

## Video

## 2025 ULI Asia Pacific Awards for Excellence Winners

Date: May 28, 2025

00:00:09> 00:00:15:	This year, we received 43 exceptionally high quality entries from
00:00:15> 00:00:20:	China, Japan, Australia, Singapore, India, the Philippines and Korea.
00:00:21> 00:00:26:	Having spent days debating, discussing and also going on to
00:00:26> 00:00:30:	site visit, the jurors selected 14 winners of this year's
00:00:30> 00:00:32:	ULIAPEC Award.
00:00:53> 00:00:57:	Gulabar, which means place of koala in our First Nations
00:00:57> 00:01:00:	language, is located in the Kurara State Forest of NSW,
00:01:01> 00:01:03:	around 4 hours north of Sydney.
00:01:03> 00:01:07:	This landmark project is a 25 hectare conservation, education and
00:01:07> 00:01:11:	ecotourism facility established in the wake of a wave of
00:01:11> 00:01:16:	bushfires that devastated the local forest and native koala population
00:01:16> 00:01:18:	of the region during the summer of 2019.
00:01:19> 00:01:22:	As the world's first wild koala breeding facility, Goolabar sets
00:01:22> 00:01:25:	a benchmark for conservation LED development.
00:01:26> 00:01:30:	Conceived, designed and built in collaboration with First Nations people,
00:01:30> 00:01:35:	Goolabar integrates modern conservation science and sustainable design with the
00:01:35> 00:01:39:	local communities long standing knowledge of local land and wildlife.
00:01:39> 00:01:43:	It is a project aiming to restore the original landscape,
00:01:43> 00:01:47:	protect endangered species and educate across a range of demographics.
00:01:47> 00:01:52:	Gulabar realizes this ambition through mixing education, tourism, engagement and
00:01:52> 00:01:55:	the Bush setting in a unique and meaningful way.
00:01:57> 00:02:02:	Built in 1915, the 400 metre long Woolloomooloo Wharf was

00:02:02> 00:02:06:	once the largest timber piled Wharf in the world, located
00:02:06> 00:02:11:	on the Sydney waterfront, not far from the present day
00:02:11> 00:02:11:	CBD.
00:02:12> 00:02:17:	Operating as a wool processing port before falling into disrepair
00:02:17> 00:02:23:	in the 1970's, the historic landmark was saved from demolition
00:02:23> 00:02:28:	in the 1990s and transformed into a vibrant destinational waterfront
00:02:28> 00:02:35:	precinct combining residential, commercial, hotel and hospitality spaces.
00:02:35> 00:02:40:	An exemplary development well ahead of its time, the Woolloomooloo
00:02:41> 00:02:46:	Wharf has been awarded the Ulias prestigious Legacy Award, reserved
00:02:46> 00:02:51:	for projects completed for at least 25 years that establish
00:02:51> 00:02:55:	new concepts or standards since emulated by others.
00:02:57> 00:03:01:	The Russell Bar Children's Park was conceived as part of
00:03:01> 00:03:05:	the government's plan to provide public open space and playground
00:03:05> 00:03:09:	facilities in Bangladesh, capital of Dhaka, one of the world's
00:03:09> 00:03:12:	most densely populated and deprived cities.
00:03:12> 00:03:16:	Designed by a collective of some 70 architects, planners and
00:03:17> 00:03:21:	implemented on a shoestring budget and a pro bono basis
00:03:21> 00:03:26:	under the direction of Shatoto Architecture, the project involved construction
00:03:26> 00:03:32:	of rainwater management and drinking systems, a play area, preservation
00:03:32> 00:03:36:	and importation of trees and other greenery, and conversions of
00:03:36> 00:03:41:	a formerly disused building into a community centre that features
00:03:41> 00:03:44:	a women's club, a weekly school, a gym and a
00:03:44> 00:03:45:	library.
00:03:46> 00:03:51:	Penlon TNT Community is a decade long urban regeneration project
00:03:51> 00:03:55:	located in Chimpu District of western Shanghai.
00:03:55> 00:04:01:	By successfully combining historical authenticity with contemporary relevance, it has
00:04:01> 00:04:07:	transformed A depopulated Jangnan Water village into modern mixed-use community,
00:04:07> 00:04:11:	ideally located to attract both residents and visitors.
00:04:12> 00:04:17:	The development consists of 23 orchiders of public green areas,
00:04:17> 00:04:22:	50,000 square meters of ward town lifestyle facilities and a

