

## **Podcast Episode**

Season 1, Episode 1: Simon Treacy, CEO of Private Equity Real Estate,

CapitaLand Investment

From the Voices of ULI

Date: December 09, 2021

00:00:03 --> 00:00:07: Hi, I'm Scott Dunn and welcome to the first season

**00:00:07 --> 00:00:10:** of Voices of ULIA podcast.

00:00:10 --> 00:00:13: Brought to you by the Urban Land Institute Asia Pacific

**00:00:13 --> 00:00:17:** in conversation with thought leaders and industry experts.

00:00:17 --> 00:00:21: I'll be asking them to reflect personally on their career

**00:00:21 --> 00:00:21:** journeys,

00:00:21 --> 00:00:25: particularly on the actions that they've made that have had

00:00:25 --> 00:00:30: significant impact on land use and development today and

what

00:00:30 --> 00:00:31: their vision holds.

00:00:31 --> 00:00:34: For the future of our communities that we live in.

00:00:37 --> 00:00:39: In today's episode, we'll be talking

**00:00:39 --> 00:00:41:** to Simon Tracy,

00:00:41 --> 00:00:42: who's the CEO

00:00:42 --> 00:00:47: of private equity real estate at Capital Land Investments.

**00:00:47 --> 00:00:50:** Simon, welcome to Voices of Uli.

00:00:50 --> 00:00:51: I want

**00:00:51 --> 00:00:52:** to

**00:00:52 --> 00:00:56:** start with your early years.

**00:00:56 --> 00:00:58:** Where was it that you grew up and what kind

**00:00:58 --> 00:00:59:** of community

**00:00:59 --> 00:01:01:** did you grow up in?

00:01:01 --> 00:01:02: Well, I

**00:01:02 --> 00:01:04:** suppose I've been a consumer of cities.

**00:01:04 --> 00:01:07:** I would say over the decades my father was in

00:01:07 --> 00:01:11: a commercial bank and we moved around about 15 cities

**00:01:11 --> 00:01:12:** around Australia.

00:01:12> 00:01:17:	including Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane but completed my high school and
00:01:17> 00:01:21:	College in in Brisbane and joined Lend Lease and then
00:01:21> 00:01:24:	went down to Sydney which is a fabulous city for
00:01:24> 00:01:29:	about five years before I ventured up to Asia in
00:01:29> 00:01:29:	1996.
00:01:30> 00:01:32:	In in that time period,
00:01:32> 00:01:35:	when was it that you started to get interested in
00:01:35> 00:01:37:	real estate or development?
00:01:37> 00:01:38:	Was there
00:01:39> 00:01:40:	something that really kind
00:01:40> 00:01:43:	of stood out as a as a moment where you
00:01:43> 00:01:45:	started to understand more about
00:01:45> 00:01:48:	real estate? Overall, I don't
00:01:48> 00:01:51:	think so. I mean, I think real estates about people
00:01:51> 00:01:52:	about communities.
00:01:52> 00:01:55:	It's about government, private sector,
00:01:55> 00:01:58:	and I observed all of that in the different cities
00:01:58> 00:02:02:	from the mining towns to the more commercial towns.
00:02:02> 00:02:08:	To the mega cities in Australia you know the Sydney's
00:02:08> 00:02:10:	you know the Melbourne's.
00:02:10> 00:02:13:	So I think real estate really just crept up on
00:02:13> 00:02:16:	me to be honest and I got into real estate
00:02:16> 00:02:20:	from infrastructure and that's actually how I got into Asia.
00:02:20> 00:02:24:	It was in the infrastructure role and that evolved into
00:02:24> 00:02:29:	real estate as the Asian financial crisis started to unravel
00:02:29> 00:02:33:	and at that time Lend Lease needed me to come
00:02:33> 00:02:36:	and help work out a lot of those situations.
00:02:36> 00:02:42:	So those, I guess those early days in Lend Lease.
00:02:42> 00:02:44:	What kind of deals were you working on or what
00:02:44> 00:02:46:	kind of projects were you involved with?
00:02:46> 00:02:50:	Well, initially I came out of financial services Lend Lease,
00:02:50> 00:02:55:	owned a life insurance company called MLC and that kind
00:02:55> 00:02:55:	of,
00:02:55> 00:02:59:	you know, made me move ultimately into Lend Lease into
00:02:59> 00:03:03:	the Capital Services division and we were looking at private
00:03:03> 00:03:08:	equity investments and then I got into infrastructure through a
00:03:08> 00:03:12:	joint venture Lend Lease had with GE Capital.
00:03:12> 00:03:16:	Structured finance group and that was an Asian initiative to
00:03:16> 00:03:20:	joint venture in funds management in infrastructure.
00:03:20> 00:03:23:	So that was really kind of the commencement of my
00:03:24> 00:03:25:	institutional investing.

