework that's 00:12:42 --> 00:12:45: 00:12:45 --> 00:12:48: used for decades in the Occupational health world. 00:12:48 --> 00:12:50: And this is what we call the hierarchy of controls. 00:12:50 --> 00:12:52: And here John and I have reoriented. 00:12:52 --> 00:12:54: This will start at the bottom. 00:12:54 --> 00:12:56: But the first thing in the controls hierarchy here is 00:12:56 --> 00:12:58: to eliminate the exposure. 00:12:58 --> 00:13:00: Sure, we can do that by all working from home. 00:13:00 --> 00:13:03: A good strategy. It's not the strategy to re populate 00:13:03 --> 00:13:05: our buildings to restart the economy, 00:13:05 --> 00:13:08: but some sort of the workforce maybe can do that. 00:13:08 --> 00:13:10: The next one is substitution of activity. 00:13:10 --> 00:13:12: So who are the core people? 00:13:12 --> 00:13:14: They have to go back to your buildings to restart 00:13:14 --> 00:13:16: your your company, 00:13:16 --> 00:13:18: the next one there is engineering controls.

the Biogen conference, the Kirkland Senior Home.

00:11:39 --> 00:11:42:

00:13:18> 00:13:20:	This is where healthy buildings come in.
00:13:20> 00:13:23:	These are the strategies you can deploy or leverage your
00:13:23> 00:13:25:	building to help fight the disease.
00:13:25> 00:13:27:	Increase the ventilation rate, enhance filtration,
00:13:27> 00:13:30:	use a portable air purifiers and some other techniques.
00:13:30> 00:13:33:	Then we move up the list administrative controls.
00:13:33> 00:13:36:	Think about how you going to densify your building.
00:13:36> 00:13:37:	Can you go to AB days?
00:13:37> 00:13:38:	Can you go go to shifts?
00:13:38> 00:13:41:	What rules you would force in terms of social distancing
00:13:41> 00:13:42:	and very last is PPE.
00:13:42> 00:13:45:	This is personal protective equipment like wearing a mask and
00:13:45> 00:13:46:	l'm.
00:13:46> 00:13:49:	Certain that we will see mask wearing in common areas
00:13:49> 00:13:50:	of buildings and elevators.
00:13:50> 00:13:54:	What's really interesting here is that not one any one
00:13:54> 00:13:54:	of these.
00:13:54> 00:13:56:	Does the trick alone, right?
00:13:56> 00:13:59:	We have to be very clear that there's no such
00:13:59> 00:13:59:	thing.
00:13:59> 00:14:02:	Is there risk? So the goal here is this layered
00:14:03> 00:14:03:	defense.
00:14:03> 00:14:06:	We use several. We use every control to attack all
00:14:06> 00:14:09:	of the different modes of transmission for this virus,
00:14:09> 00:14:12:	with the goldmic goal of reducing for minimizing risk in
00:14:12> 00:14:13:	the building.
00:14:13> 00:14:15:	After we think about the stars,
00:14:15> 00:14:17:	Kobe 2 issue, I think it's natural.
00:14:17> 00:14:19:	I think we should be thinking about what comes next
00:14:19> 00:14:22:	and hear the healthy buildings program.
00:14:22> 00:14:25:	The school Public Health, recently called the Nine Foundations of
00:14:25> 00:14:26:	a healthy building.
00:14:26> 00:14:30:	40 years of science underpinning these foundational elements of what
00:14:30> 00:14:32:	constitutes a healthy building.
00:14:32> 00:14:34:	So as we think about what we should be doing
00:14:34> 00:14:35:	for.
00:14:35> 00:14:38:	Control of infectious disease. We should also be cogs into
00:14:38> 00:14:42:	thinking about what's coming next and what else we shoot.
00:14:42> 00:14:45:	Should we be doing to optimize the performance of our
00:14:45> 00:14:47:	buildings and people in indoor environments?

00:14:47> 00:14:50:	So I'll hand this off to John and then we'll
00:14:50> 00:14:51:	come back.
00:14:51> 00:14:53:	I'll come back for question and answer too,
00:14:53> 00:14:56:	thanks. Thank you Joe. I I enjoy every time listening
00:14:56> 00:14:58:	to you talk about this again.
00:14:58> 00:15:01:	And for viewers this kog affect study where they changed
00:15:02> 00:15:05:	the air quality in people's offices and it changed the
00:15:05> 00:15:05:	output.
00:15:05> 00:15:07:	Was really interesting to me.
00:15:07> 00:15:09:	I'm real estate guy, I'm office landlord.
00:15:09> 00:15:13:	I'm also Italy restaurant landlord and that's you happy about
00:15:13> 00:15:13:	that right now.
00:15:13> 00:15:16:	But the idea that the indoor air can really influence
00:15:16> 00:15:19:	how people behave was what attracted me and Joe to
00:15:19> 00:15:20:	work together.
00:15:20> 00:15:23:	Of course, now I'm academia so will talk a little
00:15:23> 00:15:26:	bit about what we think that healthy buildings movement
	stemmed
00:15:26> 00:15:28:	from where we think that it is going.
00:15:28> 00:15:31:	So in our book we talk about these 10 global
00:15:31> 00:15:32:	mega changes.
00:15:32> 00:15:34:	This is pre covid but it applies very much right
00:15:34> 00:15:35:	now,
00:15:35> 00:15:37:	the first one being changing populations.
00:15:37> 00:15:40:	And this is the phenomenon of huge migration as hundreds
00:15:40> 00:15:43:	of millions of people move to cities all over the
00:15:43> 00:15:45:	world seeking opportunity,
00:15:45> 00:15:48:	you're getting away from climate issues or seeking jobs.
00:15:48> 00:15:50:	The second is around changing cities.
00:15:50> 00:15:51:	As cities become more dense,
00:15:51> 00:15:53:	for better or for worse,
00:15:53> 00:15:55:	as we're seeing in the current situation,
00:15:55> 00:15:57:	the third is run changing resources.
00:15:57> 00:15:58:	So in the big picture,
00:15:58> 00:16:01:	while all these people are moving to cities,
00:16:01> 00:16:05:	there also are existing and worsening resource shortages like not
00:16:05> 00:16:05:	know,
00:16:05> 00:16:07:	clean air, not enough clean water,
00:16:07> 00:16:09:	not enough land, not enough food,
00:16:09> 00:16:11:	not enough energy, too much garbage.
00:16:11> 00:16:14:	Too much traffic. All this has to be addressed later

00:16:14> 00:16:15:	on to this.
00:16:15> 00:16:18:	The impact of a potentially changing climate.
00:16:18> 00:16:19:	Anna done a lot of work at you.
00:16:19> 00:16:22:	Lie with Rachel Ann, Billy Grayson,
00:16:22> 00:16:26:	others around climate resilience, adaptation to phenomena and perils like
00:16:26> 00:16:27:	see Rise wildfires,
00:16:27> 00:16:31:	floods, drought. All those things are happening in the context
00:16:31> 00:16:34:	of the first 41 would hope that what would happen
00:16:34> 00:16:37:	then is that governments would go ahead and tax this
00:16:37> 00:16:41:	properly and spend on the infrastructure we need to defend
00:16:41> 00:16:42:	US against these things,
00:16:42> 00:16:45:	but. This all requires consensus and I don't know if
00:16:45> 00:16:47:	you follow American politics that closely,
00:16:47> 00:16:51:	but the idea of government working with consensus isn't necessarily
00:16:51> 00:16:52:	obvious,
00:16:52> 00:16:54:	so there for work through the private sector.
00:16:54> 00:16:57:	How can the private sector you allied type people help
00:16:57> 00:16:58:	with these issues?
00:16:58> 00:17:00:	There's also phenomenon we can talk about more,
00:17:00> 00:17:04:	which in my infrastructure course I call the infrastructure paradox,
00:17:04> 00:17:07:	meaning that while all these issues
00:17:07> 00:17:08:	beside us in the world,
00:17:08> 00:17:11:	there is trillions, 10s of trillions of dollars,
00:17:11> 00:17:14:	a few less than there was three weeks ago,
00:17:14> 00:17:17:	but still 10s of trillions of dollars in the global
00:17:17> 00:17:18:	financial system,
00:17:18> 00:17:21:	earning almost zero yield. So how can these kinds of
00:17:21> 00:17:25:	assets be dedicated to products and projects that are cash
00:17:25> 00:17:26:	flow positive?
00:17:26> 00:17:28:	Add on to this changing definition of health,
00:17:28> 00:17:31:	and when Joe and I initially wrote the book,
00:17:31> 00:17:35:	we were thinking about People's General awareness of fitness and
00:17:35> 00:17:38:	of air quality in those kind of things will now
00:17:38> 00:17:42:	it's become blazingly obvious to everybody that this issue of
00:17:42> 00:17:46:	pandemic exists. And even if there are both vaccine and
00:17:46> 00:17:47:	a cure for COVID-19,
00:17:47> 00:17:50:	there will be another one and people are not going
00:17:50> 00:17:54:	to forget that these kind of viruses occur and they
00:17:54> 00:17:57:	rage around in the world and there in our face.

00:17:57> 00:17:59:	Add to this the ongoing think,
00:17:59> 00:18:02:	thought about the changing nature of buildings,
00:18:02> 00:18:05:	and I'm not quite going to admit that I remember
00:18:05> 00:18:09:	when elevators or rubber roofs or air conditioning became ubiquitous,
00:18:09> 00:18:13:	but building change and the idea that buildings can be
00:18:13> 00:18:15:	green is now mainstream in independence.
00:18:15> 00:18:17:	Can be healthy is mainstream.
00:18:17> 00:18:20:	It's not clear that a totally locked down energy efficient
00:18:20> 00:18:23:	building is necessarily the most healthy building,
00:18:23> 00:18:26:	and so part of what we're thinking about is the
00:18:26> 00:18:28:	evolution from thinking.
00:18:28> 00:18:31:	But a building that uses little energy and not too
00:18:31> 00:18:32:	many rainforests.
00:18:32> 00:18:35:	Woods can also be thought of as a building that
00:18:35> 00:18:38:	is very healthy for the occupants indoors,
00:18:38> 00:18:40:	particularly in terms of sunlight,
00:18:40> 00:18:43:	fresh air, and some of those simple things.
00:18:43> 00:18:46:	We always knew that they work with the nature of
00:18:46> 00:18:47:	work was changing,
00:18:47> 00:18:49:	and it's been very accelerated now,
00:18:49> 00:18:52:	and it's not clear to any of us on the
00:18:52> 00:18:55:	call or anybody in the world whether the work from
00:18:55> 00:18:57:	home issue is going back into the can,
00:18:57> 00:19:01:	or whether the. The in person education phenomenon is going
00:19:01> 00:19:05:	to replicate itself or whether we are going to even
00:19:05> 00:19:09:	go to big events like sporting events and concerts anymore,
00:19:09> 00:19:13:	but the changing nature of work and working with symbols
00:19:13> 00:19:17:	and working with thoughts is clearly an issue that is
00:19:17> 00:19:19:	highlighted in covid time.
00:19:19> 00:19:24:	In terms of changing technology which only initially wrote this
00:19:24> 00:19:24:	book,
00:19:24> 00:19:27:	we were thinking about technologies like filtration,
00:19:27> 00:19:31:	like better ventilation, like being able to sense when there
00:19:31> 00:19:35:	were gases in the environment and those kind of things.
00:19:35> 00:19:39:	Now we see in covid time changing technologies like
00:19:39> 00:19:43:	ubiquitous use of thermal detection as people walk through buildings,
00:19:43> 00:19:46:	use of monitors of your temperature as you walk around,
00:19:46> 00:19:48:	you sit in door.
00:19:48> 00:19:52:	Air quality monitors that are personalized and people can tie
00:19:52> 00:19:56:	together into a wide network of people sharing information

