

Webinar

ULI Toronto: Affordable Housing in the GTA ??? Day 5: Right To Adequate

Housing In Canada

Date: November 25, 2022

00:03:45 --> 00:03:49:

00:00:09> 00:00:14:	Good afternoon, everybody. As people start loading in, we're going
00:00:14> 00:00:18:	to start with our Spring Meeting Conference video to advertise
00:00:18> 00:00:21:	our Spring Meeting Conference this coming May.
00:02:38> 00:02:41:	Thank you. You are like Toronto is very excited to
00:02:41> 00:02:45:	be welcoming 4000 international experts from across the real estate
00:02:45> 00:02:48:	and land use industries globally to Toronto next May the
00:02:48> 00:02:51:	16th to the 18th, the first time we'll have ever
00:02:51> 00:02:52:	hosted this conference.
00:02:52> 00:02:56:	This urban lattice conference and to learn more details about
00:02:56> 00:02:59:	the conference, we'll put a link into the chat for
00:02:59> 00:02:59:	you.
00:03:01> 00:03:04:	We also want to just take a quick opportunity at
00:03:04> 00:03:08:	the top here to remind everybody that of the benefits
00:03:08> 00:03:12:	of being a UI member. There are many everything from
00:03:12> 00:03:17:	the global membership directory to our the Navigator to get
00:03:17> 00:03:21:	involved with the UI through myriad different ways. You can
00:03:21> 00:03:26:	also find a very powerful networking tool that that Members
00:03:26> 00:03:30:	have access to lists of people who are attending events
00:03:30> 00:03:31:	in advance.
00:03:31> 00:03:34:	Or after the fact that you could follow up on
00:03:34> 00:03:39:	and also our knowledge Finder, which is this incredible archive
00:03:39> 00:03:39:	of.
00:03:40> 00:03:44:	International case studies and other information with a really powerful

decades

keyword search engine that gets you access to literally

00:03:49> 00:03:52:	of Urban Land Institute work going back I think all
00:03:52> 00:03:56:	the way to the 1940s. Quite an amazing resource for
00:03:56> 00:03:59:	Members once again. Everyone thank you. My name is Richard
00:03:59> 00:04:03:	Joy, executive director at Uri Toronto and welcome to the
00:04:03> 00:04:07:	very final episode of our Five Part National Housing Week
00:04:07> 00:04:09:	Lunchtime Webinar series.
00:04:09> 00:04:13:	Today's topic right to adequate housing and Canada failing the
00:04:13> 00:04:14:	under.
00:04:15> 00:04:19:	Failing the underhoused and homeless. So before we get going
00:04:19> 00:04:22:	though, as always we begin with the land acknowledgement. As
00:04:22> 00:04:26:	a Toronto region based organization, we acknowledge that the land
00:04:26> 00:04:29:	we are meeting on virtually is the traditional territory of
00:04:29> 00:04:33:	many nations including the Mississaugas of the credit, the Anishinabek
00:04:33> 00:04:36:	Chippewa, the hotness shoni, the Wendet people and is now
00:04:36> 00:04:39:	home to many diverse First Nation Inuit and meeting people.
00:04:40> 00:04:43:	We acknowledged that Toronto is covered by Treaty 13 with
00:04:43> 00:04:46:	the Mississaugas of the credit. We are all treaty people.
00:04:46> 00:04:49:	Many of us have come here as settlers, immigrants, and
00:04:49> 00:04:52:	newcomers. And this generation or generations past, you, like Toronto,
00:04:52> 00:04:56:	stands in solidarity with indigenous communities, demanding action and accountability
00:04:56> 00:05:00:	for the ongoing legacy of the residential school system. We'd
00:05:00> 00:05:02:	also like to acknowledge and honor those who've come here
00:05:02> 00:05:07:	involuntarily, particularly descendants from those who brought here through enslavement,
00:05:07> 00:05:10:	to better understand the meaning behind this land acknowledgment.
00:05:10> 00:05:14:	Recommend programs that we've uploaded into YouTube and the links
00:05:14> 00:05:16:	will be made available in the chat.
00:05:18> 00:05:21:	Today's event in all other UL programming would not be
00:05:21> 00:05:24:	possible without the support of UTI's annual sponsors. I'd like
00:05:24> 00:05:28:	to thank them particularly for their support. Now more than
00:05:28> 00:05:30:	ever, UI relies on the support to put on high
00:05:30> 00:05:33:	quality programs such as this week series, and to drive
00:05:33> 00:05:36:	our mission to shape the future of the built environment
00:05:36> 00:05:39:	for transformative impact in communities worldwide.

00:05:40> 00:05:42:	To all of our sponsors, we say thank you.
00:05:44> 00:05:48:	It's now my pleasure to introduce today's moderator, Adrian
00.05.40 > 00.05.50	Piccini,
00:05:48> 00:05:52:	partner SHS Consulting. Before I headed over to, I want
00:05:52> 00:05:55:	to make a note to our audience that UI is
00:05:55> 00:05:59:	a nonpartisan organization and we do not advocate on public
00:05:59> 00:06:02:	policy, pro or con. We do however, take frequently take
00:06:02> 00:06:06:	a critical look at public policy and the public policy
00:06:06> 00:06:09:	landscape in the in the context of of advancing our
00:06:09> 00:06:13:	global mission and that's what this week has been all
00:06:13> 00:06:14:	about. So with that.
00:06:14> 00:06:17:	And I'll just also say to our audience, we, we
00:06:17> 00:06:20:	may not have time as we've noticed all all through
00:06:20> 00:06:23:	this week to to get to audience Q&A. We do
00:06:23> 00:06:26:	though we encourage you to put them in the chat
00:06:26> 00:06:29:	because they will be recorded and we are planning on
00:06:29> 00:06:32:	doing more work in this space and your questions will
00:06:32> 00:06:35:	help inform us where we might want to take that.
00:06:35> 00:06:38:	So that is enough intro, Adrian over to you to
00:06:38> 00:06:40:	take over and we'll see you at the end.
00:06:41> 00:06:45:	Sounds good. Thanks so much Richard for the introduction and
00:06:45> 00:06:48:	and welcome everyone. Really pleased to have you all here
00:06:45> 00:06:48: 00:06:48> 00:06:50:	and welcome everyone. Really pleased to have you all here for our panel on the right to housing. So flip
00:06:48> 00:06:50:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip
00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense
00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a
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00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55: 00:06:55> 00:06:58: 00:06:58> 00:07:00:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a really exciting week of all these UI talks and it does make sense for this one to be the grand
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00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55: 00:06:55> 00:06:58: 00:06:58> 00:07:00: 00:07:00> 00:07:03: 00:07:03> 00:07:06: 00:07:06> 00:07:09: 00:07:12> 00:07:12: 00:07:15> 00:07:18: 00:07:18> 00:07:21: 00:07:21> 00:07:24:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a really exciting week of all these UI talks and it does make sense for this one to be the grand finale. It feels like we're really trying to converge on everything we've learned all week. So today we're going to speak about the right to adequate housing in Canada, which is known as the right to live somewhere in security. Peace and dignity, we're going to try our best to answer some big questions in one hour, like what does the right to housing mean? What does it look like? What could it look like in Canada? How might we
00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55: 00:06:55> 00:06:58: 00:06:58> 00:07:00: 00:07:00> 00:07:03: 00:07:06> 00:07:09: 00:07:09> 00:07:12: 00:07:12> 00:07:15: 00:07:15> 00:07:18: 00:07:21> 00:07:24: 00:07:24> 00:07:27:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a really exciting week of all these UI talks and it does make sense for this one to be the grand finale. It feels like we're really trying to converge on everything we've learned all week. So today we're going to speak about the right to adequate housing in Canada, which is known as the right to live somewhere in security. Peace and dignity, we're going to try our best to answer some big questions in one hour, like what does the right to housing mean? What does it look like? What could it look like in Canada? How might we get there and what is already being done in Canada.
00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55: 00:06:55> 00:06:58: 00:06:58> 00:07:00: 00:07:00> 00:07:03: 00:07:06> 00:07:06: 00:07:09> 00:07:12: 00:07:12> 00:07:15: 00:07:15> 00:07:18: 00:07:21> 00:07:21: 00:07:24> 00:07:27: 00:07:27> 00:07:30:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a really exciting week of all these UI talks and it does make sense for this one to be the grand finale. It feels like we're really trying to converge on everything we've learned all week. So today we're going to speak about the right to adequate housing in Canada, which is known as the right to live somewhere in security. Peace and dignity, we're going to try our best to answer some big questions in one hour, like what does the right to housing mean? What does it look like? What could it look like in Canada? How might we get there and what is already being done in Canada. So to go to the next slide, I'll really excited
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00:06:48> 00:06:50: 00:06:50> 00:06:52: 00:06:52> 00:06:55: 00:06:55> 00:06:58: 00:06:58> 00:07:00: 00:07:00> 00:07:03: 00:07:03> 00:07:06: 00:07:06> 00:07:09: 00:07:12> 00:07:12: 00:07:15> 00:07:15: 00:07:18> 00:07:21: 00:07:21> 00:07:24: 00:07:24> 00:07:30: 00:07:30> 00:07:30: 00:07:33> 00:07:36:	for our panel on the right to housing. So flip to the next slide and we'll give you a sense of what we're going to cover today. It's been a really exciting week of all these UI talks and it does make sense for this one to be the grand finale. It feels like we're really trying to converge on everything we've learned all week. So today we're going to speak about the right to adequate housing in Canada, which is known as the right to live somewhere in security. Peace and dignity, we're going to try our best to answer some big questions in one hour, like what does the right to housing mean? What does it look like? What could it look like in Canada? How might we get there and what is already being done in Canada. So to go to the next slide, I'll really excited to introduce our host of speakers that we have today. But in the spirit of taking collective action on the