00:03:25> 00:03:29:	Kind of, you know, activities and and work,
00:03:29> 00:03:31:	but what kind of infrastructure was it?
00:03:31> 00:03:34:	The specific type? Or was it kind of?
00:03:36> 00:03:41:	You know ports even back then renewable energy putting 54
00:03:41> 00:03:46:	MW Caterpillar power gensets over old rubbish dumps and
	piping
00:03:46> 00:03:50:	down to the methane gas to be the fuel for
00:03:50> 00:03:54:	for the generators. So that was that was back in
00:03:54> 00:03:57:	the early 90s so I've always had an interest in
00:03:57> 00:03:59:	renewable energy and you know,
00:04:00> 00:04:03:	back in the day that that was very pioneering and
00:04:03> 00:04:06:	you know it was a bit of a cost disadvantage.
00:04:06> 00:04:10:	To cope, but there were certain subsidies and incentives to
00:04:10> 00:04:12:	make it appealing for investors,
00:04:12> 00:04:15:	and that certainly was one of the formidable deals in
00:04:15> 00:04:19:	Australia in terms of renewable energy in that joint venture
00:04:19> 00:04:21:	between Lend Lease and GE Capital.
00:04:22> 00:04:25:	OK, always most are focused in Australia or is also
00:04:25> 00:04:27:	elsewhere in Asia.
00:04:27> 00:04:27:	Well,
00:04:27> 00:04:31:	that joint venture was Australia and New Zealand and then
00:04:31> 00:04:35:	I was actually sent by the directors to Singapore on
00:04:35> 00:04:36:	Sakonnet.
00:04:36> 00:04:39:	From Lend Lease to GE Capital proper.
00:04:39> 00:04:41:	So I work down at the one of the old
00:04:41> 00:04:45:	Capitol buildings and intention poga working.
00:04:45> 00:04:49:	You know as essentially a GE Capital employee for a
00:04:49> 00:04:51:	year or so until as I mentioned earlier,
00:04:51> 00:04:55:	the Asian financial crisis started to really unravel a lot
00:04:55> 00:04:59:	of the Lend Lease investments around the region and that's
00:04:59> 00:05:01:	when I was called back to help resolve and work
00:05:01> 00:05:06:	through those situations from which emerged the real state.
00:05:06> 00:05:10:	Basement management as one of my kind of core competencies
00:05:10> 00:05:13:	and that evolved into real estate funds management with serious
00:05:14> 00:05:17:	opportunistic and value added funds back in the day.
00:05:17> 00:05:19:	And I guess at that point,
00:05:19> 00:05:25:	then there's a transition with Macquarie and then MP M
00:05:25> 00:05:30:	GPA and the transition back into to Asia to Japan.
00:05:30> 00:05:32:	And I guess I mean talk a little bit about
00:05:32> 00:05:32:	that period,
00:05:32> 00:05:33:	not transition.

00:05:34> 00:05:36:	Yeah? I mean it's interesting story,
00:05:36> 00:05:39:	I mean. Lend Lease in the day went very heavily
00:05:39> 00:05:40:	internationally,
00:05:40> 00:05:43:	particularly into EU S. And you know that was quite
00:05:44> 00:05:47:	challenging for land lease and as a wash up there
00:05:47> 00:05:51:	was a number of companies that were sold and we
00:05:51> 00:05:55:	were the GP for Lend Lease Global Property Advisors and
00:05:56> 00:06:01:	that was the first true global opportunistic fund within Lend
00:06:01> 00:06:01:	Lease.
00:06:01> 00:06:07:	So myself and colleagues did a management buyout in 2000
00:06:07> 00:06:07:	and.
00:06:07> 00:06:10:	And therefore we became the owners of the GP,
00:06:10> 00:06:14:	the company that ultimately became MPA.
00:06:14> 00:06:18:	You reference Macquarie Bank, we sold 49%
00:06:19> 00:06:24:	of the MBO company called Okhtar Capital Partners to
	Macquarie
00:06:24> 00:06:25:	Bank.
00:06:25> 00:06:28:	About nine months after we did the NBO and we
00:06:28> 00:06:33:	changed our names to Macquarie Global Property Advisors.
00:06:33> 00:06:36:	And then we shortened that over time to just M
00:06:36> 00:06:36:	GPA.
00:06:36> 00:06:40:	And that really became the company that we grew very
00:06:40> 00:06:43:	significantly around Asia and Europe,
00:06:43> 00:06:45:	raising capital globally.
00:06:45> 00:06:49:	And where was the first focus in terms of cities
00:06:49> 00:06:50:	or geographies
00:06:51> 00:06:54:	we'd raised about a half a billion dollars from 14
00:06:54> 00:06:56:	institutional investors,
00:06:56> 00:06:59:	Dutch pension funds, Australian pension funds,
00:06:59> 00:07:01:	etc. U S pension funds.
00:07:01> 00:07:04:	The first investments were in London,
00:07:04> 00:07:10:	Hong Kong in Singapore, and then we evolved onto an
00:07:10> 00:07:12:	Asian value,
00:07:12> 00:07:16:	added fund and a Europe value added fund and that
00:07:16> 00:07:16:	became.
00:07:16> 00:07:19:	Fund two and then we went on to fund three
00:07:19> 00:07:21:	etc through until we sold the business.
00:07:21> 00:07:25:	Ultimately in 2013 to BlackRock
00:07:25> 00:07:28:	right, it's just going back to that time period.
00:07:28> 00:07:32:	Then when you're raising capital and you're starting to
00:07:32> 00:07:34:	increase the number of projects you're invested in,
00:07:34> 00:07:38:	
UU.U1.34> UU:U1:38:	diversify into other markets. I guess one of the questions

00:07:39> 00:07:43:	was especially at that time period you had this massive
00:07:43> 00:07:46:	amount of transformation going on within,
00:07:46> 00:07:48:	especially within the Asia. Cities.
00:07:48> 00:07:53:	Come in, you're looking for opportunities there at that time
00:07:53> 00:07:53:	period,
00:07:53> 00:07:57:	wasn't a lot of information or a lot of transparency
00:07:57> 00:07:58:	around information.
00:07:58> 00:08:02:	You know, data was hard to to to achieve or
00:08:02> 00:08:03:	to get.
00:08:03> 00:08:05:	How did you, I guess,
00:08:05> 00:08:08:	look at that in terms of risk profiles with very
00:08:08> 00:08:09:	little data available.
00:08:09> 00:08:12:	And how do you make decisions about moving forward to
00:08:12> 00:08:13:	manage some of that risk?
00:08:14> 00:08:16:	Yeah, I mean, those times were,
00:08:16> 00:08:19:	you know, at the beginning when a lot of the.
00:08:19> 00:08:22:	Markets in Asia and Europe were just starting to open
00:08:22> 00:08:24:	up to institutional capital.
00:08:24> 00:08:26:	And you're right, there wasn't a lot of transparency,
00:08:26> 00:08:28:	and that was partly the opportunity,
00:08:28> 00:08:32:	and our approach was to be very much on the
00:08:32> 00:08:33:	ground.
00:08:33> 00:08:37:	And very much employing kind of old Lend Lease disciplines
00:08:38> 00:08:39:	of risk management,
00:08:39> 00:08:43:	project management, development management, and being very hands on in
00:08:43> 00:08:45:	terms of asset management,
00:08:45> 00:08:47:	whilst always being a fiduciary.
00:08:47> 00:08:51:	So we were pioneers in a lot of these markets
00:08:51> 00:08:54:	and you know that's why I moved from Hong Kong
00:08:54> 00:08:57:	to Bangkok to Hong Kong to one of the first
00:08:57> 00:09:02:	people in Lend Lease to move to Tokyo in 2000.
00:09:02> 00:09:05:	And then into China when that market started to open
00:09:05> 00:09:05:	up again,
00:09:05> 00:09:09:	I moved with a very young family to Shanghai to
00:09:09> 00:09:12:	really just sit on a rock for a year and
00:09:12> 00:09:16:	just listen and learn and understand how deals were done
00:09:16> 00:09:17:	and how to get information.
00:09:17> 00:09:20:	And then we started investing.
00:09:20> 00:09:23:	And we did that approach in all of the countries
00:09:23> 00:09:25:	around pager in Europe,
00:09:25> 00:09:28:	very hands on very much discipline,