	about
00:19:56> 00:19:58:	what their condition is of their office.
00:19:58> 00:20:02:	So all these aspects of technology are changing in ways
00:20:02> 00:20:05:	that are undetermined about whether the tenants will wind up
00:20:06> 00:20:09:	having control of the technology because they are using their
00:20:09> 00:20:14:	individual air quality monitors or their landlords might think of
00:20:14> 00:20:16:	installing thermal sensors and.
00:20:16> 00:20:20:	Facial recognition in elevators. See who's coming in the building,
00:20:20> 00:20:23:	or whether the government is going to do that very
00:20:23> 00:20:24:	much up in the air.
00:20:24> 00:20:27:	And finally the question of changing values and so at
00:20:27> 00:20:28:	the time we wrote the book.
00:20:28> 00:20:31:	Larry Fink from BlackRock was just just wrote the 1st
00:20:31> 00:20:33:	of a series of famous letters about ESG,
00:20:33> 00:20:37:	environmental sustainability and governance, kind of goals in corporations,
00:20:37> 00:20:39:	and those were changing values.
00:20:39> 00:20:42:	It looks like one of the changing values for the
00:20:42> 00:20:43:	next couple of years.
00:20:43> 00:20:45:	It's going to be plain old survival,
00:20:45> 00:20:47:	because clearly we're going into a deep.
00:20:47> 00:20:50:	Economic recession and there will be a question about whether
00:20:50> 00:20:51:	the values are just.
00:20:51> 00:20:53:	How do we keep our company afloat?
00:20:53> 00:20:54:	Do we think about ESG,
00:20:54> 00:20:57:	and in particular, how do we think about populations who
00:20:58> 00:21:00:	are much more exposed to some of these perils and
00:21:00> 00:21:03:	don't have the same capability to address them?
00:21:03> 00:21:04:	That some of us do on this call?
00:21:04> 00:21:07:	So those are the 10 trends that we were thinking
00:21:07> 00:21:10:	about in several of them have really been highlighted in
00:21:10> 00:21:11:	covid time.
00:21:11> 00:21:13:	So what now, what next part of it is,
00:21:13> 00:21:15:	we think that if you were a landlord or tenant,
00:21:15> 00:21:18:	company employees, or interviewed in your building.
00:21:18> 00:21:21:	Or apartment renters are insuring your building as well.
00:21:21> 00:21:24:	These are real quotes that we've been collecting from people
00:21:24> 00:21:27:	out in the world on sites like for example Glassdoor.
00:21:27> 00:21:29:	People talk about their companies,
00:21:29> 00:21:31:	or as we interview people.
00:21:31> 00:21:34:	One person said coronavirus is finally showing the company

how 00:21:34 --> 00:21:37: flawed it is with outdated technology management style. 00:21:37 --> 00:21:40: What's the point of having 2000 to 3000 people in 00:21:40 --> 00:21:41: office with recirculated air? 00:21:41 --> 00:21:44: How is this different than being in a virus infected 00:21:44 --> 00:21:46: cruise ship for 8 1/2 hours a day, 00:21:46 --> 00:21:49: five days a week? I'd be thinking pretty hard if 00:21:49 --> 00:21:51: I was a claims processing company. 00:21:51 --> 00:21:53: Or a back office company with a lot of people 00:21:53 --> 00:21:56: side by side doing work like this and the employees 00:21:56 --> 00:21:58: are now thinking is this where I want to go 00:21:58 --> 00:22:01: back to work or the alternative side that management has 00:22:01 --> 00:22:04: taken the lead in handling the COVID-19 situation with health 00:22:04 --> 00:22:08: and safety of his entire workforce being the utmost importance 00:22:08 --> 00:22:11: in the face of the current situation that couldn't be 00:22:11 --> 00:22:13: happier with how the company is responding. 00:22:13 --> 00:22:16: Which one of these companies is going to wind up 00:22:16 --> 00:22:19: attracting the best employees and keeping the best employees? 00:22:19 --> 00:22:21: So unfortunately in covid time? 00:22:21 --> 00:22:25: Now, the healthy workplace and a demonstrably healthy building aren't 00:22:25 --> 00:22:26: really just nice to haves. 00:22:26 --> 00:22:29: We think they're going to be absolutely must haves. 00:22:29 --> 00:22:32: This will be that the floor at which your company 00:22:32 --> 00:22:34: can expect to perform going forward. 00:22:34 --> 00:22:38: How will these employees know what their quality is beyond 00:22:38 --> 00:22:40: just their perception of it? 00:22:40 --> 00:22:43: How will they share that information yet to be seen? But as I mentioned before, 00:22:43 --> 00:22:44: 00:22:44 --> 00:22:47: it is possible for everybody to have a low cost 00:22:47 --> 00:22:48: to air quality monitor, 00:22:48 --> 00:22:50: which they titled their self, 00:22:50 --> 00:22:53: their mobile phone or to their Android device or their 00:22:53 --> 00:22:53: Samsung. 00:22:53 --> 00:22:56: It can also touch their Fitbit if they want to and share real time health and fitness information into the 00:22:56 --> 00:22:59: 00:22:59 --> 00:23:01: cloud for an entity to digest. 00:23:01 --> 00:23:04: If it chooses to. So how you know this is

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If you thinking as a landlord or tenant organization or

working?

maybe an investor,

00:23:04 --> 00:23:04:

00:23:04 --> 00:23:07:

00:23:07 --> 00:23:08:

00:23:08> 00:23:11:	Joe and I have been talking about healthy buildings.
00:23:11> 00:23:15:	We believe that there's a series of health performance
	indicators
00:23:15> 00:23:18:	that are going to let you know if you're building
00:23:18> 00:23:19:	really is healthy,
00:23:19> 00:23:22:	so you can look at this as an occupant or
00:23:22> 00:23:24:	as a landlord or as a tenant,
00:23:24> 00:23:26:	or as an investor or as a designer.
00:23:26> 00:23:29:	In the next slide shows what we think these are
00:23:29> 00:23:29:	zero,
00:23:29> 00:23:32:	the lagging indicators on the left are the ones you
00:23:32> 00:23:34:	learn about afterwards.
00:23:34> 00:23:37:	The leading indicators on the right or the ones you
00:23:37> 00:23:39:	can think about ahead of time.
00:23:39> 00:23:42:	The top row are direct aspects of how individual human
00:23:42> 00:23:42:	beings,
00:23:42> 00:23:45:	how people are perceiving the space.
00:23:45> 00:23:47:	And we say direct 'cause this is what we care
00:23:47> 00:23:47:	about,
00:23:47> 00:23:50:	although it tends to be very hard to measure and
00:23:50> 00:23:52:	the bottom half are the indirect aspects,
00:23:52> 00:23:55:	meaning the building because the quest isn't really to have
00:23:55> 00:23:56:	a healthy building.
00:23:56> 00:23:59:	I'm not that worried about the vapor barrier in my
00:23:59> 00:24:01:	building being non porous.
00:24:01> 00:24:04:	I'm worried about the human beings inside and how are
00:24:04> 00:24:06:	they feeling so?
00:24:06> 00:24:07:	On the top left is lagging.
00:24:07> 00:24:09:	Indicators tend to be costs,
00:24:09> 00:24:11:	so for example an illness trend or medical costs or
00:24:12> 00:24:14:	things that you see after the fact to see as
00:24:14> 00:24:16:	a landlord are as a tenant company or as a
00:24:16> 00:24:20:	building manager. Was your building successful for these people?
00:24:20> 00:24:22:	The ones in the right on the top tend to
00:24:22> 00:24:25:	be feelings that tend to have people saying yes.
00:24:25> 00:24:28:	I'm happier. I'm complaining it or I've sentiment analysis and
00:24:28> 00:24:30:	these kinds of things.
00:24:30> 00:24:33:	Also hard to measure, but these are the benchmarks of
00:24:33> 00:24:34:	spatial temporal meaning.
00:24:34> 00:24:36:	How do people feel how they feel overtime?
00:24:36> 00:24:39:	Can we track? Time series data on this the bottom
JJ.27.JJ JJ.27.JJ.	Can we track: Time series data on this the bottom

00:24:39> 00:24:42:	ones tend to be one that is easy to measure
00:24:42> 00:24:43:	on the bottom left.
00:24:43> 00:24:46:	For example, recruitment rates, space utilization,
00:24:46> 00:24:50:	retro commissioning, things like that and the bottom right tend
00:24:50> 00:24:53:	to be the ones where these are real actions you
00:24:54> 00:24:54:	can take.
00:24:54> 00:24:57:	You can think about all aspects of things in this
00:24:57> 00:24:58:	bottom right box.
00:24:58> 00:25:01:	You notice that the pulse is the same as the
00:25:01> 00:25:03:	nine foundations of healthy building,
00:25:03> 00:25:07:	so all of the nine foundations are objectively measurable to
00:25:07> 00:25:08:	say.
00:25:08> 00:25:10:	What are we doing in terms of water quality?
00:25:10> 00:25:12:	What are we doing in terms of lighting?
00:25:12> 00:25:14:	What we're doing in terms of ventilation,
00:25:14> 00:25:16:	just like your doctor would take your pulse and your
00:25:16> 00:25:18:	blood pressure and your temperature.
00:25:18> 00:25:20:	You can take the pulse of the building to infer
00:25:20> 00:25:22:	what will happen around in tration ventilation,
00:25:22> 00:25:25:	filtration, material selection, and these kinds of things.
00:25:25> 00:25:28:	So measuring buildings is generally easier than measuring people,
00:25:28> 00:25:31:	but we're trying to accomplish is measuring the health of
00:25:31> 00:25:32:	the people.
00:25:32> 00:25:35:	We believe that these health performance indicators will be object
00:25:35> 00:25:38:	will use by lots and lots of different measuring firms.
00:25:38> 00:25:39:	To say in the very near term,
00:25:39> 00:25:41:	can I back him, get back in my building in
00:25:41> 00:25:43:	the mid term that people want to be here in
00:25:43> 00:25:44:	the long term?
00:25:44> 00:25:46:	Is this a better building to invest in then a
00:25:46> 00:25:47:	different one?
00:25:47> 00:25:49:	So Joe and I have spent a lot of time
00:25:49> 00:25:50:	thinking about.
00:25:50> 00:25:53:	These two issues him from his background in as a
00:25:53> 00:25:57:	forensic pathologist and thinking about sick buildings and Legionnaires'
00:25:57> 00:25:59:	disease and that kind of thing,
00:25:59> 00:26:02:	and me as a real estate person general contractor.
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	Now as an academic, how to marry together these aspects
00:26:05> 00:26:06:	of buildings,

00:26:06> 00:26:09:	business health and wealth and Norman Foster said about her
00:26:09> 00:26:09:	book.
00:26:09> 00:26:13:	We need a new generation if humanitarian's energy is underpinned
00:26:13> 00:26:16:	by scientific research and that's part of what we're trying
00:26:16> 00:26:17:	to offer today so.
00:26:17> 00:26:20:	Our books came out today believe it or not,
00:26:20> 00:26:22:	and some of it seems like well.
00:26:22> 00:26:25:	Maybe we'll put a little bit of this cognition stuff
00:26:25> 00:26:28:	and some of it seems more valid than ever in
00:26:28> 00:26:31:	terms of how do we get back into buildings because
00:26:31> 00:26:34:	it's not just that the healthy buildings aren't that expensive.
00:26:34> 00:26:38:	It's also that sick people are really expensive so with
00:26:38> 00:26:38:	that course.
00:26:38> 00:26:41:	Obviously Joe and I were both teachers.
00:26:41> 00:26:43:	We could talk, for 46 more sessions,
00:26:43> 00:26:47:	no problem. Let's take some questions Rachel.
00:26:47> 00:26:50:	Alright, thank you Joe and John really appreciate it.
00:26:50> 00:26:54:	We've gotten some great questions and I'll just start at
00:26:55> 00:26:58:	the top with the ones that were upvoted an we
00:26:58> 00:27:00:	have two that are very similar.
00:27:00> 00:27:04:	I think a lot of people are really thinking about
00:27:04> 00:27:06:	what is the future of office space.
00:27:06> 00:27:09:	How will design and layout change,
00:27:09> 00:27:12:	and what can we expect?
00:27:12> 00:27:14:	How do we think about operations?
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	I know, you know, in some places thinking about staggered
00:27:17> 00:27:20:	working relationships and options for people.
00:27:20> 00:27:23:	So how are you guys thinking about what the office
00:27:24> 00:27:27:	of the Future looks like and what will change both
00:27:27> 00:27:30:	in the short term and in the long term?
00:27:30> 00:27:32:	Joe, why don't you take that in the shorter term?
00:27:32> 00:27:34:	Because you've been talking to people about getting back to
00:27:34> 00:27:37:	work and I can take in the longer term from
00:27:37> 00:27:37:	a landlord POV.
00:27:37> 00:27:40:	Yeah, sure. So I've been thinking a lot about this
00:27:40> 00:27:41:	time with a lot of people too.
00:27:41> 00:27:44:	I think there's one thing that's a definite and that
00:27:44> 00:27:47:	is the changing expectations like we've been talking about that
00:27:47> 00:27:50:	people are going to look at their workplace differently.
00:27:50> 00:27:51:	So in the shorter term,