housing 00:07:48 --> 00:07:51: provider of Mariga from Wood Green. We have our National 00:07:52 --> 00:07:57: industry association representing the commercial real estate industry. We have 00:07:57 --> 00:08:01: Michael from real PAC here in the Community planning space. 00:08:01 --> 00:08:04: We have Cheryl case from CP planning and and the 00:08:04 --> 00:08:07: UFT School of Cities. And how could we not have 00:08:07 --> 00:08:11: someone from the office of the Federal Housing advocate if 00:08:11 --> 00:08:14: we're hosting a conversation about the right to housing? 00:08:15 --> 00:08:17: I'm pleased to have Emily Pagadi here as well. So 00:08:17 --> 00:08:21: really eager to hear from all of our esteemed colleagues 00:08:21 --> 00:08:24: today about what the right to housing looks like from 00:08:24 --> 00:08:27: their respective vantage points in the system. So on the 00:08:27 --> 00:08:30: next slide, we'll share a little bit of the flow 00:08:30 --> 00:08:33: of today's conversation. So the goals for today to ignite 00:08:33 --> 00:08:35: a bit of a conversation about what the right to 00:08:36 --> 00:08:38: housing is, what it could look like in Canada and 00:08:38 --> 00:08:41: to highlight some of the work that's already being done 00:08:41 --> 00:08:44: and to set the stage, we want to kind of 00:08:44 --> 00:08:45: introduce these these. 00:08:45 --> 00:08:48: New rules that we find ourselves in. So with our 00:08:48 --> 00:08:51: new right to housing legislation, we take on the roles 00:08:51 --> 00:08:54: as rights holders, as responsibility holders and as duty bearers 00:08:54 --> 00:08:57: and we'll we'll get into a little bit more of 00:08:57 --> 00:08:59: that as we go through. So the next slide will 00:08:59 --> 00:09:02: take you through the flow. We're going to kick us 00:09:02 --> 00:09:05: off with what is the right to housing, what might 00:09:05 --> 00:09:07: a role for each sector look like in realizing the 00:09:08 --> 00:09:10: right to housing? What are each of us contributing and 00:09:11 --> 00:09:14: what are some of the big questions, tensions and shifts 00:09:14 --> 00:09:15: that we'll all have to navigate. 00:09:15 --> 00:09:18: As we're trying to get to this desired future, I 00:09:18 --> 00:09:21: just want to mention also it's important to note that 00:09:21 --> 00:09:24: you know we are having this conversation today. There are 00:09:24 --> 00:09:28: people who are currently experiencing homelessness as we're all sitting 00:09:28 --> 00:09:31: you know in our rooms on on zoom listening in. 00:09:31 --> 00:09:34: They do not have the opportunity and privilege to have 00:09:34 --> 00:09:37: this discussion. So just wanted to highlight the urgency of

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of this issue but we are here to to try

and and paint a bit of a picture of our

00:09:37 --> 00:09:40:

00:09:40 --> 00:09:42:

00:09:42> 00:09:44:	hope for how we might actually get to the right
00:09:44> 00:09:45:	to housing.
00:09:45> 00:09:48:	So with that, I'm going to turn it over to
00:09:48> 00:09:50:	Emily, who's going to kick us off and give us
00:09:50> 00:09:52:	a little bit of an overview what is the right
00:09:52> 00:09:54:	to housing set the stage for us. I think you're
00:09:54> 00:09:57:	going to start with the video and then we'll move
00:09:57> 00:09:59:	into our group discussion. So over to you, Emily.
00:10:01> 00:10:06:	Thanks so much, Adrian, and thanks for that important reminder
00:10:06> 00:10:11:	about the stakes of today's conversation. And before I kick
00:10:11> 00:10:15:	off the video, I'd also just like to acknowledge the
00:10:15> 00:10:20:	gift of joining from Dish with one spoon territory here
00:10:20> 00:10:24:	in Toronto. And I am always grateful to be able
00:10:24> 00:10:27:	to refer to the teaching of the dish with one
00:10:27> 00:10:31:	spoon covenant, a covenant between ownership.
00:10:31> 00:10:36:	And he finished all the Allied nations to peaceably share
00:10:36> 00:10:40:	and care for the lands and waters of the Great
00:10:40> 00:10:44:	Lakes, and and and for me this represents as as
00:10:44> 00:10:46:	a white settler.
00:10:47> 00:10:51:	A vision of an economic, political and social system of
00:10:52> 00:10:55:	sustainability, and one that has a lot to offer as
00:10:56> 00:11:00:	we work through these questions. And so to start us
00:11:00> 00:11:03:	off on the question of what is the right to
00:11:03> 00:11:07:	adequate housing, I'm going to 1st show a cute little
00:11:07> 00:11:12:	video from the Human Rights Commission and can't help but
00:11:12> 00:11:16:	chuckle at the contrast between it and the kind of
00:11:16> 00:11:17:	triumphal.
00:11:18> 00:11:21:	Video that we saw off the top and I think
00:11:21> 00:11:24:	it's cool to have kind of both these visions of
00:11:25> 00:11:28:	the city in this space for us today. So please
00:11:28> 00:11:30:	go ahead and show the video.
00:11:36> 00:11:38:	Housing is a fundamental human right.
00:11:39> 00:11:43:	Having a safe and secure place to call home helps
00:11:43> 00:11:46:	people and families thrive and succeed. It is central to
00:11:46> 00:11:50:	human dignity, well-being and community. But a home is more
00:11:51> 00:11:54:	than just a roof and four walls. It is protection
00:11:54> 00:11:57:	from the elements and it is a means to access
00:11:57> 00:12:01:	basic services. It also keeps us safe and healthy. The
00:12:01> 00:12:05:	right to housing means many things. For example, it means
00:12:05> 00:12:09:	you're able to get adequate housing that is affordable and
00:12:09> 00:12:10:	meets your needs.

00:12:10> 00:12:14:	It means you can access housing without discrimination or harassment,
00:12:14> 00:12:17:	and you feel safe in your home. It also means
00:12:17> 00:12:21:	your home should be accessible, like if you have a
00:12:21> 00:12:24:	disability or you're an older person. Many people in Canada
00:12:25> 00:12:28:	still live in housing that does not meet these standards,
00:12:28> 00:12:31:	and many do not have a place to live at
00:12:31> 00:12:35:	all. The National Housing Strategy Act recognizes housing as a
00:12:35> 00:12:39:	fundamental human right. It commits governments to focus on those
00:12:39> 00:12:40:	in greatest housing.
00:12:40> 00:12:44:	We need to reform housing laws, policies and programs through
00:12:45> 00:12:48:	a human rights based approach and to involve communities in
00:12:48> 00:12:53:	meaningful ways. The Act also establishes a National Housing strategy
00:12:53> 00:12:58:	with accountability tools to help develop and maintain this strategy,
00:12:58> 00:13:02:	including the National Housing Council and the Federal Housing Advocate.
00:13:03> 00:13:07:	The Federal Housing advocates mandate is to promote and protect
00:13:07> 00:13:09:	the right to housing across Canada.
00:13:10> 00:13:14:	The Advocate gives those impacted by housing need and homelessness
00:13:14> 00:13:18:	a voice. The Advocate receives submissions from the public on
00:13:18> 00:13:23:	systemic housing issues and uses that information to make recommendations
00:13:23> 00:13:28:	to improve Canada's housing laws, policies and programs. The Advocate
00:13:28> 00:13:31:	can review the issue. In some cases, they will refer
00:13:31> 00:13:35:	to the National Housing Council. The Council will establish a
00:13:35> 00:13:39:	review panel to examine the issue more closely and make
00:13:39> 00:13:40:	recommendations.
00:13:40> 00:13:44:	The Advocate doesn't help with individual disputes. If you need
00:13:44> 00:13:47:	help resolving a dispute, you need to go to the
00:13:47> 00:13:50:	landlord, tenant board or Human Rights Commission in your province
00:13:50> 00:13:54:	or territory to make a submission to the Advocate. Or
00:13:54> 00:13:56:	to find out more about what we do, visit the
00:13:56> 00:14:00:	housing page on the Canadian Human Rights Commission

	website.
00:14:10> 00:14:15:	Thanks. And so, you know, despite the kind of homespun
00:14:16> 00:14:21:	vibe of that video and in particular the mailbox and.
00:14:22> 00:14:27:	Airmail envelope that I'm not sure if airmail envelope still
00:14:27> 00:14:31:	exist and the right to adequate housing is actually very
00:14:31> 00:14:35:	new, very fresh, very contemporary, very metropolitan in Canada and
00:14:35> 00:14:39:	the National Housing Strategy Act is actually a pretty big
00:14:39> 00:14:43:	deal. It's the first time that a social and economic
00:14:43> 00:14:48:	right is being implemented in domestic legislation in Canada and
00:14:48> 00:14:52:	it establishes some mechanisms that are unique in the world.
00:14:52> 00:14:55:	Um, for accountability for this, right? So please go ahead
00:14:55> 00:14:56:	to the next slide.
00:14:59> 00:14:59:	Umm.
00:15:00> 00:15:04:	As the video touches on, there's a clear legal definition
00:15:04> 00:15:08:	of what the right to adequate housing means in international
00:15:08> 00:15:13:	law, and that's what's now being implemented domestically by the
00:15:13> 00:15:17:	National Housing Strategy Act. So everyone's home has to meet
00:15:17> 00:15:22:	these basic criteria for security of tenure, affordability, being habitable,
00:15:22> 00:15:28:	accessible, providing basic services culturally appropriate and in an appropriate
00:15:28> 00:15:30:	location everyone should be able to.
00:15:30> 00:15:36:	Access to adequate housing without discrimination or harassment, and especially
00:15:36> 00:15:40:	in the Canadian context, it's important to acknowledge that adequate
00:15:40> 00:15:44:	housing is a precondition for other rights, including our Charter
00:15:45> 00:15:48:	rights of security of the person. Please go ahead.
00:15:52> 00:15:57:	So in February of 2022, Madison say Wood was appointed
00:15:57> 00:16:02:	the Federal Housing advocate. And this is a new wall
00:16:02> 00:16:08:	and and the role essentially boils down to amplify amplifying
00:16:08> 00:16:15:	the voices of people experiencing homelessness and people in inadequate
00:16:15> 00:16:21:	housing and holding governments to account on their human rights.
00:16:21> 00:16:26:	Obligations. And it's important to note that the Advocate is
00:16:26> 00:16:31:	a systemic accountability mechanism, which means that this isn't an
00:16:31> 00:16:36:	individual recourse mechanism. Often when we hear about human rights,