00:09:28> 00:09:32:	asset, project, management approach and really exploiting the kind of
00:09:32> 00:09:36:	lack of transparency in the market because we were there,
00:09:36> 00:09:39:	we were the ones creating our own set of comparables
00:09:39> 00:09:44:	and looking at different submarkets and looking at demand drivers
00:09:44> 00:09:44:	etc.
00:09:44> 00:09:48:	In fact, back at that point we had a strategic
00:09:48> 00:09:49:	decision to make.
00:09:49> 00:09:51:	Would we go into? China,
00:09:51> 00:09:54:	in a big way or India or both.
00:09:54> 00:09:57:	And after a few trips to both markets,
00:09:57> 00:10:00:	we decided that China was big enough and that that
00:10:01> 00:10:04:	kind of one hands down because of the commitment to
00:10:04> 00:10:08:	building out the infrastructure as opposed to India where on
00:10:08> 00:10:12:	some of our research trips we would go and visit
00:10:12> 00:10:14:	a local grade A office building.
00:10:14> 00:10:17:	We really didn't have any infrastructure around that we had
00:10:17> 00:10:19:	to go through dirt tracks to get to the grade.
00:10:19> 00:10:22:	A office building and then the roads were built so
00:10:23> 00:10:26:	a very different kind of risk assessment.
00:10:26> 00:10:29:	We saw way back then in the early early 2000s.
00:10:30> 00:10:33:	It's interesting. I think it's interesting that you you yourself
00:10:33> 00:10:37:	personally spent time in each one of those places to
00:10:37> 00:10:39:	really understand the market itself.
00:10:39> 00:10:41:	I I guess I mean that kind of leads to
00:10:41> 00:10:45:	them that the judgment on the quality of the project.
00:10:45> 00:10:50:	Come as well as a lot of these cities.
00:10:50> 00:10:51:	Things were built really quickly.
00:10:51> 00:10:54:	I mean, there was a need to house people you
00:10:54> 00:10:56:	had this migration into urban centers.
00:10:56> 00:11:00:	There is the the a lot of jobs being created
00:11:00> 00:11:04:	so there was fundamentals around that migration,
00:11:04> 00:11:07:	but there wasn't always a aspect of quality and I
00:11:07> 00:11:10:	think you know you've said a few times that you
00:11:10> 00:11:14:	you come into a market and you're looking for ugly
00:11:14> 00:11:18:	buildings to buy. On great streets that you could fix
00:11:18> 00:11:22:	up and I guess in that what was kind of
00:11:22> 00:11:26:	the process of deciding on what's the best value to
00:11:26> 00:11:29:	add and create to those properties,
00:11:29> 00:11:32:	and then how important to your point in terms of
00:11:32> 00:11:35:	the difference between China and India was what was being

00:11:35> 00:11:39: 00:11:39> 00:11:43:	planned for that that street or that district that community either by government or other private developers important in
	that
00:11:43> 00:11:45:	decision making so kind of,
00:11:45> 00:11:47:	you know. What was the process that you went through
00:11:47> 00:11:48:	in terms of that evaluation?
00:11:48> 00:11:51:	And then how important were those other factors?
00:11:51> 00:11:52:	Yeah, and I think you know.
00:11:52> 00:11:56:	Obviously real states are very local business and it's extremely
00:11:56> 00:11:58:	hard to generalize.
00:11:58> 00:12:00:	You know, Osaka is very different from Tokyo,
00:12:00> 00:12:02:	for instance, and you know,
00:12:02> 00:12:03:	in the Japanese market, it's a.
00:12:03> 00:12:07:	It's a very well disciplined development market.
00:12:07> 00:12:11:	It's very difficult and still is for a foreigner to
00:12:11> 00:12:12:	come in and actually develop.
00:12:12> 00:12:15:	And therefore we chose in that market too.
00:12:15> 00:12:18:	As you said, bye. You know not only building on
00:12:18> 00:12:20:	a on a good street where there's food,
00:12:20> 00:12:25:	submarket drivers and retrofits some of those older office buildings
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	so that they were compliant to the current seismic code
00:12:28> 00:12:33:	and therefore that really changed the profile of the building
00:12:33> 00:12:36:	in the submarket which really enabled higher occupancy,
00:12:36> 00:12:40:	higher rents and have a different CAP rate or a
00:12:40> 00:12:45:	different exit and therefore that was a very good kind
00:12:45> 00:12:47:	of play for us by fixed cell.
00:12:47> 00:12:51:	And you know, we cried dozens of these older nine
00:12:51> 00:12:55:	story office buildings and retrofitted them,
00:12:55> 00:12:59:	improve the operations, stabilized the rent profile,
00:12:59> 00:13:02:	and then exited. And that was back in the early
00:13:02> 00:13:03:	2000s,
00:13:03> 00:13:05:	something that no one else was really doing.
00:13:05> 00:13:08:	But we were committed to it because we had a
00:13:08> 00:13:12:	very fundamental view on submarkets and how we could with
00:13:12> 00:13:13:	good asset management,
00:13:13> 00:13:18:	project management and light refurbishment really reposition these.
00:13:18> 00:13:20:	These properties to be quite valuable,
00:13:20> 00:13:23:	and I think even today there's still a market for
00:13:23> 00:13:23:	that.
00:13:23> 00:13:26:	In a lot of the cities around the world where