00:27:51 --> 00:27:53: I think the next time we will go back to 00:27:53 --> 00:27:55: my building will probably pay attention to the door knobs 00:27:55 --> 00:27:58: and I don't know what my door knobs look like 00:27:58 --> 00:27:59: in my office right now, 00:27:59 --> 00:28:01: but I bet next time I'm in my office I'll 00:28:01 --> 00:28:02: I'll look at him. 00:28:02 --> 00:28:04: So I think we're gonna have a heightened sense of 00:28:04 --> 00:28:05: awareness. 00:28:05 --> 00:28:07: That just means we have there we have to take 00:28:07 --> 00:28:08: these steps to. 00:28:08 --> 00:28:11: To minimize or I think pragmatic steps to minimize this. 00:28:11 --> 00:28:14: This threat and they can actually be done if we 00:28:14 --> 00:28:16: take that layer defense approach. 00:28:16 --> 00:28:19: I was talking about that involves some design changes, 00:28:19 --> 00:28:22: an operational changes, it's both and it's also engineering changes, 00:28:22 --> 00:28:25: right? We can change what we're doing with the fans 00:28:25 --> 00:28:26: in the building. 00:28:26 --> 00:28:28: We're going to change how we operate. 00:28:28 --> 00:28:32: Our billing companies have to make decisions on personnel and 00:28:32 --> 00:28:34: spreading out in these spaces, 00:28:34 --> 00:28:37: right? So I anticipate will be the end of conference 00:28:37 --> 00:28:38: rooms for awhile will be. 00:28:38 --> 00:28:39: The end of large meetings, 00:28:39 --> 00:28:42: certainly, I think a significant portion of the workforce will still work from home. 00:28:42 --> 00:28:43: 00:28:43 --> 00:28:44: It won't be all at once. 00:28:44 --> 00:28:46: We won't get a green light on June 1st. 00:28:46 --> 00:28:48: I think it's gonna be a staged approach. 00:28:48 --> 00:28:51: I think if you look at the epidemiological models it's 00:28:51 --> 00:28:53: also a certainty that we're going to be playing some 00:28:53 --> 00:28:55: game of what people call whack Amole. 00:28:55 --> 00:28:58: Sometimes that's over the next couple of months we're going 00:28:58 --> 00:29:00: to have to be adaptive and what may seem like 00:29:00 --> 00:29:02: a slow start in one region. 00:29:02 --> 00:29:03: They have to be tampered back down. 00:29:03 --> 00:29:06: Depending on how that disease is spreading and how the 00:29:06 --> 00:29:09: the capacity of the health care systems in that space. 00:29:09 --> 00:29:11: So I think we have to go into this that 00:29:11 --> 00:29:12: it's not just here. 00:29:12 --> 00:29:14: Go back and it's going to be like before. 00:29:14 --> 00:29:15: It won't be like before.

00:29:15> 00:29:18:	they'll be changes that will be quite visible and we
00:29:18> 00:29:21:	should expect that whatever plan we put in place on
00:29:21> 00:29:23:	June 1st is going to be different on July 1st
00:29:23> 00:29:26:	because I'll tell you by the time we got this
00:29:26> 00:29:26:	call,
00:29:26> 00:29:28:	even the science will have changed.
00:29:28> 00:29:30:	And this past hour, so it's going to require us
00:29:30> 00:29:33:	to be all be really quite flexible in how we
00:29:33> 00:29:34:	approach getting back to work.
00:29:37> 00:29:39:	I'm not sure that I would have a particularly more
00:29:39> 00:29:43:	profound addition than what most people are thinking about.
00:29:43> 00:29:43:	On the call.
00:29:45> 00:29:49:	The biggest one probably is around the jobs environment mean
00:29:49> 00:29:52:	it's hard to believe there's not going to be a
00:29:52> 00:29:53:	deep recession,
00:29:53> 00:29:55:	and that means that there's going to be a lot
00:29:56> 00:29:59:	of vacant office space and a lot of vacant retail
00:29:59> 00:30:00:	was in trouble already,
00:30:00> 00:30:04:	reachable even worse, it's not clear that business travel is
00:30:04> 00:30:05:	going to come back right away,
00:30:05> 00:30:07:	so the future of hotels.
00:30:07> 00:30:10:	It's also in doubt when you think about knowledge workers
00:30:10> 00:30:12:	and office workers,
00:30:12> 00:30:13:	the.
00:30:13> 00:30:16:	And pick your metaphor that the cat is out of
00:30:16> 00:30:18:	the bag of the horses out of the barn.
00:30:18> 00:30:19:	In terms they work for home,
00:30:19> 00:30:22:	so we probably had a 20 year acceleration in the
00:30:22> 00:30:25:	acceptability of work from home as everybody had to figure
00:30:25> 00:30:25:	this out.
00:30:25> 00:30:27:	And for Joe with his carpenters and his kids,
00:30:27> 00:30:29:	it may be more difficult than for some,
00:30:29> 00:30:32:	but.
00:30:32> 00:30:35:	When the world is already been suffering by people spending
00:30:35> 00:30:36:	so much time in traffic in,
00:30:36> 00:30:40:	we're spending so much time doing things virtually anyway.
00:30:40> 00:30:42:	Why do we have to congregate in a physical place?
00:30:42> 00:30:45:	So those phenomena were happening anyway,
00:30:45> 00:30:47:	and they've been accelerated by the pandemic,
00:30:47> 00:30:49:	and by that will be an upcoming recession.
00:30:49> 00:30:51:	When you get to the office,

00:30:51> 00:30:53:	I think there will be a very long period of
00:30:53> 00:30:55:	essentially per personal protection,
00:30:55> 00:30:57:	and it maybe it's like,
00:30:57> 00:30:59:	OK, they never used to wear hard hats on a
00:30:59> 00:31:02:	construction site you never used to wear a helmet when
00:31:02> 00:31:03:	you were cycling.
00:31:03> 00:31:05:	If you didn't use to wear seatbelts when you were
00:31:05> 00:31:07:	driving and now you're going to go to the office
00:31:07> 00:31:09:	and you're going to be wearing a mask,
00:31:09> 00:31:11:	or you're going to be washing your hands more often
00:31:11> 00:31:13:	and people sort of get used to it,
00:31:13> 00:31:14:	it gets priced in.
00:31:14> 00:31:16:	Til Secondly, the question of proximity.
00:31:16> 00:31:19:	It makes it harder to argue that there should be
00:31:19> 00:31:21:	a lot of people in 120 square feet each in
00:31:21> 00:31:22:	a wide open office.
00:31:22> 00:31:25:	There's been a lot of controversy one way or the
00:31:25> 00:31:28:	other about whether people are more productive or not.
00:31:28> 00:31:31:	Obviously it's less expensive 'cause using less space,
00:31:31> 00:31:32:	but if people are transmitting,
00:31:32> 00:31:34:	disease is not so good.
00:31:34> 00:31:36:	What does that mean for trading floor?
00:31:36> 00:31:39:	Tremendous pressure on the big trading houses to get back
00:31:39> 00:31:41:	because part of the the idea is,
00:31:41> 00:31:43:	are you there and you can see each other.
00:31:43> 00:31:46:	If your claims processor? That's not quite so true.
00:31:46> 00:31:49:	So that will play out multiple different ways,
00:31:49> 00:31:53:	but there's sort of the add-on question of whether.
00:31:53> 00:31:57:	The protection methods will be optional like in Massachusetts,
00:31:57> 00:31:59:	are not required to wear a bicycle helmet,
00:31:59> 00:32:02:	but people do. You are required to wear seatbelts.
00:32:02> 00:32:04:	People will see you.
00:32:04> 00:32:07:	In neighboring New Hampshire, you're not required to wear a
00:32:07> 00:32:09:	motorcycle helmet or a seat belt,
00:32:09> 00:32:12:	and there are people who cross into New Hampshire unbuckle
00:32:12> 00:32:15:	their seat belt because they want to have that level
00:32:15> 00:32:15:	of freedom.
00:32:15> 00:32:19:	Will the kind of aspects that influence how viruses travel
00:32:19> 00:32:21:	through buildings be mandated,
00:32:21> 00:32:24:	or will they be chosen by thoughtful tenants or by
00:32:24> 00:32:27:	landlords to really like to have a safer building?

00:32:27> 00:32:30:	If you have a 2 million square foot building,
00:32:30> 00:32:33:	you really don't want a bunch of people coming up
00:32:33> 00:32:37:	and down the elevator spreading diseases to your other tenants,
00:32:37> 00:32:40:	and so you can imagine an environment where elevators,
00:32:40> 00:32:44:	escalators revolving doors and might have thermal sensors might have
00:32:44> 00:32:45:	retinal scans,
00:32:45> 00:32:50:	might have facial recognition, might have time series information about
00:32:50> 00:32:52:	what your temperature was today.
00:32:52> 00:32:54:	And where your pulse was today and landlords keep that
00:32:54> 00:32:55:	information,
00:32:55> 00:32:56:	I don't see that in the next two to four
00:32:57> 00:32:57:	months.
00:32:57> 00:32:59:	It wouldn't surprise me at all if landlord said I
00:32:59> 00:33:00:	have a very big building.
00:33:00> 00:33:02:	I want this to be the safest building as well
00:33:02> 00:33:05:	as the healthiest building as well as the greenest building.
00:33:05> 00:33:07:	And this is what I'm going to do.
00:33:07> 00:33:10:	Yeah, so you. You've talked a lot about what happens
00:33:11> 00:33:13:	at the sort of landlord or or building level,
00:33:13> 00:33:17:	but we've gotten a question about what strategies can you
00:33:18> 00:33:21:	use as an individual to keep yourself safe and your
00:33:21> 00:33:22:	family safe.
00:33:22> 00:33:24:	And that one has five upvotes.
00:33:24> 00:33:26:	So we talked a little bit about masks and hand
00:33:26> 00:33:26:	washing,
00:33:26> 00:33:29:	which of course core. But are there other things that
00:33:29> 00:33:32:	people should be thinking about or considering?
00:33:34> 00:33:37:	Yeah, I think that's a that's a really important question.
00:33:37> 00:33:39:	I've been writing a lot lately and applying a public
00:33:39> 00:33:40:	Health Science right.
00:33:40> 00:33:43:	I do healthy buildings, but first and foremost,
00:33:43> 00:33:45:	summer professor at a school public health,
00:33:45> 00:33:47:	and I've been writing Op eds a lot recently to
00:33:47> 00:33:51:	translate some of that scientist practical tips people could take.
00:33:51> 00:33:52:	And so there's an article.
00:33:52> 00:33:55:	Maybe we can share Rachel from USA TODAY that I
00:33:55> 00:33:57:	wrote on tips you can take at home to protect
00:33:57> 00:33:57:	yourself,
00:33:57> 00:34:00:	in particular if someone in your house has coronavirus.