00:16:36> 00:16:40:	we think about individual recourse through something like.
00:16:42> 00:16:47:	Our Human Rights Commission and people bringing forward individual claims
00:16:47> 00:16:51:	through the courts. Instead, the role of the advocate is
00:16:51> 00:16:55:	to identify systemic issues in our housing system as a
00:16:55> 00:16:59:	whole that are barriers to the realization of the right
00:16:59> 00:17:04:	to adequate housing, and to make recommendations to improve those.
00:17:04> 00:17:05:	Next slide, please.
00:17:09> 00:17:12:	So this is kind of the key piece around what
00:17:12> 00:17:17:	changes now that we have the National Housing Strategy Act.
00:17:17> 00:17:22:	The act recognizes the right to human the human right
00:17:22> 00:17:26:	to adequate housing and law for the first time.
00:17:27> 00:17:30:	And as I said, it's it's a recognition that's not
00:17:30> 00:17:35:	linked to individual recourse or individual enforcement, but rather to
00:17:36> 00:17:39:	the housing system as a whole. It commits Canada to
00:17:39> 00:17:44:	the progressive realization of the right to adequate housing. So
00:17:44> 00:17:48:	what does this mean? Well, it doesn't mean that the
00:17:48> 00:17:52:	government has to provide everyone with the house. Instead, what
00:17:52> 00:17:55:	it means is that the state has a duty to
00:17:55> 00:17:58:	ensure that the housing system.
00:17:58> 00:18:01:	Protects, respects and fulfills the right to housing. And so
00:18:01> 00:18:05:	governments have to use all the tools at their disposal.
00:18:05> 00:18:09:	They have to dedicate the maximum available resources they have
00:18:09> 00:18:13:	to apply their powers through laws and regulations to advance
00:18:13> 00:18:16:	the full realization of this right in the shortest time
00:18:16> 00:18:20:	possible. And in doing so, they have to prioritize those
00:18:20> 00:18:23:	who are in greatest need. So that means especially people
00:18:23> 00:18:28:	who are experiencing homelessness and who are living in precarious
00:18:28> 00:18:28:	housing.
00:18:29> 00:18:35:	And governments particularly must consider the specific needs of indigenous
00:18:35> 00:18:39:	peoples and of disadvantaged groups who face barriers in our
00:18:39> 00:18:44:	current housing system. So this includes people with disabilities, black
00:18:45> 00:18:50:	and racialized people, immigrants and refugees, older adults and youth,

00:18:50> 00:18:55:	survivors of violence, veterans, people who are too spirit, lesbian,
00:18:55> 00:18:59:	gay by queer, trans, and nonbinary, and especially women.
00:18:59> 00:19:02:	Girls and gender diverse people who are members of all
00:19:02> 00:19:04:	of these groups face particular barriers.
00:19:06> 00:19:10:	Now, there's some elements of the right to adequate housing
00:19:10> 00:19:14:	that are not actually subject to progressive realization. In other
00:19:14> 00:19:19:	words, there's not this assumption that governments need to take
00:19:19> 00:19:23:	time to get us there. Instead, they're subject to immediate
00:19:23> 00:19:29:	obligations and that includes particularly non discrimination. Governments have to
00:19:29> 00:19:34:	immediately ensure that that people aren't facing discrimination in their
00:19:34> 00:19:36:	housing and they.
00:19:36> 00:19:39:	We also have to take action to address urgent threats
00:19:39> 00:19:41:	to human dignity, such as homelessness.
00:19:42> 00:19:47:	Another key piece is that human rights take primacy over
00:19:47> 00:19:52:	other legal rights and responsibilities, so other legal regimes, such
00:19:52> 00:19:56:	as criminal law or property rights have to be compliant
00:19:56> 00:19:58:	with human rights.
00:19:59> 00:20:03:	And a human rights framework transforms our understanding of the
00:20:03> 00:20:07:	rules of various actors in our housing system, as Adrienne
00:20:08> 00:20:12:	mentioned. So people in households are no longer just kind
00:20:12> 00:20:16:	of consumers in a housing market. Instead, their rights holders,
00:20:16> 00:20:20:	who have a fundamental right to live in security, peace
00:20:20> 00:20:26:	and dignity. Federal, provincial, territorial and municipal governments have human
00:20:26> 00:20:29:	rights obligations. They are duty bearers.
00:20:29> 00:20:32:	They have to exercise their powers in a way that
00:20:32> 00:20:36:	advances the right to housing. For example, they have to
00:20:36> 00:20:40:	take the right to housing into consideration when making decisions
00:20:40> 00:20:46:	about resource allocation laws, policies and regulations. And finally, other
00:20:46> 00:20:50:	actors in the housing system, from service providers to landlords
00:20:50> 00:20:54:	to developers and investors, also have a responsibility to conduct
00:20:54> 00:20:58:	their activities in accordance with the human rights.
00:20:59> 00:21:03:	So this is really a transformative moment for Canada as

00:21:03> 00:21:08:	we implement these human rights principles into housing.
00:21:10> 00:21:12:	I'll hand it back to you, Adrian.
00:21:12> 00:21:15:	Thanks very much for that. I feel like that's a
00:21:15> 00:21:17:	bit of a grounding conversation for us, Emily, to get
00:21:17> 00:21:19:	us all kind of on the same page of of
00:21:19> 00:21:22:	what is the right to housing and and what makes
00:21:22> 00:21:24:	us different from what we have today. I'm going to
00:21:24> 00:21:27:	move us into our group discussion. We're going to talk
00:21:27> 00:21:29:	a little bit about how the right to housing is
00:21:29> 00:21:33:	currently showing up in your conversations and in your
	organizations
00:21:33> 00:21:35:	and with the people that you work with and the
00:21:35> 00:21:38:	people you serve and what you see, your organization's role
00:21:38> 00:21:40:	and the right to housing we're going to.
00:21:40> 00:21:43:	Pop around to to different people on the call. We'll
00:21:43> 00:21:45:	just stick to about 2 to 3 minutes each because
00:21:45> 00:21:48:	I'll I'll try and get through all of our questions
00:21:48> 00:21:50:	for you. So I'm going to pass it to you.
00:21:51> 00:21:54:	Mariga first would love to hear from your perspective. We
00:21:54> 00:21:56:	know that Woodgreen does a ton of work to support
00:21:56> 00:21:59:	people in greatest need would love to hear what is
00:21:59> 00:22:02:	Wood Green's vision for the right to housing? How does
00:22:02> 00:22:05:	the right to housing show up in the work that
00:22:05> 00:22:08:	you're doing and the impact that you hope to have
00:22:08> 00:22:09:	on the progressive realization.
00:22:13> 00:22:15:	Ohh. And you're just on mute, Marie, guess?
00:22:18> 00:22:22:	Sorry, I beg your pardon. I would promise my thanks.
00:22:22> 00:22:26:	Thanks Adrian. I would promise my response to you by
00:22:26> 00:22:31:	saying that Wood Green, the foundations of Woodgreen were focused
00:22:31> 00:22:36:	primarily on the kind of issues that informed the creation
00:22:36> 00:22:41:	of the National Housing strategy and in particular the right
00:22:41> 00:22:45:	to housing. So when it comes to our housing, we
00:22:45> 00:22:47:	our primary focus is on the.
00:22:47> 00:22:52:	Artists to house, so meeting the needs for the highest,
00:22:52> 00:22:57:	the highest needs. We also have a very intentional policy
00:22:57> 00:23:02:	of through our waiting list and through who lives in
00:23:02> 00:23:06:	our housing to make sure that we have a diversity
00:23:06> 00:23:10:	of clients both on account of race as well or
00:23:10> 00:23:14:	as well as on account of age, disability and we
00:23:14> 00:23:18:	incorporate those elements into our housing.
00:23:18> 00:23:22:	Uh, that we provide, we have a housing stock of