00:13:26> 00:13:28:	you know more than probably 75%
00:13:28> 00:13:31:	of the properties are more than 3040 years of age,
00:13:31> 00:13:35:	and you know when you think about the sustainability challenge.
00:13:35> 00:13:39:	The 2050 challenge, then that's the real key issue.
00:13:39> 00:13:41:	In Europe in particular, you know,
00:13:41> 00:13:48:	these buildings need focused sustainable asset management plans today to
00:13:48> 00:13:48:	enable.
00:13:48> 00:13:52:	Countries in the whole region to achieve their sustainability targets,
00:13:52> 00:13:55:	so again, you know everything is very cyclical,
00:13:55> 00:13:59:	and I think the investment rationale today is a little
00:13:59> 00:14:02:	bit like it was twenty years ago in terms of
00:14:03> 00:14:06:	a very clear focus on the asset plan and disciplined
00:14:06> 00:14:09:	execution to achieve, amongst other things,
00:14:09> 00:14:14:	those reductions in sustainability targets in terms of buying buildings
00:14:15> 00:14:17:	and the communities you know.
00:14:17> 00:14:21:	Our first investment in. China was in Xintiandi buying a
00:14:21> 00:14:23:	office building and,
00:14:23> 00:14:26:	you know, we really studied that sub market and we
00:14:26> 00:14:30:	saw that is just the absolute quite frankly world class
00:14:30> 00:14:34:	example of how public and private can work together to
00:14:34> 00:14:38:	create a very walkable, vibrant area where people can live,
00:14:38> 00:14:40:	work and play. And you know,
00:14:40> 00:14:43:	from 15 years ago to today,
00:14:43> 00:14:47:	it still continues to evolve into change and to bring
00:14:47> 00:14:50:	in you trends in terms of shopping.
00:14:50> 00:14:58:	Behavior and digitalization and safety and more community involvement.
00:14:58> 00:15:00:	The arts culture. So again,
00:15:00> 00:15:03:	that's a really important feature of our investment.
00:15:03> 00:15:07:	Thesis always is what's going to happen to the character
00:15:07> 00:15:08:	of the local area,
00:15:08> 00:15:11:	which is really something a lot more.
00:15:11> 00:15:14:	You know, 3rd 4th dimension from the traditional.
00:15:14> 00:15:16:	Looking at demand and supply drivers
00:15:17> 00:15:20:	know it's really a shame xintiandi is,
00:15:20> 00:15:21:	I think one of those.
00:15:21> 00:15:24:	Kind of first real good examples of adaptive reuse in
00:15:24> 00:15:25:	China.
00:15:25> 00:15:26:	At that time we were working on,

00:15:26> 00:15:31:	you know, mass of master plans in in multiple cities
00:15:31> 00:15:35:	and every time it was a challenge to have the
00:15:35> 00:15:40:	development community think about preservation.
00:15:40> 00:15:42:	Adaptive reuse. When the main notion was well,
00:15:42> 00:15:45:	let's we need everything new.
00:15:45> 00:15:49:	
	We need it bright and shiny and it needs to
00:15:49> 00:15:50:	be big.
00:15:50> 00:15:51:	And so there's so much kind of just coming in
00:15:51> 00:15:52:	and.
00:15:52> 00:15:56:	Raising everything, and I think that really demonstrated that there
00:15:56> 00:15:59:	was a need and a market for these types of
00:15:59> 00:16:00:	buildings.
00:16:00> 00:16:02:	Yeah, and I think globally now,
00:16:02> 00:16:06:	particularly with the pandemic and the challenge of having people
00:16:06> 00:16:08:	return to the office for instance,
00:16:08> 00:16:14:	it's even more important that developers and public private
	partnerships
00:16:14> 00:16:18:	curate an experience for people to really refresh and to
00:16:18> 00:16:19:	really,
00:16:19> 00:16:22:	you know, re engage with people and the environment.
00:16:22> 00:16:25:	You know, in a way where they can reduce the
00:16:25> 00:16:25:	stress,
00:16:25> 00:16:27:	quite frankly, right? I mean,
00:16:27> 00:16:29:	it's it's a very stressed will and life.
00:16:29> 00:16:32:	We all lead and I think the whole ecosystem of
00:16:33> 00:16:36:	real state has really picked this game up materially in
00:16:36> 00:16:40:	terms of the quality of the air and the buildings,
00:16:40> 00:16:42:	the quality of the circulation,
00:16:42> 00:16:44:	the access for handicapped people,
00:16:44> 00:16:47:	etc. And I think that's really going to be a
00:16:47> 00:16:51:	
00.10.47> 00.10.51.	big differentiator overtime from a good building in a in
00:16:51> 00:16:52:	big differentiator overtime from a good building in a in a traditional.
00:16:51> 00:16:52:	a traditional.
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56:	a traditional. Submarket to a building that has a role within an
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56: 00:16:56> 00:17:00:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential part
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56: 00:16:56> 00:17:00: 00:17:00> 00:17:04: 00:17:04> 00:17:08:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential part offers part retail Park Community centers, part government, part innovation with transportation coming through.
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56: 00:16:56> 00:17:00: 00:17:00> 00:17:04: 00:17:04> 00:17:08: 00:17:08> 00:17:11:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential part offers part retail Park Community centers, part government, part innovation with transportation coming through.  So I really think thematically,
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56: 00:16:56> 00:17:00: 00:17:00> 00:17:04: 00:17:04> 00:17:08:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential part offers part retail Park Community centers, part government, part innovation with transportation coming through.  So I really think thematically, the best investments are those where people think through
00:16:51> 00:16:52: 00:16:52> 00:16:56: 00:16:56> 00:17:00: 00:17:00> 00:17:04: 00:17:04> 00:17:08: 00:17:08> 00:17:11:	a traditional.  Submarket to a building that has a role within an ecosystem in a little community which might be residential part offers part retail Park Community centers, part government, part innovation with transportation coming through.  So I really think thematically,