00:34:00 --> 00:34:03: If you look at the statistics on what we're expecting 00:34:03 --> 00:34:05: in terms of global population. 00:34:05 --> 00:34:07: There's a good chance each of us will get it 00:34:07 --> 00:34:08: right up for it, 00:34:08 --> 00:34:09: up to 60% of the global population. 00:34:09 --> 00:34:11: Sometimes the next year. At least, 00:34:11 --> 00:34:13: that's what the early models show. 00:34:13 --> 00:34:15: So we're going to have people who are sick in 00:34:15 --> 00:34:18: our buildings and quite possibly if you live with somebody 00:34:18 --> 00:34:18: else, 00:34:18 --> 00:34:19: it could be someone in your home. 00:34:19 --> 00:34:21: So there is some action. 00:34:21 --> 00:34:23: There's some steps we can take an eye right about 00:34:23 --> 00:34:24: this in this piece, 00:34:24 --> 00:34:26: and also to highlight one that might be different. 00:34:26 --> 00:34:29: Let me highlight some of the practical steps that maybe 00:34:29 --> 00:34:31: your audience would think about right. 00:34:31 --> 00:34:33: Open up your windows, bring in some fresh air, 00:34:33 --> 00:34:36: Duluth, but in this space you want to clean surface 00:34:36 --> 00:34:37: is frequently. 00:34:37 --> 00:34:38: If you can humidify the air, 00:34:38 --> 00:34:41: I use a portable air humidifier and a portable air 00:34:41 --> 00:34:41: purifier. 00:34:41 --> 00:34:43: I also do personal, you know, 00:34:43 --> 00:34:46: personal control. That's where all frequently washing our 00:34:46 --> 00:34:48: We covering our cops and doing the basics here. 00:34:48 --> 00:34:50: When we go out, we definitely wear a mask. 00:34:50 --> 00:34:53: I wrote a piece in the Washington Post arguing for 00:34:53 --> 00:34:55: a four fold benefit of why we should be wearing 00:34:55 --> 00:34:57: masks so that you can post that too if you'd 00:34:57 --> 00:35:00: like. I think the science is really clear on what 00:35:00 --> 00:35:02: we can do in this simple steps to try to 00:35:02 --> 00:35:04: break this causal chain. 00:35:04 --> 00:35:06: Across all three modes of transmission, 00:35:06 --> 00:35:08: large droplets in coughs and sneezes, 00:35:08 --> 00:35:11: fomites or inanimate services that can harbor the virus and 00:35:11 --> 00:35:13: act as a source of transference and even airborne. 00:35:13 --> 00:35:16: I think there's plenty of evidence that all three modes 00:35:16 --> 00:35:17: are happening. 00:35:17 --> 00:35:20: Let me mention one that maybe people aren't thinking about 00:35:20 --> 00:35:21: too much,

00:35:21> 00:35:23:	and that's what's happening in the bathroom,
00:35:23> 00:35:26:	so you know, we know that several studies now showing
00:35:26> 00:35:28:	that we have virus in our slip your infected and
00:35:28> 00:35:30:	you had COVID-19 virus in your stool.
00:35:30> 00:35:33:	There's one study showing kids shedding virus in their stool
00:35:34> 00:35:34:	up to 30 days.
00:35:34> 00:35:37:	We know from other studies that if you flush the
00:35:37> 00:35:39:	toilet you can you generate bioaerosols in that space and
00:35:39> 00:35:41:	that could linger for 30 minutes or more,
00:35:41> 00:35:44:	depending on what you're doing with your bathroom operation.
00:35:44> 00:35:46:	So if you have an exhaust fan you should be
00:35:46> 00:35:47:	running it,
00:35:47> 00:35:48:	you should close the door.
00:35:48> 00:35:50:	You should close the lid before you flush,
00:35:50> 00:35:52:	and if you have that exhaust,
00:35:52> 00:35:53:	then yeah, keep it running.
00:35:53> 00:35:55:	If you have someone sick in the house.
00:35:55> 00:35:57:	If you're fortunate enough to have a second bathroom,
00:35:57> 00:35:59:	you should separate bathroom usage.
00:35:59> 00:36:01:	And if you have one bathroom,
00:36:01> 00:36:03:	the person who is sick should take precautions in terms
00:36:03> 00:36:05:	of cleaning the space after they leave.
00:36:05> 00:36:07:	So those are just some of the steps we can
00:36:07> 00:36:10:	pass around the full article that could be a little
00:36:10> 00:36:10:	bit more,
00:36:10> 00:36:12:	but again, there are sensible and prudent,
00:36:12> 00:36:16:	I think tried and true public health intervention measures that
00:36:16> 00:36:17:	can reduce your overall risk.
00:36:17> 00:36:19:	Thanks.
00:36:19> 00:36:21:	So let's let's switch gears.
00:36:21> 00:36:24:	We've got some other questions about infection control and will
00:36:24> 00:36:26:	circle back to those,
00:36:26> 00:36:28:	but just wanted to touch base on.
00:36:28> 00:36:31:	I know John you've been thinking a lot and you
00:36:31> 00:36:32:	talked about this,
00:36:32> 00:36:35:	but this sort of coming age of lack of resources
00:36:35> 00:36:37:	and sort of public and private austerity.
00:36:37> 00:36:39:	So how? How do you first see,
00:36:39> 00:36:42:	you know, sort of trapped building owners?
00:36:42> 00:36:43:	Or, you know, public agencies,
00:36:43> 00:36:47:	being able to make these kinds of investments to improve

00:36:47 --> 00:36:50: sort of health outcomes in their spaces and in their 00:36:50 --> 00:36:51: communities? 00:36:51 --> 00:36:53: With what's that going to look like? 00:36:53 --> 00:36:54: How will capital flow? 00:36:57 --> 00:37:00: I think it's a fascinating question and one with tremendous 00:37:00 --> 00:37:00: opportunity. 00:37:00 --> 00:37:04: Actually, for investing in resilience. 00:37:04 --> 00:37:07: The framing of it is probably around 3 pretty big 00:37:07 --> 00:37:08: trends. 00:37:08 --> 00:37:11: One is that there are lots of perils. 00:37:11 --> 00:37:16: One is pandemic, but they're also a serious wildfire drought. 00:37:16 --> 00:37:19: Anne. It's also pretty clear that governments aren't going to 00:37:19 --> 00:37:22: have any money for anything extra for a very long 00:37:22 --> 00:37:24: time 'cause they're going out from COVID-19, 00:37:24 --> 00:37:26: so they won't be spending money on. 00:37:28 --> 00:37:32: Supporting private sector to do building upgrades or even a 00:37:32 --> 00:37:33: building. 00:37:33 --> 00:37:37: Better infrastructure, and it's also pretty clear that the costs 00:37:37 --> 00:37:40: for healthcare or can it be quite high as people 00:37:40 --> 00:37:43: think about insurance or think about treatment, 00:37:43 --> 00:37:45: but at the same time there is a lot of 00:37:46 --> 00:37:49: capital in the world still has the same capital Sir. 00:37:49 --> 00:37:51: Plus that it had a while ago. 00:37:51 --> 00:37:54: That's why real yields are now around zero and some 00:37:54 --> 00:37:55: days oil is free. 00:37:55 --> 00:37:58: So the capital wants to go somewhere. 00:37:58 --> 00:38:01: So if there's. A very clear way to invest in 00:38:01 --> 00:38:05: upgrading a building or upgrading a subway system, 00:38:05 --> 00:38:08: or upgrading a utility service that is going to lead 00:38:09 --> 00:38:13: to reduced present value of future health care costs that 00:38:13 --> 00:38:14: should be investable. 00:38:14 --> 00:38:18: That should be a way that investors should be able 00:38:18 --> 00:38:19: to think. 00:38:19 --> 00:38:22: OK, I'm going to invest in resilience here, 00:38:22 --> 00:38:25: sort of like lending a building money to put in 00:38:26 --> 00:38:30: Fire Protection or lending somebody money to put a roll 00:38:30 --> 00:38:30: bar. 00:38:30 --> 00:38:33: Lending your kid money to put roll Bar on his 00:38:33 --> 00:38:36: that go cart so he doesn't take the thing over. 00:38:36 --> 00:38:40: Never dated reference. If you don't listen to Beach Boys, 00:38:40 --> 00:38:42: but the idea that. 00:38:42 --> 00:38:45: These these perils have real costs.

00:38:45> 00:38:50:	And the costs can be brought back too.
00:38:50> 00:38:53:	Today present value and that they're outside investors who
	can
00:38:53> 00:38:57:	invest to mitigate those perils and the impact or the
00:38:57> 00:39:00:	likelihood of incidents and the cost of of recovery is
00:39:00> 00:39:03:	real, and it's very similar to what we've been talking
00:39:03> 00:39:04:	about elsewhere.
00:39:04> 00:39:06:	Annualy on the resilience front,
00:39:06> 00:39:11:	whether it's around route or see rise or heat so.
00:39:11> 00:39:14:	Unfortunately, I think that the capital will flow to the
00:39:14> 00:39:16:	investable projects,
00:39:16> 00:39:18:	meaning if somebody says, well,
00:39:18> 00:39:21:	we'd like to get such and so high rise in
00:39:21> 00:39:22:	Los Angeles back to work.
00:39:22> 00:39:26:	And we think that there's a private sector way to
00:39:26> 00:39:31:	come in and a vendor financed solution that's going to
00:39:31> 00:39:31:	do.
00:39:31> 00:39:34:	Some kind of sensing of employees in some kind of
00:39:34> 00:39:37:	data collection at some kind of daily cleaning and we're
00:39:37> 00:39:40:	going to get a rebate from that from the insurance
00:39:40> 00:39:43:	company. That's going to go to the most investable projects.
00:39:43> 00:39:46:	And so, as in many situations that people who have
00:39:46> 00:39:48:	good access to information,
00:39:48> 00:39:51:	good access to capital, good access to technology will do
00:39:51> 00:39:51:	well.
00:39:51> 00:39:54:	So if your UI member listing for opportunity,
00:39:54> 00:39:57:	those are the kind of places where there's opportunity and
00:39:57> 00:40:00:	Joe and I wrote a case study about a building
00:40:00> 00:40:02:	in New York for 25 Park Ave.
00:40:02> 00:40:04:	Attempting to be the healthiest building in New York and
00:40:04> 00:40:08:	the building like that presumably will attract more tenants
	now
00:40:08> 00:40:11:	than even would have before because of the health factor.
00:40:11> 00:40:13:	What does this mean for other populations?
00:40:13> 00:40:16:	For the people who don't have as much money or
00:40:16> 00:40:20:	as much information or as much access to technology?
00:40:20> 00:40:23:	Not good, so if your point of view is how
00:40:23> 00:40:28:	are we thinking about fairness and in policy that's another
00:40:28> 00:40:30:	question to be thought about.
00:40:30> 00:40:32:	Yeah, thank you.
00:40:32> 00:40:37:	So let's circle back. There's a cluster of questions about
00:40:37> 00:40:40:	treatment protocols and cleaning strategies,
00:40:40> 00:40:43:	questions of I think this is for Jove what you

00:40:43> 00:40:44:	think about.
00:40:44> 00:40:48:	You know some of these more high tech solutions like
00:40:48> 00:40:51:	bipolar ionization and electrostatic misters,
00:40:51> 00:40:56:	and advanced filtration systems for ventilation systems.
00:40:56> 00:40:59:	So can you talk a little bit more about those
00:40:59> 00:41:05:	management and maintenance strategies that might be employed at the
00:41:05> 00:41:06:	building level?
00:41:06> 00:41:10:	And what your what? Your take on those are.
00:41:10> 00:41:12:	Yeah, I'm happy too. Good question.
00:41:12> 00:41:13:	Beginning a lot of that too and look.
00:41:13> 00:41:16:	I think there's a role for technology to play.
00:41:16> 00:41:18:	I also think there's a danger in thinking that there's
00:41:18> 00:41:21:	any one silver bullet out there that's going to that's
00:41:21> 00:41:22:	going to solve this for us.
00:41:22> 00:41:24:	And This is why I keep repeating myself on the
00:41:24> 00:41:25:	layered defense approach.
00:41:25> 00:41:27:	It's not going to be a technology alone solution,
00:41:27> 00:41:29:	it's going to come down to the basics.
00:41:29> 00:41:32:	Actually, if you think about all the guidance you hear
00:41:32> 00:41:33:	nowadays about what to do,
00:41:33> 00:41:36:	we're talking bout the public health fundamental of washing your
00:41:36> 00:41:36:	hands,
00:41:36> 00:41:37:	socials and cover your cough,
00:41:37> 00:41:41:	right? Some of the real basics here so.
00:41:41> 00:41:43:	You know a lot of the guidance I'd be giving
00:41:43> 00:41:43:	lately.
00:41:43> 00:41:44:	I think there's we should.
00:41:44> 00:41:46:	We should be thinking about.
00:41:46> 00:41:47:	This is a many months,
00:41:47> 00:41:48:	if not years long problem.
00:41:48> 00:41:51:	So you could be thinking about the capital improvements that
00:41:51> 00:41:52:	need to be done.
00:41:52> 00:41:53:	In terms of right now,
00:41:53> 00:41:56:	in the near term I mostly been writing about an
00:41:56> 00:41:59:	advising people on strategies you can take right now with
00:41:59> 00:42:00:	what's in your building,
00:42:00> 00:42:02:	what's readily available to even take the mask,
00:42:02> 00:42:05:	question I wrote about a couple of weeks talking bout
00:42:05> 00:42:07:	homemade masks are not as good as the in 95.
00:42:07> 00:42:09:	We don't want to take those in health care,