00:23:22> 00:23:27:	about 1000 units growing and 60% of those occupied by
00:23:27> 00:23:32:	seniors, about 20% of families, single mothers with kids. And
00:23:32> 00:23:36:	then we have a mix of young single males and
00:23:36> 00:23:41:	women with issues of mental health and addiction. So we
00:23:41> 00:23:45:	try and really cover the whole gambit and of course
00:23:46> 00:23:48:	that the foundation of.
00:23:48> 00:23:51:	All of that is making sure that the housing, the
00:23:51> 00:23:55:	housing is affordable so all our clients aren't geared to
00:23:55> 00:23:56:	income.
00:23:57> 00:24:01:	This and that and finally we try and make sure
00:24:01> 00:24:05:	that their ability to live independently is is supported to
00:24:05> 00:24:10:	the various degrees. So part of what WOODGREEN provides is
00:24:10> 00:24:15:	an envelope of services ranging from mental health, addiction prevention
00:24:15> 00:24:19:	and and we have a very strong relationship with the
00:24:19> 00:24:23:	health sector in the East End. And so in that
00:24:23> 00:24:27:	way we're able to actually make sure that when people
00:24:27> 00:24:28:	are housed.
00:24:28> 00:24:31:	They have what it takes to meet some of the
00:24:31> 00:24:35:	criteria that was pointed out here today, security, peace and
00:24:36> 00:24:39:	dignity, accessibility and non discrimination.
00:24:41> 00:24:43:	Thanks Margo. It's it's great to have you on the
00:24:43> 00:24:46:	panel because I know that you're working with you know
00:24:46> 00:24:48:	on some of those urgent threats and and the deepest
00:24:48> 00:24:51:	need in our community. So great to have you. Thanks
00:24:51> 00:24:53:	for sharing. I'm going to toss it over to you
00:24:53> 00:24:55:	Cheryl. I'm really excited to have you here as well.
00:24:55> 00:24:58:	Would love to hear about some of the interesting work
00:24:58> 00:25:00:	that you're doing too and how it how it connects
00:25:00> 00:25:03:	to that that big transition that Emily was describing towards
00:25:03> 00:25:04:	that right to housing.
00:25:06> 00:25:09:	Ah, thank you, Jen. So I'm looking at implementing the
00:25:09> 00:25:12:	right to housing. We do need to be looking at
00:25:12> 00:25:17:	the different layers of discrimination. So within our housing system
00:25:17> 00:25:18:	we're dealing with.
00:25:19> 00:25:23:	In the planning space, there's systemic discrimination, which is I
00:25:23> 00:25:26:	think in an area that we're starting to kind of
00:25:26> 00:25:29:	move forward on in terms of being able to talk
00:25:29> 00:25:33:	about the fact that, you know, it's the marginalized folks
00:25:33> 00:25:36:	in the lower income people who don't actually have input

00:25:36> 00:25:39:	into our planning system and our housing economy.
00:25:40> 00:25:43:	Right. That is becoming more of a popular and common
00:25:43> 00:25:47:	understanding about our housing system. And then also of course
00:25:47> 00:25:52:	in addressing that systemic discrimination barrier, there are starting to
00:25:52> 00:25:56:	become a resource are starting to flow into organizations such
00:25:56> 00:26:00:	as CD planning that are directly about bringing attention and
00:26:00> 00:26:03:	and bailing up the resources for folks to be engaged
00:26:03> 00:26:06:	who are typically who have not been engaged in to
00:26:06> 00:26:10:	confront the systemic and history of our our planning.
00:26:10> 00:26:14:	System being built on a program of privileging wealthier folks
00:26:14> 00:26:19:	and and privileging the development of private capital instead of
00:26:19> 00:26:22:	about being designed to build affordable housing.
00:26:23> 00:26:26:	So that's systemic discrimination piece is really core to and
00:26:26> 00:26:30:	addressing that as core to what city planning does into
00:26:30> 00:26:33:	the way that we get around addressing that systemic discrimination
00:26:33> 00:26:37:	of bringing it to bring people who are marginalized into
00:26:37> 00:26:40:	decision making tables to be part of the setup and
00:26:40> 00:26:43:	implementation of the housing economy. So it's not just that
00:26:43> 00:26:45:	we want to be able to give our feedback, we
00:26:46> 00:26:48:	want to be part of the economy and in terms
00:26:48> 00:26:51:	of making decisions on what happens in in the housing
00:26:51> 00:26:53:	system, in the planning system.
00:26:54> 00:26:56:	So one way that we get towards that is by
00:26:56> 00:27:01:	addressing the systemic discriminatory barrier of indirect discrimination. So indirect
00:27:01> 00:27:04:	discrimination is when good things are hard to do, right.
00:27:04> 00:27:07:	So we have all these different systems in place. So
00:27:07> 00:27:11:	you know, missing middle for example is one that folks
00:27:11> 00:27:14:	are likely quite familiar with, right. You can take a
00:27:14> 00:27:17:	bungalow and you can turn that into a two-story house,
00:27:17> 00:27:20:	single family house, but you haven't been able to take
00:27:20> 00:27:23:	that bungalow and turn it to A2 story affordable housing
00:27:23> 00:27:24:	unit.
00:27:24> 00:27:27:	Um, you know, right now actually I have a couple
00:27:27> 00:27:30:	of clients who want to build a laneway onto their
00:27:30> 00:27:33:	property, but they just don't have the tools to make
00:27:33> 00:27:37:	that an affordable thing to do to deliver affordable housing
00:27:37> 00:27:40:	in that on that site. So the road map site

00:27:40> 00:27:44:	planning is working to actually to develop solutions to that
00:27:44> 00:27:48:	indirect barrier. So it's very easy to build expensive housing
00:27:48> 00:27:51:	including it's very easy to even in our market right
00:27:51> 00:27:54:	now how it's set up demolishing A10 story rental.
00:27:54> 00:27:58:	Apartment is actually sometimes a Better Business option
	than to
00:27:58> 00:28:00:	take down a single family house and turn it into
00:28:00> 00:28:01:	a four story apartment.
00:28:02> 00:28:05:	Right. You can pick that that that 10 story apartment
00:28:05> 00:28:08:	and turn into a 40 story and the number somehow
00:28:08> 00:28:11:	work, right. But the thing that's good to do it,
00:28:11> 00:28:15:	which is to protect tenants to build affordable housing, is
00:28:15> 00:28:18:	not easy to do. So what's your planning is doing
00:28:18> 00:28:22:	to address that indirect barrier of discrimination as they're
00:28:22> 00:28:26:	working
00.26.22> 00.26.26.	directly with community groups across Ontario. So we're in, we're
00:28:26> 00:28:30:	in Toronto, Peel, Hamilton, NY, Kitchener, Waterloo and
	Ottawa.
00:28:31> 00:28:34:	And Hamilton and what we're doing in those cities is
00:28:34> 00:28:39:	we're partnering directly with local community organizations
	who have already
00:28:39> 00:28:42:	been throwing in tons of sweat equity, trying to get
00:28:42> 00:28:47:	their communities together to engage in local crawling process. And
00:28:47> 00:28:50:	now we're trying to resource them with the technical tools
00:28:50> 00:28:53:	as well as the soft schools tools to actually be
00:28:53> 00:28:57:	part of moving the system along to make easy things,
00:28:57> 00:29:00:	the good things easier to do. So that includes providing
00:29:00> 00:29:01:	mentorship.
00:29:01> 00:29:04:	To folks too, so that they know how to build
00:29:04> 00:29:07:	affordable housing and then also helping these community groups be
00:29:07> 00:29:10:	more formalized and more self sustained in terms of being
00:29:10> 00:29:14:	able to gather local input to participate in building affordable
00:29:14> 00:29:18:	housing and and having affordable housing policies and processes established.
00:29:18> 00:29:22:	And so by addressing that systemic layer of discrimination and
00:29:22> 00:29:26:	providing solutions for indirect discrimination to be addressed, that's how
00:29:26> 00:29:30:	we can get towards addressing that direct discrimination, which is
00:29:30> 00:29:31:	what you'll see when folks.

00:29:31> 00:29:34:	Or a block are being turned down to rent because
00:29:34> 00:29:37:	the landlord doesn't want to rent to a black person,
00:29:37> 00:29:41:	right? Or people who have disabilities also having barriers
00.23.37> 00.23.41.	because
00:29:41> 00:29:44:	they have specific housing needs that are not typically met
00:29:44> 00:29:48:	and provided through our housing system and also through
	our
00:29:48> 00:29:49:	planning system.
00:29:50> 00:29:53:	Yeah, thanks Cheryl. It's really exciting to hear about, about
00:29:53> 00:29:56:	that initiative and I'm glad that you brought up this
00:29:56> 00:30:00:	conversation about engagement with rights holders and with people with
00:30:00> 00:30:03:	lived experience. We're going to come back to that later.
00:30:03> 00:30:06:	So thanks for introducing that topic already. I'm going to
00:30:06> 00:30:08:	pass it to you Michael. So you know it might
00:30:08> 00:30:11:	not be as obvious what the alignment with between the
00:30:11> 00:30:13:	private sector and the right to housing is, but I
00:30:13> 00:30:16:	know that you see an alignment and I know that
00:30:16> 00:30:19:	you're passionate about this and doing a lot of work
00:30:19> 00:30:19:	and and thinking.
00:30:20> 00:30:22:	All the time on this topic. So would love to
00:30:22> 00:30:24:	hear how the right to housing shows up for you
00:30:24> 00:30:26:	in your work and the vision for the right to
00:30:26> 00:30:28:	housing. And I know Michael has a few slides to
00:30:28> 00:30:31:	share as well. So we'll we'll bring up the screen
00:30:31> 00:30:33:	share and I'll pass it over to you Michael.
00:30:33> 00:30:36:	Thanks. Thanks Adrian, and a pleasure to be on the
00:30:36> 00:30:39:	panel with with my esteemed colleagues here. This is a
00:30:39> 00:30:41:	fascinating discussion and I tell.
00:30:42> 00:30:45:	I tell people that this is half of my day,
00:30:45> 00:30:50:	every day, affordable housing and it's and its variance nuances.
00:30:52> 00:30:55:	Next slide please. As far as the right to adequate
00:30:55> 00:30:58:	housing, you know I'm on a still on a bit
00:30:58> 00:31:02:	of a learning journey. This really started two years ago
00:31:02> 00:31:06:	from me maybe three now almost when the pandemic started
00:31:06> 00:31:09:	to do a deeper dive into this, you know Canadian
00:31:10> 00:31:13:	can argue with the objectives of this that the slide
00:31:13> 00:31:17:	that that Emily showed everybody should want that is it
00:31:17> 00:31:21:	an obligation of housing of the federal government or any?
00:31:21> 00:31:25:	Admit to do it immediately. I think the answer was
00:31:25> 00:31:29:	no, but we've all got a role to play. Next
00:31:29> 00:31:30:	slide, please.