00.47.40 > 00.47.04.	And a section access to the section of the section is the section of the section
00:17:16> 00:17:21:	And again, even more important today is just thinking through
00:17:21> 00:17:23:	mental Wellness and how.
00:17:23> 00:17:27:	That the real estate community can really help everyone get
00:17:27> 00:17:30:	through this very difficult time.
00:17:30> 00:17:34:	Even things like pets, I mean very important for people
00:17:34> 00:17:37:	that play a huge role in the last 18 months
00:17:37> 00:17:38:	and people's lives.
00:17:38> 00:17:42:	So that's gonna be again aspect of mixed use developments
00:17:42> 00:17:44:	that people need to think about.
00:17:44> 00:17:47:	Again a lot more. I mean when you're walking around
00:17:47> 00:17:48:	parks,
00:17:48> 00:17:49:	it's it's really interesting, right?
00:17:49> 00:17:52:	We've all done a lot of walking with pets and
00:17:52> 00:17:53:	with kids.
00:17:53> 00:17:55:	Over the last couple of years,
00:17:55> 00:17:57:	it's amazing when you're walking.
00:17:57> 00:18:00:	Dogs help people smile and they want to talk to
00:18:00> 00:18:00:	you.
00:18:00> 00:18:01:	Or if you got a little baby,
00:18:01> 00:18:04:	everyone wants to smile. So again,
00:18:04> 00:18:08:	it sees moments of joy that a really interesting for
00:18:08> 00:18:13:	developers to curate when they're thinking through master
	plans.
00:18:13> 00:18:16:	And when people are thinking about you know how to
00:18:16> 00:18:17:	revitalize.
00:18:17> 00:18:22:	Maybe a sale community area that has had stayed possibly,
00:18:22> 00:18:23:	but could come back.
00:18:25> 00:18:26:	Yeah, it's very true. I mean,
00:18:26> 00:18:28:	dogs always want to connect even if the owners are
00:18:28> 00:18:29:	a little bit shy.
00:18:29> 00:18:32:	And that brings people together and in a dense urban
00:18:32> 00:18:33:	environments,
00:18:33> 00:18:36:	often hard to find those places for a dog to
00:18:36> 00:18:39:	run freely and be able to do its business.
00:18:39> 00:18:43:	So it's the hide. So those are challenges in terms
00:18:43> 00:18:44:	of space utilization.
00:18:45> 00:18:47:	I want to come back to
00:18:47> 00:18:50:	one thing that you mentioned in terms of cycles and
00:18:50> 00:18:54:	cycles of development and some of your experience with
	this.
00:18:54> 00:18:58:	I in 2007 seven were at the top of the
00:18:58> 00:18:59:	market.

00:18:59> 00:19:04:	I think you know raised the third opportunistic vehicle fund
00:19:04> 00:19:05:	over,
00:19:05> 00:19:08:	you know, close to \$4 billion in that fund.
00:19:08> 00:19:12:	February 18th, you signed had the signing ceremony here in
00:19:12> 00:19:16:	Singapore with Grace Fu who is the Minister of State.
00:19:16> 00:19:20:	A national development at the time Dr.
00:19:20> 00:19:23:	Chung could hang from your A was at the signing
00:19:24> 00:19:27:	ceremony in terms of Asia Square Tower.
00:19:27> 00:19:30:	It was one of the largest foreign direct investments at
00:19:30> 00:19:31:	the time and to Marina Bay.
00:19:31> 00:19:36:	It really helped to kick off a lot of the
00:19:36> 00:19:40:	the future of the Marina Bay Area.
00:19:40> 00:19:43:	Then you know, six months later,
00:19:43> 00:19:47:	Lehman Brothers and the world kind of turns key.
00:19:47> 00:19:50:	Maybe go through kind of your thinking at that time,
00:19:50> 00:19:53:	what the process was that you needed to go through
00:19:53> 00:19:55:	in terms of convincing your stakeholders,
00:19:55> 00:19:57:	your investors to stay with you,
00:19:57> 00:20:00:	what you needed to do in terms of repositioning to
00:20:00> 00:20:01:	be agile.
00:20:02> 00:20:05:	Yeah, sure, I mean you know real estate cyclical and
00:20:05> 00:20:07:	every ten years or so you you're gonna go through
00:20:07> 00:20:10:	a super cycle and you know it's very hard to
00:20:10> 00:20:14:	predict that as it was back in 2000.
00:20:14> 00:20:18:	You know 89 but you know the whole Marina Bay
00:20:18> 00:20:24:	investment started back in 2006 when the URA Singapore Planning
00:20:24> 00:20:30:	Authority actually went to meet them and presented their vision
00:20:31> 00:20:34:	of Marina Bay. And it was clearly world class,
00:20:34> 00:20:40:	clearly very thought provoking. Huge commitment to having a lot
00:20:40> 00:20:43:	of the infrastructure you know,
00:20:43> 00:20:46:	like district cooling, heating systems,
00:20:46> 00:20:51:	underground underground expressways. Massive parks,
00:20:51> 00:20:56:	it was clearly going to be a differentiator for Fortune
00:20:56> 00:21:00:	500 tenants and and local tenants in in Singapore.
00:21:00> 00:21:03:	It was going to be an attraction.
00:21:03> 00:21:06:	It was going to create everything that I talked about
00:21:06> 00:21:08:	a few moments ago in terms of a place to
00:21:08> 00:21:08:	live,
00:21:08> 00:21:12:	work and play. When the crisis came,
00:21:12> 00:21:16:	you know it was a period where we needed to