00:42:09> 00:42:12:	but I made the recommendation that you should not use
00:42:12> 00:42:12:	a homemade mask,
00:42:12> 00:42:14:	and I made the recommendation is 100%
00:42:14> 00:42:17:	Cotton Mask. Why? Because everyone most people have cotton T
00:42:17> 00:42:20:	shirt in their house and you could even create your
00:42:20> 00:42:21:	own pretty quickly.
00:42:21> 00:42:22:	So I think there's some danger in.
00:42:22> 00:42:24:	And uh, or the potential to say,
00:42:24> 00:42:27:	hey, everyone's gotta chase this one technology and deploy it
00:42:27> 00:42:30:	when when the technologies we have in most of our
00:42:30> 00:42:32:	buildings can be effective right now.
00:42:32> 00:42:33:	So from an engineering standpoint,
00:42:33> 00:42:36:	to control one method mode of transmission,
00:42:36> 00:42:38:	airborne bringing more fresh outdoor air,
00:42:38> 00:42:41:	increasing your filtration to emerge 13 or higher on the
00:42:41> 00:42:43:	recirculated air can help too.
00:42:43> 00:42:47:	Minimize their exposure potential. You can use portable air purifiers.
00:42:47> 00:42:50:	That's a cheap, easily deployable technology.
00:42:50> 00:42:52:	That's your little bit closer,
00:42:52> 00:42:53:	the source, and they've been.
00:42:53> 00:42:56:	They can be effective and like anything you have to
00:42:56> 00:42:59:	use it right and implement it right so,
00:42:59> 00:43:02:	but I don't want to decide the overall strategy that
00:43:02> 00:43:05:	you have to have multiple layers of control so that
00:43:05> 00:43:06:	the global technology again,
00:43:06> 00:43:08:	but it's not. It's not the.
00:43:08> 00:43:09:	It's not a simple answer.
00:43:09> 00:43:13:	And of course with any technology what works maybe in
00:43:13> 00:43:14:	a chamber.
00:43:14> 00:43:16:	It's going to be different depending on how you deploy
00:43:16> 00:43:17:	that,
00:43:17> 00:43:19:	whether or not it actually works in the space and
00:43:19> 00:43:19:	the doc,
00:43:19> 00:43:22:	how much, how much circulated air is going through,
00:43:22> 00:43:25:	what the residence time there is there potential for secondary
00:43:25> 00:43:26:	byproduct formation?
00:43:26> 00:43:28:	Not so straightforward, and you know.
00:43:28> 00:43:31:	Obviously Anderson Consulting it was straightforward as to say to
00:43:31> 00:43:34:	my team we would never get hired because those are

00:43:34 --> 00:43:34: easy questions. 00:43:34 --> 00:43:37: So there's a reason that at least me and the 00:43:37 --> 00:43:39: people I know in this space to do consult with 00:43:39 --> 00:43:39: companies. 00:43:39 --> 00:43:42: There's a reason they're coming out and asking us to 00:43:42 --> 00:43:42: evaluate. 00:43:42 --> 00:43:45: This is not a straightforward question by any means. 00:43:45 --> 00:43:46: Uh huh. 00:43:49 --> 00:43:52: Great thank you. OK, so our next top question and 00:43:52 --> 00:43:56: then I might take moderate are privileged and ask another 00:43:56 --> 00:43:57: question and just a sack. 00:43:57 --> 00:44:00: But there's a question in the top that says it 00:44:00 --> 00:44:03: best in class protocol for mitigation, 00:44:03 --> 00:44:08: identification and containment of covid cases and coliving coworking facilities. What does that look like? 00:44:08 --> 00:44:09: 00:44:09 --> 00:44:13: And I saw another question further down that looked at, 00:44:13 --> 00:44:17: you know, sort of. How do you deal with? 00:44:17 --> 00:44:21: The legal and ethical issues around notification of building occupants. 00:44:21 --> 00:44:23: I don't know if this is a question that you 00:44:23 --> 00:44:25: guys feel like you can answer, 00:44:25 --> 00:44:27: but if you have thoughts let us know. 00:44:30 --> 00:44:32: Sure, so you know, I don't think I would weigh 00:44:32 --> 00:44:34: in on the legal side. 00:44:34 --> 00:44:37: I think there are ethical considerations we can all talk 00:44:37 --> 00:44:40: about in terms of potentially around stigma. 00:44:40 --> 00:44:42: Who has it, if that stigmatized one way or who 00:44:42 --> 00:44:45: gets it and maybe then gets an all clear pass 00:44:45 --> 00:44:48: and others don't and it creates some stigma there too. 00:44:48 --> 00:44:50: So yeah, I I don't think I'd way on the 00:44:51 --> 00:44:52: legal part at all. 00:44:52 --> 00:44:53: I will say this, you know, 00:44:53 --> 00:44:56: I. I've been an expert for plaintiffs and defense for 00:44:56 --> 00:44:57: many years. 00:44:57 --> 00:45:00: I I do expert work for the courts. 00:45:00 --> 00:45:03: And I think we should expect that there will be 00:45:03 --> 00:45:04: lawsuits around this. 00:45:04 --> 00:45:08: In fact, I've already seen information to regard already about 00:45:08 --> 00:45:10: what what the responsibility, 00:45:10 --> 00:45:14: what's the legal responsibility? What are you doing to protect 00:45:15 --> 00:45:15: your people?

00.43.13> 00.43.17.	So that is not a legal opinion.
00:45:17> 00:45:20:	It is my opinion. Having been an expert,
00:45:20> 00:45:22:	that this for the courts,
00:45:22> 00:45:26:	that this will undoubtedly result in unfortunately get many lawsuits.
00:45:29> 00:45:32:	Giant if taken that.
00:45:32> 00:45:36:	Medication identification and containment of Covid cases Co.
00:45:36> 00:45:41:	Living working facilities not in the cool living would switch
00:45:41> 00:45:43:	to the contract issue.
00:45:43> 00:45:47:	Almost every contract in the world is now in default,
00:45:47> 00:45:49:	so that will be a very long issue.
00:45:49> 00:45:51:	Trying to figure out who owns what,
00:45:51> 00:45:54:	to whom and even enforce measure clauses.
00:45:54> 00:45:59:	Sometimes you get relief and sometimes you get compensation and.
00:45:59> 00:46:02:	It's not going to be very clear for a very
00:46:02> 00:46:04:	long time how that works and.
00:46:04> 00:46:06:	If tenants get some kind of rent holiday,
00:46:06> 00:46:09:	what does that mean for landlords and mortgage holders?
00:46:09> 00:46:11:	So that's not our area of expertise.
00:46:11> 00:46:14:	There are plenty of people on the call who are
00:46:14> 00:46:15:	thinking about that.
00:46:15> 00:46:19:	Yeah, well, let's take deeper into the gotcha.
00:46:19> 00:46:22:	Well, I'm just going to answer that answer that maybe
00:46:22> 00:46:24:	the first part of the question on the legal but
00:46:24> 00:46:28:	just mentioned a challenge with this virus in particular why
00:46:28> 00:46:31:	it's certainly it's deadly, and it's spreading quite easily.
00:46:31> 00:46:34:	That question of, well, what do we do with people?
00:46:34> 00:46:38:	Self quarantine, self isolation? I think probably everyone of your
00:46:38> 00:46:41:	listeners know that one of the challenges here is that
00:46:41> 00:46:43:	we have asymptomatic transmission occurring.
00:46:43> 00:46:46:	So the way to approach this is not is is
00:46:46> 00:46:48:	to act like you have it and you might infect
00:46:48> 00:46:49:	others so.
00:46:49> 00:46:51:	This is going to involve a lot of social trust.
00:46:51> 00:46:54:	You bring your cop is social trust washing your hands
00:46:54> 00:46:54:	free,
00:46:54> 00:46:56:	that social trust, wearing mask in public.
00:46:56> 00:46:59:	That's social trust. And so if we're going to go
00:46:59> 00:47:01:	back to work and start Re populate our buildings were
00:47:01> 00:47:04:	all going to act as though we have the potential
00:47:04> 00:47:06:	to get many other people sick.

**00:45:15 --> 00:45:17:** So that is not a legal opinion.

00:47:06> 00:47:08:	And I think if we walk into a building with
00:47:08> 00:47:08:	that frame,
00:47:08> 00:47:10:	not know who is sick and going to affect me.
00:47:10> 00:47:12:	But what is my responsibility?
00:47:12> 00:47:14:	Everyone else in this building that can go along way
00:47:14> 00:47:17:	to changing some behaviors and approaches to how we do
00:47:17> 00:47:17:	this?
00:47:17> 00:47:18:	The building will do its job,
00:47:18> 00:47:21:	but healthy building strategies. But people have to do their
00:47:21> 00:47:23:	job to this is this is a social pact.
00:47:25> 00:47:28:	Right absolutely.
00:47:28> 00:47:31:	Can I ask a question just jumping in here on
00:47:31> 00:47:35:	and expanding on a question that was asked by Benjamin
00:47:35> 00:47:39:	Marcum about the way that Covid has exposed inequality in
00:47:39> 00:47:42:	our society and a lot of the strategies I know
00:47:42> 00:47:47:	we've talked about some low cost strategies and individual strategies,
00:47:47> 00:47:51:	but some of the other ones potentially have some costs
00:47:51> 00:47:54:	attached to them and just wanted to get your thoughts
00:47:54> 00:47:58:	on how we can make sure that healthy building strategies
00:47:58> 00:48:02:	are accessible to everyone. And that they're not sort of
00:48:02> 00:48:03:	the domain of the affluent.
00:48:03> 00:48:06:	Are those people that are most able to pay?
00:48:06> 00:48:08:	I mean, I think the last thing that all of
00:48:08> 00:48:11:	us want to create a situation where you know we're
00:48:11> 00:48:15:	we're we're creating healthy environments only for the wealthy,
00:48:15> 00:48:18:	so John. Or to do you have thoughts on that?
00:48:18> 00:48:19:	And are there, you know,
00:48:19> 00:48:23:	sort of Co funding models or other things that we
00:48:23> 00:48:24:	could be exploring?
00:48:24> 00:48:28:	Or I can take a stab at that and.
00:48:28> 00:48:30:	It's obviously a huge global question.
00:48:30> 00:48:33:	It's one thing to be a lawyer in New York
00:48:33> 00:48:35:	who can work from your apartment.
00:48:35> 00:48:38:	It's another thing to be a hour by hour laborer
00:48:39> 00:48:41:	in Delhi or Mumbai who needs to go out to
00:48:41> 00:48:44:	work to be able to survive and to be able
00:48:44> 00:48:47:	to eat and doesn't have a place to shelter.
00:48:47> 00:48:51:	So like a lot of things in.
00:48:51> 00:48:54:	Environment and climate that people with The Who are the
00:48:54> 00:48:58:	most vulnerable are the most vulnerable that at least resilient,

00:48:58> 00:49:01:	whether it's about flooding in in Bangladesh or about covid
00:49:01> 00:49:02:	and healthy buildings.
00:49:02> 00:49:05:	One of the general benefits of healthy buildings is,
00:49:05> 00:49:09:	for the most part they aren't very expensive and most
00:49:09> 00:49:09:	of the time,
00:49:09> 00:49:12:	as you've heard, Joe say the recommendation is run the
00:49:13> 00:49:14:	stupid fans change.
00:49:14> 00:49:16:	The filters don't cheap out and save 2 pennies on
00:49:17> 00:49:20:	electricity because you're keeping the windows closed when
00110111	you could
00:49:21> 00:49:22:	be saving thousands of dollars.
00:49:22> 00:49:25:	And in health by.
00:49:25> 00:49:31:	Run the building healthier. The second aspect is probably
	one
00:49:31> 00:49:32:	of.
00:49:32> 00:49:36:	Similar to lots of other issues where there are kind
00:49:36> 00:49:37:	of three.
00:49:37> 00:49:40:	Broad outcomes one is that there's some kind of regulation
00:49:40> 00:49:41:	like government,
00:49:41> 00:49:43:	like makes a law. For example,
00:49:43> 00:49:48:	eventually United States pretty much required sprinklers in every high
00:49:48> 00:49:52:	rise building because that was a matter of health.
00:49:52> 00:49:55:	Or government writes a check and government in the United
00:49:55> 00:49:57:	States typically has gone out and said yes,
00:49:57> 00:50:01:	we're going to have a working sanitation system because that's
00:50:01> 00:50:02:	better for public health.
00:50:02> 00:50:06:	So those are both phenomena where governments that have some
00:50:06> 00:50:06:	consensus.
00:50:06> 00:50:10:	Emphasize consensus, make a law that people agree on or
00:50:10> 00:50:13:	finance something and there's I think going to be still
00:50:13> 00:50:17:	plenty of opportunity to fund those kind of opportunities in
00:50:17> 00:50:20:	the emerging world. They do a lot of work at
00:50:20> 00:50:22:	HPS now in Africa and Latin America,
00:50:22> 00:50:24:	and look at those kinds of issues.
00:50:24> 00:50:27:	The second is that.
00:50:27> 00:50:30:	Private sector sees its way too.
00:50:30> 00:50:32:	A reason to invest in some of these things.
00:50:32> 00:50:36:	So suppose you're very large employer of relatively low wage
00:50:36> 00:50:39:	people like a Walmart of the Postal Service or Amazon
00:50:39> 00:50:40:	or CVS.