00:31:33> 00:31:37:	So we we actually like using the CMHC graphic which
00:31:37> 00:31:40:	is at the bottom of the slide to to segment
00:31:40> 00:31:43:	the market and and kind of figure out.
00:31:44> 00:31:48:	OK. Well, well, what are the typical range of rents
00:31:48> 00:31:53:	in those segments and and whose responsibility generally is it
00:31:53> 00:31:56:	if you go to the next slide, I think that
00:31:56> 00:32:00:	this kind of brings it home for the private sector.
00:32:00> 00:32:03:	So we say that in a healthy market, you know,
00:32:03> 00:32:08:	people start off in maybe they start renting a basement
00:32:08> 00:32:13:	apartment or a bachelor and as their economic situation improves
00:32:13> 00:32:14:	they typically move up.
00:32:15> 00:32:18:	Then maybe eventually they save up money to buy a
00:32:18> 00:32:22:	house. You know, that's the Canadian dream and that's the
00:32:22> 00:32:25:	way we all hope and think that the systems should
00:32:25> 00:32:29:	work. But it's been difficult in the past three years
00:32:29> 00:32:29:	at least.
00:32:30> 00:32:34:	Maybe some folks going the other way so that red
00:32:35> 00:32:40:	Line direction on the bottom shows situations or environments where
00:32:40> 00:32:46:	people lose their jobs. People, as Barriga said, become dependent
00:32:46> 00:32:50:	on on drugs or alcohol, have mental health issues and
00:32:50> 00:32:52:	fall down that ladder.
00:32:54> 00:32:57:	And while we all want that upper green line to
00:32:57> 00:33:00:	be the way things work, we're confronted, I think, with
00:33:00> 00:33:01:	that lower reality.
00:33:02> 00:33:06:	And because of that lower reality, there's an obligation on
00:33:06> 00:33:09:	private holders who might be on the right end of
00:33:09> 00:33:12:	that spectrum to provide it to, to do whatever they
00:33:12> 00:33:16:	can to stop people sliding down that ladder. Next slide,
00:33:16> 00:33:16:	please.
00:33:20> 00:33:23:	So, you know, up until the start of the pandemic,
00:33:23> 00:33:28:	we were engaged in discussions around inclusionary zoning, for example.
00:33:28> 00:33:32:	And a lot of the complaints around inclusionary zoning was,
00:33:32> 00:33:35:	look, we need well, one, we do need to provide
00:33:35> 00:33:39:	affordable housing and new developments. But at what point does
00:33:39> 00:33:43:	it make the new development uneconomic? At what point do
00:33:43> 00:33:46:	you say, you know, look, this doesn't pencil out anymore.
00:33:47> 00:33:49:	I'm pens down on this, sadly with the.

00:33:49> 00:33:52:	Interest rates going up by 2 1/2%.
00:33:53> 00:33:55:	Almost no new.
00:33:56> 00:34:00:	Purpose built rental buildings and many affordable housing.
	They don't
00:34:00> 00:34:03:	pencil out anymore. Nothing pencils out would that increased cost,
00:34:03> 00:34:06:	so we're in a bit of a difficult position.
00:34:07> 00:34:08:	Next slide, please.
00:34:11> 00:34:11:	Umm.
00:34:12> 00:34:15:	I know we've we've taken a lot of abuse in
00:34:15> 00:34:19:	social media over the years. You know, we're rich
	developers.
00:34:19> 00:34:21:	We're gouging tenants.
00:34:23> 00:34:23:	Yep.
00:34:24> 00:34:27:	A lot of the groups criticizing us don't ask us
00:34:27> 00:34:30:	well how much of your costs going out gone up,
00:34:30> 00:34:33:	what about 40% raise in natural gas. So we eating
00:34:33> 00:34:37:	that. So the greedy developers thing, I don't think it's
00:34:37> 00:34:41:	helping helping the conversation but what our industry is focused
00:34:41> 00:34:45:	on, focused on is better data, trying to better understand
00:34:45> 00:34:49:	the problem and who's in these various buckets that my
00:34:49> 00:34:53:	colleagues on the panel mentioned, specific areas that I'm very
00:34:53> 00:34:53:	much.
00:34:54> 00:34:59:	Focused on rent evictions, above guideline rent increases without losing
00:34:59> 00:35:03:	access to capital, security of tenure, right of return in
00:35:03> 00:35:06:	this four or five key topics that were very, very
00:35:06> 00:35:10:	focused on next slide. I have to remember if I
00:35:10> 00:35:11:	have a next slide on this.
00:35:13> 00:35:14:	I think that's your last.
00:35:15> 00:35:18:	Yeah, maybe I don't. So you know some of those
00:35:18> 00:35:21:	maybe we'll talk on the on the next session, but
00:35:21> 00:35:25:	there's certainly more that the private sector can do. I
00:35:25> 00:35:29:	think we're under discovery journey of trying to figure out
00:35:29> 00:35:33:	exactly what does it mean when you say that we
00:35:33> 00:35:37:	are responsibility holders and how does that square with.
00:35:37> 00:35:41:	Our fiduciary duty to our investors, how does that square
00:35:41> 00:35:45:	with the leases that a tenant signed? How does that
00:35:45> 00:35:49:	square with private property rights we thought we had?
00:35:50> 00:35:52:	Those are the areas that granularity is the area where
00:35:52> 00:35:54:	we need to discuss and want to get to. The

00:35:54> 00:35:56:	next question we will Adrian.
00:35:57> 00:36:00:	Yeah, perfect. Thanks Michael and and just wanted to to
00:36:00> 00:36:03:	share my appreciation for you raising all of those really
00:36:04> 00:36:06:	important tensions and and I hope that we can get
00:36:06> 00:36:09:	there in the next 20 minutes or so. So thanks
00:36:09> 00:36:12:	for sharing those slides before we move on to to
00:36:12> 00:36:15:	that process of how we get there. I also want
00:36:15> 00:36:17:	to just note kind of what Cheryl is getting at
00:36:17> 00:36:21:	earlier just this idea of a human rights based approach
00:36:21> 00:36:25:	to housing requiring the involvement of rights holders, so people
00:36:25> 00:36:28:	have lived experience and all aspects of the realization of
00:36:28> 00:36:29:	the right to housing.
00:36:29> 00:36:32:	Um, so just wanted to share resource. As part of
00:36:32> 00:36:35:	a year long project that we're working on at SHS
00:36:35> 00:36:39:	with the National Housing Council, we've released a report on
00:36:39> 00:36:42:	what we heard the right to housing could look like
00:36:42> 00:36:47:	from the perspective of people, lived experience, nonprofit housing providers
00:36:47> 00:36:51:	from across the country and community organizations in Canada. So
	Canada. Co
00:36:51> 00:36:55:	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or
00:36:51> 00:36:55: 00:36:55> 00:36:59:	
	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or
00:36:55> 00:36:59:	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or a focus group or one-on-one conversation. So if you'd like
00:36:55> 00:36:59: 00:36:59> 00:37:00:	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or a focus group or one-on-one conversation. So if you'd like to read a little bit.
00:36:55> 00:36:59: 00:36:59> 00:37:00: 00:37:00> 00:37:03:	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or a focus group or one-on-one conversation. So if you'd like to read a little bit. But what people in Canada with lived experience and the people who support those folks are thinking and and
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00:36:55> 00:36:59: 00:36:59> 00:37:00: 00:37:00> 00:37:03: 00:37:03> 00:37:06: 00:37:06> 00:37:09: 00:37:09> 00:37:12: 00:37:12> 00:37:15: 00:37:15> 00:37:18: 00:37:20> 00:37:20: 00:37:20> 00:37:23: 00:37:26> 00:37:29: 00:37:29> 00:37:30: 00:37:30> 00:37:37:	we've had almost 200 participants through either a survey or a focus group or one-on-one conversation. So if you'd like to read a little bit. But what people in Canada with lived experience and the people who support those folks are thinking and and envisioning about what that future could look like will drop the report link in the chat. It's available online, so you can read it on the place to call home website. So I'm going to continue the conversation now a little bit to to our group dialogue. So we've talked a little bit about the vision, what it could look like, what we're doing in this space. We're going to shift as Michael is alluding to this discussion of how we'll get there along the way. I know that there's quite a few tensions at play. There's quite a few competing alternative paths of what this