00 04 40 > 00 04 40	
00:21:16> 00:21:19:	very quickly have a couple of cold showers.
00:21:19> 00:21:21:	Really look at the underwriting.
00:21:21> 00:21:23:	Talk to all the investors and those.
00:21:23> 00:21:25:	Those were very kind of,
00:21:25> 00:21:30:	you know, courageous discussions on you know the different scenarios
00:21:30> 00:21:33:	from scorched earth through to a quick rebound.
00:21:33> 00:21:38:	We've re plotted the underwriting stock trail knitting in terms
00:21:38> 00:21:42:	of being the development and asset manager,
00:21:42> 00:21:45:	and curated a wonderful design that was very innovative,
00:21:45> 00:21:50:	particularly in terms of. Joining the two buildings with a
00:21:50> 00:21:55:	very large public space that again really emphasize the ability
00:21:55> 00:21:59:	to curate a lot of experiences down there for the
00:22:00> 00:22:04:	tenants, and, you know, we we've concluded those those developments
00:22:04> 00:22:06:	they leased up very well.
00:22:06> 00:22:10:	Rents came back and we finally exited them.
00:22:10> 00:22:12:	We didn't obviously make as much money as we had
00:22:12> 00:22:13:	thought,
00:22:13> 00:22:16:	but you know that's to be expected when you go
00:22:16> 00:22:19:	through a kind of foreseeable.
00:22:19> 00:22:22:	Global crisis like that, but it was a crisis in
00:22:22> 00:22:24:	a dislocation in the capital markets.
00:22:24> 00:22:27:	It wasn't actually a dislocation in fundamental demand,
00:22:27> 00:22:30:	those buildings leased up very strongly to,
00:22:30> 00:22:32:	you know, the likes of Ali,
00:22:32> 00:22:37:	aunts, Citibank, etc. And you know those big occupiers.
00:22:37> 00:22:42:	They looked at things like sustainability and Beijing Square was,
00:22:42> 00:22:45:	you know, one of the first platinum LEED buildings in
00:22:45> 00:22:46:	in Singapore for instance.
00:22:46> 00:22:48:	And all of those factors.
00:22:48> 00:22:52:	Really made a difference and still puts those buildings in
00:22:52> 00:22:56:	the market today as being a very premium international property.
00:22:57> 00:23:00:	That's true and it it did help extend the urban
00:23:00> 00:23:03:	fabric of of the downtown core,
00:23:03> 00:23:06:	and I think the open space that was created at
00:23:06> 00:23:09:	the ground plane is used incredibly well in terms of
00:23:09> 00:23:13:	the diversity of views and the ability to capture people.
00:23:13> 00:23:17:	The mix between retail, commercial and some of the curated
00:23:17> 00:23:17:	events that happened in that space.
00:23:19> 00:23:19:	It's quite lively. So it I think in terms of
UU.43.13/ UU.43.44.	it's quite lively. So it I tillik ill tellilis Ul

00:23:22> 00:23:26: 00:23:26> 00:23:29:	the the contribution to the extension of Marina Bay is fantastic and you can now see now you know the
00:23:29> 00:23:32:	connecting of of Asia squared to some of the newer
00:23:32> 00:23:35:	properties that are coming up around it.
00:23:36> 00:23:39:	I think what was interesting going through the global financial
00:23:39> 00:23:42:	crisis is that we haven't really seen anything like it
00:23:42> 00:23:42:	since,
00:23:42> 00:23:46:	so you know, there's been now over 10 years of
00:23:46> 00:23:51:	no major dislocation in the capital markets or in the
00:23:51> 00:23:52:	demand fundamentals,
00:23:52> 00:23:56:	and therefore if you look at the whole sector,
00:23:56> 00:24:00:	the whole industry, we've really had a kind of a
00:24:00> 00:24:02:	goldilock period the last ten years,
00:24:02> 00:24:07:	
00:24:07> 00:24:10:	and what always interests me is how we're developing our.  Younger people in in the sector in terms of mentoring
00:24:10> 00:24:11:	
00:24:11> 00:24:13:	and you know,
	saying that we'll stay this sickle.
00:24:13> 00:24:16:	Things don't always go up and we need to take that into account.
00:24:16> 00:24:17:	
00:24:17> 00:24:20:	You know, kind of asset management and and planning.
00:24:20> 00:24:23:	And if you look at what's happening in China today,
00:24:23> 00:24:26:	for instance, you know that's exactly what I'm talking about,
00:24:26> 00:24:30:	but the market hasn't seen that type of downturn there
00:24:30> 00:24:31:	for for a decade or so.
00:24:31> 00:24:34:	And therefore this is going to really create a whole
00:24:34> 00:24:37:	new kind of reevaluation of how people.
00:24:37> 00:24:41:	Underwrite assets and how they communicate with investors and how
00:24:41> 00:24:43:	they work through what could be?
00:24:43> 00:24:48:	You know some quite troubling situations that could have regional
00:24:48> 00:24:51:	and possibly global ramifications.
00:24:51> 00:24:51:	So
00:24:51> 00:24:52:	I do want to talk
00:24:52> 00:24:56:	about a kind of what's next and the evolution of
00:24:56> 00:24:57:	cities.
00:24:57> 00:25:01:	So Asia Cities 4.0 I think you've been involved in
00:25:01> 00:25:03:	a few of these evolutions,
00:25:03> 00:25:05:	and this, and I think,
00:25:05> 00:25:08:	especially when you look at the skyline of any Asian.
00:25:08> 00:25:12:	But it's changed tremendously over the last 1520 years.
00:25:12> 00:25:15:	Now with this next round of rejuvenation,