00:50:40> 00:50:41:	Aetna to name a few.
00:50:41> 00:50:44:	It doesn't really do you much good to have your
00:50:44> 00:50:45:	people be sick,
00:50:45> 00:50:48:	and you could imagine those kind of employers having a
00:50:48> 00:50:52:	supplement for people at their home to say will supplement
00:50:52> 00:50:54:	your rent or will help you get a air quality
00:50:54> 00:50:58:	monitor will help you get a air purifier or something
00:50:58> 00:51:00:	like that if it's going to help you.
00:51:00> 00:51:02:	I'd be healthier and work better,
00:51:02> 00:51:06:	particularly because we're going to so reduce our healthcare costs,
00:51:06> 00:51:07:	not just beyond the sniffles,
00:51:07> 00:51:09:	and beyond the occasional.
00:51:11> 00:51:14:	In case the seasonal flu are beyond these really debilitating
00:51:14> 00:51:17:	diseases like covid that it's going to be worth our
00:51:17> 00:51:17:	while,
00:51:17> 00:51:20:	I guess you could imagine the situation like that.
00:51:20> 00:51:22:	So one is that.
00:51:22> 00:51:26:	Good government that's.
00:51:26> 00:51:29:	In which people have confidence makes a lot or spend
00:51:29> 00:51:30:	some money.
00:51:30> 00:51:32:	The second is private sector sees its way to invest
00:51:32> 00:51:34:	in some of these things.
00:51:34> 00:51:36:	Or you can even extend that and say MSN Boston.
00:51:36> 00:51:39:	Wouldn't it make sense for big employers like mass,
00:51:39> 00:51:43:	general and Harvard infidelity to help the transit system to
00:51:43> 00:51:46:	sterilize all their buses and subways and regular basis because
00:51:46> 00:51:48:	it helps your players work better.
00:51:48> 00:51:51:	There could be. You can imagine the transfer that way,
00:51:51> 00:51:55:	particularly in a time of I really digressed into infrastructure,
00:51:55> 00:51:57:	finance, place. We're not just.
00:51:57> 00:51:59:	Any interest in pools somewhere through taxes,
00:51:59> 00:52:02:	but you're applying it directly with cashless transfers right?
00:52:02> 00:52:05:	To the cleaning of that individual subway car.
00:52:05> 00:52:09:	The third alternative, after government writes a check and makes
00:52:09> 00:52:11:	the law or private sector,
00:52:11> 00:52:13:	sees its way to support these things is chaos.
00:52:13> 00:52:16:	Free for all, like we're seeing now in cobit of
00:52:16> 00:52:18:	every state for itself,
00:52:18> 00:52:22:	or we're seeing internationally every nation for itself.
00:52:22> 00:52:24:	One would think that when we have a virus like

00:52:24> 00:52:25:	this that's attacking all of humanity,
00:52:25> 00:52:27:	that all of humanity would attack it together.
00:52:27> 00:52:32:	That doesn't seem to be their approach at the moment.
00:52:32> 00:52:34:	So a lot of my work is about is how
00:52:34> 00:52:37:	private sector funders can find their way to see fit
00:52:37> 00:52:39:	to fund some of these things and you see it
00:52:39> 00:52:42:	quite a bit, notably in the emerging world,
00:52:42> 00:52:46:	notably in sanitation, because it's so clear that better sanitation
00:52:46> 00:52:48:	leads to direct public health outcomes,
00:52:48> 00:52:52:	that funders and governments will spend money up front even
00:52:52> 00:52:56:	to public private partnerships for water treatment and sanitation,
00:52:56> 00:52:59:	they can find the capital and they can incent the
00:52:59> 00:53:02:	private sector to find the capital with with.
00:53:02> 00:53:07:	Essentially, with the equivalent of power purchase agreement for sanitation
00:53:07> 00:53:08:	to do these things,
00:53:08> 00:53:11:	and I think that with the amount of capital in
00:53:11> 00:53:11:	the world,
00:53:11> 00:53:15:	the amount of need in the lack of.
00:53:15> 00:53:17:	Of.
00:53:17> 00:53:21:	Consensus in the part of governments that some of those
00:53:21> 00:53:25:	opportunities will both be necessary and also be available.
00:53:25> 00:53:28:	And so we've got questions down below that are looking
00:53:28> 00:53:29:	at sort of.
00:53:29> 00:53:30:	What are the, you know,
00:53:30> 00:53:32:	sort of covered some of this,
00:53:32> 00:53:34:	but on the building level,
00:53:34> 00:53:37:	what are the some of the lower cost options that
00:53:37> 00:53:42:	maybe smaller businesses like restaurants and other folks can should
00:53:42> 00:53:45:	be considering when it comes to protective measures in their
00:53:45> 00:53:47:	space?
00:53:47> 00:53:50:	Yeah, I think John. I think we've talked about this
00:53:50> 00:53:52:	a bunch of John hit on it right there that
00:53:52> 00:53:55:	that I think it's a total false premise that healthy
00:53:55> 00:53:58:	buildings are expelled, expensive buildings or just not.
00:53:58> 00:54:00:	Any way you look at it just in terms of
00:54:00> 00:54:00:	real cost.
00:54:00> 00:54:03:	And once you factor in the help and another cognition,
00:54:03> 00:54:05:	benefits and otherwise it overwhelms it.

00:54:05> 00:54:07:	I I think what where that this change so so
00:54:08> 00:54:11:	anyway there there are really simple low-cost strategies
	could prove
00:54:11> 00:54:13:	you can do to improve your health.
00:54:13> 00:54:15:	And importantly being just COVID-19 right now.
00:54:15> 00:54:16:	What else you have to do?
00:54:16> 00:54:20:	That's beyond the building. To improve the health or maybe
00:54:20> 00:54:22:	reopen your restaurant eventually,
00:54:22> 00:54:24:	or think about your salon or whatever it is that
00:54:24> 00:54:26:	you that you have to reopen.
00:54:26> 00:54:29:	We're working with some really interesting companies right now that
00:54:29> 00:54:32:	are in places that are really difficult to think about
00:54:32> 00:54:34:	reopening out of Europe in schools.
00:54:34> 00:54:36:	How do we open reopen theater or sports?
00:54:36> 00:54:39:	I mean these are challenging questions but really confident
00 54 00 > 00 54 00	we
00:54:39> 00:54:39:	can.
00:54:39> 00:54:42:	We can deploy these strategies and get anything back.
00:54:42> 00:54:44:	Really I do. I think we can have a road
00:54:44> 00:54:45:	map for any industry to come back.
00:54:45> 00:54:48:	I'm actually I'm quite confident in that.
00:54:48> 00:54:50:	Here's what has to change though.
00:54:50> 00:54:53:	We're grossly under investing in public health,
00:54:53> 00:54:54:	right? I think most people.
00:54:54> 00:54:57:	This is the first time they thought of public health
00:54:57> 00:54:57:	this outbreak,
00:54:57> 00:55:00:	right? So it's good, it's public health moment.
00:55:00> 00:55:03:	But the challenge in public health has been forever.
00:55:03> 00:55:05:	But no one invests in public health because we say
00:55:05> 00:55:08:	in public health and public health works works,
00:55:08> 00:55:11:	nothing happens, and so it's hard to invest in things
00:55:11> 00:55:14:	when you think when you don't see the tangible benefit.
00:55:14> 00:55:16:	And so even in the building were doing things that
00:55:17> 00:55:19:	are based on engineering code minimums.
00:55:19> 00:55:21:	But rarely are we thinking about public health.
00:55:21> 00:55:25:	The preventative benefits to taking these precautionary steps to design,
00:55:25> 00:55:29:	operate and maintain our buildings better and that really,
00:55:29> 00:55:30:	really has to change it.
00:55:30> 00:55:33:	When I think about any organization you know,
00:55:33> 00:55:35:	think about the company you work in,
00:55:35> 00:55:38:	who's responsible for your health.