00:37:46> 00:37:50:	to just to reinforce a little bit this clear distinction
00:37:50> 00:37:53:	about what the difference between the right to housing is
00:37:53> 00:37:56:	and what we are, what we have today in Canada,
00:37:56> 00:37:59:	I guess that the system we have today, what makes
00:37:59> 00:38:02:	the implementation this big shift to something new.
00:38:02> 00:38:04:	And and in your work at the at the office
00:38:04> 00:38:07:	of the Federal Housing Advocate what have been some of
00:38:07> 00:38:09:	the tensions that you've you've come up against and I
00:38:10> 00:38:12:	think Emily has one slide left here to pull up
00:38:12> 00:38:13:	as well to speak to.
00:38:15> 00:38:20:	Thanks Adrian. I I really like this this this quote
00:38:20> 00:38:26:	from David Holt, Chansky and colleagues that asked the
	question.
00:38:27> 00:38:30:	Who lobbies for homelessness, right. Like if, if, if we
00:38:31> 00:38:35:	can all agree that a housing system that produces
00:38:35> 00:38:38:	homelessness is not acceptable. How is it that it continues to
00:38:39> 00:38:42:	exist? What's what's the problem here? And, and and the
00:38:43> 00:38:46:	problem is it's the natural outcome of the way that
00:38:46> 00:38:50:	we've currently organized our housing system. And so a right
00:38:51> 00:38:55:	to housing approach really requires that we rethink that on
00:38:55> 00:38:57:	a on a kind of system systematic.
00:38:57> 00:39:01:	A level of structural level. And it's not sufficient just
00:39:01> 00:39:05:	to address homelessness kind of one person at a time
00:39:05> 00:39:08:	or one family or household at a time. It's really
00:39:09> 00:39:12:	embedded in our housing system now. The human right to
00:39:12> 00:39:16:	housing is a new idea in Canada, and we're all
00:39:16> 00:39:19:	getting used to it. And people have a lot of
00:39:19> 00:39:23:	questions about, well, what does this mean? And there are
00:39:23> 00:39:28:	some misconceptions and, and we've been hearing some
	hyperbolic reactions
00:39:28> 00:39:28:	to it.
00:39:28> 00:39:32:	That are grounded in those misunderstandings. So some of
	you
00:39:32> 00:39:36:	might have seen a financial post story that came out
00:39:36> 00:39:40:	a couple of weeks ago suggesting that our office is
00:39:40> 00:39:44:	advocating the Canada implement a Marxist housing system, for example.
00:39:46> 00:39:49:	You know, so there's a lot of of learning to
00:39:49> 00:39:53:	be done about how do we apply this, that the
00:39:53> 00:39:56:	set of human rights in a Canadian context. And the
00:39:57> 00:40:01:	whole point of international human rights law is to establish
00:40:01> 00:40:06:	basic principles that all states agree to regardless of the

00:40:06> 00:40:10:	choice of political and economic system that they have. We
00:40:10> 00:40:14:	know that Canada's housing system is very complex and that
00:40:15> 00:40:15:	diagram that.
00:40:16> 00:40:20:	Just showed, Michael, I is, you know, it just scratches
00:40:20> 00:40:25:	the surface, right? And our housing system involves all levels
00:40:25> 00:40:30:	of government. It includes nonprofit and public elements in addition
00:40:30> 00:40:35:	to the private market elements. And its operations are embedded
00:40:35> 00:40:42:	in transnational and macroeconomic forces that are buffeting everybody's attempts
00:40:42> 00:40:46:	right now to build and expand affordable housing.
00:40:46> 00:40:46:	Supply.
00:40:48> 00:40:52:	But right now we have to acknowledge our housing system
00:40:52> 00:40:59:	perpetuates homelessness, right? 235,000 people are estimated to experience homelessness
00:40:59> 00:41:04:	in Canada every year, and another 1.6 million households are
00:41:04> 00:41:08:	in core housing need. So that's a system that's not
00:41:08> 00:41:12:	working. And it's it's been not working for quite some
00:41:12> 00:41:16:	time now. I can remember a time when mass homelessness
00:41:16> 00:41:17:	was not a thing.
00:41:18> 00:41:23:	Right, in Canada. But some of my younger colleagues don't
00:41:23> 00:41:28:	know that it's a fairly recent development and and instead
00:41:28> 00:41:29:	of.
00:41:30> 00:41:34:	We at this point I think most of what's been
00:41:34> 00:41:39:	attempted to close the gaps are what I would consider
00:41:39> 00:41:45:	kind of charity level responses, but that's just not working.
00:41:46> 00:41:50:	And so an approach that's grounded in the human right
00:41:50> 00:41:54:	to housing requires that we transform our response to homelessness
00:41:54> 00:41:58:	and inadequate housing. And instead of relying on charity to
00:41:58> 00:42:01:	meet the needs of people who are excluded by the
00:42:01> 00:42:04:	current system, we have to reorient the system so that
00:42:04> 00:42:07:	it doesn't exclude, so that it's just so that it's
00:42:08> 00:42:09:	egalitarian, so that it's fair.
00:42:10> 00:42:15:	Now, identifying failings in our system doesn't mean vilifying any
00:42:15> 00:42:19:	specific actors. So in to Michael's point about, you know,
00:42:19> 00:42:23:	the greedy developer narrative or the narrative of, you know,
00:42:24> 00:42:28:	people not living up to their responsibilities or needing to
00:42:28> 00:42:32:	pull themselves up by their bootstraps or stop eating avocado
00:42:32> 00:42:36:	toast or cancel their Disney plus subscription in order to
00:42:36> 00:42:40:	afford a housing, none of those narratives are are.

00:42:40 > 00:42:44:	Doolly bolatyl wight? And what?
00:42:40> 00:42:44:	Really helpful, right? And what?
00:42:45> 00:42:49:	What we need is for governments to use their powers
00:42:49> 00:42:53:	to ensure that the housing system we've chosen, which in
00:42:53> 00:42:58:	the Canadian context is is currently a very market dominated
00:42:58> 00:42:59:	system.
00:43:00> 00:43:04:	That that system respects, protects and fulfills the right to
00:43:04> 00:43:10:	adequate housing for everyone and and that needs preventing discrimination,
00:43:10> 00:43:14:	but it also imposes positive duties. It's not enough just
00:43:14> 00:43:18:	to avoid discrimination and but as Cheryl said, you know
00:43:18> 00:43:19:	we've got.
00:43:18> 00:43:19:	•
00:43:20> 00:43:25:	What what you're calling indirect discrimination kind of built into
00:43:25> 00:43:29:	our housing system. So I'll just use myself as an
00:43:29> 00:43:30:	example as a homeowner.
00:43:32> 00:43:35:	When I sell my house, I'm going to get to
00:43:35> 00:43:39:	keep all of the proceeds of that sale. I'm not
00:43:39> 00:43:42:	going to have to to pay any tax on it.
00:43:42> 00:43:46:	And the foregone tax revenue that I benefit from through
00:43:46> 00:43:50:	that as a homeowner is a level of of federal
00:43:50> 00:43:54:	investment in me that no renter will ever enjoy probably
00:43:54> 00:43:59:	in a lifetime. So that's a huge discrepancy between owners
00:43:59> 00:44:02:	and renters and when we look at.
00:44:03> 00:44:07:	Who's more likely to be owners? White salaried professionals like
00:44:08> 00:44:12:	myself? And who's more likely to be renters? People with
00:44:12> 00:44:18:	disabilities? Racialized people? Immigrants and refugees?
	Younger people? Then we
00:44:18> 00:44:21:	start to see the ways in which our housing system
00:44:22> 00:44:26:	entrenches those patterns of discrimination towards certain groups.
00:44:28> 00:44:32:	Yeah, I think thanks for that important discussion, Emily. Just
00:44:32> 00:44:34:	watching the time I'm going to shift around a little
00:44:34> 00:44:37:	bit of the the order here. So I'm going to
00:44:37> 00:44:39:	send it back to Cheryl first. So I know Cheryl
00:44:39> 00:44:42:	you're involved in tons of on the ground work. Would
00:44:42> 00:44:45:	love to hear what some of those those deeper kind
00:44:45> 00:44:47:	of cultural shifts that people are calling for when you
00:44:48> 00:44:50:	when you're speaking with folks you know what are they,
00:44:50> 00:44:53:	what would they love to see to get us to
00:44:53> 00:44:54:	the right to housing?
00:44:55> 00:44:57:	So to get to the, uh, to the right to
00:44:57> 00:45:01:	housing and we're really we're calling for vertical integration.