00:25:15> 00:25:20:	there's opportunities to be very proactive and how the cities
00:25:20> 00:25:21:	can be rejuvenated,
00:25:21> 00:25:23:	how they can attract you,
00:25:23> 00:25:27:	know more people talent, and I guess this this shift
00:25:27> 00:25:28:	to it.
00:25:28> 00:25:31:	So in terms of how this transformation happens,
00:25:31> 00:25:34:	you've touched on a few few parts to it.
00:25:34> 00:25:37:	But what do you see in terms of this next
00:25:37> 00:25:40:	evolution of especially the Asian?
00:25:40> 00:25:40:	Cities.
00:25:41> 00:25:45:	Well, I think 'cause it clearly is going to dominate
00:25:46> 00:25:51:	developers and planners views on the industry moving
00.25.54 > 00.25.54.	forward.
00:25:51> 00:25:54:	No doubt I mean people's psyche.
00:25:54> 00:25:57:	People's behavior has now fundamentally changed in.
00:25:57> 00:26:01:	Even, you know little respects that are quite significant like
00:26:01> 00:26:02:	social distancing.
00:26:02> 00:26:05:	And therefore if you're planning to develop an office,
00:26:05> 00:26:08:	then you need to look at you know all the
00:26:08> 00:26:12:	old paradigms of space per person and really rethink that.
00:26:12> 00:26:13:	You know, in New York,
00:26:13> 00:26:17:	during the pandemic, it was very difficult for people to
00:26:17> 00:26:20:	get up to their work station and and get down
00:26:20> 00:26:23:	to the ground floor because of social distancing getting in
00:26:23> 00:26:27:	and out of lifts. So there are just so many
00:26:27> 00:26:31:	considerations now that developers need to to think through,
00:26:31> 00:26:34:	but I think it's a great opportunity.
00:26:34> 00:26:37:	I. I think it's a chance to really reconnect and
00:26:37> 00:26:39:	focus on what's important,
00:26:39> 00:26:42:	which is, you know, the human and.
00:26:42> 00:26:45:	Having them being energized, productive,
00:26:45> 00:26:50:	happy, you know kind of collective working for companies and
00:26:50> 00:26:55:	working for communities and working for governments.
00:26:55> 00:26:57:	And that's going to take a lot of thought.
00:26:57> 00:27:01:	That's gonna take a lot of experiments and trial and
00:27:01> 00:27:01:	errors.
00:27:01> 00:27:07:	But those those issues, including social distancing,
00:27:07> 00:27:11:	they're here to stay. I don't think this is going
00:27:11> 00:27:12:	to go away in in 2.
00:27:12> 00:27:15:	25 years time I think it's in people's paradigm now.
00:27:16> 00:27:19:	So are they? Are there certain cities that you think
00:27:19> 00:27:23:	are being more proactive with this because you know some
	and a surface production that allo bookdoo you know dollio

00:27:23> 00:27:26:	of that comes down to land use change mix guidelines.
00:27:26> 00:27:29:	So are there some studies that you could point to
00:27:29> 00:27:31:	in terms of being kind of ahead of the curve
00:27:31> 00:27:31:	in this?
00:27:33> 00:27:35:	If there's any standout thought leaders at the moment,
00:27:35> 00:27:38:	I mean I think it's it's too early in the
00:27:38> 00:27:38:	game.
00:27:38> 00:27:41:	There's there's lots of balls and issues in the air.
00:27:41> 00:27:46:	Are dare suspect that the the cities that will come
00:27:46> 00:27:50:	out of this possibly the best will be those that
00:27:50> 00:27:55:	can be affordable for business and those cities which have
00:27:55> 00:28:00:	very disciplined and very good processes of planning and putting
00:28:00> 00:28:05:	out master plans and refining them so clearly Singapore is
00:28:05> 00:28:06:	a great example.
00:28:06> 00:28:12:	Undoubtedly Tokyo again as demonstrated.
00:28:12> 00:28:16:	Great land use and planning full for ever since the
00:28:16> 00:28:16:	war,
00:28:16> 00:28:21:	so I I think there's going to be,
00:28:21> 00:28:24:	you know, clear winners, but we're not gonna know who
00:28:24> 00:28:27:	those winners are until we can look back in 1015
00:28:27> 00:28:30:	years time would be my view,
00:28:30> 00:28:32:	but I think it's an open field.
00:28:32> 00:28:37:	I think all cities have a great opportunity to rethink
00:28:37> 00:28:42:	how they can procure and curate precincts that are a
00:28:42> 00:28:42:	lot.
00:28:42> 00:28:45:	More attractive than possibly what they would have been if
00:28:45> 00:28:47:	we didn't have this pandemic,
00:28:47> 00:28:50:	right? And I guess I mean that that's an ideal
00:28:50> 00:28:54:	role for institute like Urban land and Land Institute.
00:28:54> 00:28:58:	In terms of how we bring together a very interdisciplinary
00:28:58> 00:29:00:	group of people,
00:29:00> 00:29:01:	and I guess I mean to that point in terms
00:29:01> 00:29:02:	of,
00:29:02> 00:29:04:	you know, voices of you lie.
00:29:04> 00:29:08:	So Simon, we, you know we we're both global trustees
00:29:08> 00:29:11:	within you lie and we work together.
00:29:11> 00:29:15:	You know, in the. 2010 eleven in Southeast Asia in
00:29:15> 00:29:19:	terms of being able to create a foundation for urban
00:29:19> 00:29:23:	land to establish councils in several countries.
00:29:23> 00:29:28:	Both quite passionate about the role of view align that
00:29:28> 00:29:30:	shaping of the future.