00:04:22> 00:04:27:	250,000 square meters of residential space, together with an Art
00:04:27> 00:04:32:	Museum, boutique hotel, temple, church and other amenities.
00:04:32> 00:04:37:	The development financial success provide a replicable model for use
00:04:38> 00:04:42:	in similar regeneration projects in China and elsewhere.
00:04:44> 00:04:48:	The Villing Pujang Park Community is a Shanghai based housing
00:04:48> 00:04:51:	project aiming to fill a gap in a local housing
00:04:52> 00:04:57:	market by providing affordable accommodation to young professionals and fresh
00:04:57> 00:05:00:	graduates in a city adopting a campus theme that is
00:05:00> 00:05:06:	reflected across its architecture, facilities, stereotype accommodation and operations.
00:05:07> 00:05:13:	The complex features 5500 affordable rental units in eight buildings
00:05:13> 00:05:16:	at average monthly rents around U.S.
00:05:16> 00:05:21:	Dollar 275, together with 2000 square meters of community spaces
00:05:21> 00:05:26:	that include the study rooms, gyms, kitchens and event focused
00:05:26> 00:05:27:	areas.
00:05:29> 00:05:33:	The Tai Yanpei Square and Jianming Library is a regeneration
00:05:33> 00:05:37:	project located in an historical district of Xiaoxing in China's
00:05:37> 00:05:39:	Chejiang Province.
00:05:39> 00:05:44:	Work on the 14400 square meters site included the renovation
00:05:44> 00:05:49:	of the L-shaped Tai Yanpei Square, the transformation of an
00:05:49> 00:05:55:	historical cinema into a modern theater, and the construction of
00:05:55> 00:06:00:	a new library, all the while using techniques and mediums
00:06:00> 00:06:06:	that echo the city's historical fabric and enhance its commemorative
00:06:06> 00:06:08:	and communal functions.
00:06:10> 00:06:15:	Phase three of the East Lake Greenway project is a
00:06:15> 00:06:19:	3.4km long lakeside renovation scheme in Wuhan, China.
00:06:20> 00:06:25:	It connects both ends of previously completed renovation phases running
00:06:25> 00:06:28:	along the shoreline of East Lake.
00:06:28> 00:06:33:	Featuring a beautiful stretch of shoreline, the project has artfully
00:06:33> 00:06:39:	upgraded the pedestrian experience by improving poorly planned pedestrian sections,
00:06:40> 00:06:45:	upgrading links to historic landmarks including the Central Old Wuhan

00:06:45> 00:06:51:	University, and revitalizing traditional culture through landscape storytelling.
00:06:51> 00:06:55:	The result is a user friendly green corridor as well
00:06:55> 00:06:59:	as a showcase of contemporary ecological restoration.
00:07:01> 00:07:06:	The Wu Chang Ecological and Cultural Promenade is another Wuhan
00:07:06> 00:07:10:	based project, this time involving the reactivation of a 17
00:07:10> 00:07:15:	kilometer stretch of Yangtze River shoreline in the heart of
00:07:15> 00:07:16:	the city.
00:07:16> 00:07:19:	Used originally as a railway line.
00:07:19> 00:07:25:	Constructed in 1905, the promenade has today been reimagined as
00:07:25> 00:07:26:	a linear park.
00:07:26> 00:07:32:	It includes a 13.4km long slow traffic Greenway, 11 parks,
00:07:32> 00:07:38:	9 restored historical railway sites and about 45,000 square meters
00:07:38> 00:07:40:	of public buildings.
00:07:41> 00:07:45:	In the process, it has spurred renovation of old communities
00:07:45> 00:07:50:	and several large urban villages that lie along the route.
00:07:53> 00:07:57:	Karma Lakelands is a 270 acre resort located not far
00:07:58> 00:08:00:	from New Delhi in India.
00:08:00> 00:08:04:	Conceived as a sanctuary far removed from the bustle of
00:08:04> 00:08:09:	city life, the resort features villas, cottages and chalets surrounded
00:08:09> 00:08:13:	by lush vegetation and lakes, together with a nine hole
00:08:13> 00:08:14:	golf course.
00:08:15> 00:08:18:	Sustainability is a central theme that is a core business
00:08:19> 00:08:20:	driver of the project.
00:08:20> 00:08:26:	The resort features a number of eco friendly initiatives including
00:08:26> 00:08:30:	an aforestation program that has resulted in the planting of
00:08:30> 00:08:36:	some 250,000 trees, rainwater harvesting, bio composting and various organic
00:08:36> 00:08:38:	farming programs.
00:08:40> 00:08:44:	Tokyo Midtown Yaisu is a 90,000 square meter mixed-use project
00:08:44> 00:08:47:	built on a complex site in Tokyo's Yaisu district, providing
00:08:48> 00:08:51:	direct access to Tokyo Station and hosting Japan's largest bus
00:08:51> 00:08:53:	terminal in its basement.
00:08:53> 00:08:57:	The building is a major transportation hub that synchronizes major
00:08:57> 00:09:01:	pedestrian flows both at ground level and underground, serving as