	So
00:45:01> 00:45:04:	folks who are working on the ground and working directly
00:45:04> 00:45:07:	with community to confront displacement, to be involved in affordable
00:45:07> 00:45:10:	housing and promoting affordable housing development.
00:45:11> 00:45:14:	To be connected to the people who are making policy
00:45:14> 00:45:17:	decisions, right? Umm. And so that's that's really what the
00:45:17> 00:45:21:	road map for redevelopment plans to comment systemic racism is
00:45:21> 00:45:24:	all about. So Michael spoke about, you know, this dialogue
00:45:24> 00:45:28:	about the developer being the villain and they're doing terrible
00:45:28> 00:45:28:	things.
00:45:29> 00:45:32:	There are developers who really want to do more to
00:45:32> 00:45:36:	help see affordable housing developed and protected, right? So the
00:45:37> 00:45:41:	road map, we're really focused on building those relationships, right.
00:45:41> 00:45:45:	So we'll be working on establishing consensus around what are
00:45:45> 00:45:49:	the five top issues that are leading to our housing
00:45:49> 00:45:53:	crisis, right. We've talked about, you know, the financialization is
00:45:53> 00:45:57:	one thing, but also the inability to get subsidies or
00:45:57> 00:45:59:	it could be the financing system.
00:45:59> 00:46:02:	As it is, the incentives around investment, right, there are
00:46:03> 00:46:06:	so many different types of problems that exist that we
00:46:06> 00:46:09:	just simply are not gathering together to, to dive into,
00:46:09> 00:46:12:	right? So the people on the ground really do want
00:46:12> 00:46:16:	to see that vertical integration to be working in solidarity
00:46:16> 00:46:20:	with people who have access to wealth and policy makers.
00:46:20> 00:46:23:	To move forward together. So if, if, if you can,
00:46:23> 00:46:26:	please put the the link in the chat so folks
00:46:26> 00:46:29:	can get more familiar with the project. But that's really
00:46:29> 00:46:32:	what folks on the ground are looking for is that
00:46:32> 00:46:35:	solidarity with people who have Afghan access to to power
00:46:35> 00:46:36:	and wealth and policymakers.
00:46:37> 00:46:40:	Thanks, Cheryl. And we'll make sure to check out that
00:46:40> 00:46:43:	project in the chat. So thanks for adding that link
00:46:43> 00:46:45:	as well. Marie, got curious to hear from you. You
00:46:46> 00:46:48:	know, what mindsets do we have to shift to enable
00:46:48> 00:46:50:	more of what woodgreen is doing?
00:46:52> 00:46:56:	I think there's a, there's a, I mean, the first

00:46:56> 00:47:00:	set of mind mindset shifts is actually have to do
00:47:00> 00:47:04:	with the recovery. So the, you know, I was watching
00:47:04> 00:47:09:	that introductory clip on Toronto and its vibrancy and I
00:47:09> 00:47:13:	think one of the things that has taken a really
00:47:13> 00:47:18:	hard hit negatively is the nonprofit sector for a number
00:47:18> 00:47:20:	of reasons, the pandemic.
00:47:21> 00:47:25:	In, you know has sort of created the whole volunteer
00:47:25> 00:47:29:	base volunteer volunteerism as a as a key resource in
00:47:29> 00:47:30:	the sector.
00:47:32> 00:47:36:	Yes, it is true that there is a greater collective
00:47:36> 00:47:40:	awakening on the issues of of inequality and inequity. So
00:47:40> 00:47:44:	that's a really positive thing. But you know some of
00:47:44> 00:47:48:	those issues in the last two years have also caused
00:47:48> 00:47:52:	a lot of decline in donations from from donors and
00:47:52> 00:47:56:	I think you know just not to over embellish this.
00:47:57> 00:48:01:	Half the people who worked in the nonprofit sector have
00:48:01> 00:48:04:	pretty much burnt out because of the heavy service load
00:48:04> 00:48:08:	component that we had to carry and and those issues
00:48:08> 00:48:11:	are playing out. So those challenges and the mindset in
00:48:11> 00:48:15:	order to reward our, our, the, the nonprofit sector and
00:48:15> 00:48:18:	to give it the value that it has and demonstrated
00:48:18> 00:48:22:	during the pandemic, I think it's an opportunity that has
00:48:22> 00:48:26:	been provided through the pandemic and some of the awakening
00:48:26> 00:48:27:	around the inequality.
00:48:27> 00:48:32:	And equity, the second aspect for me is what's happening
00:48:32> 00:48:36:	around the conversation in housing and the whole conversation about
00:48:37> 00:48:42:	housing and affordability has shifted away from those fundamentals of
00:48:42> 00:48:46:	what a housing, the housing National Housing strategy spoke about
00:48:46> 00:48:50:	and and was introduced. And that is around security of
00:48:50> 00:48:56:	tenure, peace and dignity, nondiscrimination and affordability in terms of
00:48:56> 00:48:56:	income.
00:48:57> 00:49:01:	And we have moved fundamentally towards a market solution in
00:49:02> 00:49:05:	order to ostensibly stem or increase the notion of supply
00:49:05> 00:49:08:	from the from the market side and and produce a
00:49:09> 00:49:09:	
00.49.09> 00.49.09.	trickle down.
00:49:10> 00:49:14:	trickle down. I'm not sure that that's going to be really helpful.

00:49:17> 00:49:20:	that Emily is talking about so that yes we deal
00:49:21> 00:49:24:	with supply but through the lens of demand of the
00:49:24> 00:49:28:	demand population that is defined in the human in the
00:49:28> 00:49:31:	in the National Housing strategy and the and and then
00:49:31> 00:49:36:	specifically around the Human Rights foundation issues. So we have
00:49:36> 00:49:39:	that end of the spectrum that I described earlier that
00:49:40> 00:49:40:	would green.
00:49:40> 00:49:44:	Dealing it works with people who are marginalized for whole
00:49:44> 00:49:48:	combination of reasons that we talked about. And those people
00:49:48> 00:49:52:	need to be at the front center of affordable housing.
00:49:52> 00:49:55:	That is what we used to do way better in
00:49:55> 00:49:57:	the 70s by the way. And the very birth of
00:49:57> 00:50:01:	CMHC was around taking care of veterans after coming back
00:50:01> 00:50:04:	from war. So yes, we had a supply need for
00:50:04> 00:50:07:	them, but it was also geared towards those kinds of
00:50:07> 00:50:12:	population and eventually it transitioned into supporting the market.
00:50:12> 00:50:15:	The last thing I want to talk about is just
00:50:15> 00:50:18:	the housing market. And you know, the irony of the
00:50:18> 00:50:21:	fact that 60 to 70% of Canadian wealth is held
00:50:21> 00:50:25:	by individuals has produced and and then the performance of
00:50:25> 00:50:28:	the market in the last several years, which has been
00:50:28> 00:50:32:	a really hot place, has actually created the conditions for
00:50:32> 00:50:36:	a little worse Nimbyism than we used to have before.
00:50:36> 00:50:40:	And that's because naturally people have locked into that as
00:50:40> 00:50:42:	their main source of water.
00:50:42> 00:50:46:	Of of wealth. So building in some of the middle
00:50:46> 00:50:52:	class neighborhoods in order to create mixed mixed communities that
00:50:52> 00:50:58:	thrive and are supportive is becoming more difficult. Fortunately, not
00:50:58> 00:51:03:	to end with gloom, this past weekend would green was
00:51:03> 00:51:07:	privileged to host an open house for a 59 unit
00:51:07> 00:51:12:	housing with supports at Cedarville in the East End.
00:51:12> 00:51:16:	That is provided was provided to Wood Green by the
00:51:16> 00:51:21:	City of Toronto through its supporting low you know emotionalized
00:51:21> 00:51:25:	
00:01:21 7 00:01:20:	homeless people housing in that section and we had about
00:51:25> 00:51:29:	homeless people housing in that section and we had about 200 people and of course we you know confronted all

00:51:37> 00:51:40:	But I believe what I think I want people to
00:51:40> 00:51:44:	take away is that that creating that space for dialogue
00:51:44> 00:51:49:	actually produced some very positive conversations. And for the most
00:51:49> 00:51:54:	part, we felt that having that direct conversation turned things
00:51:54> 00:51:57:	around and that we will be able to operate that
00:51:57> 00:52:02:	building in that neighborhood like a partner, which is what
00:52:02> 00:52:05:	we like to do best as, as, as woodgreen. So
00:52:05> 00:52:05:	yeah.
00:52:06> 00:52:08:	Thanks. Thanks, Maria. Happy for you.
00:52:08> 00:52:10:	I'm glad that you, you know, expanded the conversation to,
00:52:10> 00:52:13:	you know, everyone in the system, not just our, our,
00:52:13> 00:52:15:	our housing players, but, you know, people in the community
00:52:15> 00:52:18:	as well as responsibility holders, too. Michael, I want to
00:52:18> 00:52:20:	be able to toss it back to you because I
00:52:20> 00:52:22:	know you had some ideas of, you know, what are
00:52:22> 00:52:24:	some of the tensions that you're coming up against maybe,
00:52:24> 00:52:27:	you know, two minutes and then. And we're going to
00:52:27> 00:52:29:	have to slowly wrap ourselves up here. But Michael, please
00:52:29> 00:52:30:	go ahead.
00:52:34> 00:52:35:	Oh, and you're on mute as well.
00:52:38> 00:52:42:	Sorry, a great conversation and I just killed the second-half
00:52:42> 00:52:45:	of my slides because I realized, you know, it's off
00:52:45> 00:52:47:	point to the the way this conversation is. It's a
00:52:47> 00:52:52:	great conversation. What Cheryl said about cooperation, absolutely the transition
00:52:52> 00:52:55:	between the right to housing and housing policy and what's
00:52:55> 00:52:59:	that bridge and what are some solutions that really are
00:52:59> 00:53:02:	going to work. I think Steve Pomeroy talked about this
00:53:02> 00:53:04:	maybe on Tuesday and he said, you know, look, we
00:53:05> 00:53:07:	just don't need more supply, we need more supply.
00:53:07> 00:53:11:	At the right price point and for the right constituencies,
00:53:12> 00:53:15:	absolutely that is true. And I know that we're, you
00:53:15> 00:53:19:	know, one of the things we're criticized for as an
00:53:19> 00:53:23:	industry is upgrading old buildings. There's an area where we
00:53:23> 00:53:26:	need really a good conversation. Some of this is to
00:53:27> 00:53:31:	extend the useful life of those old buildings. A byproduct
00:53:31> 00:53:35:	is rents are increased. We can't be slagged for increasing
00:53:35> 00:53:38:	rents when we're trying to extend these buildings.
00:53:38> 00:53:42:	And make them safe, habitable as best we can. So
00:53:42> 00:53:45:	we need to be able to talk about those things.
00:53:46> 00:53:49:	Think Maria talked about Nimbyism.