00:29:30> 00:29:32:	I guess I want to ask you a little bit
00:29:32> 00:29:33:	about the the mission.
00:29:33> 00:29:37:	The mission of Urban Land Institute is to shape the
00:29:37> 00:29:43:	future that built environment for transformative impact in communities worldwide.
00:29:43> 00:29:46:	What does this mean to you and and how does
00:29:46> 00:29:50:	this tie into those hopes and aspirations for this next
00:29:50> 00:29:52:	Evolutionist City transformation?
00:29:52> 00:29:53:	Yeah, it's a great topic.
00:29:53> 00:29:57:	I mean, you know when you realize started in Chicago,
00:29:57> 00:30:00:	I think in the 50s you know the vision.
00:30:00> 00:30:02:	The mission was about efficient use of land.
00:30:02> 00:30:05:	I believe that's the same mission today,
00:30:05> 00:30:09:	although it's been further articulated over the last two years.
00:30:09> 00:30:15:	But the salient differences now really kind of bring together
00:30:15> 00:30:17:	a broader set of challenges,
00:30:17> 00:30:21:	like how does infrastructure in real estate come together in
00:30:21> 00:30:22:	a more effective manner,
00:30:22> 00:30:26:	particularly as? You know cities urbanized?
00:30:26> 00:30:30:	How do we use effectively the area below the surface
00:30:30> 00:30:31:	of the land?
00:30:31> 00:30:36:	You know? Again, Singapore and other countries in Europe do
00:30:36> 00:30:41:	amazing things under land by thinking through land use and
00:30:41> 00:30:45:	what could be put below the ground rising sea levels,
00:30:45> 00:30:50:	climate change. All these factors now are other critical dimensions.
00:30:50> 00:30:55:	To you know what was previously quite a traditional.
00:30:55> 00:31:00:	Land use kind of discussion and I think utilized very
00:31:00> 00:31:07:	well positioned to facilitate and process those discussions in a
00:31:07> 00:31:08:	way that,
00:31:08> 00:31:12:	quite frankly there isn't the commercial freedom to do in
00:31:12> 00:31:16:	organizations because of their commercial imperative of,
00:31:16> 00:31:18:	you know, buying a piece of land,
00:31:18> 00:31:21:	developing it, selling it, or getting a good yield.
00:31:21> 00:31:25:	I think the the winners the best.
00:31:25> 00:31:28:	Long term investments. Again after think through all those other
00:31:28> 00:31:30:	issues I mentioned.
00:31:30> 00:31:34:	Now in addition to how to make money and therefore
00:31:34> 00:31:39:	I think utilized role and utilized global network and the
00:31:39> 00:31:42:	way that it brings to the surface,

00:31:42> 00:31:47:	different advisory committees and different case studies and examples will
00:31:47> 00:31:53:	really expand the development equation and that's something that investors
00:31:53> 00:31:55:	are demanding and investment.
00:31:55> 00:31:58:	Committees are demanding for for very good reasons,
00:31:58> 00:32:02:	so I think the equation has certainly changed from or
00:32:02> 00:32:06:	what's the most efficient use of that land to what
00:32:06> 00:32:08:	is a sustainable,
00:32:08> 00:32:13:	productive use for the land considering the broader ecosystem,
00:32:13> 00:32:17:	particularly with growing populations and in limited layer,
00:32:17> 00:32:19:	I think that's kind of the big new issues
00:32:20> 00:32:21:	right now. I guess. I mean,
00:32:21> 00:32:23:	it also gets to the core of the value you
00:32:23> 00:32:24:	create.
00:32:24> 00:32:26:	It's not just the financial.
00:32:26> 00:32:30:	Value but the social environment will value is a component
00:32:31> 00:32:32:	of that assessment,
00:32:32> 00:32:35:	and I think that's where some of the capital market,
00:32:35> 00:32:39:	especially recently, is demanding a lot more,
00:32:39> 00:32:41:	and so it's not just about the bottom line.
00:32:41> 00:32:42:	Return on the financials,
00:32:43> 00:32:46:	yeah, and you know, in the capital markets you have
00:32:46> 00:32:49:	sustainability or green bond financing.
00:32:49> 00:32:54:	You have a growing number of investors who signed up
00:32:54> 00:32:57:	to various sustainability pledges.
00:32:57> 00:33:03:	In organizations where they can't any longer invest in investments
00:33:03> 00:33:08:	in real estate that don't meet the requirements of ESG
00:33:08> 00:33:09:	etc.
00:33:09> 00:33:13:	And therefore, that's that's a very different dynamic happening in
00:33:13> 00:33:14:	the industry right now.
00:33:14> 00:33:18:	And with that comes quite frankly a lot of extra
00:33:18> 00:33:22:	time and effort to think through that and compliance,
00:33:22> 00:33:26:	and that might overtime kind of rationalize the industry a
00:33:26> 00:33:27:	little bit.
00:33:27> 00:33:31:	As well, because the smaller GP's might not be able
00:33:31> 00:33:35:	to keep up with the implicit overhead of having to
00:33:35> 00:33:40:	now think through so many other dimensions of their business
00:33:40> 00:33:43:	in developing and managing. Investment properties.

00:33:44> 00:33:45:	But thank
00:33:45> 00:33:49:	you very much, Sir. And it's been a great discussion
00:33:49> 00:33:52:	and I truly look forward to how you pull a
00:33:52> 00:33:54:	lot of those different parts,
00:33:54> 00:33:58:	both on the you know the investment side as well
00:33:58> 00:34:01:	as these human and social issues into
00:34:01> 00:34:03:	the areas of capital
00:34:03> 00:34:05:	and that you'll be focused on moving forward.
00:34:05> 00:34:07:	And I look forward to the impact that you'll be
00:34:07> 00:34:09:	having over the years to come.
00:34:09> 00:34:10:	Thank you for joining us today.
00:34:10> 00:34:14:	Thanks Scott. Who enjoyed the discussion and really look forward
00:34:14> 00:34:15:	to re engaging.
00:34:15> 00:34:19:	With everyone back in Asia Pacific from next month and
00:34:19> 00:34:21:	reconnecting with your lives.
00:34:21> 00:34:23:	So thank you very much.
00:34:24> 00:34:28:	Thank you Simon for joining us on this first episode
00:34:28> 00:34:29:	of Voices of Uli.
00:34:29> 00:34:32:	And thank you everyone for listening.
00:34:32> 00:34:35:	Probably listening to this podcast at the ULI Asia Pacific
00:34:35> 00:34:40:	Reimagine and I hope you're enjoying this unique interactive event
00:34:40> 00:34:44:	and find inspiration in a re imagining conventional ideas about
00:34:44> 00:34:48:	our city's business and life in the ever changing world
00:34:48> 00:34:50:	of real estate.
00:34:50> 00:34:53:	In the next episode will be interviewing Dr.
00:34:53> 00:34:56:	Chung Kuning, chairman of the Center of Global Studies at
00:34:56> 00:34:58:	the Ministry of National Development in Singapore.

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