00:09:01> 00:09:04:	a benchmark for future mixed-use developments in Japan.
00:09:04> 00:09:08:	The project incorporates a number of community oriented facilities, including
00:09:08> 00:09:12:	an independent power plant that supplies energy to the local
00:09:12> 00:09:15:	grid in the event of power cuts, a public elementary
00:09:15> 00:09:18:	school, a range of public spaces, and advanced seismic and
00:09:18> 00:09:20:	other technological features.
00:09:23> 00:09:26:	Our Lady of Lourdes Chapel is a small scale seat
00:09:26> 00:09:30:	of worship located in the Philippine city of Monteluka that
00:09:30> 00:09:35:	demonstrates how sacred spaces can integrate design and sustainability without
00:09:35> 00:09:37:	compromising spiritual significance.
00:09:37> 00:09:42:	Conceived to address the city's evolving social environmental challenges, the
00:09:42> 00:09:46:	Chapel is notable for cutting edge engineering, its pillar less
00:09:47> 00:09:50:	roof creating a huge open span that allows light and
00:09:50> 00:09:52:	form to define the sacred experience.
00:09:53> 00:09:56:	At the same time, the structure serves a number of
00:09:56> 00:10:02:	environmental functions, including passive cooling strategies, high albedo materials, optimized
00:10:02> 00:10:07:	strategic massing, and an amphitheater style blood retention system that
00:10:07> 00:10:11:	mitigates urban runoff while enhancing public accessibility.
00:10:13> 00:10:17:	Bidadari Park is a 13 hectare reserve established at the
00:10:17> 00:10:20:	heart of an accompanying public housing estate in Singapore.
00:10:21> 00:10:26:	Conceived as a resident centric facility, the park integrates placemaking
00:10:26> 00:10:31:	and active mobility strategies, featuring over 6 kilometres of experiential
00:10:31> 00:10:33:	trails that cater to a range of users.
00:10:34> 00:10:38:	Key wildlife refuges preserved within the original Woodlands have been
00:10:38> 00:10:40:	connected by green corridors and buffer zones.
00:10:41> 00:10:45:	By leveraging the natural topography of the landscape while also
00:10:45> 00:10:49:	integrating water sensitive urban design to manage flood risks and
00:10:49> 00:10:52:	create aquatic wildlife habitats, the park stands as a model
00:10:52> 00:10:57:	for sustainable integrated development that allows nature, heritage and community
00:10:57> 00:10:58:	thrive together.
00:11:01> 00:11:06:	Singapore's One Holland Village is a mixed-use development that comprises

00:11:06> 00:11:11:	61,715 square meters of residential, retail and office facilities.
00:11:11> 00:11:15:	The project incorporates a well balanced mix of space that
00:11:15> 00:11:19:	integrates with its surroundings through open buildings, lush greenery and
00:11:19> 00:11:23:	pedestrian walkways that encourage connectivity and interaction.
00:11:23> 00:11:27:	Sustainability plays a key role and has been embodied throughout
00:11:27> 00:11:31:	project design via passive cooling strategies and energy efficient infrastructure
00:11:31> 00:11:35:	with landscaping and natural ventilation combining to create a comfortable
00:11:36> 00:11:37:	eco conscious environment.
00:11:37> 00:11:41:	Low rise design, public art, creative event programming and pet
00:11:41> 00:11:45:	friendly policies also reinforce the project's DNA as a people
00:11:46> 00:11:48:	centric and culturally oriented space.
00:11:50> 00:11:50:	Singapore.
00:11:50> 00:11:54:	'S Safa Chachaka Palace is a sports or community space
00:11:54> 00:11:58:	that sits within the surrounding 1.4 hectare park.
00:11:59> 00:12:03:	Serving is an important social node for community events and
00:12:03> 00:12:03:	interactions.
00:12:04> 00:12:10:	The building emphasizes sustainability social impact through an accessible design
00:12:10> 00:12:12:	that responds to the tropical climate.
00:12:13> 00:12:18:	It's sports facilities include an all weathered sheltered pool and
00:12:18> 00:12:22:	futsal court, an indoor running track, gym and climbing facility,
00:12:22> 00:12:27:	while cross ventilated corridors and other public open spaces are
00:12:27> 00:12:32:	highly porous, seamlessly integrated with the surrounding park.
00:12:32> 00:12:37:	Offering a range of sustainable multifunctional areas, the clubhouse promotes
00:12:37> 00:12:41:	both physical and mental health being through a unique blend
00:12:41> 00:12:45:	of fitness, nature and community, all anchored into a single
00:12:45> 00:12:46:	development.
00:12:48> 00:12:52:	Hi, my name is Belinda Bentley, Managing Director of Nine
00:12:52> 00:12:55:	Springs and Co, Chair of this year's ULI Awards for
00:12:55> 00:12:56:	Excellence Jury.
00:12:56> 00:12:58:	On behalf of the jury, we would like to thank
00:12:59> 00:13:02:	all participants and congratulate all the finalists and winners

	of
00:13:02> 00:13:03:	this year's awards.
00:13:04> 00:13:06:	We strongly encourage all of you to apply for next
00:13:06> 00:13:08:	year and we look forward to receiving your applications.
00:13:09> 00:13:09:	Thank you.

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