00 50 50 > 00 50 50	
00:53:50> 00:53:52: 00:53:52> 00:53:55:	Oh boy, I I, someone said to me a few
00:53:55> 00:53:59:	days ago, says Mike. Do you think it's bad of putting an apartment building near a residential area in terms
00:53:59> 00:54:02:	of Nimbys? Wait until you try to put supportive housing
00:54:02> 00:54:04:	in the same neighborhood.
00:54:06> 00:54:09:	A lot more Nimbyism there. That's a cultural problem we
00:54:09> 00:54:13:	•
00:54:13> 00:54:16:	have to address. So, you know, I would say overall,
	look, the private sector wants to be part of the
00:54:16> 00:54:20:	solution, wants to help get this country back on its
00:54:20> 00:54:24:	feet, prepared to consider all kinds of ideas. With the
00:54:24> 00:54:27:	one caveat is we can't push away capital. We need
00:54:27> 00:54:31:	the capital for new supply. We need the capital to
00:54:31> 00:54:35:	renovate and fix up these old buildings before we talk
00:54:35> 00:54:35:	about.
00:54:35> 00:54:38:	Training them so that's that's my boundary, is I got
00:54:38> 00:54:42:	to be able to still get capital into this business.
00:54:43> 00:54:47:	Thanks, Michael. And an important attention there that we have
00:54:47> 00:54:49:	in the system. I just just to introduce in the
00:54:49> 00:54:53:	last couple minutes here, we have about 2 minutes left.
00:54:53> 00:54:56:	You know one of the other important principles of the
00:54:56> 00:54:59:	right to housing that there is no retrogression or backwards
00:54:59> 00:55:02:	movement away from the right to housing. So we're not
00:55:02> 00:55:06:	taking action that's actually taking away from our progress. So
00:55:06> 00:55:08:	I'm curious if anyone wants to jump in on that
00:55:08> 00:55:11:	quickly what does that mean, what what's at play here
00:55:12> 00:55:14:	to to actually make sure that we don't have?
00:55:14> 00:55:17:	Backwards movement, maybe. If you if you want to jump
00:55:17> 00:55:19:	in like 20 seconds and I want to leave the
00:55:19> 00:55:22:	last word on, what does it mean to realize the
00:55:22> 00:55:26:	maximum of available resources? Because that's another
	key piece. Emily.
00:55:26> 00:55:28:	I'll leave that last word for you. But anyone on
00:55:28> 00:55:32:	this this notion of no backwards movement, that's kind of
00:55:32> 00:55:34:	a hard one to to wrap our heads around too.
00:55:35> 00:55:38:	Yeah, I'll jump in. That's exactly what I was talking
00:55:38> 00:55:41:	about. Rent increases. Would you look at that as
00.55.40 > 00.55.40	retrogression?
00:55:42> 00:55:46:	What if they were absolutely necessary to keep the building
00:55:46> 00:55:49:	safe and your tenancy safe? Which side does that fall
00:55:49> 00:55:52:	on? You know, that's a detail that's going to be
00:55:52> 00:55:57:	critically important for the private sector. That's just. Yeah.

One 00:55:57 --> 00:56:00: thing that's top of mind for me, I talked about 00:56:00 --> 00:56:03: before, right, of return, rent, evictions. We can deal with 00:56:04 --> 00:56:07: those. Let's scale them. Let's put in a uniform code 00:56:07 --> 00:56:10: that applies coast to coast. Let's do that right. We 00:56:10 --> 00:56:12: can get, we can do that, right. 00:56:13 --> 00:56:16: Mm-hmm. So wanted to jump in really quickly my call 00:56:17 --> 00:56:19: about the point about rental repairs. 00:56:21 --> 00:56:24: That that could be considered a type of indirect discrimination. 00:56:24 --> 00:56:26: the fact that the system makes it so that the 00:56:26 --> 00:56:29: only way that you can make the building safe is 00:56:29 --> 00:56:32: that you make the building unaffordable. So imagine if you 00:56:32 --> 00:56:34: were to have maybe a subsidy program and some kind 00:56:34 --> 00:56:37: of policy framework that would enable that maintenance of that 00:56:37 --> 00:56:40: building, but then would not, you know, require you to 00:56:40 --> 00:56:43: raise the rents, right, and actually have a protection around 00:56:43 --> 00:56:43: the. 00:56:43 --> 00:56:46: Rents, we've talked about that and I'm, I'm good with 00:56:46 --> 00:56:47: that. 00:56:49 --> 00:56:52: Thanks for raising that Cheryl. I am really good other 00:56:52 --> 00:56:55: you know tension and and two potential alternative paths there 00:56:56 --> 00:56:59: that we're dealing with. Emily, I'll leave the last word 00:56:59 --> 00:57:01: to you. What does it mean for us to actually 00:57:01 --> 00:57:04: invest a maximum of available resources you have like one 00:57:04 --> 00:57:07: minute and I think there's some some links to drop 00:57:07 --> 00:57:10: in the chat here with some resources for everyone to 00:57:10 --> 00:57:11: read further. 00:57:12 --> 00:57:15: Thank you so much for giving me the chance to make this pitch, Adrian. I'm so I I think the 00:57:15 --> 00:57:19: 00:57:19 --> 00:57:23: common theme in what everyone is raising here is that 00:57:23 --> 00:57:27: we have a National Housing strategy. And according to the 00:57:27 --> 00:57:31: act, that strategy is intended to be the mechanism that 00:57:31 --> 00:57:36: moves us towards progressive realization of the right to adequate 00:57:36 --> 00:57:40: housing. But the evidence is mounting that it is not. 00:57:41 --> 00:57:44: It's it's not going where it needs to go. It's 00:57:44 --> 00:57:49: the the resources it's investing are not addressing those in 00:57:49 --> 00:57:55: greatest need. They're not helping make measurable

to homelessness and core housing need. We've got the

difference in relationship

00:57:55 --> 00:57:59:

auditor

	auditor
00:57:59> 00:58:04:	general's report, we've got other evidence as well, and so
00:58:04> 00:58:07:	that's a great place to start. And in the chat
00:58:08> 00:58:11:	is a a statement the Advocate released this week.
00:58:11> 00:58:16:	Regarding some changes that could be made to the National
00:58:16> 00:58:20:	Housing strategy to make it more effective and to help
00:58:20> 00:58:24:	contribute to some of the initiatives that Cheryl Marie got
00:58:24> 00:58:28:	and Michael have pointed to. And there's also a campaign
00:58:28> 00:58:33:	led by the National right to housing network. That's the
00:58:33> 00:58:37:	second link there that that enables folks to send letters
00:58:37> 00:58:40:	to their MP's to to talk about the changes that
00:58:40> 00:58:42:	need to happen.
00:58:42> 00:58:46:	The good news is we've got the strategy, we've got
00:58:46> 00:58:49:	you know, it's it's a huge \$72 billion plan. We're
00:58:49> 00:58:53:	at the midpoint, it's the five year anniversary this week,
00:58:53> 00:58:56:	but we've got five more years to go. It's a
00:58:56> 00:58:59:	big ship to turn around, but with all of us
00:58:59> 00:59:03:	working together and I'm very grateful to you, you Li,
00:59:03> 00:59:07:	for convening this conversation. I think we can get there
00:59:07> 00:59:10:	and and we've got the tools we just need to
00:59:10> 00:59:12:	make them work better for us.
00:59:13> 00:59:15:	Thanks Emily. With that, I'm going to close this off,
00:59:15> 00:59:18:	toss it back to Richard. Really insightful conversation today. So
00:59:18> 00:59:20:	thanks so much to everyone who is here.
00:59:20> 00:59:25:	Indeed. Thank you, Adrienne. Emily, Mariga, Cheryl, Michael,
	thank you.
00:59:25> 00:59:28:	That was a great conversation to wrap up our week.
00:59:28> 00:59:32:	But it's clear that our week is the beginning and
00:59:32> 00:59:36:	not the end of our conversations around affordable housing. There's
00:59:36> 00:59:39:	so much more, I think one of the things that
00:59:39> 00:59:42:	I think that I really enjoyed about this week, if
00:59:42> 00:59:43:	I can say that.
00:59:43> 00:59:47:	Um, in in what is really a troubling conversation is,
00:59:47> 00:59:50:	is we're starting to not talk past each other as
00:59:50> 00:59:53:	much in dialogues like this. And I think that's so
00:59:53> 00:59:57:	critical. We cannot address this, this housing crisis at any
00:59:57> 01:00:01:	level if if we talk past each other and there's
01:00:01> 01:00:04:	everybody's got to bring something to the solution to this
01:00:04> 01:00:07:	clearly and there's a long way to go before we
01:00:08> 01:00:11:	get even pointed in the right direction, never mind moving
01:00:11> 01:00:13:	in the right direction so.

01:00:14> 01:00:16:	Been been a great honor for me to for you
01:00:16> 01:00:19:	and I to be hosting you and the other panels
01:00:19> 01:00:22:	all week on this conversation as I said this is
01:00:22> 01:00:24:	the beginning of more and I hope you all TuneIn
01:00:24> 01:00:27:	in the in the coming weeks and months
01:00:27> 01:00:30:	ahead you'll see there's a couple of events up on
01:00:30> 01:00:33:	the on the upcoming events there's always upcoming events it
01:00:33> 01:00:36:	is 1:00 o'clock we always end on time and so
01:00:36> 01:00:39:	I wish everybody a nice weekend and we'll look forward
01:00:39> 01:00:41:	to as I said seeing you again soon. Bye bye.

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