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00:55:39 --> 00:55:40:
                          if I said who's responsible for energy,
00:55:40 --> 00:55:42:
                          you know?
00:55:42 --> 00:55:44:
                          Who's responsible for your help?
                          Is it the CEO is HR?
00:55:44 --> 00:55:45:
00:55:45 --> 00:55:47:
                          Who do you turn to for that?
00:55:47 --> 00:55:50:
                          And I would argue it's everybody's responsibility,
00:55:50 --> 00:55:52:
                          but the fact that we probably don't even know that
00:55:52 --> 00:55:55:
                          answer to the question in your organization tells you a
00:55:55 --> 00:55:58:
                          lot about our current approach and how we think about
00:55:58 --> 00:56:01:
                          health and public health and preventive measures.
00:56:01 --> 00:56:04:
                          It's an expense we don't really see the benefits.
00:56:04 --> 00:56:06:
                          It's hard to quantify. You know John was sick from
00:56:06 --> 00:56:07:
                          work in February.
00:56:07 --> 00:56:11:
                          Well, was that because of the buildings that are responsible?
00:56:11 --> 00:56:12:
                          He just got sick or so?
00:56:12 --> 00:56:14:
                          It's hard to quantify all of these things.
00:56:14 --> 00:56:16:
                          But we know the evidence is deep,
00:56:16 --> 00:56:19:
                          decades deep. That healthy building strategies lead to better,
00:56:19 --> 00:56:21:
                          fewer sick sick building symptoms syndrome,
00:56:21 --> 00:56:25:
                          fewer sick building symptoms, lowered factious disease
                          transmission.
00:56:25 --> 00:56:27:
                          better cognitive function. The list goes on and on and
00:56:28 --> 00:56:28:
                          on,
00:56:28 --> 00:56:29:
                          so the benefits are there.
00:56:29 --> 00:56:32:
                          They're just enterprise wide, and today it just hasn't been
00:56:32 --> 00:56:33:
                          prioritized.
                          It's a real source of frustration.
00:56:33 --> 00:56:34:
00:56:34 --> 00:56:36:
                          Fell as they got animated,
00:56:36 --> 00:56:38:
                          but it's a source of frustration we've had in public
00:56:38 --> 00:56:41:
                          health forever that we under invest and you asked about
00:56:41 --> 00:56:44:
                          these communities that are bearing the brunt of this.
00:56:44 --> 00:56:46:
                          That's an underinvestment in public health too,
00:56:46 --> 00:56:47:
                          so you're seeing that in.
00:56:47 --> 00:56:51:
                          All scales within a building within an organization and and
00:56:51 --> 00:56:54:
                          within countries and regions and across countries.
00:56:54 --> 00:56:56:
                          Yeah, so let me just while we're there,
00:56:56 --> 00:56:58:
                          why don't we talk about you know?
00:56:58 --> 00:57:00:
                          What do you guys see as the role of the
00:57:00 --> 00:57:01:
                          real estate industry?
00:57:01 --> 00:57:05:
                          And you know, really, thinking about bolstering those public
00:57:05 --> 00:57:09:
                          efforts and you know helping to ensure that something like
```

Is it HR? You know,

00:55:38 --> 00:55:39:

00:57:09> 00:57:12:	this pandemic doesn't happen again at this kind of scale.
00:57:12> 00:57:15:	So folks on the call or private sector leaders and
00:57:15> 00:57:16:	real estate folks.
00:57:16> 00:57:18:	So what? What is the rule that you?
00:57:18> 00:57:20:	That you think would be most helpful for us and
00:57:20> 00:57:21:	for them.
00:57:23> 00:57:26:	Well, you know we stayed right in the book and
00:57:26> 00:57:27:	I think it's more true than ever.
00:57:27> 00:57:29:	Sorry John still fired up it's,
00:57:29> 00:57:32:	you know. Say the decisions we make today regarding our
00:57:32> 00:57:35:	buildings will determine our collective health for generation,
00:57:35> 00:57:37:	and that sounds like something a professor would say,
00:57:37> 00:57:39:	and it sounds wild. But you know,
00:57:39> 00:57:41:	it's the truth, and I think we're all probably recognizing
00:57:42> 00:57:42:	that right now.
00:57:42> 00:57:44:	So if you're in the real estate business,
00:57:44> 00:57:46:	you're actually in the health care business.
00:57:46> 00:57:49:	You have responsibility for the health of everyone in your
00:57:49> 00:57:49:	building,
00:57:49> 00:57:51:	and if you take these simple steps,
00:57:51> 00:57:53:	I think we make quite a compelling case based on
00:57:53> 00:57:55:	the science based on the business science that this is
00:57:55> 00:57:58:	a good investment for you and actually leads to returns
00:57:58> 00:58:00:	on your building. So it's not even no ones asked
00:58:00> 00:58:01:	me to spend money,
00:58:01> 00:58:03:	don't even recruit you, recoup that money.
00:58:03> 00:58:07:	In multiple, so I think it makes sense if you
00:58:07> 00:58:11:	think about that role in changing from.
00:58:11> 00:58:13:	How you think about your building in terms of a
00:58:13> 00:58:15:	health promotion tool that will go a long way to
00:58:15> 00:58:17:	improving conditions for everybody.
00:58:19> 00:58:22:	And argue that there are two ways to answer the
00:58:22> 00:58:23:	question.
00:58:23> 00:58:24:	One is as a collective answer,
00:58:24> 00:58:29:	collective action problem and one is as an information dissemination
00:58:29> 00:58:29:	problem.
00:58:29> 00:58:33:	So if more collective action problem
00:58:33> 00:58:37:	Rose, industry is influential.
00:58:37> 00:58:40:	Voice in global economy in the United States economy,
00:58:40> 00:58:44:	and there's often cohesion around some building code
	issues.

00:58:44> 00:58:47:	Certainly on tax issues in real estate.
00:58:47> 00:58:49:	And if it was felt in a city or a
00:58:49> 00:58:53:	state that it was really important to have XYZ thing
00:58:53> 00:58:56:	accomplished from a regulatory point of view or from a
00:58:56> 00:59:00:	public transit point of view that a number of important
00:59:00> 00:59:04:	real estate leaders skiing together might be able to influence
00:59:04> 00:59:05:	that,
00:59:05> 00:59:07:	we've seen it before, whether it's in.
00:59:07> 00:59:11:	In zoning or in various regulations you would also be
00:59:11> 00:59:15:	possible for owners to contribute or investors to contribute the
00:59:15> 00:59:18:	way you see business improvement districts and so forth.
00:59:18> 00:59:22:	The second is as an information dissemination question.
00:59:22> 00:59:26:	This is a gigantic industry by Symmetra largest industry in
00:59:26> 00:59:26:	the world,
00:59:26> 00:59:31:	and hugely fragmented mystery were the largest players haven't immeasurably
00:59:31> 00:59:32:	small market share,
00:59:32> 00:59:35:	and the sort of big thinker elite tends to be
00:59:35> 00:59:38:	in the global financial centers in.
00:59:38> 00:59:40:	In Tokyo or Frankfurt or New York or Mumbai or
00:59:40> 00:59:41:	Shanghai,
00:59:41> 00:59:44:	and you see that the most awful tenants who have
00:59:44> 00:59:46:	a big balance sheet and a very long runway.
00:59:46> 00:59:49:	Doing some creative things with some of the big most
00:59:49> 00:59:50:	awful landlords.
00:59:50> 00:59:54:	How does that then percolate out from Boston and Philadelphia
00:59:54> 00:59:57:	and Washington out into smaller places in smaller cities?
00:59:57> 01:00:00:	Until your prototypical mom and pop who own a couple
01:00:00> 01:00:03:	strip malls and maybe some apartment buildings?
01:00:03> 01:00:06:	Well, that's happened over and over and over again in
01:00:06> 01:00:06:	our industry.
01:00:06> 01:00:09:	Whether it's around. Air conditioning elevators,
01:00:09> 01:00:13:	rubber roofs, Fire Protection, lots of things that are green
01:00:13> 01:00:14:	buildings for example.
01:00:14> 01:00:16:	It's taken 25 years, but at least most people are
01:00:16> 01:00:19:	aware there's a concept of green buildings,
01:00:19> 01:00:23:	so. Twitter organization has both a collective action opportunity to
01:00:23> 01:00:26:	speak with one voice that it can organize,
01:00:26> 01:00:27:	that voice, which is not a given,
01:00:27> 01:00:30:	and secondarily to help disseminate best practices.

01:00:30 --> 01:00:32: That's why Joe and I wrote this book, 01:00:32 --> 01:00:35: and that's why we've written our teaching case studies to 01:00:36 --> 01:00:39: help people think about the really compelling opportunities to provide 01:00:39 --> 01:00:41: better environments with simple, 01:00:41 --> 01:00:43: healthy building solutions in now, 01:00:43 --> 01:00:45: in COVID-19 with more complex, 01:00:45 --> 01:00:47: healthy buildings, healthy building solutions. 01:00:50 --> 01:00:52: Great. 01:00:52 --> 01:00:55: Alright, well we just have a few more minutes and 01:00:55 --> 01:00:58: let me just run through some of these sort of 01:00:58 --> 01:01:01: more tactical things and then and then we'll wrap with 01:01:01 --> 01:01:03: a with a big picture question, 01:01:03 --> 01:01:06: but we've gotten some upvotes on this question about touch 01:01:06 --> 01:01:07: lists, 01:01:07 --> 01:01:10: feature security features, or or door handles. 01:01:10 --> 01:01:12: I think Joe you mentioned this little earlier, 01:01:12 --> 01:01:17: but what? What is the future of touchless options within 01:01:17 --> 01:01:20: offices or residential buildings? 01:01:20 --> 01:01:22: Well, I think that I've been having a lot of 01:01:22 --> 01:01:23: those conversations. 01:01:23 --> 01:01:25: I. I think it's clear if you're thinking about the 01:01:25 --> 01:01:27: kind of improvements you want to make that people that 01:01:27 --> 01:01:30: would reassure people that also can help in the risk mitigation. That's one right. We know this virus could spread. 01:01:30 --> 01:01:32: 01:01:32 --> 01:01:35: I mean how many people have been to grocery store 01:01:35 --> 01:01:35: lately? 01:01:35 --> 01:01:37: I bet you're doing things differently. 01:01:37 --> 01:01:39: You open the door with your elbow now probably, 01:01:39 --> 01:01:40: or if your foot if you have to go into 01:01:40 --> 01:01:41: rest or something, 01:01:41 --> 01:01:44: you might be putting your something over your sleeve over 01:01:44 --> 01:01:45: your hand to open the door. 01:01:45 --> 01:01:47: So I think people would be looking for those kind 01:01:47 --> 01:01:49: of touch list environments. 01:01:49 --> 01:01:52: particularly in the bathroom. So I expect we'll see a 01:01:52 --> 01:01:53: lot more of that. 01:01:53 --> 01:01:54: yeah? 01:01:54 --> 01:01:57: OK, and then we talked a lot about office, 01:01:57 --> 01:02:01: but is there anything that is particularly sort of deferential 01:02:01 --> 01:02:05: about residential real estate in terms of property management, 01:02:05 --> 01:02:09: technology design? What changes do you foresee for the

## residential

- 01:02:09 --> 01:02:10: sector?
- 01:02:13 --> 01:02:16: It can take that with respect to the longer view.
- **01:02:16** --> **01:02:17:** Obviously in the short view,
- 01:02:17 --> 01:02:21: people need to be really careful about the doors and
- **01:02:21 --> 01:02:22:** the elevators in the air.
- **01:02:22 --> 01:02:23:** In the longer term.
- 01:02:26 --> 01:02:28: I think we're going to see a propagation of what
- **01:02:29 --> 01:02:30:** I mentioned earlier.
- 01:02:30 --> 01:02:33: The ability of individual people that have their own air
- **01:02:33** --> **01:02:34**: quality monitors.
- **01:02:34 --> 01:02:37:** And you can tell in your own kitchen your apartment
- **01:02:37 --> 01:02:40:** or your own living room what the particulars are.
- 01:02:40 --> 01:02:43: Wet some other biologics are what some of the gases
- **01:02:43 --> 01:02:43:** are,
- 01:02:43 --> 01:02:46: and you can share that information in real time.
- **01:02:46 --> 01:02:49:** If you want to, with a lot of people out
- **01:02:49 --> 01:02:51:** in the cloud with time series data.
- **01:02:51 --> 01:02:55:** And as people get more and more aware of.
- **01:02:55** --> **01:02:58**: Public of healthy buildings, in particular in in virus time.
- 01:02:58 --> 01:03:01: They'll be thinking about the building health,
- **01:03:01 --> 01:03:02:** not just as an abstraction.
- **01:03:02 --> 01:03:04:** Like do I smell my neighbors cooking,
- 01:03:04 --> 01:03:07: but also is building gonna keep me healthier if you
- 01:03:07 --> 01:03:10: couple that with the many places in the world where
- 01:03:10 --> 01:03:12: the outdoor air is dirtier than the indoor air,
- **01:03:12 --> 01:03:16:** you get another generation of application of that information.
- **01:03:16 --> 01:03:18:** So in the United States building codes,
- 01:03:18 --> 01:03:21: we assume that the outdoor air cleaners and indoor and
- **01:03:21 --> 01:03:23:** we call for certain amount of air changes.
- **01:03:23** --> **01:03:26:** That doesn't necessarily apply.
- **01:03:26 --> 01:03:29:** Outside the cover time in Shanghai or Delhi in Mexico
- **01:03:29 --> 01:03:31:** City or Jakarta or even parts of Los Angeles.
- **01:03:31 --> 01:03:34:** So if informed consumers are starting to share with each
- 01:03:34 --> 01:03:37: other what the conditions are in this Department,
- **01:03:37 --> 01:03:39:** there bout to render this condo there about to buy.
- **01:03:39 --> 01:03:42:** This is a whole another level of information that they
- **01:03:42 --> 01:03:44:** never had before five years ago.
- **01:03:44 --> 01:03:46:** If you want to know into air quality,
- **01:03:46 --> 01:03:48:** you had to hire industrial hygienist.
- **01:03:48 --> 01:03:49:** They brought this big tank.
- **01:03:49 --> 01:03:52:** They went off to the lab and they came back.

```
01:03:52 --> 01:03:55:
                          In the information, say with the building manager,
01:03:55 --> 01:04:00:
                          now it's democratized. And if people are thinking about.
01:04:00 --> 01:04:03:
                          Restaurant reservations in OpenTable or Yelp or all the ones
01:04:03 --> 01:04:05:
                          that don't even know about.
01:04:05 --> 01:04:08:
                          They'll be thinking even more about buildings this way.
01:04:08 --> 01:04:10:
                          And as the economy slows down,
01:04:10 --> 01:04:12:
                          the people who have a check who can actually pay
01:04:12 --> 01:04:15:
                          rent and cover a mortgage will have a buyers market
01:04:15 --> 01:04:16:
                          in that regard.
01:04:16 --> 01:04:19:
                          So I think that there's going to be a tremendous
01:04:19 --> 01:04:22:
                          change in peoples selectivity about the kind of buildings they
01:04:23 --> 01:04:25:
                          think are going to be healthy with respect to.
01:04:25 --> 01:04:29:
                          Both viruses can also particulates and gases in the future
01:04:29 --> 01:04:30:
                          and that.
01:04:30 --> 01:04:32:
                          Condo developers in their apartment building,
01:04:32 --> 01:04:35:
                          constructors in particular will have to be aware of that,
01:04:35 --> 01:04:39:
                          or they'll have a building this effectively.
01:04:39 --> 01:04:41:
                          I'm in no fly list because people said I want
01:04:41 --> 01:04:41:
                          to go there.
01:04:41 --> 01:04:42:
                          It's not a healthy building.
01:04:45 --> 01:04:48:
                          Alright, well as we wrap I'll just ask questions.
01:04:48 --> 01:04:51:
                          You're building. Your book came out today.
01:04:51 --> 01:04:54:
                          Any special instructions for people on where to find it
01:04:54 --> 01:04:56:
                          or how to get it?
01:04:56 --> 01:04:59:
                          And we've gotten a question about whether or not you'll
01:04:59 --> 01:05:01:
                          be adding any content,
01:05:01 --> 01:05:05:
                          or, you know, releasing any special sections as specific to
01:05:05 --> 01:05:08:
                          COVID-19 or sort of current pandemic.
01:05:08 --> 01:05:11:
                          So Joe, let me take her first and then you
01:05:11 --> 01:05:12:
                          can take a second.
01:05:12 --> 01:05:14:
                          The publishers, Harvard University press.
01:05:14 --> 01:05:18:
                          However, I personally I'm a big fan of independent
                          bookstores,
01:05:18 --> 01:05:21:
                          and if you have a local independent bookstore,
01:05:21 --> 01:05:24:
                          they almost certainly can help you order this book today.
01:05:24 --> 01:05:26:
                          So I actually advocate for that.
01:05:26 --> 01:05:28:
                          The second around the add on is that a lot
01:05:28 --> 01:05:31:
                          of the work that Joe and I do is also
                          about cities and urbanization,
01:05:31 --> 01:05:32:
01:05:32 --> 01:05:35:
                          and we think there are extensions beyond healthy,
01:05:35 --> 01:05:39:
                          healthy buildings into what makes for healthy Metropolis from
01:05:39 --> 01:05:42:
                          point of view of can we get clean air can
```

01:05:42> 01:05:42:	get clean.
01:05:42> 01:05:45:	Can we get sunshine? Can we get ventilation alot of
01:05:45> 01:05:49:	which would have ameliorated the problems with the wet
	market
01:05:49> 01:05:51:	in Wuhan or of Liberia in West Point in Liberia
01:05:51> 01:05:55:	where Ebola came from? If you just had.
01:05:55> 01:05:58:	More open streets that add ventilation in a lot of
01:05:58> 01:06:01:	these can be paid for with public health savings,
01:06:01> 01:06:04:	so that's probably the next add on for the team
01:06:04> 01:06:08:	in Joe courses working specifically with his colleagues at the
01:06:08> 01:06:11:	School of Public Health around the pandemic,
01:06:11> 01:06:14:	so I'll let you finish on that.
01:06:14> 01:06:16:	Yeah thanks that's great and so and the one stop
01:06:16> 01:06:17:	shop for our book.
01:06:17> 01:06:20:	Not to for Johns Point or find your local seller.
01:06:20> 01:06:24:	We create a website called healthy buildings book healthybuildingsbook.com and
01:06:24> 01:06:27:	we actually have links to an indilinx if you find
01:06:27> 01:06:28:	a find a local bookstore.
01:06:28> 01:06:31:	That's great. My local bookstores on there too.
01:06:31> 01:06:32:	If you want to buy from them.
01:06:32> 01:06:35:	We also have links to the for the main booksellers
01:06:35> 01:06:35:	online,
01:06:35> 01:06:37:	so you can find the local shop that way.
01:06:37> 01:06:41:	It healthybuildingsbook.com alright, so I sound like salesperson there.
01:06:41> 01:06:44:	Sorry yeah. So so on the question of what else
01:06:44> 01:06:44:	you know.
01:06:44> 01:06:47:	I've been writing a lot and I'll give you another
01:06:47> 01:06:47:	resource.
01:06:47> 01:06:51:	My healthy buildings program and harvest at fourhealth.org Forc help
01:06:51> 01:06:52:	I have,
01:06:52> 01:06:54:	I think 9 OP EDS published in the last three
01:06:54> 01:06:54:	weeks,
01:06:54> 01:06:56:	USA in New York Times,
01:06:56> 01:06:58:	Washington Post all on on distilling that signs of the
01:06:59> 01:06:59:	simple tips,
01:06:59> 01:07:01:	all of its there on that website.
01:07:01> 01:07:04:	Also we have a specific page related to COVID-19.
01:07:04> 01:07:06:	You can find that you can navigate that several ways
01:07:07> 01:07:07:	to get there,
01:07:07> 01:07:10:	but has tips for you there including all the science

01:07:10 --> 01:07:12: and peer reviewed research. 01:07:12 --> 01:07:13: If you really want to dive deep, 01:07:13 --> 01:07:16: we have. A whole bunch of how to choose what 01:07:16 --> 01:07:17: to do in your home, 01:07:17 --> 01:07:19: how to clean your electronics and also the section in 01:07:19 --> 01:07:20: case you're trying to find it. 01:07:20 --> 01:07:22: You know it's a fire hose of information. 01:07:22 --> 01:07:24: How do you figure out what's real and not so 01:07:24 --> 01:07:26: we have a link through voices we trust. 01:07:26 --> 01:07:29: So these are scientists I know first hand and trust. 01:07:29 --> 01:07:31: Well in the information there giving out so you can 01:07:31 --> 01:07:33: visit voices we trust section to find some other people 01:07:33 --> 01:07:35: to listen to besides besides here in John and I 01:07:35 --> 01:07:37: talked today. The other thing John, 01:07:37 --> 01:07:39: you know we mentioned in terms of what else is 01:07:39 --> 01:07:41: coming so we have the book and will there be 01:07:41 --> 01:07:42: any additions? 01:07:42 --> 01:07:45: Johns talking, Lawrence Farm big Picture but we were thinking 01:07:45 --> 01:07:47: about going next together in this collaboration. 01:07:47 --> 01:07:50: Any more immediate future? A lot of what we talked 01:07:50 --> 01:07:53: about today will show up in Harvard Business Review article 01:07:53 --> 01:07:56: that comes out either this week or next. 01:07:56 --> 01:07:59: John, I did a podcast with Harvard Business School that 01:07:59 --> 01:08:01: I think comes out this week called Cold Call and 01:08:01 --> 01:08:04: maybe there's one or two others that are coming. 01:08:04 --> 01:08:07: John, that yeah. Anyway, there's a lot that we had 01:08:07 --> 01:08:07: to tell. 01:08:07 --> 01:08:10: We have a piece coming out in Urban Land magazine 01:08:10 --> 01:08:11: in two weeks also. 01:08:11 --> 01:08:14: Well, yeah, I don't want to tell Rachel Thunder and 01:08:14 --> 01:08:16: that there's no end of information. 01:08:16 --> 01:08:18: We can include links to these various. 01:08:18 --> 01:08:21: Resources, and I think we have a roundup on our 01:08:21 --> 01:08:22: on our page as well. 01:08:22 --> 01:08:25: We can include links as we send it out, 01:08:25 --> 01:08:28: so just in 30 seconds each as we wrap here, 01:08:28 --> 01:08:31: you know what is the single most important thing that 01:08:31 --> 01:08:34: you would like listeners to take away from this web 01:08:34 --> 01:08:34: and R. 01:08:34 --> 01:08:38: What's the most important thing for real estate leaders to 01:08:38 --> 01:08:40: be doing or thinking about right now?

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01:08:43 --> 01:08:46:
                          And actually there's two. One is run the fans.
01:08:46 --> 01:08:48:
                          It's really cheap to run the fans.
01:08:48 --> 01:08:52:
                          In the second is that buildings compete.
01:08:52 --> 01:08:55:
                          And healthy building is going to go beyond being a
01:08:55 --> 01:08:57:
                          nice to have into being a must have.
01:09:00 --> 01:09:02:
                          Yeah I think so. John covered the healthy building side,
01:09:02 --> 01:09:04:
                          so I'm going to put on the help that the
01:09:04 --> 01:09:07:
                          public health professors had here and go with this.
01:09:07 --> 01:09:09:
                          This is an all in moment like we've never had,
01:09:09 --> 01:09:10:
                          so you know, as my Dean says,
01:09:10 --> 01:09:12:
                          whatever skill, whatever your passion,
01:09:12 --> 01:09:14:
                          there's a place for you in public health.
01:09:14 --> 01:09:16:
                          So we need everyone to be all in.
01:09:16 --> 01:09:18:
                          And that means if you're a comedian,
01:09:18 --> 01:09:19:
                          make us laugh and artist,
01:09:19 --> 01:09:20:
                          bring some joy to the world.
01:09:20 --> 01:09:23:
                          I'm a scientist. I'm going to keep doing science in
01:09:23 --> 01:09:23:
                          real estate.
01:09:23 --> 01:09:25:
                          Think about these healthy building strategies.
01:09:25 --> 01:09:28:
                          If you have a particular talent in your company that
01:09:28 --> 01:09:29:
                          you can apply.
01:09:29 --> 01:09:32:
                          Do it. You know, there's nothing everything's at stake here,
01:09:32 --> 01:09:34:
                          right? The lives of 10s of thousands,
01:09:34 --> 01:09:36:
                          if not more, people are at stake.
01:09:36 --> 01:09:37:
                          Entire global economy is at stake,
01:09:37 --> 01:09:39:
                          so we need to apply it.
01:09:39 --> 01:09:40:
                          It is an all in moment.
01:09:40 --> 01:09:44:
                          So then join in and bring whatever you can bear
01:09:44 --> 01:09:44:
                          to this.
01:09:44 --> 01:09:48:
                          Alright, well thank you very much gentlemen and thanks to
01:09:48 --> 01:09:51:
                          all of you participants for joining.
01:09:51 --> 01:09:53:
                          We actually I knew this would happen.
01:09:53 --> 01:09:57:
                          We had many more questions than we could get to,
01:09:57 --> 01:10:00:
                          but we hope that you will TuneIn for our future
01:10:00 --> 01:10:01:
                          webinars.
01:10:01 --> 01:10:05:
                          We're going to do our best to continue to shed
01:10:05 --> 01:10:06:
                          light and.
01:10:06 --> 01:10:09:
                          Add information to, you know the and add to what
01:10:09 --> 01:10:13:
                          people need to know about this pandemic going forward.
01:10:13 --> 01:10:17:
                          Next slide Sarah. So if you're interested in learning more,
01:10:17 --> 01:10:20:
                          all invite you to attend upcoming webinars in the series
```

Let me go first and Joe you can go 2nd.

01:08:40 --> 01:08:43:

01:10:20> 01:10:22:	are next one as I mentioned,
01:10:22> 01:10:25:	is resiliency in a new normal with speakers,
01:10:25> 01:10:29:	Jonathan Rosemark, Walsman, Brad Boxer and then at lunch.
01:10:29> 01:10:32:	And after that we'll explore parks and public spaces and
01:10:32> 01:10:36:	the following week will glean insights from real estate.
01:10:36> 01:10:39:	Ann leaders. So we have real estate leaders in Asia
01:10:39> 01:10:42:	and so we hope you'll join us for these webinars
01:10:42> 01:10:45:	and check out that short link for more links to
01:10:45> 01:10:47:	the information. I will make sure that links to the
01:10:48> 01:10:51:	resources that John and Joe mentioned or posted there.
01:10:51> 01:10:53:	Feel free to email us anytime at health that you
01:10:53> 01:10:54:	lied at work.
01:10:54> 01:10:57:	We love hearing from people we love hearing about your
01:10:57> 01:11:01:	questions and what you're thinking about and struggling with and
01:11:01> 01:11:05:	wondering about in that definitely helps us craft feature programming.
01:11:05> 01:11:07:	So until next time please stay so.
01:11:07> 01:11:10:	Stay healthy and stay safe and all of our best.
01:11:10> 01:11:11:	Thanks a lot.

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